

HealthKart Influencer Campaign Analysis - Insights Summary

Objective

To simulate and analyze influencer marketing campaigns for HealthKart using Python, and extract actionable business insights from influencer performance across categories and platforms.

Setup & Assumptions

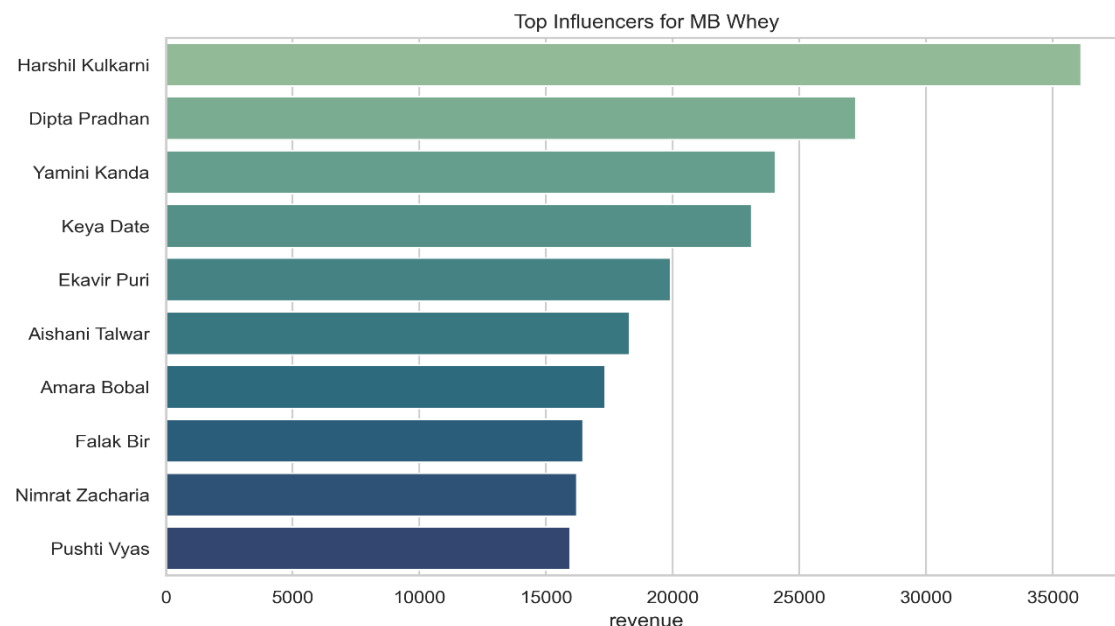
Simulation: Data generated using Faker to represent influencer activity across platforms (Instagram, Twitter, YouTube).

Metrics Generated:

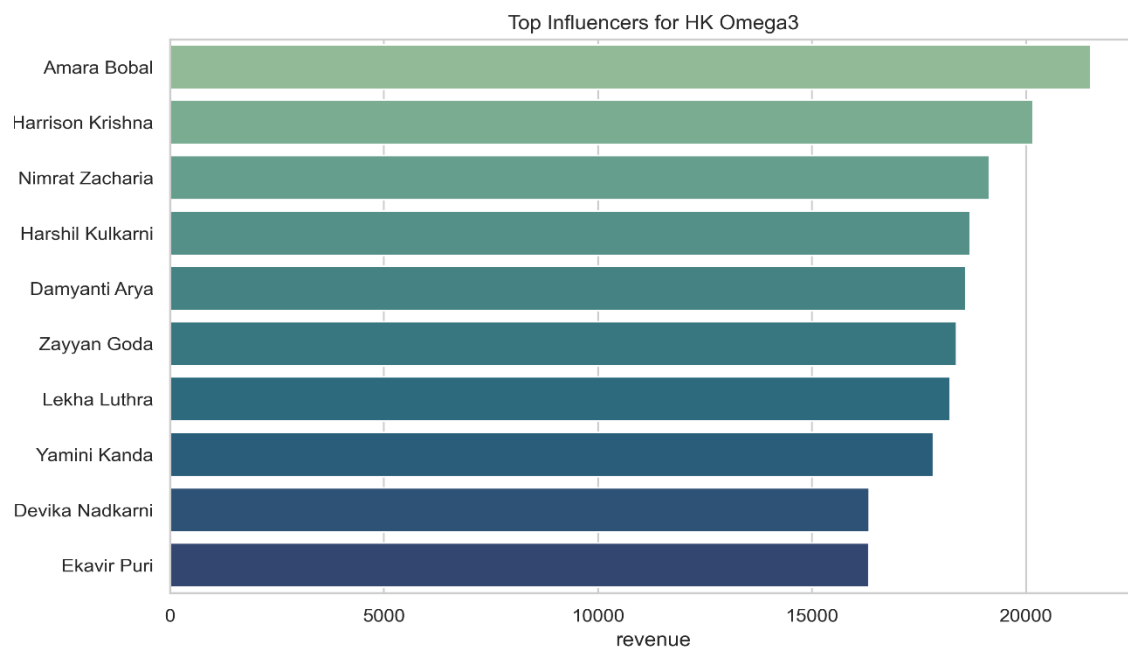
- Revenue, Orders, Payouts, ROAS, ROI, Incremental ROAS
- Influencer details like name, followers, category, cost per order/post, platform, and post date
- **Assumptions:**
 - a) Revenue is a function of estimated orders
 - b) Payouts are based on post or order type, and vary by influencer
 - c) Lift in ROAS calculated through a simplified incremental formula

