

# Computer Networks Assignment 1

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## 1 Network Tools

### 1.1 IP Address of my machine

I used the *ifconfig* command (wlp3s0 interface) to know about the private IP Address of my machine using different providers. I observed that IP address changes on changing the ISP, this happens because the network associated with my device changed upon change of ISP.

IITD WIFI	10.184.41.17
AIRTEL MOBILE HOTSPOT	192.168.131.156

### 1.2 IP Address of different domains

I used the *nslookup <domain name>* to find the IP address of listed domains. I used *cat /etc/resolv.conf* to find the IP address of DNS server.

for changing DNS Server, I did following-

```
sudo nano /etc/resolv.conf
```

Added *nameserver 8.8.8.8* at top and then I used *dig* command to ensure changes made are successful.

DNS Server	HOSTNAME	IP Address
127.0.0.53	www.google.com	142.250.199.164
127.0.0.53	www.facebook.com	157.240.16.35
8.8.8.8	www.google.com	142.250.207.196
8.8.8.8	www.facebook.com	157.240.1.35

```

sam@sam-Lenovo-Y520-15IKBN:~/Documents/Mathematics and Computing/Computer Networks$ nslookup www.google.com
Server:      8.8.8.8
Address:     8.8.8.8#53

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:   www.google.com
Address: 142.250.207.196
Name:   www.google.com
Address: 2404:6800:4002:82b::2004

sam@sam-Lenovo-Y520-15IKBN:~/Documents/Mathematics and Computing/Computer Networks$ nslookup www.facebook.com
Server:      8.8.8.8
Address:     8.8.8.8#53

Non-authoritative answer:
www.facebook.com canonical name = star-mini.c10r.facebook.com.
Name:   star-mini.c10r.facebook.com
Address: 157.240.1.35
Name:   star-mini.c10r.facebook.com
Address: 2a03:2880:f12f:83:face:b00c:0:25de

```

```

sam@sam-Lenovo-Y520-15IKBN:~/Documents/Mathematics and Computing/Computer Networks$ nslookup www.google.com
Server:      127.0.0.53
Address:     127.0.0.53#53

Non-authoritative answer:
www.google.com canonical name = star-mini.c10r.facebook.com.
Name:   star-mini.c10r.facebook.com
Address: 157.240.1.35
Name:   star-mini.c10r.facebook.com
Address: 2a03:2880:f12f:83:face:b00c:0:25de

sam@sam-Lenovo-Y520-15IKBN:~/Documents/Mathematics and Computing/Computer Networks$ nslookup www.facebook.com
Server:      127.0.0.53
Address:     127.0.0.53#53

Non-authoritative answer:
www.facebook.com canonical name = star-mini.c10r.facebook.com.
Name:   star-mini.c10r.facebook.com
Address: 157.240.1.35
Name:   star-mini.c10r.facebook.com
Address: 2a03:2880:f12f:83:face:b00c:0:25de

```

It was observed that the IP address changes upon changing the DNS servers. This happens because big host sites like facebook and google have various host servers (in order to reduce congestion on network and respond faster) because of which different DNS servers point to different host servers.

### 1.3 Ping Packets

I used ping *www.google.com* with default packet size(64 bytes , including header bytes) and ttl value(255). Average RTT observed for 11 packets was 41.888.

```

sam@sam-Lenovo-Y520-15IKBN:~/Documents/Mathematics and Computing/Computer Networks$ ping www.google.com
PING www.google.com (172.217.160.228) 56(84) bytes of data:
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=1 ttl=118 time=4.82 ms
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=2 ttl=118 time=6.10 ms
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=3 ttl=118 time=5.19 ms
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=4 ttl=118 time=40.6 ms
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=5 ttl=118 time=5.13 ms
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=6 ttl=118 time=139 ms
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=7 ttl=118 time=154 ms
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=8 ttl=118 time=5.93 ms
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=9 ttl=118 time=22.2 ms
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=10 ttl=118 time=64.1 ms
64 bytes from del03s09-in-f4.1e100.net (172.217.160.228): icmp_seq=11 ttl=118 time=14.0 ms
^C
-- www.google.com ping statistics --
11 packets transmitted, 11 received, 0% packet loss, time 10015ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 4.816/41.888/154.009/52.430 ms

```

Then I changed the packet sizes and ttl values.

