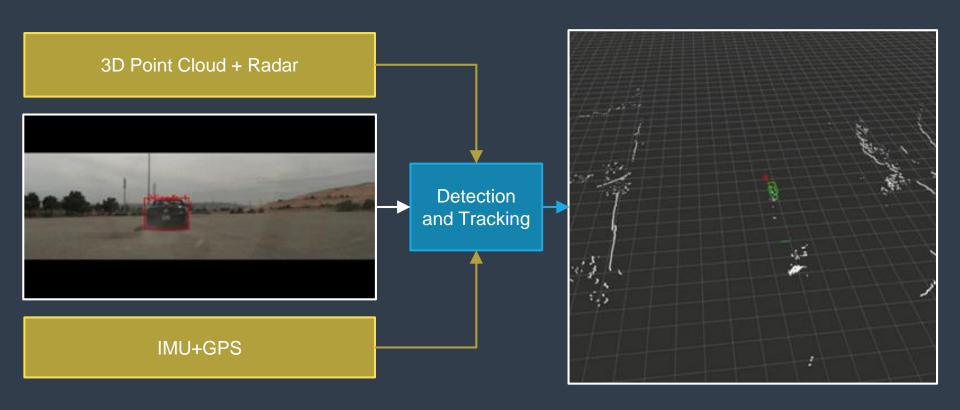
## DIDI-UDACITY CHALLENGE

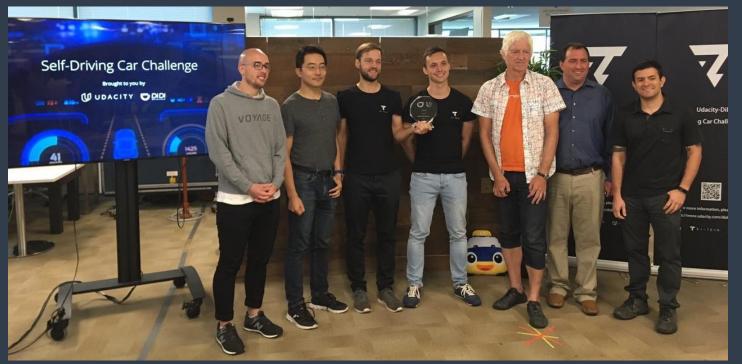
INNOPOLIS UNIVERSITY TEAM

2<sup>ND</sup> PLACE



## Examples: Car I

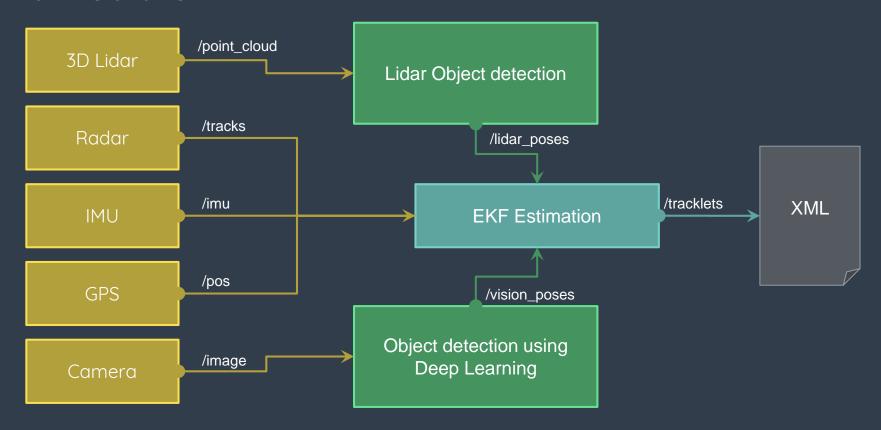




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Innopolis University
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Research Director, Google
Self-Driving Car Lead, Udacity
Self-Driving Product Lead, Udacity

