

(/)



You just released the advanced tasks of this project. Have fun!

0x09. Python - Everything is object

Python**OOP**

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⚙️ Weight: 1

📅 Project will start Apr 4, 2023 6:00 AM, must end by Apr 5, 2023 6:00 AM

✓ Checker was released at Apr 4, 2023 12:00 PM

☑️ An auto review will be launched at the deadline





Background Context

Now that we understand that everything is an object and have a little bit of knowledge, let's pause and look a little bit closer at how Python works with different types of objects.

BTW, have you ever modified a variable without knowing it or wanting to? I mean:

```
>>> a = 1
>>> b = a
>>> a = 2
>>> b
1
>>>
```

OK. But what about this?



```
(P) > l = [1, 2, 3]
>>> m = l
>>> l[0] = 'x'
>>> m
['x', 2, 3]
>>>
```



This project is a little bit different than the usual projects. The first part is only questions about Python's specificity like "What would be the result of...". You should **read all documentation first (as usual :))**, then take the time to **think and brainstorm with your peers** about what you think and why. **Try to do this without coding anything for a few hours.**

Trying examples in the Python interpreter will give you most of the answers without having to think about it. **Don't go this route.** First read, then think, then brainstorm together. Only then you can test in the interpreter.

It's important that you truly understand the reasons behind the answers of all those tasks so that you can apply the same logic to other variables and other variable types.

Note that during interviews for Python positions, **you will most likely have to answer to these type of questions.**

All your answers should be only one line in a file. No space before or after the answer.

Resources

Read or watch:

- 9.10. Objects and values (/rltoken/MrtBogRzYETxnSKG97E7Sg)
- 9.11. Aliasing (/rltoken/Ro-7kVXtmWyAeOXEw7RhSg)
- Immutable vs mutable types (/rltoken/X1IEmkwQRWI3fP4W7bq_qw)
- Mutation (/rltoken/HpKODgDg6GloBoG0UPOgPA) (*Only this chapter*)
- 9.12. Cloning lists (/rltoken/-Gi4PX4srBYFKpZ5Er6sqA)
- Python tuples: immutable but potentially changing (/rltoken/NZlom4L-tS0HjpY_uEVr9A)

Learning Objectives

At the end of this project, you are expected to be able to explain to anyone (/rltoken/J02m-YVaLqu3rtRDGfg5NQ), **without the help of Google:**



General

- Why Python programming is awesome
- What is an object
- What is the difference between a class and an object or instance
- What is the difference between immutable object and mutable object
- What is a reference
- What is an assignment
- What is an alias
- How to know if two variables are identical
- How to know if two variables are linked to the same object
- How to display the variable identifier (which is the memory address in the CPython implementation)
- What is mutable and immutable
- What are the built-in mutable types
- What are the built-in immutable types
- How does Python pass variables to functions

Copyright - Plagiarism

- You are tasked to come up with solutions for the tasks below yourself to meet with the above learning objectives.
- You will not be able to meet the objectives of this or any following project by copying and pasting someone else's work.
- You are not allowed to publish any content of this project.
- Any form of plagiarism is strictly forbidden and will result in removal from the program.

Requirements

Python Scripts

- Allowed editors: `vi`, `vim`, `emacs`
- All your files will be interpreted/compiled on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS using python3 (version 3.8.5)
- All your files should end with a new line
- The first line of all your files should be exactly `#!/usr/bin/python3`
- A `README.md` file, at the root of the folder of the project, is mandatory
- Your code should use the `pycodestyle` (version `2.8.*`)
- All your files must be executable
- The length of your files will be tested using `wc`

.txt Answer Files

- Only one line
- No Shebang
- All your files should end with a new line



Tasks

0. Who am I?

mandatory

What function would you use to print the type of an object?

Write the name of the function in the file, without `()`.

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
- Directory: `0x09-python-everything_is_object`
- File: `0-answer.txt`

☒ Done![Help](#)[Check your code](#)[>_ Get a sandbox](#)

1. Where are you?

mandatory

How do you get the variable identifier (which is the memory address in the CPython implementation)?

Write the name of the function in the file, without `()`.

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
- Directory: `0x09-python-everything_is_object`
- File: `1-answer.txt`

☒ Done![Help](#)[Check your code](#)[>_ Get a sandbox](#)

2. Right count

mandatory

In the following code, do `a` and `b` point to the same object? Answer with `Yes` or `No`.

```
>>> a = 89
>>> b = 100
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`



- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- (/)
- File: 2-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

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3. Right count =

mandatory

In the following code, do `a` and `b` point to the same object? Answer with `Yes` or `No` .

```
>>> a = 89
>>> b = 89
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 3-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

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4. Right count =

mandatory

In the following code, do `a` and `b` point to the same object? Answer with `Yes` or `No` .

```
>>> a = 89
>>> b = a
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 4-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

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5. Right count =+

mandatory

In the following code, do `a` and `b` point to the same object? Answer with `Yes` or `No` .