Command used was *ping < domain - name > -s < packet - size > -t < ttl - value >*

Packet size(bytes)	TTL	Average RTT(ms) for 11 packets
64	255	41.88
32	255	77.436
32	80	146.934
72	200	177.970

### 1.4 Traceroute

#### 1.4.1 Using Airtel Mobile Hotspot

I used *whois < ip - address >* to locate the ip address. [www.iitd.ac.in](http://www.iitd.ac.in)

traceroute to *www.iitd.ac.in* (103.27.9.24), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets

```

1 _gateway (192.168.131.212) 53.645 ms 53.574 ms 53.529 ms
2 10.50.96.4 (10.50.96.4) 216.414 ms 216.368 ms 217.052 ms
3 10.50.96.156 (10.50.96.156) 217.008 ms 10.50.96.200 (10.50.96.200) 216.965 ms 10.50.96.156
  (10.50.96.156) 216.922 ms
4 * * *
5 10.206.30.1 (10.206.30.1) 216.748 ms * 10.206.30.129 (10.206.30.129) 216.663 ms
6 dsl-ncr-dynamic-017.24.23.125.airtelbroadband.in (125.23.24.17) 216.621 ms 204.646 ms 204.558 ms

```

```

7  182.79.141.178 (182.79.141.178) 204.506 ms 182.79.141.180 (182.79.141.180) 183.076 ms
   116.119.61.117 (116.119.61.117) 182.980 ms
8  49.44.220.188 (49.44.220.188) 184.571 ms 184.520 ms 184.565 ms
9  * * *
10 136.232.148.254.static.jio.com (136.232.148.254) 184.371 ms 206.061 ms 205.974 ms
11 136.232.148.254.static.jio.com (136.232.148.254) 205.921 ms * 205.824 ms
12 * * *
13 * * *
14 * * *
15 * * *
16 * * *
17 * * *
18 * * *
19 * * *
20 * * *
21 * * *
22 * * *
23 * * *
24 * * *
25 * * *
26 * * *
27 * * *
28 * * *
29 * * *
30 * * *

```

IP Addresses traversed:

1. 192.168.131.212 - this is the private IP address of my smartphone
2. 10.50.96.4 - this is a private IP address on my network
3. hop 4 is blocked.
4. 49.44.220.188 and 136.232.148.254 - this is the IP address of a Reliance server

After hop 11 , there is no connection. This might beacuse IITD have blocked packets.

### [www.google.com](http://www.google.com)

```

tracert to www.google.com (142.250.194.68), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1  _gateway (192.168.131.212) 61.686 ms 61.619 ms 61.573 ms
2  10.50.96.4 (10.50.96.4) 156.532 ms 156.570 ms 156.692 ms
3  10.50.96.202 (10.50.96.202) 156.288 ms 10.50.96.154 (10.50.96.154) 156.244 ms 10.50.96.202
   (10.50.96.202) 156.198 ms
4  * * *
5  10.206.30.129 (10.206.30.129) 156.025 ms * 10.206.30.1 (10.206.30.1) 155.940 ms
6  dsl-ncr-dynamic-017.24.23.125.airtelbroadband.in (125.23.24.17) 155.897 ms 85.992 ms 86.662 ms
7  72.14.217.194 (72.14.217.194) 86.474 ms 25.828 ms 74.125.51.184 (74.125.51.184) 38.202 ms
8  * * *
9  216.239.56.252 (216.239.56.252) 93.144 ms 209.85.252.44 (209.85.252.44) 93.096 ms 142.251.52.214
   (142.251.52.214) 93.046 ms
10 142.251.49.121 (142.251.49.121) 92.998 ms 70.346 ms 142.251.49.115 (142.251.49.115) 70.304 ms
11 del12s03-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.194.68) 70.211 ms 67.229 ms 55.149 ms

```

IP Addresses traversed:

1. 192.168.131.212 - this is the private IP address of my smartphone.
2. hops 2-5 - this is a private IP address on my network.
3. 72.14.217.194, this is the Public IP address of the Bharti Airtel server.
4. hops 7-11, this is the Public IP of Google.

