

Zero Product Rule

$$ab = 0$$

$$a = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad b = 0$$

$$\{x: 3x^2 + 10x = 25$$

$$3x^2 + 10x - 25 = 0$$

$$3x^2 + 15x - 5x - 25 = 0$$

$$3x(\underline{x+5}) + 5(\underline{-x-5})$$

$$3x(x+5) - 5(x+5) = 0$$

$$(3x-5)(x+5) = 0$$

$$3x-5=0$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{5}{3}}$$

$$\text{or } x+5=0$$

$$\boxed{x = -5}$$

$$\therefore \text{ solution set} = \left\{ -5, \frac{5}{3} \right\}$$

$$(4) \quad 9x^2 - 22x + 8 = 0 \quad (i) \text{ when } \underline{x \in \mathbb{N}}$$

$$9x^2 - 18x - 4x + 8 = 0$$

$$\underline{x \in \mathbb{Q}}$$

$$9x(x-2) - 4(x-2) = 0$$

$$(9x-4)(x-2) = 0$$

$$x-2=0 \quad \text{or} \quad 9x-4=0$$

$$\boxed{x=2}$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{4}{9}}$$

(i) \mathbb{N} : solution set $\{2\}$

(iii) \mathbb{Q} : solution set $\{\frac{4}{9}, 2\}$

$\{x:5$

$$3a^2x^2 + 11abx + 6b^2 = 0$$

$$3a^2x^2 + 9abx + 2abx + 6b^2 = 0$$

$$3ax(a x + 3b) + 2b(a x + 3b) = 0$$

$$(3ax + 2b)(ax + 3b) = 0$$

$$3ax + 2b = 0$$

$$\text{or } ax + 3b = 0$$

$$3ax = -2b$$

$$ax = -3b$$

$$\boxed{x = -\frac{2b}{3a}}$$

$$\boxed{x = -\frac{3b}{a}}$$

$$\therefore \text{ solution set : } \left\{ -\frac{2b}{3a}, -\frac{3b}{a} \right\}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \sqrt{3}x^2 + 10x + 7\sqrt{3} = 0$$

$$\sqrt{3}x^2 + 3x + 7x + 7\sqrt{3} = 0$$

$$\sqrt{3}x(x + \sqrt{3}) + 7(x + \sqrt{3}) = 0$$

$$(x + \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}x + 7) = 0$$

$$x + \sqrt{3} = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad \sqrt{3}x + 7 = 0$$

$$\boxed{x = -\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\boxed{x = -\frac{7}{\sqrt{3}}}$$

$$\therefore \text{ solution set : } \left\{ -\sqrt{3}, -\frac{7}{\sqrt{3}} \right\}$$

Ex: 8

$$\frac{x}{x+1} + \frac{x+1}{x} = \frac{34}{15}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x^2 + x^2 + x + x + 1}{(\underline{x+1})(\underline{x})} = \frac{34}{15}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2 + x} = \frac{34}{15}$$

$$= 4x^2 + 4x - 15 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x^2 + 10x - 6x - 15 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x(2x+5) - 3(2x+5) = 0$$

$$2x - 3 = 0 \quad 2x + 5 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$x = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$g) \left(\frac{x}{x+1} \right)^2 - 5 \left(\frac{x}{x+1} \right) + 6 = 0$$

$$n^2 - 5n + 6 = 0$$

$$n^2 - 2n - 3n + 6 = 0$$

$$n(n-2) - 3(n-2) = 0$$

$$(n-2)(n-3) = 0$$

$$n=2 \quad n=3$$

$$\therefore \frac{x}{x+1} = 2$$

$$\frac{x}{x+1} = 3$$

$$x = 2x + 2$$

$$x = 3x + 3$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -x = 2 \\ \boxed{x = -2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -2x = 3 \\ \boxed{x = -\frac{3}{2}} \end{array}$$