Key Business Insights

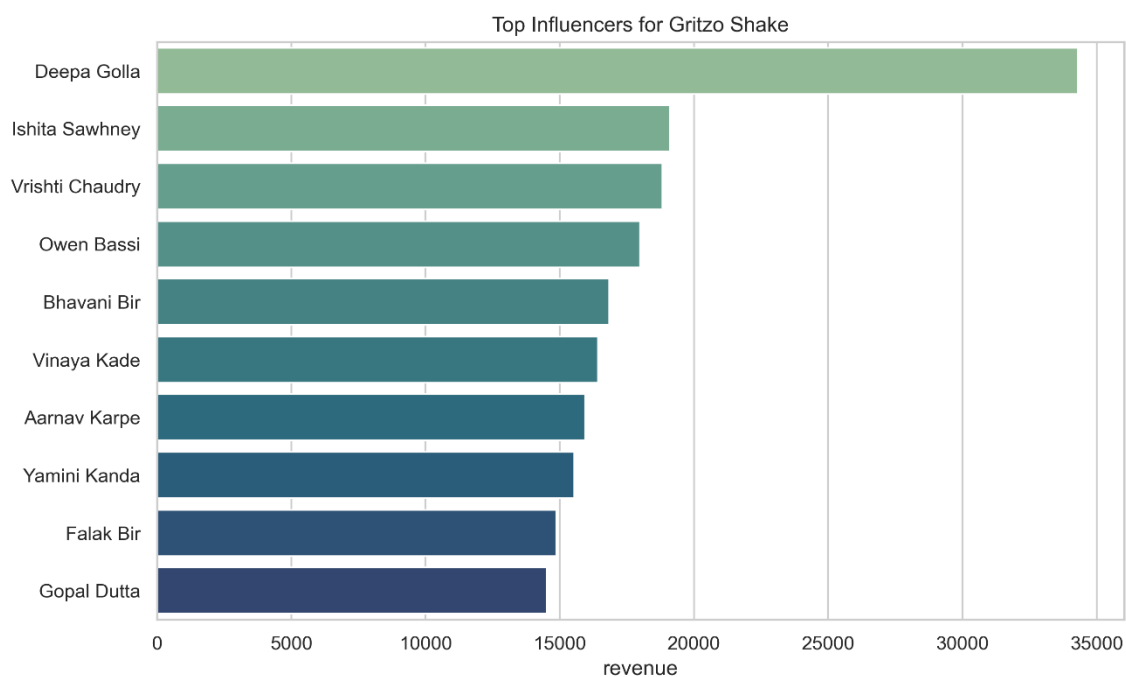
Top 10 Influencers for MB Whey



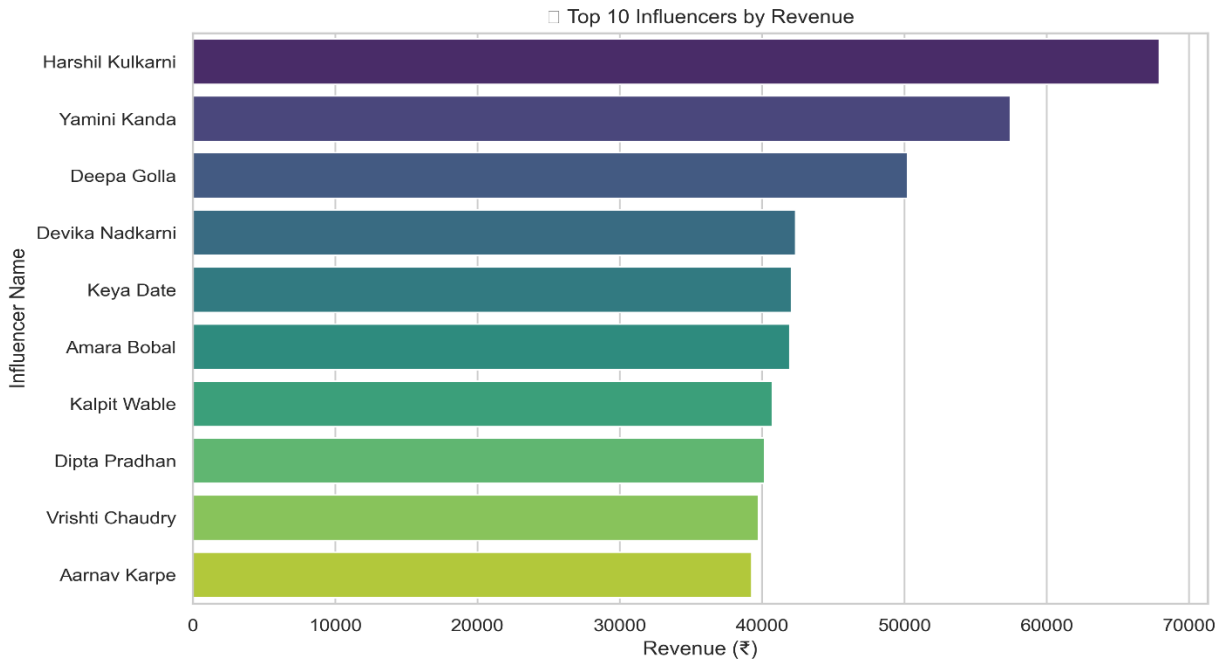
Top 10 Influencers for HK Omega3



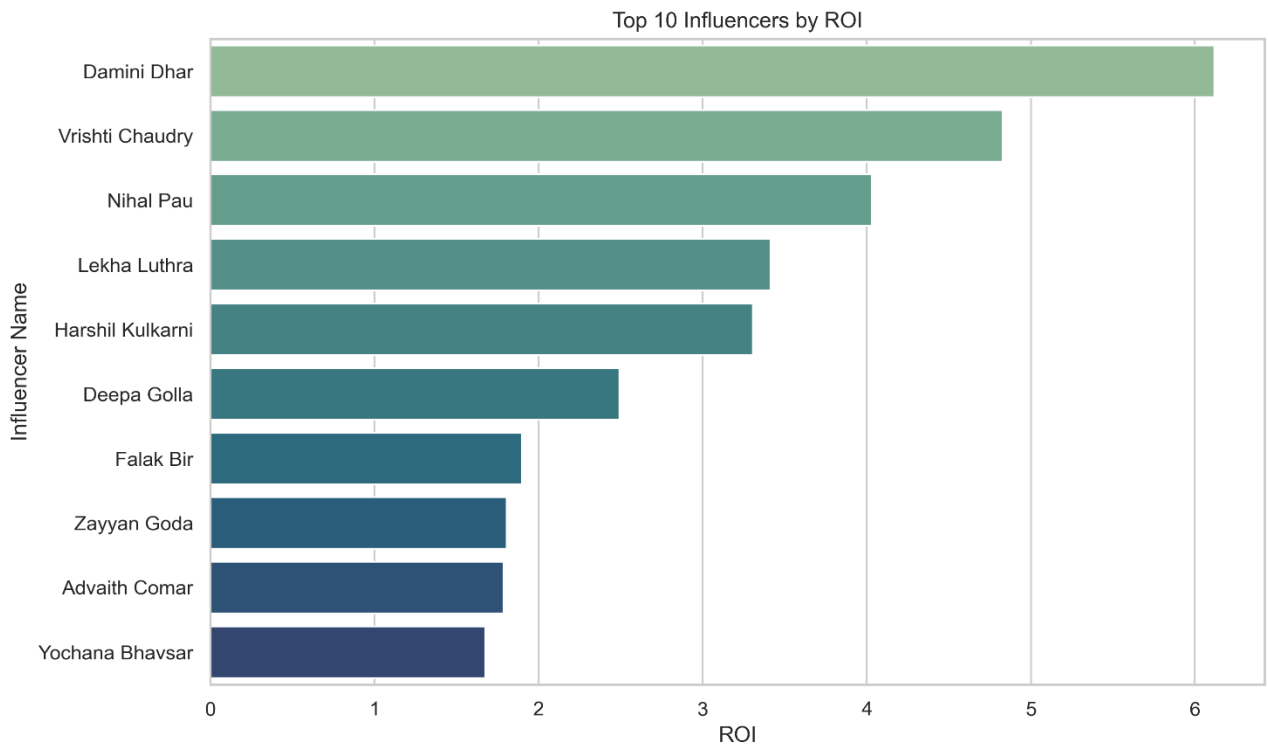
Top 10 Influencers for Gritzol Shake



Top 10 Influencers by Revenue

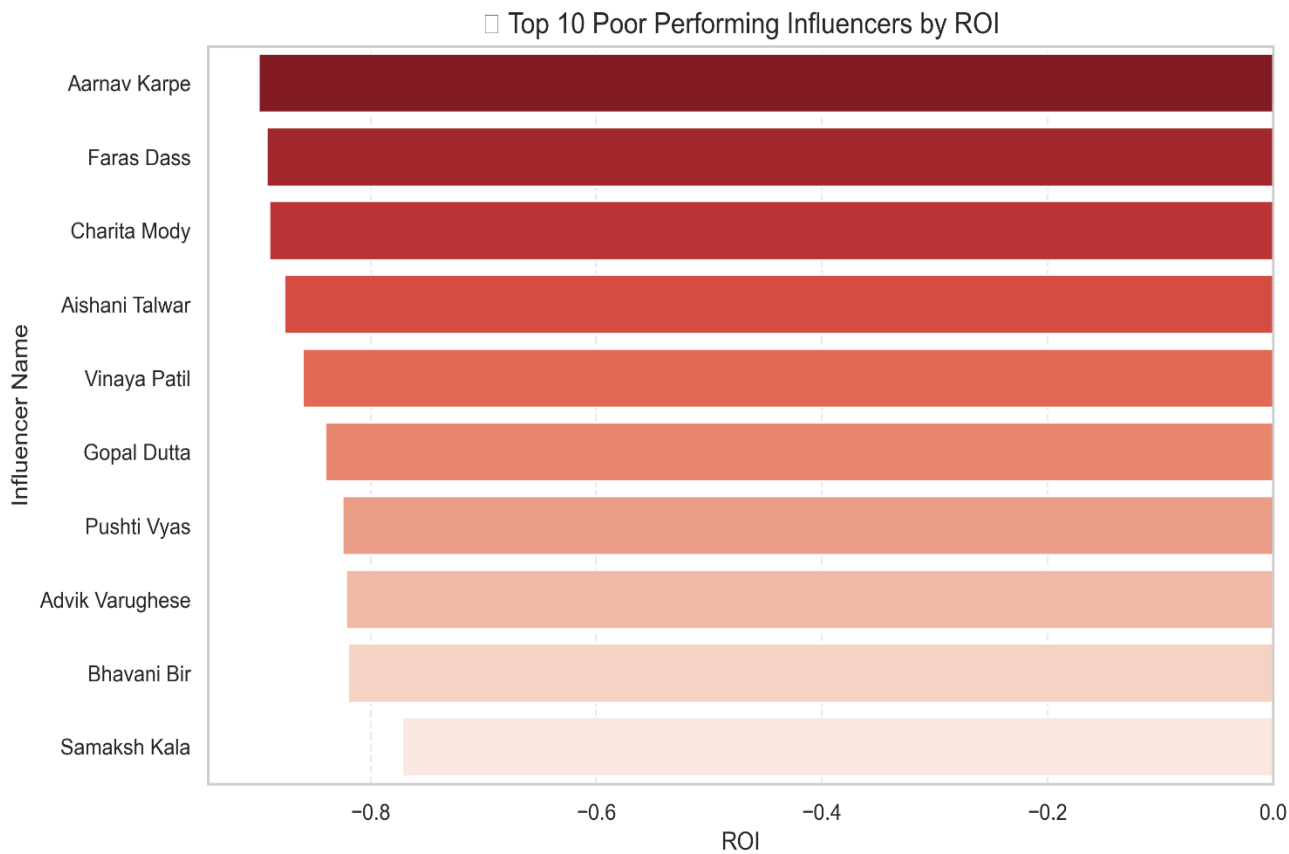


Top 10 Influencers by ROI