### [www.facebook.com](http://www.facebook.com)

```

tracert to www.facebook.com (157.240.228.35), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1  _gateway (192.168.131.212) 7.990 ms 8.283 ms 8.357 ms
2  10.50.96.4 (10.50.96.4) 194.255 ms 194.205 ms 194.214 ms

```

```

3 10.50.96.156 (10.50.96.156) 193.683 ms 193.635 ms 193.584 ms
4 * * *
5 10.206.30.129 (10.206.30.129) 193.490 ms 10.206.30.1 (10.206.30.1) 193.342 ms *
6 dsl-ncr-dynamic-017.24.23.125.airtelbroadband.in (125.23.24.17) 193.342 ms 178.619 ms dsl-ncr-
  dynamic-029.24.23.125.airtelbroadband.in (125.23.24.29) 179.012 ms
7 * * 182.79.142.216 (182.79.142.216) 219.573 ms
8 ae5.pr01.tir1.tfbnw.net (157.240.68.40) 219.519 ms 219.991 ms 219.459 ms
9 po101.psw02.tir2.tfbnw.net (129.134.101.65) 219.117 ms po101.psw01.tir2.tfbnw.net (129.134.101.63)
  219.239 ms po101.psw03.tir2.tfbnw.net (129.134.101.67) 204.407 ms
10 157.240.38.123 (157.240.38.123) 204.298 ms 157.240.38.173 (157.240.38.173) 204.406 ms
  157.240.38.65 (157.240.38.65) 204.635 ms
11 edge-star-mini-shv-01-tir2.facebook.com (157.240.228.35) 194.887 ms 194.387 ms 194.335 ms

```

IP Addresses traversed:

1. 192.168.131.212 - this is the private IP address of my smartphone.
2. hops 2-5 - this is a private IP address on my network.
3. hop 6-7, this is the Public IP address of the Bharti Airtel server.
4. hops 8-11, this is the Public IP of Facebook.

## Observation

1. There was no defaulting to IPv6. We Explicitly force IPv6 tracerouting. By default, the program will try to figure out the name given and automatically choose the right protocol. If resolving a host name gives both an IPv4 address and an IPv6 address, traceroute will use the IPv4 address.
2. Upon using traceroute -6 with IITD wifi for www.facebook.com (and www.google.com), it says unreachable, as IIT Delhi routers might not support IPv6.
3. Upon using traceroute -6 Personal Airtel Mobile Hotspot:

[www.google.com](http://www.google.com)

```

      traceroute to www.google.com (2404:6800:4007:814::2004), 30 hops max, 80 byte packets
1  2401:4900:30ca:6ac1:0:31:9876:2740 (2401:4900:30ca:6ac1:0:31:9876:2740) 31.546 ms 43.377 ms
   43.319 ms
2  * * *
3  2401:4900:0:c001::105 (2401:4900:0:c001::105) 205.364 ms 205.313 ms 205.262 ms
4  2401:4900:0:c001::172 (2401:4900:0:c001::172) 205.211 ms 2401:4900:0:c001::17c (2401:4900:0:
   c001::17c) 205.160 ms 2401:4900:0:c001::172 (2401:4900:0:c001::172) 205.108 ms
5  2401:4900:0:c001::179 (2401:4900:0:c001::179) 205.057 ms 2401:4900:0:c001::69b (2401:4900:0:
   c001::69b) 205.099 ms 2401:4900:0:c001::179 (2401:4900:0:c001::179) 205.047 ms
6  2404:a800:1a00:500::15 (2404:a800:1a00:500::15) 205.277 ms 2404:a800:1a00:500::d (2404:a800:1
   a00:500::d) 204.647 ms 204.343 ms
7  2001:4860:1:1::1944 (2001:4860:1:1::1944) 204.663 ms 204.610 ms 2001:4860:1:1::10c4
   (2001:4860:1:1::10c4) 204.173 ms
8  2404:6800:812e::1 (2404:6800:812e::1) 204.586 ms 2404:6800:8120::1 (2404:6800:8120::1)
   204.533 ms 2404:6800:8095::1 (2404:6800:8095::1) 204.566 ms
9  2001:4860:0:1::539c (2001:4860:0:1::539c) 204.347 ms 2001:4860:0:1::53a8 (2001:4860:0:1::53a8
   ) 203.974 ms 2001:4860:0:1::1686 (2001:4860:0:1::1686) 204.640 ms
10 2001:4860:0:11dd::2 (2001:4860:0:11dd::2) 204.489 ms 2001:4860:0:1a::3 (2001:4860:0:1a::3)
   204.126 ms 2001:4860:0:1a::2 (2001:4860:0:1a::2) 45.185 ms
11 2001:4860::9:4001:ddce (2001:4860::9:4001:ddce) 206.631 ms 2001:4860::9:4002:d27c
   (2001:4860::9:4002:d27c) 206.752 ms 2001:4860::9:4001:67bc (2001:4860::9:4001:67bc) 206.699
   ms
12 2001:4860::9:4001:163c (2001:4860::9:4001:163c) 206.345 ms 2001:4860::9:4001:67bc
   (2001:4860::9:4001:67bc) 206.648 ms 2001:4860::9:4001:b922 (2001:4860::9:4001:b922) 206.238
   ms
13 2001:4860:0:1::4a23 (2001:4860:0:1::4a23) 206.187 ms 2001:4860::9:4001:163c
   (2001:4860::9:4001:163c) 206.136 ms 2001:4860::9:4001:b923 (2001:4860::9:4001:b923) 206.509
   ms
14 2001:4860:0:1::4a23 (2001:4860:0:1::4a23) 206.035 ms maa03s36-in-x04.1e100.net
   (2404:6800:4007:814::2004) 205.932 ms 2001:4860:0:1::4a25 (2001:4860:0:1::4a25) 205.877 ms

