

In [1]: `pip install pandas`

Requirement already satisfied: pandas in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (2.0.3)Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.20.3; python_version < "3.10" in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (1.24.4)

Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2023.3)

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2.8.2)

Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2020.1)

Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas) (1.15.0)

In [2]: `pip install plotly`

Requirement already satisfied: plotly in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (5.18.0)Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

Requirement already satisfied: packaging in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from plotly) (20.4)

Requirement already satisfied: tenacity>=6.2.0 in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from plotly) (8.2.3)

Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.0.2 in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from packaging->plotly) (2.4.7)

Requirement already satisfied: six in c:\users\samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from packaging->plotly) (1.15.0)

In [3]: `import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
from matplotlib.animation import FuncAnimation
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`

C:\Users\Samil\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\computation\expressions.py:20: UserWarning: Pandas requires version '2.7.3' or newer of 'numexpr' (version '2.7.1' currently installed).

from pandas.core.computation.check import NUMEXPR_INSTALLED

In [4]: `raw_dataset=pd.read_csv("LosAngelesAll.csv",sep=",")`

In [5]: `LosAngelesAll = raw_dataset.copy()
LosAngelesAll.head()`

Out[5]:

	time	Altitude	Longitude	Depthm_km	Magnitude	Unnamed: 5
0	2023-08-02T05:38:08	33.186000	-115.573500	3.11	4.12	NaN
1	2023-07-02T09:29:49	33.827000	-118.881000	10.73	3.72	NaN
2	2023-06-19T06:49:11	35.498000	-118.145000	6.81	3.57	NaN
3	2023-05-30T20:24:52	34.021833	-119.124833	13.56	3.56	NaN
4	2023-05-15T00:13:39	32.467167	-115.956667	1.00	3.63	NaN

In [11]: `LosAngelesAll.shape`

Out[11]: (3639, 6)

In [12]: `x = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,1].values
y = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,2].values
z = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,3].values
colors = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,4].values
sizes = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,4].values*10`

