



# *Pizza Hut Sales Project*




*Objective: To find useful insights from Pizza Hut's sales data that help make better business decisions, boost sales, and improve operations.*

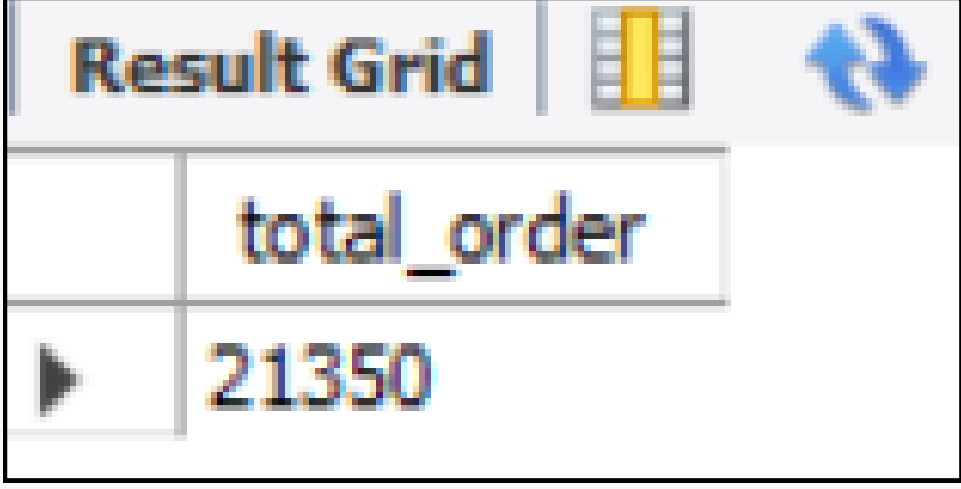


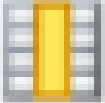

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# *Retrieve the total number of orders placed.*



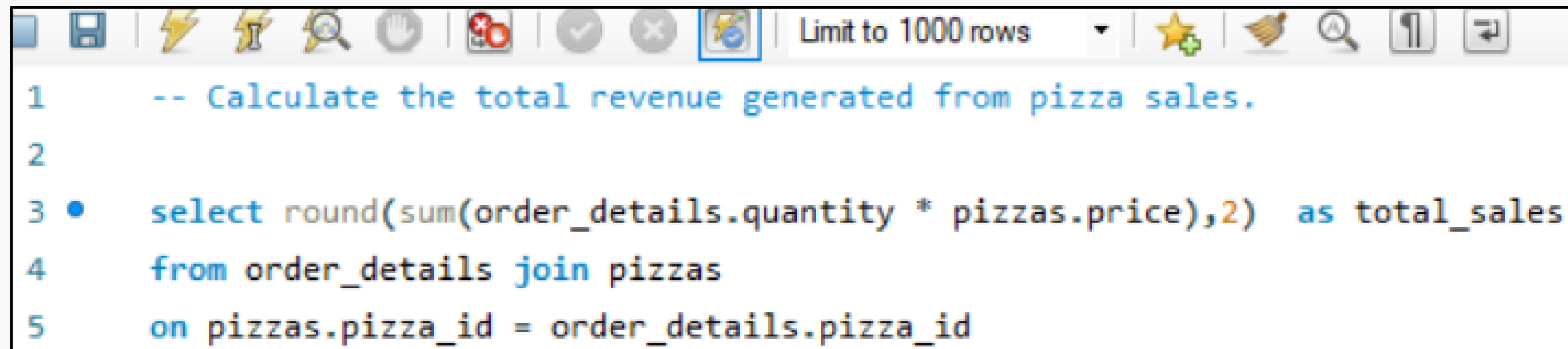
```
1  -- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.  
2  
3  ●  select * from order1;  
4  ●  select count(order_id) from order1;  
5  ●  select count(order_id) as total_order from order1;  
6
```