```

## 2 Packet Analysis

### 2.1 DNS Task

Steps:

1. I connected Airtel Mobile Hotspot and used the interface wlps3s0
2. I flushed DNS cache using

```
sudo systemd-resolve --flush-caches
```

and verified it by

```
sudo systemd-resolve --statistics
```

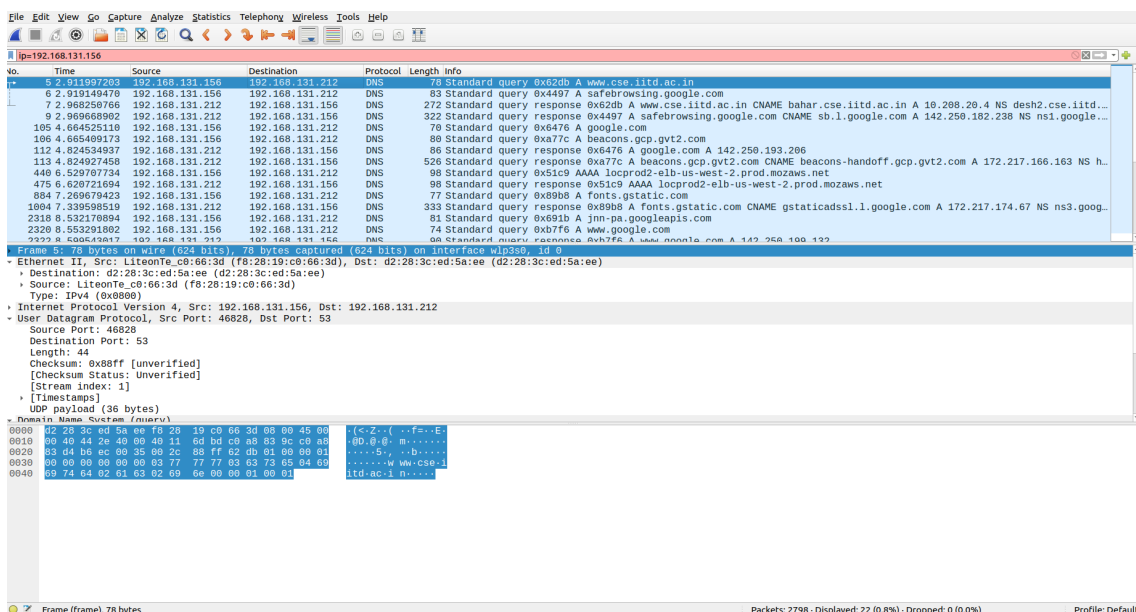
```
sam@sam-Lenovo-Y520-15IKBN:~$ sudo systemd-resolve --flush-caches
[sudo] password for sam:
sam@sam-Lenovo-Y520-15IKBN:~$ sudo systemd-resolve --statistics
DNSSEC supported by current servers: no

Transactions
Current Transactions: 0
Total Transactions: 31996

Cache
Current Cache Size: 0
Cache Hits: 219
Cache Misses: 183

DNSSEC Verdicts
Secure: 0
Insecure: 0
Bogus: 0
Indeterminate: 0
```

3. I cleared my chrome browser cache.
4. Applied filter for my IP address and then started packet capturing.
5. I immediately visited <http://www.cse.iitd.ac.in> and as the page shows up, I stopped packet capturing.
6. I located DNS queries and response.



