

East West University Department of Computer Science and Engineering

CSE 302: LAB 04 Course Instructor: Mahmuda Rawnak Jahan

Introducing SQLDeveloper Tool and Important Oracle Functions

Lab Objective

Familiarize students with SQL Developer tool to interact with the database and several important Oracle built in functions.

Lab Outcome

After completing this lab successfully, students will be able to:

- **1.** Use *SQL Developer* tool to interact with the database.
- 2. Understand the use of Oracle Built-in functions.
- **3.** Construct SQL statements to perform queries involving nested subqueries.

Psychomotor Learning Levels

This lab involves activities that encompass the following learning levels in psychomotor domain.

Level	Category	Meaning	Keywords
P1	Imitation	Copy action of another; observe and replicate.	Relate, Repeat, Choose, Copy, Follow, Show, Identify, Isolate.
P2	Manipulation	Reproduce activity from instruction or memory	Copy, response, trace, Show, Start, Perform, Execute, Recreate.

Instructions

- > Execute SOLDeveloper tool and follow the instructor during the class.
- ➤ You may download the latest version from here: https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/developer-tools/sql-developer/downloads/index.html
- ➤ A more formal tutorial about SQLDeveloper can be found here:

 http://www.oracle.com/webfolder/technetwork/tutorials/obe/db/sqldev/r40/sqldev4.0_GS/sqldev4.0_GS/sqldev4.0_GS.html

Lab Activities (Introducing built-in functions in Oracle)

String Functions

ASCII(single_character)	ASCII('t') Result: 116
CHR(number_code)	CHR(116) Result: 't'

CONCAT(string1, string2)	CONCAT('Tech on', ' the Net') Result: 'Tech on the Net'
string1 string2 string_n	'a' 'b' 'c' 'd' Result: 'abcd'
INITCAP(string1)	<pre>INITCAP('tech on the net'); Result: 'Tech On The Net'</pre>

<pre>INSTR(string, substring [, start_position [, th_appearance]])</pre>	INSTR('Tech on the net', 'e') Result: 2 (the first occurrence of 'e')
LENGTH(string1)	LENGTH('Tech on the Net') Result: 15
LOWER(string1)	LOWER('Tech on the Net'); Result: 'tech on the net'
UPPER(string1)	UPPER('Tech on the Net') Result: 'TECH ON THE NET'
<pre>LPAD(string1, padded_length [, pad_string])</pre>	LPAD('tech', 8, '0'); Result: '0000tech'
<pre>RPAD(string1, padded_length [, pad_string])</pre>	RPAD('tech', 8, '0') Result: 'tech0000'
LTRIM(string1 [, trim_string])	LTRIM('xyxzyyyTech', 'xyz') Result: 'Tech'
RTRIM(string1 [, trim_string])	RTRIM('Techxyxzyyy', 'xyz') Result: 'Tech'
<pre>REPLACE(string1, string_to_replace [, replacement_string])</pre>	REPLACE('222tech', '2', '3'); Result: '333tech'
<pre>SUBSTR(string, start_position [, length])</pre>	SUBSTR('TechOnTheNet', 1, 4) Result: 'Tech'

Number Functions

ABS(number)	ABS(-23) Result: 23
bitand(expr1, expr2)	BITAND(5,3) Result: 1

CEIL(number)	CEIL(32.65) Result: 33
FLOOR(number)	FLOOR(5.9) Result: 5
GREATEST(expr1[,expr2, expr_n])	GREATEST(2, 5, 12, 3) Result: 12
LEAST(expr1[,expr2, expr_n])	LEAST(2, 5, 12, 3) Result: 2
LOG(m, n)	LOG(2, 15) Result: 3.90689059560852
MEDIAN(expression)	<pre>select MEDIAN(salary) from employees where department='Marketing';</pre>
MOD(m, n)	MOD(11.6, 2) Result: 1.6
POWER(m, n)	POWER(3, 2) Result: 9
SQRT(n)	SQRT(5.617) Result: 2.37002109695251
ROUND(number [, decimal_places])	ROUND(125.315, 2) Result: 125.32
<pre>TRUNC(number [, decimal_places])</pre>	TRUNC(125.815, 2) Result: 125.81

CELECE DOMINIM
SELECT ROWNUM,
customers.* FROM
customers
WHERE customer_id > 4500;

Date Functions

ADD_MONTHS(date1,	ADD_MONTHS('21-Aug-03',
number_months)	-3) Result: '21-May-03'

```
EXTRACT (
                                  SELECT EXTRACT (YEAR FROM
{ YEAR | MONTH | DAY | HOUR
                                  DATE '2003-08-22') from
 MINUTE | SECOND }
                                   dual
| { TIMEZONE HOUR |
                                  Result: 2003
TIMEZONE MINUTE }
| { TIMEZONE REGION |
TIMEZONE ABBR }
FROM { date value |
interval value } )
TO CHAR ( value [,
                                  SELECT TO CHAR (sysdate,
                                   'yyyy/mm/dd')from dual
format mask] [,
nls language] )
                                  Result: '2003/07/09'
TO DATE ( string1 [,
                                  SELECT TO DATE ('2015/05/15
format mask] [, nls language]
                                  8:30:25', 'YYYY/MM/DD
                                  HH:MI:SS') FROM dual;
```

Example:

```
Select ASCII('t') from dual;
Select ROUND (125.315, 2) from dual;
Select id, name, ROUND (salary, 2) as salary from instructor;
```

Lab Tasks:

- 1. Open an account in hackerrank.com
- 2. Start solving SQL problems
- 3. Instructor will check your progress from time to time.