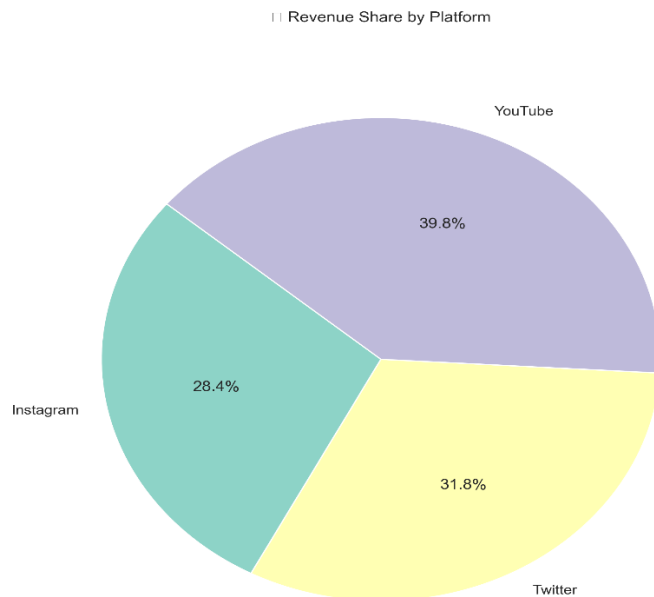
Note: Could negotiate better deals with top performing Influencers across brands and metrics (ROI or Revenue)

Top 10 Worst / Poor Performing Influencers



Note: Useful for identifying which partnerships to pause, renegotiate, or analyze further.

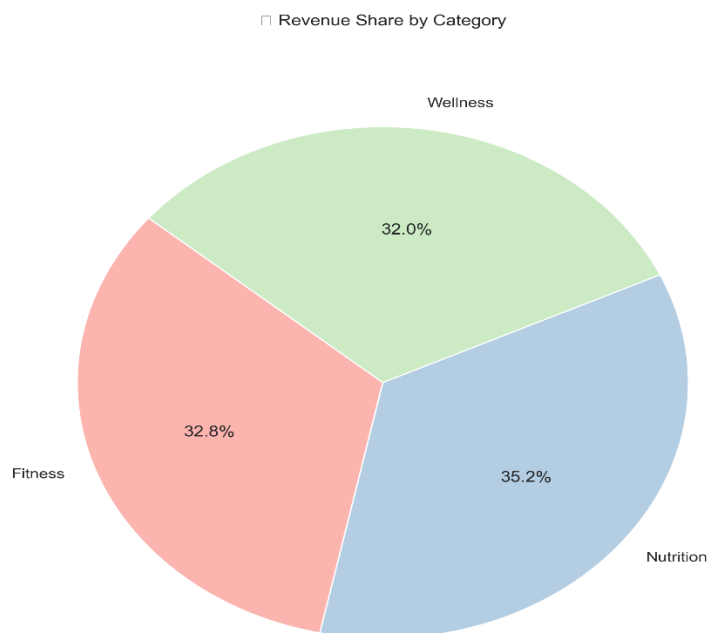
Distribution of Revenue through various Platforms



- This shows the share of total revenue generated via influencer campaigns by platform.
- So, for every INR 100 earned:
 - a) INR 39.8 came from YouTube influencers
 - b) INR 31.8 came from Twitter influencers
 - c) INR 28.4 came from Instagram influencers
- YouTube has the Highest gross revenue share (nearly 40%). Likely better for long-form content, demos, product storytelling. Indicates strong purchase intent from YouTube audience.
- The best bet is to double down on high-performing YouTube influencers.
- 31.8% revenue share is high given Twitter's low engagement in India. May indicate high CTR (Click-Through Rate) from link-sharing posts.
- Investigate Twitter's high revenue, is it due to few power influencers or good targeting?