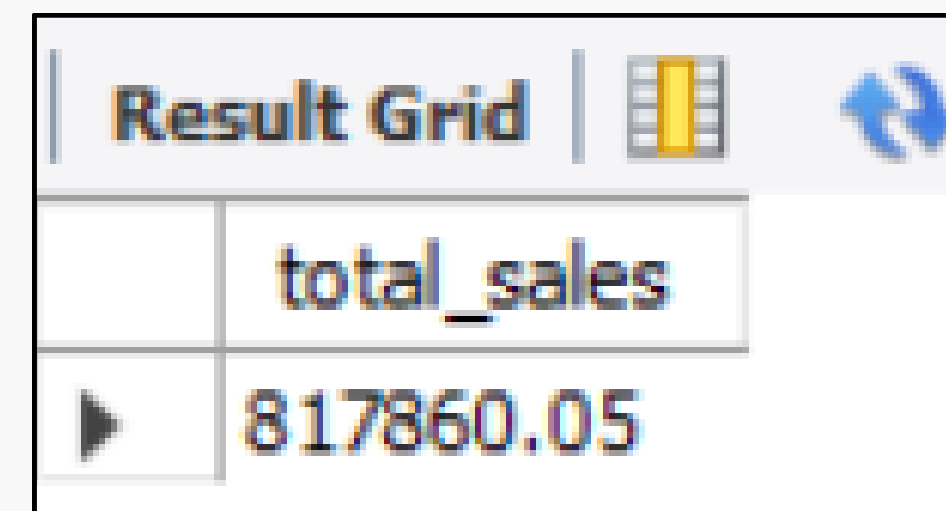
Result Grid			
	total_order		
▶	21350		



*Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.*



1 -- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.  
2  
3 • select round(sum(order\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price),2) as total\_sales  
4 from order\_details join pizzas  
5 on pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id



	total_sales
▶	817860.05





*Identify the highest-priced pizza.*

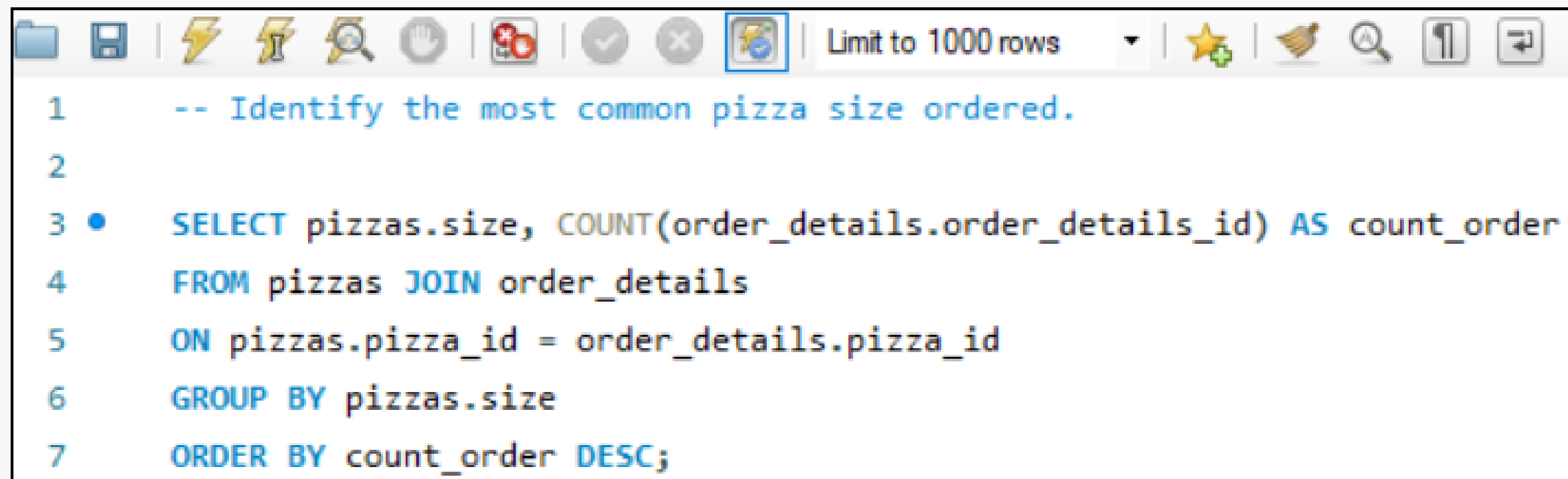
```
1  -- Identify the highest-priced pizza.
2
3  •  SELECT pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