**Observation** DNS queries and response were sent over UDP. In the Figure above , we can see that query is at No. 5 and response is at No. 7

1. **How many DNS queries are sent from your browser (host machine) to DNS Server(s)?**  
There is one DNS query sent from my browser to DNS server(192.168.131.212).

2. **How many DNS servers are involved?**

There was only one DNS server involved.

3. **Which DNS Server replies with actual IP Address(es).**

10.208.20.4 replies with actual IP , none were hidden.

4. **Do all DNS servers respond?**

All the servers responds

5. **Clearly list the resource records involved in resolving the IP address of the site, mentioning, Name, value, type, TTL appropriately in the complete resolving process of this DNS conversation including query/queries and response/answer(s).**

Resource record for DNS query :

{Name : www.cse.iitd.ac.in ,Value : 192.168.131.156,type : A, TTL : 64}

Resource record for DNS Response :

{Name : www.cse.iitd.ac.in ,Value : bahar.cse.iitd.ac.in, type : CNAME, TTL : 64}

{Name : bahar.cse.iitd.ac.in ,Value : 10.208.20.4 type : A, TTL : 64}

## 2.2 Iperf Task

Steps:

1. I connected Airtel Mobile Hotspot and used the interface wlps3s0.
2. Started packet capturing and then immediately opened the terminal and ran the command :

```
iperf3 -u -t 10 -c ping.online.net -p 5208 -R
```

```
Sam@Sam-Lenovo-Y520-15IKBN:~$ iperf3 -u -t 10 -c ping.online.net -p 5208 -R
Connecting to host ping.online.net, port 5208
Reverse mode, remote host ping.online.net is sending
 5] local 192.168.131.156 port 46786 connected to 62.210.18.40 port 5208
ID] Interval      Transfer    Bitrate      Jitter    Lost/Total Datagrams
 5] 0.00-1.00    sec   116 KBytes   947 Kbits/sec  292311607.118 ms  0/92 (0%)
 5] 1.00-2.00    sec   128 KBytes   1.05 Mbits/sec  404505.246 ms  0/102 (0%)
 5] 2.00-3.00    sec   141 KBytes   1.15 Mbits/sec  301.075 ms  0/112 (0%)
 5] 3.00-4.00    sec   128 KBytes   1.05 Mbits/sec  7.117 ms  0/102 (0%)
 5] 4.00-5.00    sec   127 KBytes   1.04 Mbits/sec  7.501 ms  0/101 (0%)
 5] 5.00-6.00    sec   128 KBytes   1.05 Mbits/sec  2.723 ms  0/102 (0%)
 5] 6.00-7.00    sec   128 KBytes   1.05 Mbits/sec  9.003 ms  0/102 (0%)
 5] 7.00-8.00    sec   128 KBytes   1.05 Mbits/sec  8.288 ms  0/102 (0%)
 5] 8.00-9.00    sec   114 KBytes   937 Kbits/sec  6.658 ms  0/91 (0%)
 5] 9.00-10.00   sec   128 KBytes   1.05 Mbits/sec  7.387 ms  0/102 (0%)
-----
ID] Interval      Transfer    Bitrate      Jitter    Lost/Total Datagrams
 5] 0.00-10.00   sec   1.29 MBytes   1.08 Mbits/sec  0.000 ms  0/1008 (0%) sender
 5] 0.00-10.00   sec   1.24 MBytes   1.04 Mbits/sec  7.387 ms  0/1008 (0%) receiver
iperf Done.
```