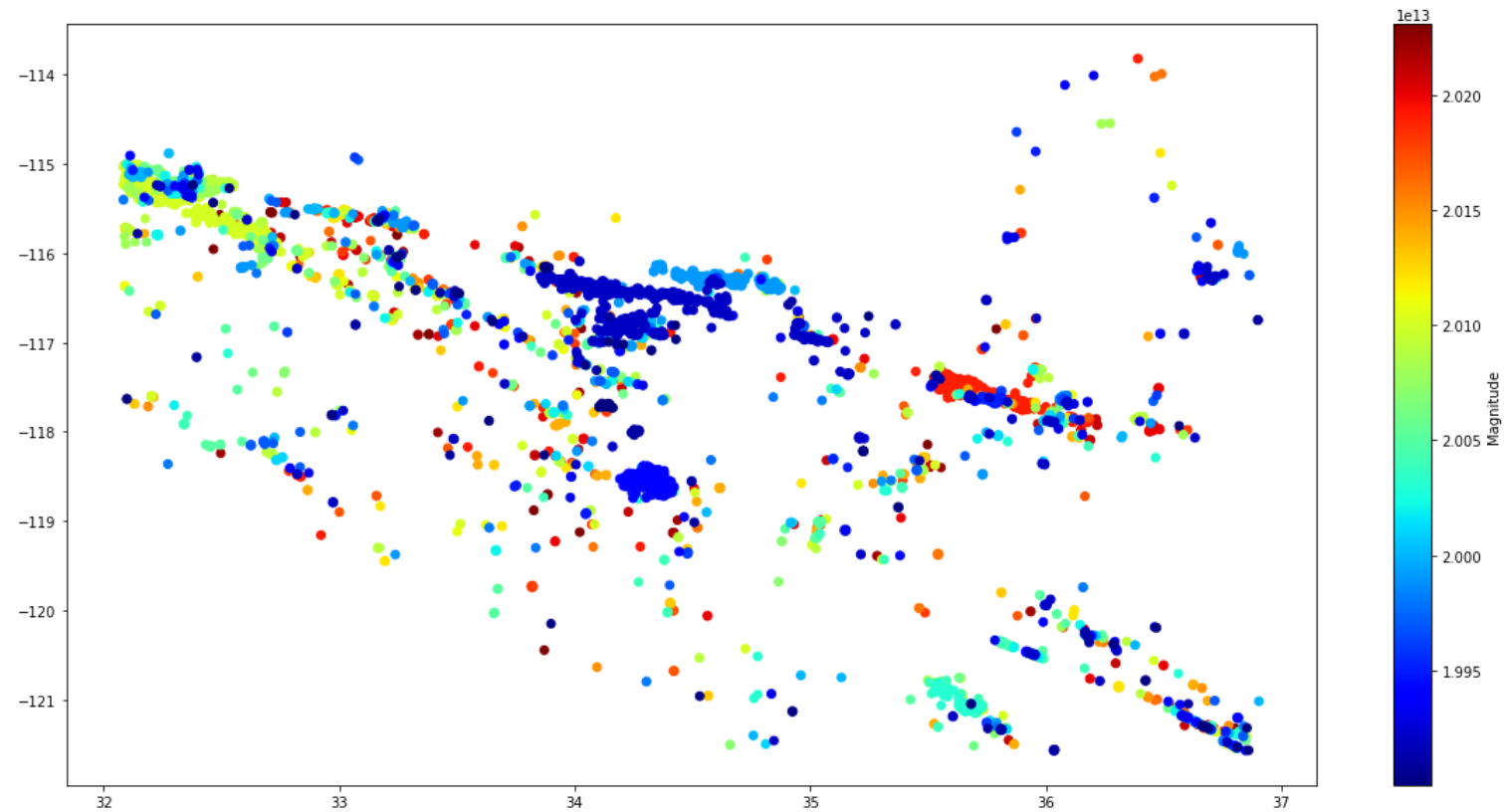
```
In [25]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))
my_cmap = plt.get_cmap('jet')

plt.scatter(x, y, c=colors, s=sizes, cmap='jet')

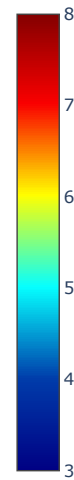
ax.scatter(x, y, z, c=colors, s=sizes, cmap='jet')

cbar = plt.colorbar(ax.scatter(x, y, z, c=colors, s=sizes, cmap='jet'))

ax.set_xlabel('Longitude')
ax.set_ylabel('Latitude')
cbar.set_label('Magnitude')
ax.set_zlabel('Depth_km')
font_size = 700
dpi = (5000)
font_size = 1000
plt.show()
```



```
In [14]: import plotly.graph_objects as go
# Yüksek çözünürlüklü dünya haritası verilerini çevrimiçi olarak alın
fig = go.Figure(go.Choroplethmapbox(
    geojson="https://raw.githubusercontent.com/johan/world.geo.json/master/countries.geo.json",
    locations=["USA", "CAN", "MEX", "RUS", "CHN"], # Örnek ülke kodları (ABD, Kanada, Meksika, Rusya, Çin)
    z=[1, 1, 1, 1, 1], # Ülkelere atanacak değerler (hepsi 1 olarak ayarlanmıştır)
    colorscale='Jet', # Renk skalası adı (Viridis, YlGnBu, Jet vb.)
    zmin=3,
    zmax=8,
    marker_opacity=0.9, # Ülke sınırlarının opaklığı
    marker_line_width=1, # Ülke sınırlarının kenarlık kalınlığı
))
# Örnek deprem verilerini oluşturun
deprem_verileri = {
    'Longitude': x,
    'Latitude': y,
    'Magnitude': colors,
}
# Scatter plot ile deprem verilerini ekleyin
fig.add_trace(go.Scattermapbox(
    lat=deprem_verileri['Latitude'],
    lon=deprem_verileri['Longitude'],
    mode='markers',
    marker=dict(