4     FROM pizza_types JOIN pizzas
5     ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
6     ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
7     LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	price	
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95	



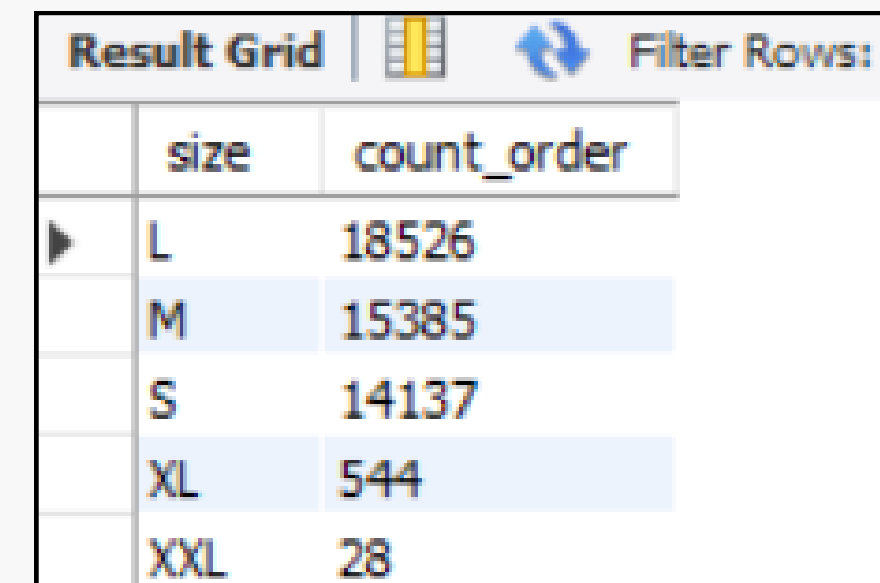
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# *Identify the most common pizza size ordered.*



The screenshot shows a SQL editor window with a toolbar at the top containing icons for file operations, execution, search, and window management. The query text is as follows:

```
1  -- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.  
2  
3  ●  SELECT pizzas.size, COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS count_order  
4     FROM pizzas JOIN order_details  
5     ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id  
6     GROUP BY pizzas.size  
7     ORDER BY count_order DESC;
```

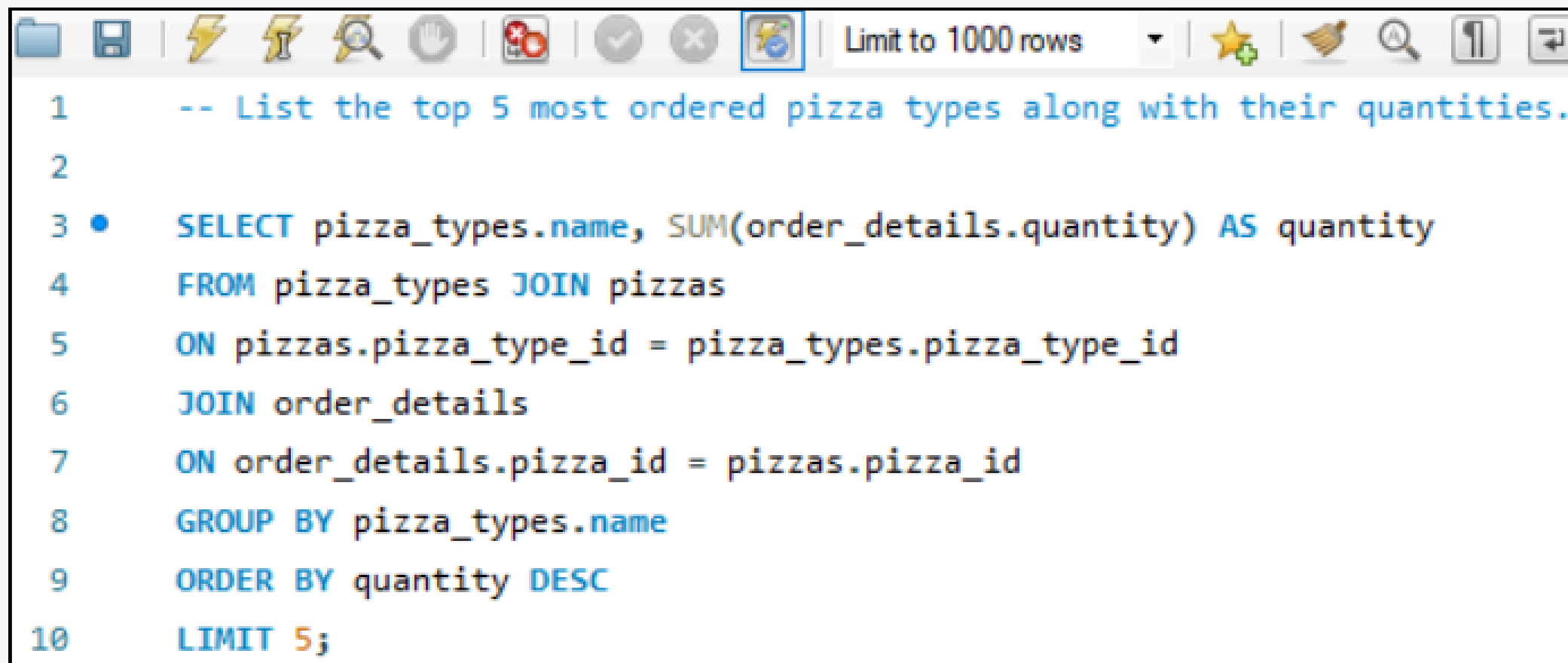


The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a toolbar at the top containing a grid icon and a 'Filter Rows' button. The results are displayed in a table with two columns: 'size' and 'count\_order'.

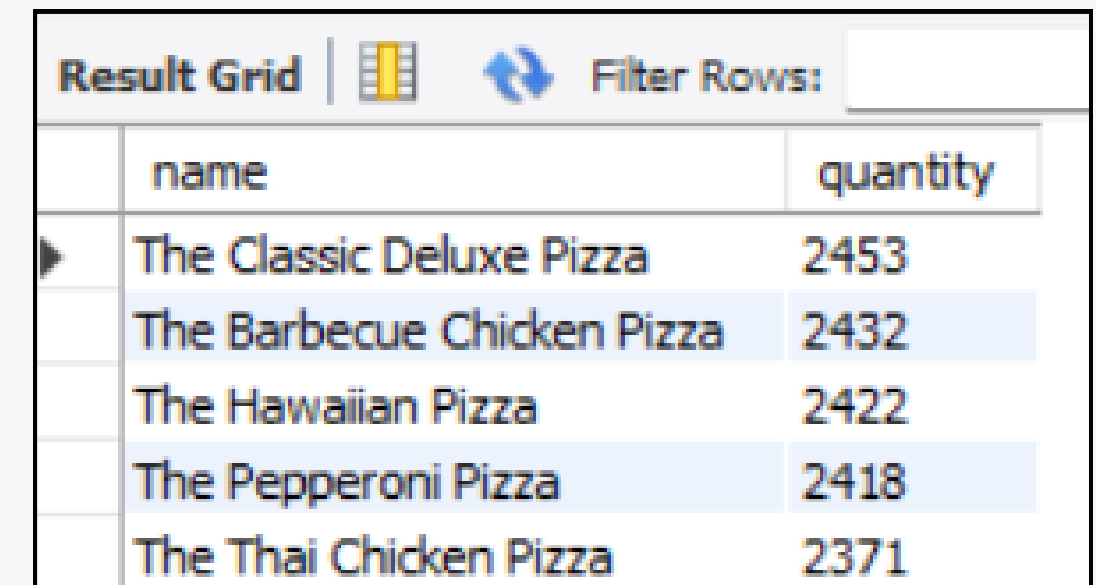
	size	count_order
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



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# *List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.*



