

Linear Inequations

Linear Equation : Equation in 'x'

with highest power of $x \rightarrow 1$

General form: $ax + b = 0$ [$ax^1 + bx^0$] = 0

$3x - 8 = 1 \rightarrow$ L.E in one variable

$2x - 3y = 4 \rightarrow$ L.E in two variable

Equation (Equate karna)

Quadratic Equation: Highest power of x is '2'

$$ax^2 + bx^1 + c\underline{x^0} = 0$$

General form: $ax^2 + bx^1 + c = 0$

Cubic Equation: Highest power of x is '3'.

General form: $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx^1 + dx^0 = 0$

Inequation: Tab kuch compare kr rhe

Tejasee

Samkit

↳ '=' → equation

↳ '>'] → inequation

↳ '<']

Ex:

$$3x - 8 = 1$$

$$3x = 1 + 8$$

$$3x = 9$$

$$x = \frac{9}{3}$$

$$\boxed{x = 3}$$

$$3x - 8 > 1$$

$$3x > 1 + 8$$

$$3x > 9$$

$$x > \frac{9}{3}$$

$$\boxed{x > 3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{i)} \quad & 5x - 7 < 6 + 2x \\
 & 5x - 2x < 6 + 7 \\
 & 3x < 13 \\
 & x < \frac{13}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{ii)} \quad & \frac{3}{2}x \leq 6 + x \\
 & 3x \leq 2(6 + x) \\
 & 3x \leq 12 + 2x \\
 & 3x - 2x \leq 12 \\
 & \boxed{x \leq 12}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{iii)} \quad \frac{4x}{7} - 8 > 5 - 2x$$

$$\frac{4x}{7} > 5 - 2x + 8$$

$$\frac{4x}{7} > 13 - 2x$$

$$4x > 7(13 - 2x)$$

$$4x > 91 - 14x$$

$$4x + 14x > 91$$

$$18x > 91$$

$$x > \frac{91}{18}$$

(iv)

$$6x - \frac{3}{4} > 5 + x$$

$$6x - x > 5 + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$5x > \frac{23}{4}$$

$$x > \frac{23}{4} \times \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\boxed{x > \frac{23}{20}}$$

$$6x - \frac{3}{4} > 5 + x$$

$$6x > 5 + x + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$6x - x - 5 > \frac{3}{4}$$

$$5x - 5 > \frac{3}{4}$$

$$4(5x - 5) > 3$$

$$20x - 20 > 3$$

$$20x > 23$$

$$| x > \frac{23}{20}$$

Replacement set: $1, 2 \dots N$

$x < 30 \rightarrow$ Solution set

\rightarrow For $x < 5$

$N: 1, 2, 3 \dots \infty \rightarrow (x \in N: x < 5) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$

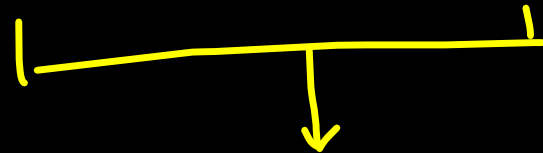
$W: 0, 1, 2, 3 \dots \infty \rightarrow (x \in W: x < 5) = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

$I: -\infty \dots -1, 0, 1 \dots \infty \rightarrow (x \in I: x < 5) = \{\dots -1, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

| _____ |



Replacement set



Solution set

$$(i) \quad 2x - 7 < 4, \quad x \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$2x - 7 < 4$$

↳ Replacement set

$$2x < 4 + 7$$

$$2x < 11$$

$$x < \frac{11}{2}$$

$$x < 5.5 \quad \therefore x = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\} \rightarrow \text{solution set}$$