        size=deprem_verileri['Magnitude'] * 2, # Magnitude değerine göre nokta boyutlarını belirleme
        color=deprem_verileri['Magnitude'], # Magnitude değerine göre renk skalasını belirleme
        colorscale='Jet', # Renk skalası adı (Viridis, YlGnBu, Jet vb.)
    ),
))
# Harita düzenini ve stilini belirleyin
fig.update_layout(
    mapbox_style="carto-positron", # Harita stilini belirleme (diğer stiller için: "open-street-map", "stamen-terrain" vb.)
    mapbox_zoom=6, # Harita yakınlaştırma düzeyini belirleme
    mapbox_center={"lat": 30.000, "lon": 30.0000}, # Harita merkezini belirleme (ABD'nin merkezi)
)
dpi = (9000)
font_size = 1000
# Grafiği görüntüleyin
fig.show()
```



```
In [15]: x = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,1].values  
y = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,2].values  
z = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,3].values  
colors = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,4].values  
sizes = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,4].values*10
```

```
In [16]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))

ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d')

ax.scatter(x, y, z, c=colors, s=sizes, cmap='jet')

cbar = plt.colorbar(ax.scatter(x, y, z, c=colors, s=sizes, cmap='jet'))

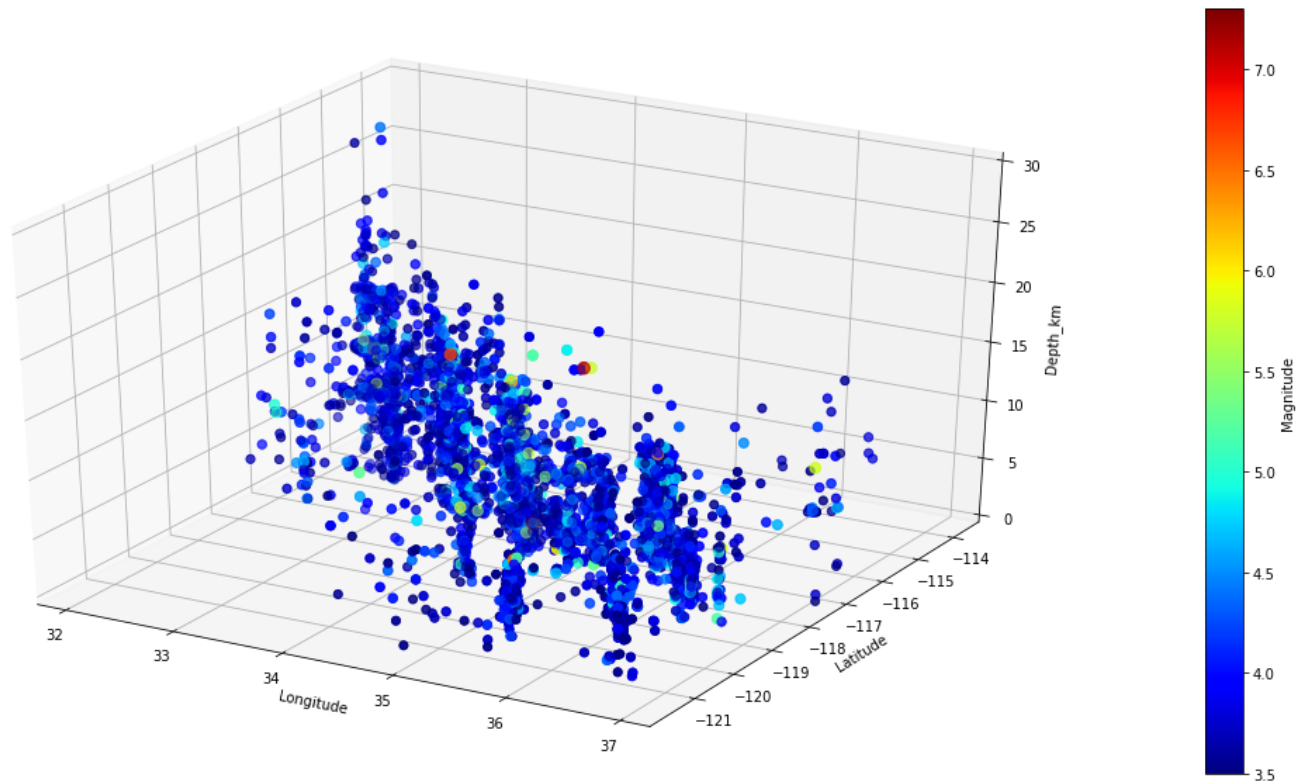
cbar.set_label('Magnitude')

ax.set_xlabel('Longitude')
ax.set_ylabel('Latitude')
ax.set_zlabel('Depth_km')

dpi = (5000)
font_size = 1000

ax.set_zlim(0, 30)

plt.show()
```



```
In [17]: x = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,1].values  
y = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,2].values  
z = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,3].values  
colors = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,4].values  
sizes = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,4].values*2
```

```
In [18]: import plotly.graph_objs as go
import numpy as np

# Veri oluşturma (x, y, z, colors, sizes tanımlanmış olarak varsayıldı)

trace = go.Scatter3d(
    x=x,
    y=y,
    z=z,
    mode='markers',
    marker=dict(
        size=sizes,
        color=colors,
        colorscale='Jet',
        opacity=0.5,
        colorbar=dict(title='Magnitude')
    )
)

layout = go.Layout(
    scene=dict(
        xaxis=dict(title='Longitude'),
        yaxis=dict(title='Latitude'),
        zaxis=dict(title='Depth_km'),
        aspectmode='manual',
        aspectratio=dict(x=1, y=2, z=1),
        camera=dict(eye=dict(x=2, y=1, z=1))
    ),
    coloraxis=dict(colorbar=dict(len=0.75))
)

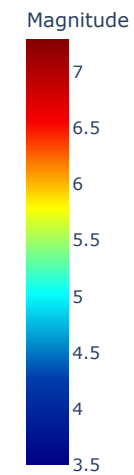
fig = go.Figure(data=[trace], layout=layout)

# Grafik döndürme
frames = []
for angle in np.linspace(0, 360, 36):
    frame = go.Frame(layout=dict(scene=dict(camera=dict(eye=dict(x=2*np.cos(np.radians(angle)), y=2*np.sin(np.radians(angle)), z=2))))))
    frames.append(frame)

fig.frames = frames
fig.update_layout(updatemenus=[dict(type='buttons', showactive=False, buttons=[dict(label='Play', method='animate', args=[None, dict(frame=dict(duration=200, redraw=True), fromcu

fig.show()
```

