Solution for Santander Customer Satisfaction competition, 3rd place

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Outline

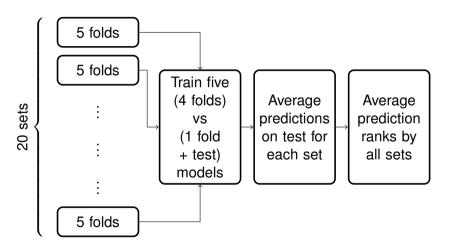
Cross validation scheme

Feature engineering

Models

Ensembling

Cross validation scheme



Feature preprocessing

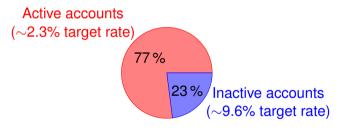
- removing constant features
- removing identical variables
- removing indicator features
- scaling features
- var38 = 117310.979016494 ⇒ var38 = NA

Feature engineering

- Sum of Zeros
- ▶ t-SNE: mapping of feature space to lower feature space such that joint distribution of distances between points stays the same
- PCA: principal component analysis
- ► K-means: data clustering with number of cluster as a feature
- Likelihoods: the probability of target 1 within the subset of samples
- Special features

Special features

▶ Binary feature to determine if account is "active" or "inactive": inactive accounts contain 18 non-constant features only



- ► Percentile rank of var38 (income?) within each var15 (age?) group
- Binary mod 3 features

Models

- XGBoost
- ► RGF
- Neural network
- ► FTRL
- Random Forest
- Adaboost
- ExtraTrees
- KNN
- Lasso
- ► SVM

Ensembling

- ► For each model we used bagging technique (train model on different subsets and average predictions) to reduce the noise
- The final prediction is a linear combination of predictions from all models
- ▶ AUC metric is not differentiable function, so we cannot use gradient descent
- ➤ To optimize AUC and find the best coefficients for the linear combination we used Nelder-Mead method (function optim in R)

Some lessons

- Build CV scheme correctly
- Trust your CV
- ► Choose the simplest model
- Working in big team is a very nice experience
- Search for something unusual in the data (special features?)

Thank you! Questions?

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