- Despite being the most popular influencer platform, it's contributing only 28.4%. Possibly due to low conversion, non-clickable links, or high saturation. If payouts are high, this platform may show poor ROI. Evaluate Instagram campaigns carefully; high visibility doesn't always translate to sales.
- Prioritize YouTube for next major campaign, especially for high-AOV (average order value) products.
- Audit Twitter influencers for cost vs contribution, could be a hidden ROI gem.
- Test alternative formats or influencer types on Instagram, or lower the budget unless ROAS improves.

Category-wise Distribution of Revenue



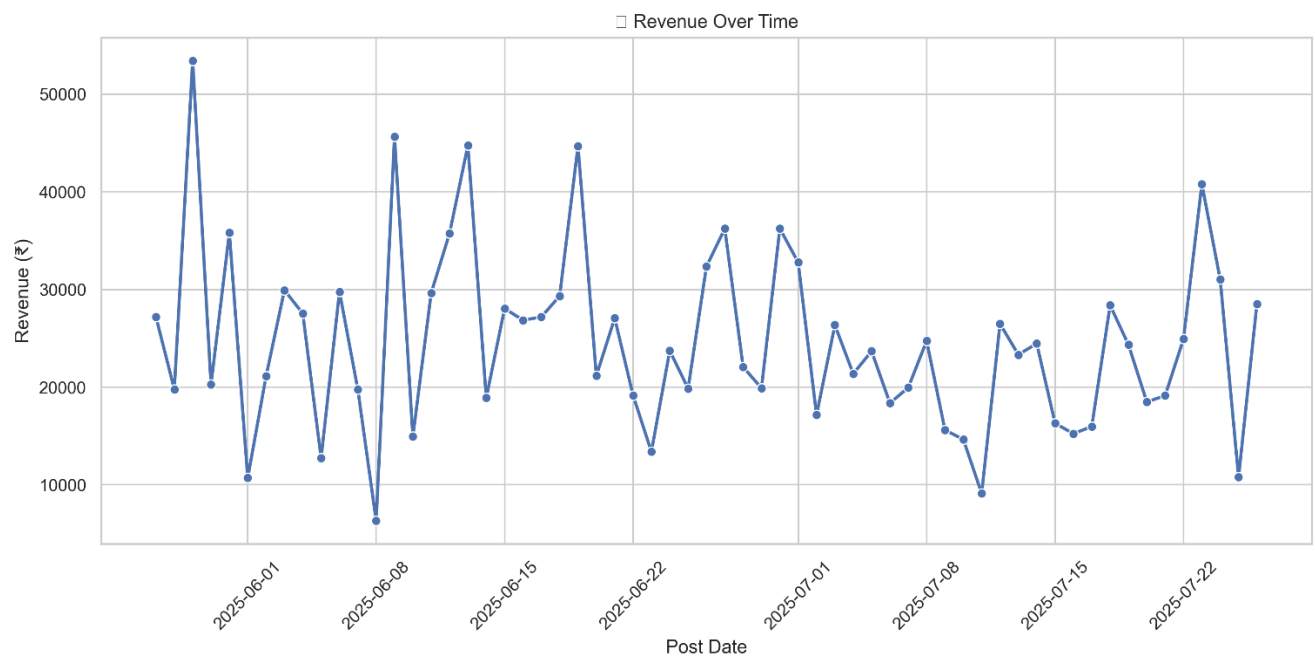
- The revenue distribution is evenly spread across categories. Indicates HealthKart's influencer strategy is well-balanced, not overly dependent on one

product line. Campaign design shows good diversification across product verticals.

- Nutrition with 35.2% contribution, slightly higher than the rest suggests larger influencer pool, higher ticket size per product or better audience-product fit.
- Wellness is slightly behind (32%), the difference is not higher but worth exploring things like: a) Are the payouts too high for wellness influencers?

b) Does wellness have lower conversion rate?

