Arithmetic Progression Problem

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Which term of the arithmetic progression (AP): 3, 8, 13, 18, ... is 78? Find the term (k) when the term x(k) is equal to 78.

1 Input Table:

n	Parameters	Description
1	x(0)	Initial Term
2	d	Common Difference
3	$x(k) \times u(k)$	Target Term
4	X(z)	Z-Transform

2 Solution:

Let's solve the problem:

Let
$$x(n) = [3 + (n-1)5] \times u(n)$$

Given: $x(k) = 78$

Substitute values into the formula:

$$78 = 3 + (k - 1) \times 5$$

 $75 = (k - 1) \times 5$
 $k = 16$

Therefore, the correct term number (k) when x(k) = 78 in the given AP is k = 16.

3 Z-Transform:

Let the Z-transform of x(n) be X(z). Let U(z) be the Z-transform of u(n).

$$X(z) = x(0)U(z) + dz^{-1}Z\{nu(n)\}$$
(1)

$$= \frac{3}{1 - z^{-1}} + \frac{5z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \tag{2}$$

$$=\frac{3(1-z^{-1})+5z^{-1}}{(1-z^{-1})^2}\tag{3}$$

$$=\frac{3-3z^{-1}+5z^{-1}}{(1-z^{-1})^2}\tag{4}$$

$$= \frac{3 + (5-3)z^{-1}}{(1-z^{-1})^2} \quad \text{for all } |z| > 1$$
 (5)

The general form of an AP is given by x(n) = a + (n-1)d, The Z-transform of the general AP x(n) is given by:

$$X(z) = \mathcal{Z}\{x(n)\}\$$

= $A(z) + \frac{D(z)}{z-1}$

where A(z) and D(z) are the Z-transforms of a and d, respectively.

Substitute the values for the given AP 3, 8, 13, 18, ... into this general Z-transform expression:

$$a = 3$$
$$d = 5$$

Substituting these values:

$$A(z) = \frac{3}{1 - z^{-1}}$$
$$D(z) = \frac{5}{1 - z^{-1}}$$

Now, substitute these into the general Z-transform expression:

$$X(z) = \frac{3}{1 - z^{-1}} + \frac{5}{z - 1}$$
$$X(z) = \frac{3z}{z - 1} + \frac{5}{z - 1}$$