## Architecture



## **EKF** Estimation

#### State vector:

$$x, y, \varphi, v, \alpha, v_{ego}, \dot{\varphi}_{ego}, \alpha_{ego}$$

#### System model:

$$x = (vcos(\varphi) - v_{ego})dt + xcos(\dot{\varphi}_{ego}dt) - ysin(\dot{\varphi}_{ego}dt)$$

$$y = vsin(\varphi)dt + xsin(\dot{\varphi}_{ego}dt) - ycos(\dot{\varphi}_{ego}dt)$$

$$\varphi = \varphi - \dot{\varphi}_{ego}dt$$

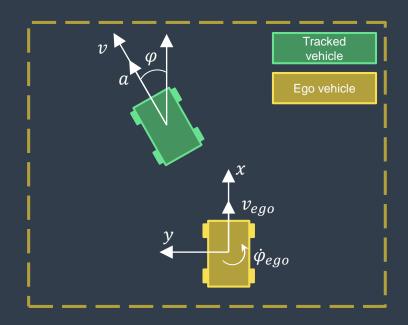
$$v = v + adt$$

$$a = a$$

$$v_{ego} = v_{ego} + a_{ego}dt$$

$$\dot{\varphi}_{ego} = \dot{\varphi}_{ego}$$

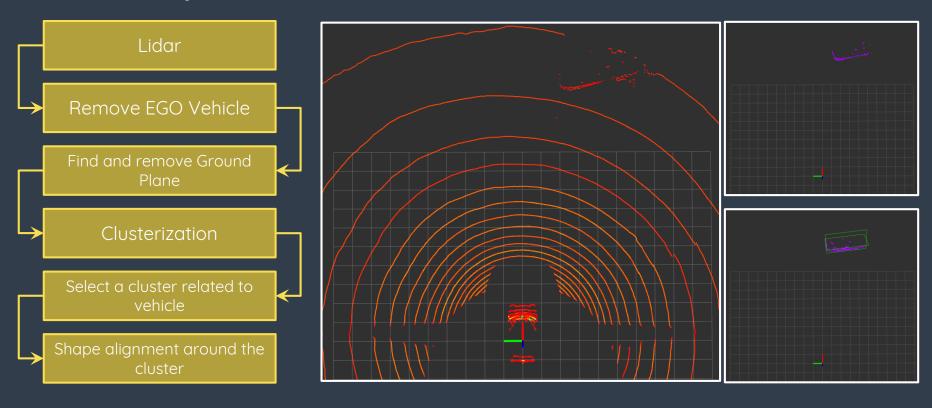
$$a_{ego} = a_{ego}$$



#### Main features:

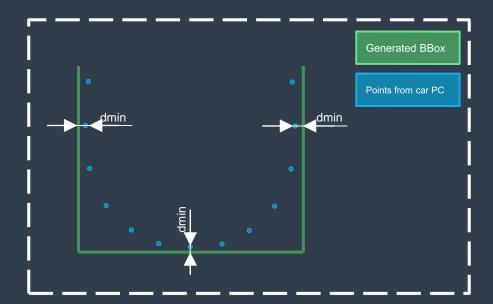
- Speed and rotation of a vehicle is considered
- Delay of sensors data is taken into account

## Lidar Object Detection



## Shape alignment

- Each particle is a parallelepiped with different parameters: x, y; width, length, height
- We generate a particle in the center of a found cluster using normal distribution
- Each parallelepiped plane has a different weight. The nearest plane has the maximum weight