```
>>> a = 89
>>> b = a + 1
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 5-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

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6. Is equal

mandatory

What do these 3 lines print?

```
>>> s1 = "Best School"
>>> s2 = s1
>>> print(s1 == s2)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 6-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

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7. Is the same

mandatory

What do these 3 lines print?

```
>>> s1 = "Best"
>>> s2 = s1
>>> print(s1 is s2)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 7-answer.txt



☒ Done!

Help

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8. Is really equal

mandatory

What do these 3 lines print?

```
>>> s1 = "Best School"
>>> s2 = "Best School"
>>> print(s1 == s2)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
- Directory: `0x09-python-everything_is_object`
- File: `8-answer.txt`

☒ Done!

Help

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9. Is really the same

mandatory

What do these 3 lines print?

```
>>> s1 = "Best School"
>>> s2 = "Best School"
>>> print(s1 is s2)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
- Directory: `0x09-python-everything_is_object`
- File: `9-answer.txt`

☒ Done!

Help

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10. And with a list, is it equal

mandatory

What do these 3 lines print?




```
>>> l1 = [1, 2, 3]
>>> l2 = [1, 2, 3]
>>> print(l1 == l2)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 10-answer.txt

☒ Done![Help](#)[Check your code](#)[>_ Get a sandbox](#)**11. And with a list, is it the same****mandatory**

What do these 3 lines print?

```
>>> l1 = [1, 2, 3]
>>> l2 = [1, 2, 3]
>>> print(l1 is l2)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 11-answer.txt

☒ Done![Help](#)[Check your code](#)[>_ Get a sandbox](#)**12. And with a list, is it really equal****mandatory**

What do these 3 lines print?

```
>>> l1 = [1, 2, 3]
>>> l2 = l1
>>> print(l1 == l2)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object



- File: 12-answer.txt

(/)

✓ Done!

Help

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13. And with a list, is it really the same

mandatory

What do these 3 lines print?

```
>>> l1 = [1, 2, 3]
>>> l2 = l1
>>> print(l1 is l2)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 13-answer.txt

✓ Done!

Help

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14. List append

mandatory

What does this script print?

```
l1 = [1, 2, 3]
l2 = l1
l1.append(4)
print(l2)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 14-answer.txt

✓ Done!

Help

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15. List add

mandatory

What does this script print?

```
l1 = [1, 2, 3]
l2 = l1
l1 = l1 + [4]
print(l2)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 15-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

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16. Integer incrementation

mandatory

What does this script print?

```
def increment(n):
    n += 1

a = 1
increment(a)
print(a)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 16-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

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17. List incrementation

mandatory

What does this script print?



```
def increment(n):  
    n.append(4)
```

```
l = [1, 2, 3]  
increment(l)  
print(l)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 17-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

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18. List assignment

mandatory

What does this script print?

```
def assign_value(n, v):  
    n = v  
  
l1 = [1, 2, 3]  
l2 = [4, 5, 6]  
assign_value(l1, l2)  
print(l1)
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 18-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

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19. Copy a list object

mandatory

Write a function `def copy_list(l):` that returns a **copy** of a list.

- The input list can contain any type of objects
- Your file should be maximum 3-line long (no documentation needed)
- You are not allowed to import any module



```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x09$ cat 19-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3

copy_list = __import__('19-copy_list').copy_list

my_list = [1, 2, 3]
print(my_list)

new_list = copy_list(my_list)

print(my_list)
print(new_list)

print(new_list == my_list)
print(new_list is my_list)

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x09$ ./19-main.py
[1, 2, 3]
[1, 2, 3]
[1, 2, 3]
True
False
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x09$ wc -l 19-copy_list.py
3 19-copy_list.py
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x09$
```

No test cases needed

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 19-copy_list.py

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

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20. Tuple or not?

mandatory

```
a = ()
```

Is a a tuple? Answer with Yes or No .

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 20-answer.txt



☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

>_ Get a sandbox

21. Tuple or not?

mandatory

```
a = (1, 2)
```

Is a a tuple? Answer with Yes or No .

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 21-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

>_ Get a sandbox

22. Tuple or not?

mandatory

```
a = (1)
```

Is a a tuple? Answer with Yes or No .

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 22-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

>_ Get a sandbox

23. Tuple or not?

mandatory

```
a = (1, )
```

Is a a tuple? Answer with Yes or No .

Repo:



- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- (/)
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 23-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

>_ Get a sandbox

24. Who I am?

mandatory

What does this script print?