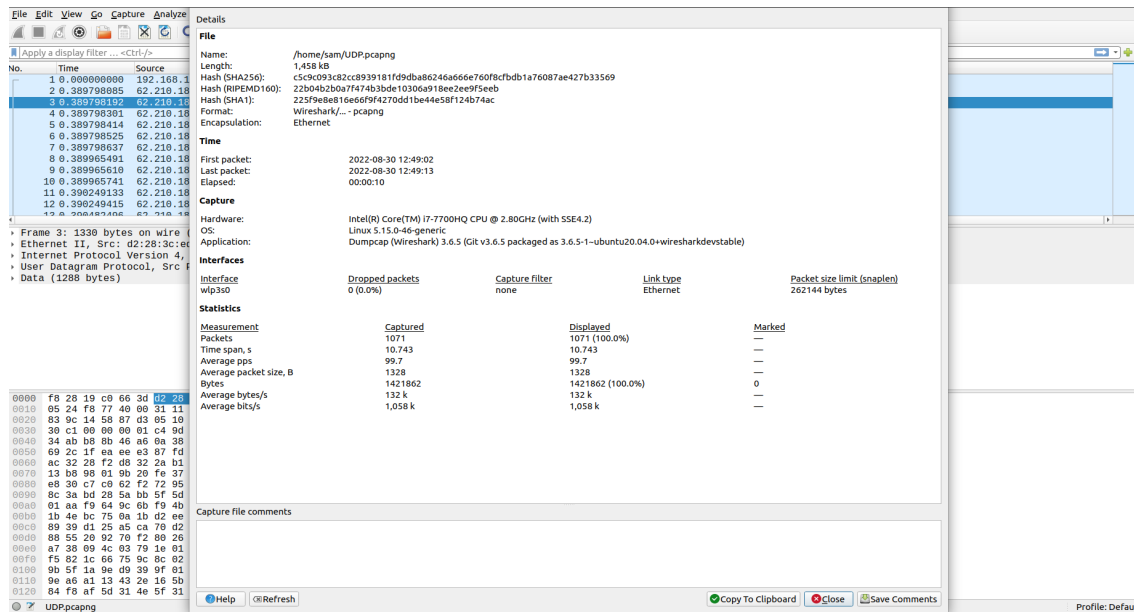
We can observe that IP for the iperf client is 62.210.18.40.

3. I immediately stopped the capturing once the iperf is done.
4. filters applied were –

udp or ip\_addr = [IP address of iperf client]

## Observation

1. How many UDP packets are exchanged in this communication between iperf3 client and remote server?  
1071(by capture file properties)
2. Who is sending bulk data to whom? What is the average size of the packet sent?  
iperf client is sending bulk data to remote server. Average packet size by capture file properties are 132 Bytes.
3. Calculate the throughput (bytes transferred per unit time) for this UDP conversation using UDP's length field. Explain how you calculated this value using Wireshark capture in this experiment along with relevant screenshots. Verify your calculation with the one done by Wireshark using "Capture File properties" as well with the one displayed by iperf3 terminal. If you observe the major difference in your calculation and with the other two listed here, comment why and how?



The throughput measured by iperf is ,

$$1.08 \text{ Mb/sec} = 135 \text{ kB/s}$$

The throughput measured by WireShark is ,

$$132 \text{ kB/s}$$

Using UDP length field,

I calculated the total length of packets captured using length field , there were 2 packets of length 46 and 1069 packets of length 1330, so total bytes captured is  $1,421,862 = 1421.862KB$ . Now i check time field of the last packet, which is equal to 10.742711008s. So throughput calculated is equal to

$$\frac{1421.862}{10.742711008} \text{ KB/s} = 132.353 \text{ KB/s}$$

This value matches with the Wireshark , but differs with iperf. This can be because of delay in stopping the capturing process in wirehsark and s



## 2.3 HTTP Task

The image displays a Wireshark network traffic capture. The top pane shows a list of packets with a filter 'http and http2'. The middle pane shows the packet details for packet 2, highlighting the Hypertext Transfer Protocol section. The right pane shows the packet bytes in hexadecimal and ASCII.