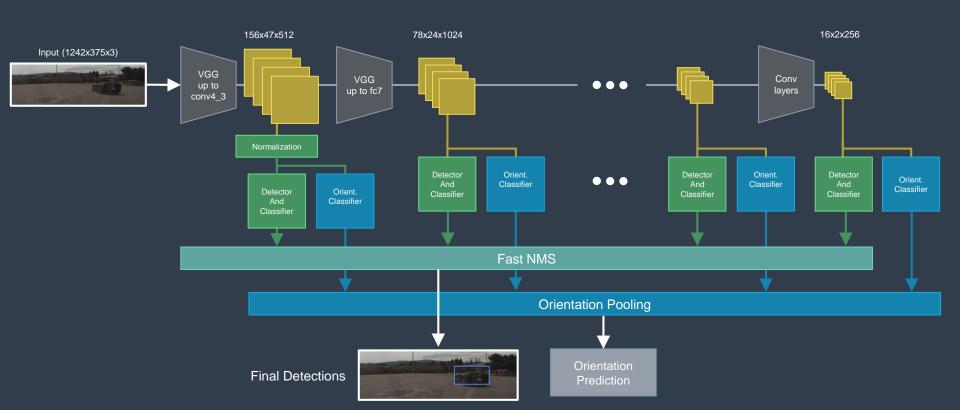


#### Particle weight is

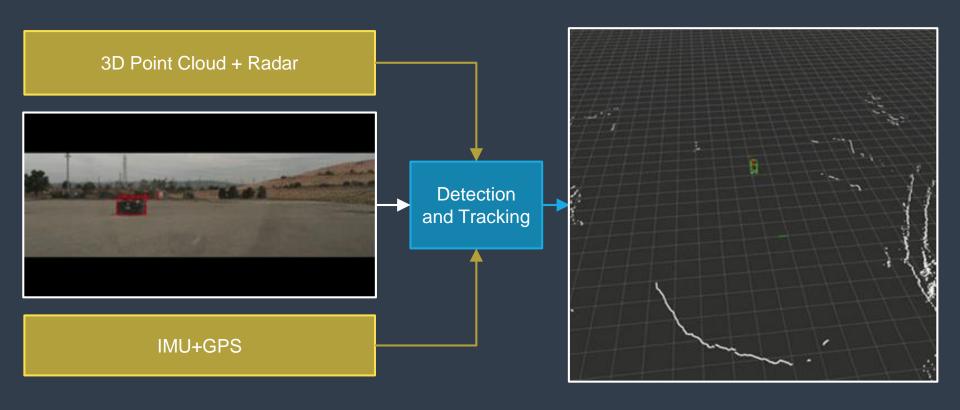
$$w = \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{pl} e^{-\frac{d_i^2}{2\sigma}}$$

where  $w_{pl}$  stands for the weight of the nearest plane,  $d_i$  is the distance to the nearest plane from the point i, n is the number of points inside the parallelepiped  $\sigma$  is the weight coefficient of each cloud point

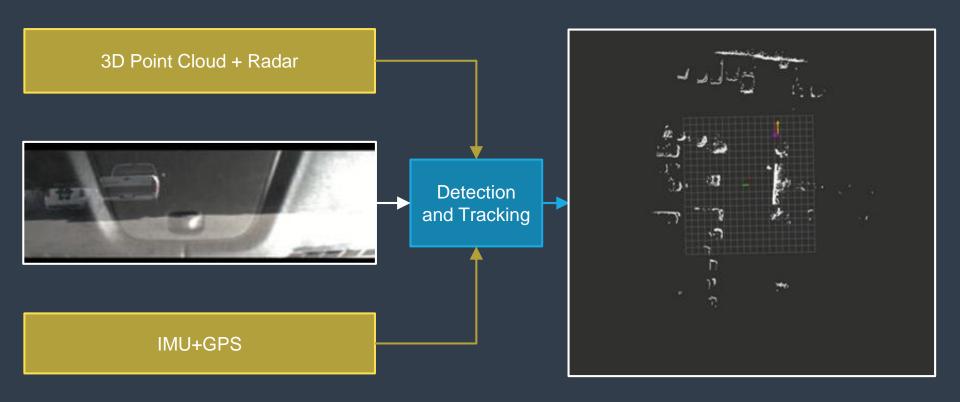
## Object detection using Deep Learning (Camera)



## Examples: Car II



## Examples: Pedestrian



## Team

Background:

Research in the field of Robotics at Innopolis University

- Nonlinear MPC for a race car
- Getting ready for a competition of autonomous racing cars



### Reflections

Tried different approaches and neural networks

Increased performance thanks to reducing the number of cloud points

Added orientation to SSD network instead of using a separate CNN for orientation

Speeded up the development process due to the access to the high-performance GPU

## Future work

Improve detection with lidar and stay in realtime

Use a larger training dataset to improve the quality of visual detection

Detect steering wheels position of a car

Multiple object tracking in realtime

# Thank you!