```
1  -- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.
2
3  ● SELECT pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
4     FROM pizza_types JOIN pizzas
5     ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
6     JOIN order_details
7     ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
8     GROUP BY pizza_types.name
9     ORDER BY quantity DESC
10    LIMIT 5;
```



Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
1  -- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
2
3  • select pizza_types.category, sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
4  from pizza_types join pizzas
5  on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
6  join order_details
7  on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
8  group by category order by quantity desc;
```

Result Grid			Filter
	category	quantity	
▶	Classic	14888	
	Supreme	11987	
	Veggie	11649	
	Chicken	11050	





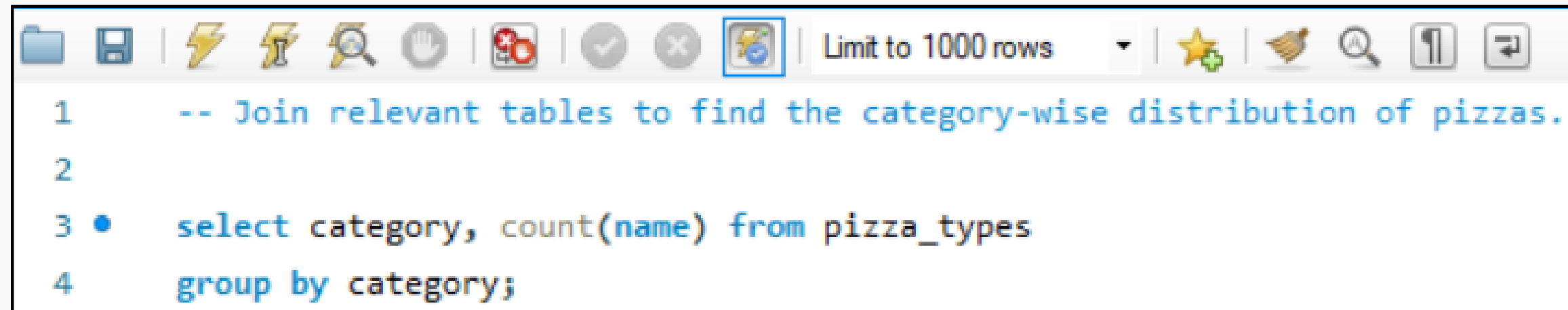
# *Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.*

```
1  -- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
2
3  •  select hour(order_time) as hour, count(order_id) as order_count from order1
4     group by hour(order_time);
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	hour	order_count	
▶	11	1231	
	12	2520	
	13	2455	
	14	1472	
	15	1468	
	16	1920	
	17	2336	
	18	2399	
	19	2009	
	20	1642	
	21	1198	
	22	663	
	23	28	
	10	8	
	9	1	

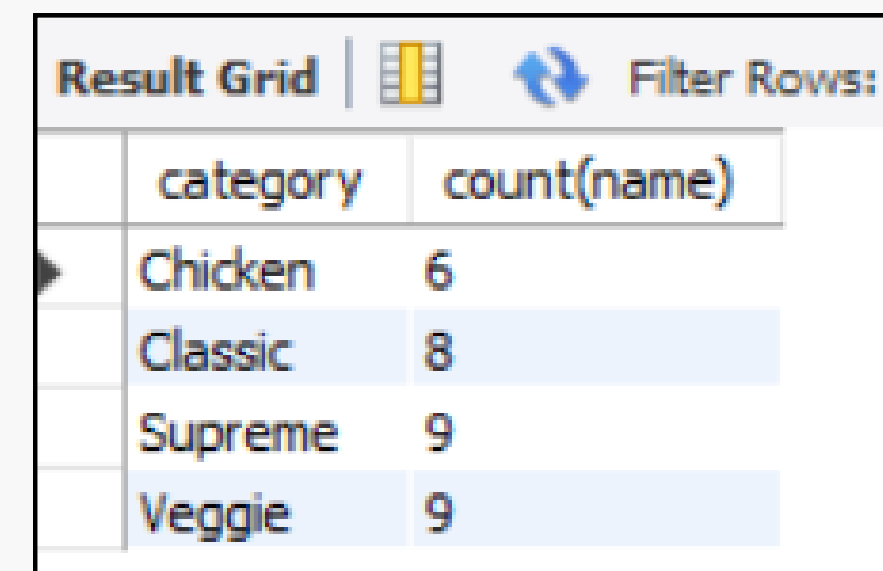


Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with a toolbar at the top containing icons for file operations, execution, search, and other functions. The query text is as follows:

```
1  -- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.  
2  
3  • select category, count(name) from pizza_types  
4  group by category;
```




The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' with a toolbar at the top. The grid displays the results of the SQL query, showing the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

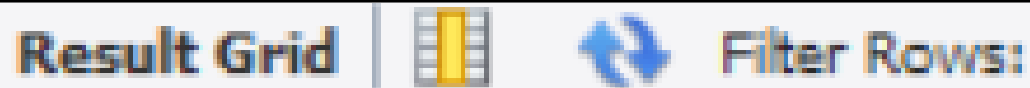
	category	count(name)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9



*Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.*



```
1  -- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
2
3  • select round(avg(quantity),0) as avg_pizza_order_per_day from
4  (select order1.order_date, sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
5   from order1 join order_details
6   on order1.order_id = order_details.order_id
7   group by order1.order_date) as order_quantity;
```

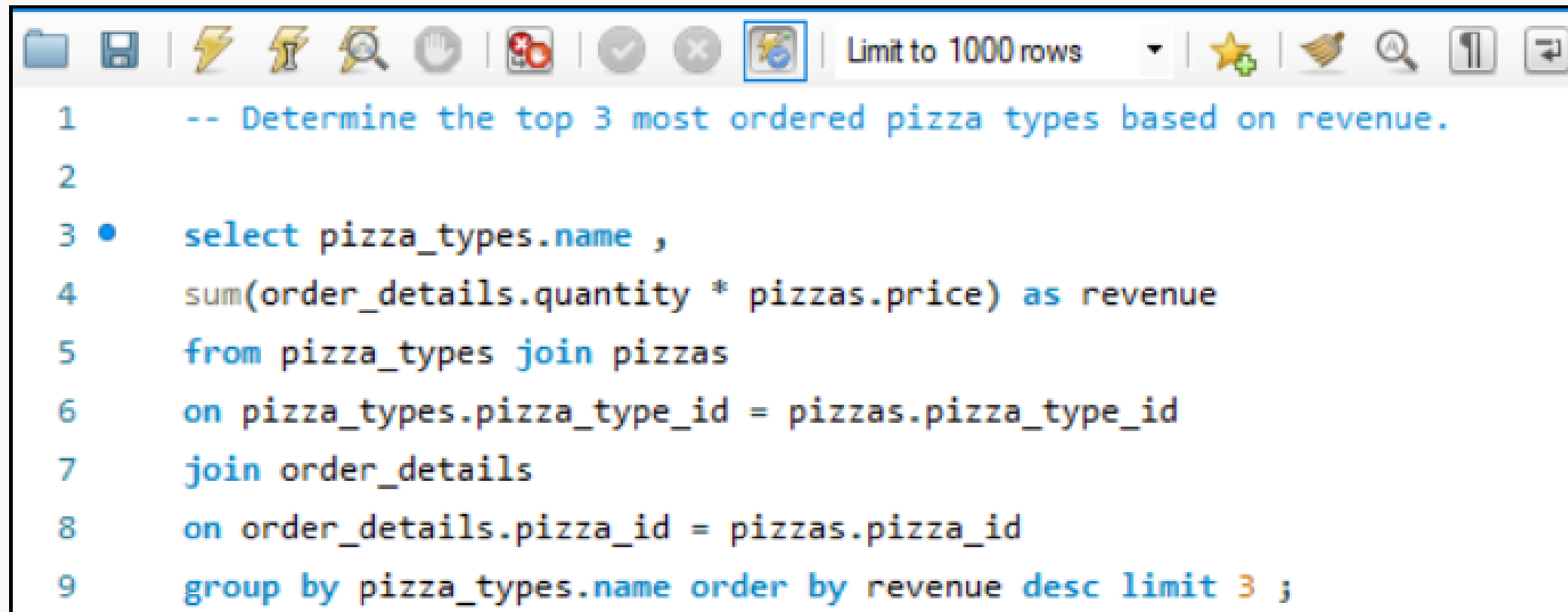


Result Grid	
	avg_pizza_order_per_day
▶	138

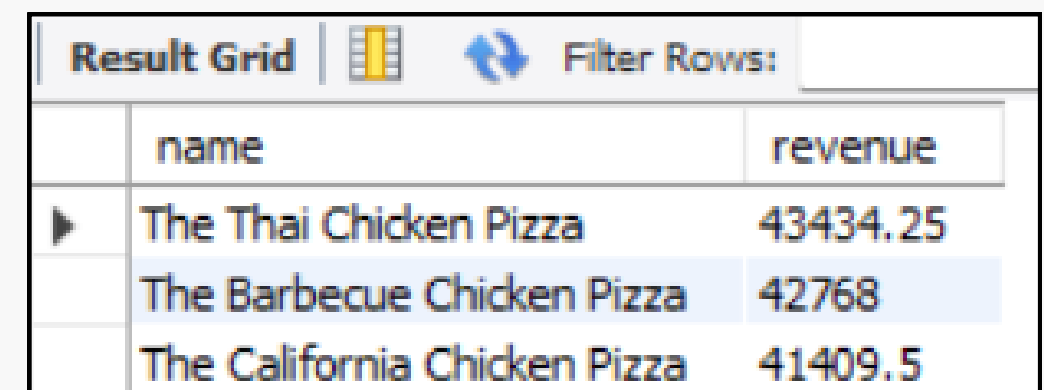


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# *Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.*



