

Integration and Laplace Transform Formula Cheat Sheet

Additions:

Multiplication in Laplace Transform:

If a function is multiplied by t^n , the Laplace Transform becomes:

$$L\{t^n f(t)\} = (-1)^n (d^n/ds^n) F(s)$$

Division in Laplace Transform:

If the function is divided by t , the Laplace Transform follows:

$$L\{f(t)/t\} = \int_s^\infty F(u) du$$

Solution of Differential Equations Using Laplace:

1. Take the Laplace transform of both sides of the differential equation.
2. Solve the resulting algebraic equation in the s -domain.
3. Take the inverse Laplace transform to find the solution $f(t)$.

Example (2nd order):

$$y'' + ay' + by = f(t)$$

$$s^2 Y(s) - sy(0) - y'(0) + a[sY(s) - y(0)] + bY(s) = F(s)$$

Dirac Delta Function in Laplace Transform:

$$L\{\delta(t - a)\} = e^{-as}$$

Integration and Laplace Transform Cheat Sheet:

1. Power Rule for Integration:

$$\text{integral of } x^n dx = (x^{n+1})/(n+1) + C \text{ (for } n \text{ not equal to } -1)$$

2. Logarithmic Rule:

$$\text{integral of } 1/x dx = \ln |x| + C$$

3. Integration of Constant:

$$\text{integral of } a dx = ax + C$$

4. Exponential Function:

$$\text{integral of } e^x dx = e^x + C$$

5. Trigonometric Functions:

$$\text{integral of } \sin(x) dx = -\cos(x) + C$$

$$\text{integral of } \cos(x) dx = \sin(x) + C$$

6. Logarithmic Form for Integrals:

$$\text{integral of } 1/(ax + b) \, dx = (1/a) \ln |ax + b| + C$$

7. Hyperbolic Functions:

$$\text{integral of } \sinh(x) \, dx = \cosh(x) + C$$

$$\text{integral of } \cosh(x) \, dx = \sinh(x) + C$$

8. Gamma Function:

$$\Gamma(n) = \text{integral from } 0 \text{ to infinity of } x^{(n-1)} e^{(-x)} \, dx = (n-1)!$$

Laplace Transform Formulas:

$$1. \, L\{e^{(at)}\} = 1/(s-a)$$

$$2. \, L\{\sin(at)\} = a/(s^2 + a^2)$$

$$3. \, L\{\cos(at)\} = s/(s^2 + a^2)$$

$$4. \, L\{\sinh(at)\} = a/(s^2 - a^2)$$

$$5. \, L\{\cosh(at)\} = s/(s^2 - a^2)$$

Inverse Laplace Transform Formulas:

$$1. \, \text{Inverse Laplace of } 1/s = 1$$

$$2. \, \text{Inverse Laplace of } n!/s^{(n+1)} = t^n$$

3. Inverse Laplace of $1/(s-a) = e^{at}$

4. Inverse Laplace of $a/(s^2 + a^2) = \sin(at)$

5. Inverse Laplace of $s/(s^2 + a^2) = \cos(at)$