Ch - 4 Quadratic Equations

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Class 10th Maths-chapter 4

This is problem 1(ii) of exercise 4.3

1. Find the roots of equation if they exist, by the method of completing the squares.

$$2x^2 + x - 4 = 0 ag{1}$$

Solution:

$$a = 2, b = 1, c = -4 \tag{2}$$

Therefore, the formula to find out roots =

$$-b \pm \left[\frac{\sqrt{(b^2) - 4ac}}{2a}\right] \tag{3}$$

Hence, through this formula, the roots of the equation =

$$-1 \pm \left[\frac{\sqrt{(1^2) - 4 \times 2 \times -4}}{2 \times 2} \right] \tag{4}$$

(5)

$$= -1 \pm \left[\frac{\sqrt{1+32}}{4} \right] \tag{6}$$

(7)

$$= -1 \pm \left[\frac{\sqrt{33}}{4}\right] \tag{8}$$

(9)

$$= -1 + \left[\frac{\sqrt{33}}{4}\right], -1 - \left[\frac{\sqrt{33}}{4}\right] \tag{10}$$

Therefore, the roots are =

$$-1 + \left[\frac{\sqrt{33}}{4}\right] and - 1 - \left[\frac{\sqrt{33}}{4}\right]$$