```
1  -- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
2
3  •  select pizza_types.name ,
4     sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
5  from pizza_types join pizzas
6  on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
7  join order_details
8  on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
9  group by pizza_types.name order by revenue desc limit 3 ;
```



Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

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# *Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.*

```
1  -- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
2
3  •  select pizza_types.category,
4     (sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)/ (select round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),2) as total_sales
5     from order_details join pizzas
6     on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)) *100 as revenue
7     from pizza_types join pizzas
8     on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
9     join order_details
10    on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
11    group by pizza_types.category order by revenue desc;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	category	revenue
	Classic	26.90596025566967
	Supreme	25.45631126009862
	Chicken	23.955137556847287
	Veggie	23.682590927384577

# Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
-- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

Select order_date,
sum(revenue) over (order by order_date) as cum_revenue
from
(select order1.order_date,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
join order1
on order1.order_id = order_details.order_id
group by order1.order_date) AS sales ;
```

order_date	cum_revenue
2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
2015-01-02	5445.75
2015-01-03	8108.15
2015-01-04	9863.6
2015-01-05	11929.55
2015-01-06	14358.5
2015-01-07	16560.7
2015-01-08	19399.05
2015-01-09	21526.4
2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
2015-01-11	25862.65
2015-01-12	27781.7
2015-01-13	29831.300000000003
2015-01-14	32358.700000000004
2015-01-15	34343.500000000001
2015-01-16	36937.650000000001
2015-01-17	39001.750000000001
2015-01-18	40978.600000000006
2015-01-19	43365.750000000001
2015-01-20	45763.650000000001
2015-01-21	47804.200000000001
2015-01-22	50300.900000000001

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# *Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.*

```
1  -- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.
2
3  • select name, revenue from
4  (select category, name, revenue,
5   rank() over(partition by category order by revenue) as rn
6   from
7   (select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
8    sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
9    from pizza_types join pizzas
10   on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
11   join order_details
12   on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
13   group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
14  where rn <= 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:
	name	revenue		
▶	The Chicken Pesto Pizza	16701.75		
	The Chicken Alfredo Pizza	16900.25		
	The Southwest Chicken Pizza	34705.75		
	The Pepperoni, Mushroom, and Peppers Pizza	18834.5		
	The Big Meat Pizza	22968		
	The Napolitana Pizza	24087		
	The Brie Carre Pizza	11588.499999999999		
	The Spinach Supreme Pizza	15277.75		
	The Calabrese Pizza	15934.25		
	The Green Garden Pizza	13955.75		
	The Mediterranean Pizza	15360.5		
	The Spinach Pesto Pizza	15596		



*Thank you*

