

## Extraneous Attribute

$X$ : set of attributes  
 $A \in X$

Def<sup>n</sup>: The functional dependency  $X \rightarrow Y$  contains an extraneous attribute  $A$  in  $X$  iff  $\{X - A\}^+$  contains  $Y$ . (We can remove the attribute without changing the closure of the set of FDs)  $\Rightarrow Y$  can be determined from  $X$  even after removal of extraneous attribute  $A$  from  $X$ .

### Example

Suppose the set of FDs  $F$  is given by the following:

$$F = \{ AB \rightarrow D, A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow D, CD \rightarrow E \}$$

$$\underline{AB \rightarrow D}$$

$$(\{AB\} - \{A\})^+ = B^+ = BD$$

$\Rightarrow A$  is extraneous.

$$\boxed{AB \rightarrow D \text{ becomes } B \rightarrow D}$$

$$\underline{CD \rightarrow E}$$

$$(\{CD\} - \{C\})^+ = D^+ = D$$

$C$  is not extraneous.

$$(\{CD\} - \{D\})^+ = C^+ = C$$

$D$  is not extraneous.

So, the FD becomes (after removal of extraneous attribute)

$$F = \{ B \rightarrow D, A \rightarrow C, CD \rightarrow E \}$$

## Redundant ~~Attribute~~ FD

The FD  $X \rightarrow Y$  is redundant in  $F$  if  
 $(F - \{X \rightarrow Y\})^+ = F^+$  or  $X^+$  contains  $Y$ . after removal of  $X \rightarrow Y$

### Example

$$F = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow C\}$$

Test  $A \rightarrow B$

$$(F - \{A \rightarrow B\})^+ = (\{B \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow C\})^+$$

Now, we find,  $A^+ = AC$

So, we don't get  $B$  in  $A^+$  ( $B \notin A^+$ ).

$\Rightarrow A \rightarrow B$  is not redundant.

Test  $B \rightarrow C$

$$F - \{B \rightarrow C\} = \{A \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow C\}$$

Now, we find,  $B^+ = B$

$$\therefore C \notin B^+$$

$\Rightarrow B \rightarrow C$  is not redundant

Test  $A \rightarrow C$

$$F - \{A \rightarrow C\} = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C\}$$

Now, we find  $A^+ = ABC$

$$\therefore C \in A^+$$

$\Rightarrow A \rightarrow C$  is redundant and hence needs to be removed.

$$F = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C\}$$



## Finding Minimal Cover #

Given a set of FDs  $F$ .  $E$  is a minimal cover of  $F$  if it satisfies the following conditions (steps):

- step-1) Each FD has single attribute in R.H.S
- step-2) No FD contains extraneous attributes
- step-3) Each FD is non-redundant.

### Example

✓ Decomposition Rule (IR4)

$$F = \{ \underline{A \rightarrow BC}, B \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow C, AB \rightarrow C \}$$

find the minimal cover for the set of FDs  $F$ .

step 1:  $F = \{ A \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow C, AB \rightarrow C \}$  ← Single attribute in R.H.S.

Sol<sup>n</sup>: step 2: Check for extraneous attributes in each FD (if L.H.S is having more than one attribute)

$$AB \rightarrow C$$

$$(AB - A)^+ = B^+ = BC$$

$B^+$  contains  $C$ .

$\Rightarrow A$  is extraneous.

$\therefore AB \rightarrow C$  is replaced by  $B \rightarrow C$ .

$$\Rightarrow F = \{ A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, \underline{A \rightarrow C}, \underline{B \rightarrow C} \}$$

same

step 3: Remove the redundant FDs.

$$F - \{ A \rightarrow B \} = \{ A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow C \}$$

Then, find  $A^+ = AC$ ,  $B \notin A^+$

$A \rightarrow B$  is non-redundant.

$$F - \{ B \rightarrow C \} = \{ A \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow C \}$$

Then, find  $B^+ = B$ ,  $C \notin B^+ \therefore B \rightarrow C$  is not redundant.

$$F - \{A \rightarrow C\} = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C\}$$

$$A^+ = ABC, \quad C \in A^+$$

$\therefore A \rightarrow C$  is redundant and needs to be removed.

So, minimal cover of  $F$ , i.e.  $E$  is given by:

$$E = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C\}$$

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