Play



```
In [19]: x = LosAnglesAll.iloc[:,1].values  
y = LosAnglesAll.iloc[:,2].values  
z = LosAnglesAll.iloc[:,0].values  
colors = LosAnglesAll.iloc[:,4].values  
sizes = LosAnglesAll.iloc[:,4].values*10
```

```
In [20]: z
```

```
Out[20]: array(['2023-08-02T05:38:08', '2023-07-02T09:29:49',  
               '2023-06-19T06:49:11', ..., '1990-01-11T01:22:10',  
               '1990-01-03T11:54:27', '1990-01-02T09:50:53'], dtype=object)
```



```

In [21]: import pandas as pd
         from datetime import datetime

         # Örnek tarih listesi
         dates_list = z

         # Tarihleri tek rakam temsiline dönüştürme
         single_digit_list = []
         for date in dates_list:
             datetime_object = datetime.fromisoformat(date)
             single_digit_rep = int(
                 f"{datetime_object.year}{datetime_object.month:02d}{datetime_object.day:02d}"
                 f"{datetime_object.hour:02d}{datetime_object.minute:02d}{datetime_object.second:02d}"
             )
             single_digit_list.append(single_digit_rep)

         # Tek rakam temsilini içeren DataFrame oluşturma
         df = pd.DataFrame({'Single_Digit_Representation': single_digit_list})
         print(df)