Packet 2 details:

- Frame 2: 164 bytes on wire (1312 bits), 164 bytes captured (1312 bits)
- Ethernet II, Src: 8a:7d:40:9e:52:1b (8a:7d:40:9e:52:1b), Dst: 92:76:39:be:c1:81 (92:76:39:be:c1:81)
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 139.162.123.134, Dst: 10.9.0.2
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 58088, Seq: 1, Ack: 179, Len: 98
- Hypertext Transfer Protocol
- HyperText Transfer Protocol 2

Packet 2 bytes (hexadecimal):

```
0000  92 76 39 be c1 81 8a 7d 40 9e 52 1b 08 00 45 20  v9...} @R...E
0010  00 06 db ad 40 00 35 06 58 61 8b a2 7b 96 0a 09  ...@5'Xa-{-...
0020  00 02 00 50 e2 b6 a4 31 16 29 a3 6a 32 3e 00 18  ...P...1...)j2>...
0030  00 eb 2c 43 00 00 01 01 08 0a d4 bc f2 56 44 e5  ..C.....VD...
0040  5f 6c 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31 20 31 39 31 20 53  _lHTTP/1.1 101 S
0050  77 69 74 63 68 69 6e 67 20 50 72 6f 74 6f 63 6f  witching Protoco
0060  6c 73 0d 0a 43 6f 6e 6e 65 63 74 69 6f 6e 3a 20  ls: Conn action:
0070  55 70 67 72 61 64 65 0d 0a 55 70 67 72 61 64 65  Upgrade: Upgrade
0080  3a 20 68 32 63 0d 0a 0d 0a 00 00 12 94 00 00 00  : h2c:.....
0090  00 00 00 00 00 00 64 00 04 00 10 00 00 00 01  ....d.....
00a0  00 00 20 00
```

1. **How many HTTP/2 and HTTP/1.1 packets are present?**  
After applying the filter http and http2 , only packet shows up(as shown in above figure).  
After applying only http filter 2 packet shows up  
After applying http2 filter 9 packet shows up
2. **How many HTTP/2 packets are exchanged between client and server here before the first object is fetched?**  
Data is recieved at NO.6 . Before that 4 HTTP/2 packets are exchnaged between client and server.
3. **What main difference do you observe in headers of HTTP/2 packets displayed here, compared to the headers of HTTP/1.1 packets**

The main difference we can see that HTTP/1.1 uses the plain text format , while we can see that HTTP/2 encodes its headers in binary format.

## 2.4 Ping task

I reduced the packet size to 1000, as for 3500 , there was 100% packet loss. I am connected to Airtel Mobile Hotspot.



```

sam@sam-Lenovo-Y520-15IKBN:~$ ping -s 1000 ping-ams1.online.net -c 5
PING ping-ams1.online.net (163.172.208.7) 1000(1028) bytes of data.
1008 bytes from ping-ams1.online.net (163.172.208.7): icmp_seq=1 ttl=53 time=412 ms
1008 bytes from ping-ams1.online.net (163.172.208.7): icmp_seq=2 ttl=53 time=281 ms
1008 bytes from ping-ams1.online.net (163.172.208.7): icmp_seq=3 ttl=53 time=205 ms
1008 bytes from ping-ams1.online.net (163.172.208.7): icmp_seq=4 ttl=53 time=303 ms
1008 bytes from ping-ams1.online.net (163.172.208.7): icmp_seq=5 ttl=53 time=356 ms

--- ping-ams1.online.net ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4005ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 204.938/311.301/412.060/69.883 ms

```

1. How many total IP packets are exchanged in the communication between your host and the remote server representing ping-ams1.online.net ?

After applying the icmp filter, there were 10 packets exchanged.

2. What is the size of each ping request sent from your host to remote server?

From the length field, it was 1042 bytes for each ping request.

3. . Make a table for each ping request packet sent from your host to remote, the respective field indicating it, if the request packet is fragmented or not. If packet is fragmented ( add details on number of IP fragments and on each fragment), Time of sending each individual fragment/packet, length of the individual fragment/packet), time of receiving ping response, the respective field indicating if response packet is fragmented or not, if response packet is fragmented, include the number of IP fragments, total actual length of data carried by the respective fragment in respective ping request and response.

None of the response packet and request packet was fragmented.