```
a = (1)
b = (1)
a is b
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 24-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

>_ Get a sandbox

25. Tuple or not

mandatory

What does this script print?

```
a = (1, 2)
b = (1, 2)
a is b
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 25-answer.txt

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

>_ Get a sandbox



26. Empty is not empty

mandatory

What does this script print?

```
a = ()  
b = ()  
a is b
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 26-answer.txt

☒ Done![Help](#)[Check your code](#)[>_ Get a sandbox](#)

27. Still the same?

mandatory

```
>>> id(a)  
139926795932424  
>>> a  
[1, 2, 3, 4]  
>>> a = a + [5]  
>>> id(a)
```

Will the last line of this script print 139926795932424 ? Answer with Yes or No .

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 27-answer.txt

☒ Done![Help](#)[Check your code](#)[>_ Get a sandbox](#)

28. Same or not?

mandatory




```
> a  
[1, 2, 3]  
>>> id (a)  
139926795932424  
>>> a += [4]  
>>> id(a)
```

Will the last line of this script print 139926795932424 ? Answer with Yes or No .

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 28-answer.txt

☒ Done![Help](#)[Check your code](#)[>_ Get a sandbox](#)

29. #pythonic

#advanced

Write a function `magic_string()` that returns a string "BestSchool" n times the number of the iteration (see code):

- Format: see example
- Your file should be maximum 4-line long (no documentation needed)
- You are not allowed to import any module




```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x09$ cat 101-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3

LockedClass = __import__('101-locked_class').LockedClass

lc = LockedClass()
lc.first_name = "John"
try:
    lc.last_name = "Snow"
except Exception as e:
    print("[{}] {}".format(e.__class__.__name__, e))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x09$ ./101-main.py
[AttributeError] 'LockedClass' object has no attribute 'last_name'
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x09$
```

No test cases needed

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 101-locked_class.py

☐ Done?[Help](#)[Check your code](#)[>_ Get a sandbox](#)

31. int 1/3

#advanced

```
julien@ubuntu:/python3$ cat int.py
a = 1
b = 1
julien@ubuntu:/python3$
```

Assuming we are using a CPython implementation of Python3 with default options/configuration:

- How many int objects are created by the execution of the first line of the script? (103-line1.txt)
- How many int objects are created by the execution of the second line of the script (103-line2.txt)

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 103-line1.txt, 103-line2.txt

☐ Done?[Help](#)[Check your code](#)[>_ Get a sandbox](#)

32. int 2/3

#advanced

```
julien@ubuntu:/python3$ cat int.py
a = 1024
b = 1024
del a
del b
c = 1024
julien@ubuntu:/python3$
```

Assuming we are using a CPython implementation of Python3 with default options/configuration:

- How many int objects are created by the execution of the first line of the script? (104-line1.txt)
- How many int objects are created by the execution of the second line of the script (104-line2.txt)
- After the execution of line 3, is the int object pointed by `a` deleted? Answer with `Yes` or `No` (104-line3.txt)
- After the execution of line 4, is the int object pointed by `b` deleted? Answer with `Yes` or `No` (104-line4.txt)
- How many int objects are created by the execution of the last line of the script (104-line5.txt)

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
- Directory: `0x09-python-everything_is_object`
- File: `104-line1.txt`, `104-line2.txt`, `104-line3.txt`, `104-line4.txt`, `104-line5.txt`

☐ Done?

Help

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33. int 3/3

#advanced

```
julien@twix:/tmp/so$ cat int.py
print("I")
print("Love")
print("Python")
julien@ubuntu:/tmp/so$
```

Assuming we are using a CPython implementation of Python3 with default options/configuration:

- Before the execution of line 2 (`print("Love")`), how many int objects have been created and are still in memory? (105-line1.txt)
- Why? (optional blog post :))

Hint: `NSMALLPOSINTS` , `NSMALLNEGINTS`



**Repo:**

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object
- File: 105-line1.txt

☐ Done?

Help

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34. Clear strings

#advanced

```
guillaume@ubuntu:/python3$ cat string.py
a = "SCHL"
b = "SCHL"
del a
del b
c = "SCHL"
guillaume@ubuntu:/python3$
```

Assuming we are using a CPython implementation of Python3 with default options/configuration (For answers with numbers use integers, don't spell out the word):

- How many string objects are created by the execution of the first line of the script? (106-line1.txt)
- How many string objects are created by the execution of the second line of the script (106-line2.txt)
- After the execution of line 3, is the string object pointed by `a` deleted? Answer with `Yes` or `No` (106-line3.txt)
- After the execution of line 4, is the string object pointed by `b` deleted? Answer with `Yes` or `No` (106-line4.txt)
- How many string objects are created by the execution of the last line of the script (106-line5.txt)

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x09-python-everything_is_object



- File: 106-line1.txt, 106-line2.txt, 106-line3.txt, 106-line4.txt, 106-line5.txt (/)

☐ Done?

Help

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