```

```

      Single_Digit_Representation
0          20230802053808
1          20230702092949
2          20230619064911
3          20230530202452
4          20230515001339
...
3634       19900112091022
3635       19900111230857
3636       19900111012210
3637       19900103115427
3638       19900102095053

```

```
[3639 rows x 1 columns]
```

```
In [22]: x = LosAnglesAll.iloc[:,1].values
y = LosAnglesAll.iloc[:,2].values
z = single_digit_list
colors = LosAnglesAll.iloc[:,4].values
sizes = LosAnglesAll.iloc[:,4].values*10

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))

ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d')

ax.scatter(x, y, z, c=colors, s=sizes, cmap='jet')

cbar = plt.colorbar(ax.scatter(x, y, z, c=colors, s=sizes, cmap='jet'))

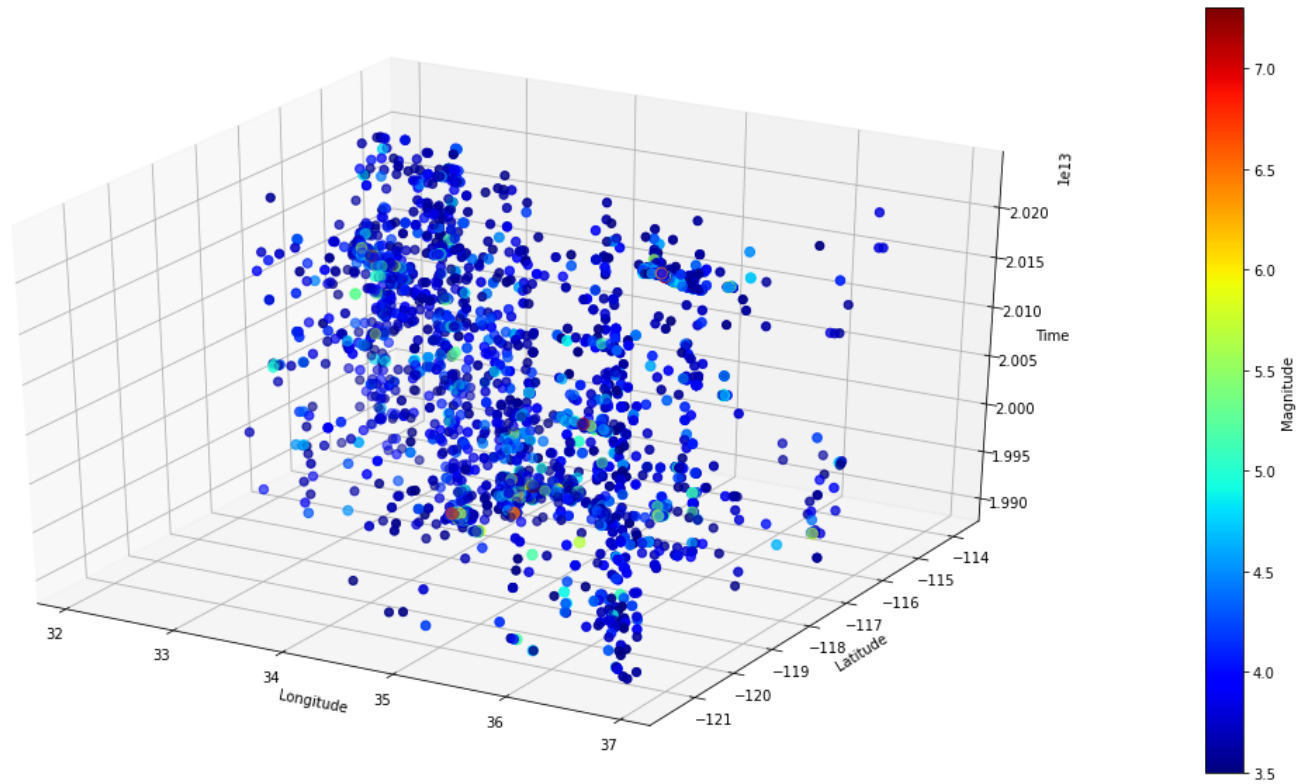
cbar.set_label('Magnitude')

ax.set_xlabel('Longitude')
ax.set_ylabel('Latitude')
ax.set_zlabel('Time')

font_size = 700

dpi = (5000)
font_size = 1000

plt.show()
```



```
In [23]: x = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,1].values
y = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,2].values
z = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,4].values
colors = single_digit_list
sizes = LosAngelesAll.iloc[:,4].values*10
```

```
In [24]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))

ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d')

ax.scatter(x, y, z, c=colors, s=sizes, cmap='jet')

cbar = plt.colorbar(ax.scatter(x, y, z, c=colors, s=sizes, cmap='jet'))

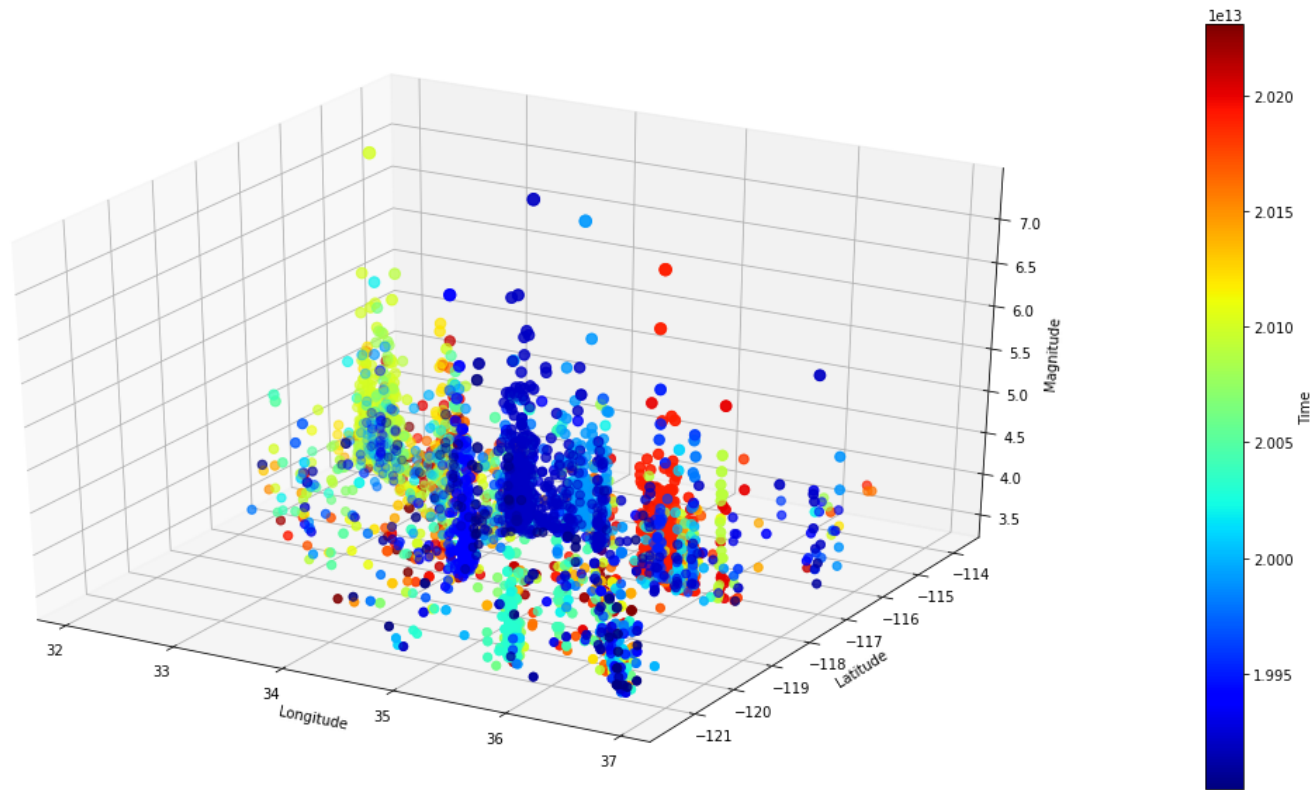
cbar.set_label('Time')

ax.set_xlabel('Longitude')
ax.set_ylabel('Latitude')
ax.set_zlabel('Magnitude')

font_size = 700

dpi = (5000)
font_size = 1000

plt.show()
```



In []:

In []:

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