# JavaScript Where To

### The <script> Tag

In HTML, JavaScript code is inserted between <script> and </script> tags.

## Example

```
<script>
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = "My First JavaScript";
</script>
```

Old JavaScript examples may use a type attribute: <script type="text/javascript">.
The type attribute is not required. JavaScript is the default scripting language in HTML.

### **JavaScript Functions and Events**

A JavaScript <u>function</u> is a block of JavaScript code, that can be executed when "called" for.

For example, a function can be called when an event occurs, like when the user clicks a button.

You will learn much more about functions and events in later chapters.

## JavaScript in <head> or <body>

You can place any number of scripts in an HTML document.

Scripts can be placed in the <body>, or in the <head> section of an HTML page, or in both.

#### JavaScript in <head>

In this example, a JavaScript function is placed in the <head> section of an HTML page

#### JavaScript in <body>

In this example, a JavaScript function is placed in the <body> section of an HTML page.

#### **External JavaScript Advantages**

Placing scripts in external files has some advantages:

- It separates HTML and code
- It makes HTML and JavaScript easier to read and maintain
- Cached JavaScript files can speed up page loads

#### **Javascript Output**

JavaScript can "display" data in different ways:

- Writing into an HTML element, using innerHTML.
- Writing into the HTML output using document.write().
- Writing into an alert box, using window.alert().
- Writing into the browser console, using console.log().

## **JavaScript Programs**

A computer program is a list of "instructions" to be "executed" by a computer.

In a programming language, these programming instructions are called statements.

A JavaScript program is a list of programming statements.