S No.	Fragmented(Req.)	Time of Req (in s)	Time of Res.(in s)	Fragmented(Req)	Total length of data carried(in bytes)
1	No	0.000000000	0.412037617	No	992
2	No	1.001260243	1.282382643	No	992
3	No	2.002409995	2.207317331	No	992
4	No	3.003636956	3.306282091	No	992
5	No	4.005265355	4.360917974	No	992

## 2.5 Traceroute Task

```
am@sam-Lenovo-Y520-15IKBN:~$ traceroute -q 5 ping-ams1.online.net 1000
traceroute to ping-ams1.online.net (163.172.208.7), 30 hops max, 1000 byte packets
 1 _gateway (192.168.131.212) 6.972 ms 6.943 ms 7.001 ms 7.135 ms 7.249 ms
 2 10.50.96.4 (10.50.96.4) 173.890 ms 173.840 ms 173.789 ms 179.421 ms 179.369 ms
 3 10.50.96.154 (10.50.96.154) 177.946 ms 177.894 ms 177.843 ms 177.793 ms 10.50.96.202 (10.50.9
6.202) 177.743 ms
 4 * * * * *
 5 10.206.30.25 (10.206.30.25) 166.063 ms * * * 10.206.30.153 (10.206.30.153) 189.720 ms
 6 dsl-ncr-dynamic-017.24.23.125.airtelbroadband.in (125.23.24.17) 189.637 ms dsl-ncr-dynamic-029.2
4.23.125.airtelbroadband.in (125.23.24.29) 189.698 ms dsl-ncr-dynamic-017.24.23.125.airtelbroadband.
in (125.23.24.17) 189.533 ms 189.482 ms dsl-ncr-dynamic-029.24.23.125.airtelbroadband.in (125.23.24
.29) 189.433 ms
 7 182.79.146.236 (182.79.146.236) 226.334 ms 226.318 ms 116.119.61.204 (116.119.61.204) 205.971
ms 116.119.61.206 (116.119.61.206) 205.880 ms 116.119.61.204 (116.119.61.204) 205.825 ms
 8 * * * * *
 9 195.154.2.103 (195.154.2.103) 237.696 ms 243.181 ms 243.123 ms 586.508 ms 580.841 ms
10 62.210.0.135 (62.210.0.135) 580.750 ms 618.348 ms 618.334 ms 618.203 ms 585.060 ms
11 grokouik.poneytelecom.eu (62.210.175.218) 574.697 ms 574.616 ms 580.171 ms 312.839 ms 312.75
8 ms
12 195.154.2.104 (195.154.2.104) 312.699 ms 312.796 ms 290.262 ms 290.492 ms 290.478 ms
13 51.158.8.27 (51.158.8.27) 290.465 ms 51.158.8.168 (51.158.8.168) 290.181 ms 51.158.8.27 (51.158
8.27) 290.158 ms 290.144 ms 290.400 ms
14 51.158.143.1 (51.158.143.1) 290.369 ms 290.235 ms 290.344 ms 51.158.143.3 (51.158.143.3) 290.
319 ms 51.158.143.1 (51.158.143.1) 384.441 ms
15 ping-ams1.online.net (163.172.208.7) 551.612 ms 551.595 ms 551.581 ms 552.114 ms 551.590 ms
```

I reduced the packet size to 1000, as for 3500 the packets were getting blocked after few hops. I am connected to Airtel Mobile hotspot.

1. How many hops are involved in finding the route to this *ping - ams1.online.net* ?  
It took 15 hops as can be seen in the above image.
2. **How many total IP packets are exchanged in the communication to get the final traceroute output of ping-ams1.online.net? How many of them are sent from client to remote machine (server/router) ? How many of them are sent from the remote machine (hop/server/router) to the local client ? Tabulate this with an entry for a router/server and the client too?**

I applied the filter ICMP, as used by ping, and the number of packets displayed were - 70. All the packets were TTL expired or destination was unreachable. I tried several times over different networks but still same issue. All 70 packets were sent from the remote machine (hop/server/router) to the local client

3. **Which fields in the IP datagram always change from one datagram to the next within this series of IP packets sent by your host/client ? Which fields stay constant? Which of the fields must stay constant? Which fields must change? Why?**

Fields which always change are :

- Time to live : Due to traceroute
- Identification : there must be unique id for packets.
- Header Checksum : Checksum is dependent on the header, so it must change

Fields which stay constant are

- Version: this is because we are using IPv4 for all packets
- source IP : this is because only one source
- Destination IP : this is because all packets are sent to single destination
- Length and Differentiated Services Field: this is because we are interested in ICMP packets.

Fields which must stay constant are same. Fields which change and fields which must change are same as fields which change.