Revenue Trends over time



- Multiple noticeable peaks (around June 1, June 10, June 18, July 23).
- These spikes could correspond to:

a) High-performing influencer posts

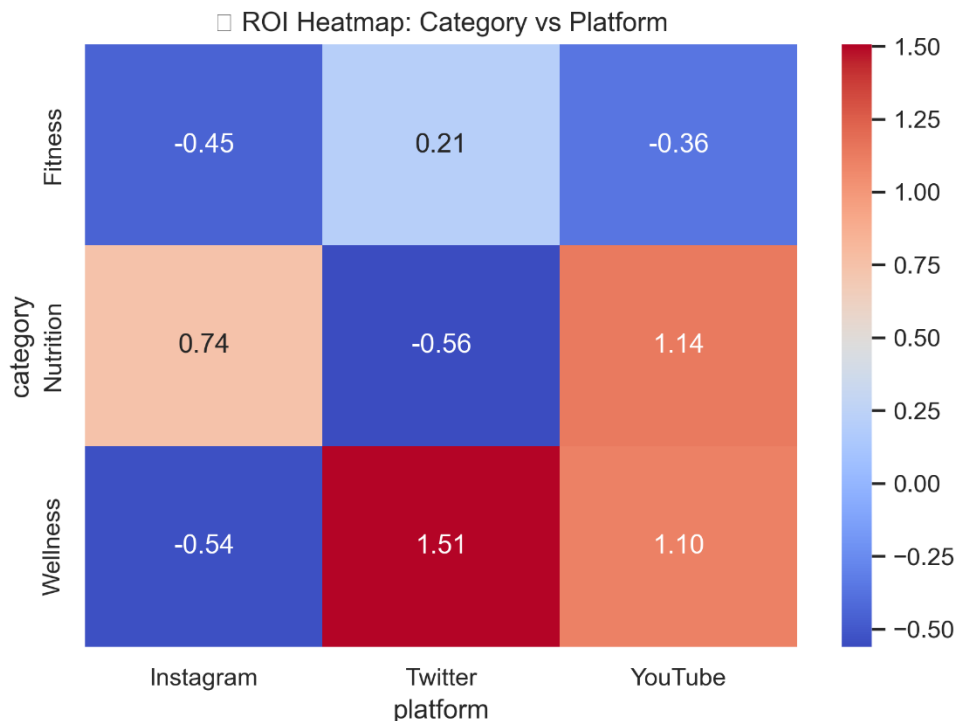
b) Weekend campaigns

c) Product launches or flash sales

- Certain influencer posts have a disproportionate impact, investigating which influencer or campaigns caused these spikes would be really beneficial.
- Sudden Dips obviously indicate very low revenue days scattered across the month (INR 10K – INR 15K range). This could be due to:

- a) Weekday posting with low reach or
- b) Poor-performing influencers or
- c) Platform algorithm issues or low ad engagement

Category vs Platform



- Wellness + Twitter (Highest ROI-1.51, across all combinations). Likely a few powerful Twitter influencers driving excellent cost efficiency (low cost, high conversion)
- Hence, double down on Twitter for Wellness; possibly a hidden goldmine.
- Nutrition + YouTube (ROI-1.14). Great performance, aligns with what we'd expect from YouTube's long-form content. Likely good for explainer videos, testimonials, product demos. It's advisable to continue investing in YouTube campaigns for Nutrition
- Wellness + YouTube (ROI = 1.10). YouTube showing up again, as a ROI positive channel. Maybe the best platform overall based on consistency alone.
- Highly recommend YouTube as a core platform for Wellness & Nutrition campaigns
- Instagram across all categories (ROI<0). All three categories are in negative ROI when promoted on Instagram

- Possible reasons might be High influencer fees, Low post conversion or Inconsistent audience engagement or all three
- Instagram is not cost-effective; especially for Fitness & Wellness. Re-evaluating influencer tiers and formats is highly recommended
- Nutrition + Twitter (ROI = -0.56). Despite Twitter's success with Wellness, it fails with Nutrition. Could indicate a mismatch in audience-product fit. It is better to pause Nutrition efforts on Twitter or test new formats or creators.
- Reallocate budgets from Instagram to Twitter/YouTube for better ROIs.
- A/B test campaign content on Instagram before committing large budgets; try Reels, stories etc.