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Roll No-71
Exp-5
import numpy as np
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
from keras.models import Model
from keras.datasets import mnist
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# this is the size of our encoded representations
encoding_dim = 32 # 32 floats -> compression of factor 24.5, assuming the input is 784 floats
# this is our input placeholder
input_img = Input(shape=(784,))
# "encoded" is the encoded representation of the input
encoded = Dense(encoding_dim, activation='relu')(input_img)
# "decoded" is the lossy reconstruction of the input
decoded = Dense(784, activation='sigmoid')(encoded)
# this model maps an input to its reconstruction
autoencoder = Model(input_img, decoded)
# this model maps an input to its encoded representation
encoder = Model(input_img, encoded)
# create a placeholder for an encoded (32-dimensional) input
encoded_input = Input(shape=(encoding_dim,))
# retrieve the last layer of the autoencoder model
decoder_layer = autoencoder.layers[-1]
# create the decoder model
decoder = Model(encoded_input, decoder_layer(encoded_input))
# configure our model to use a per-pixel binary crossentropy loss, and the Adadelta optimizer:
autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adadelta', loss='binary_crossentropy')
(x_train, _), (x_test, _) = mnist.load_data()
# normalize all values between 0 and 1 and we will flatten the 28x28 images into vectors of size 784.
x_{train} = x_{train.astype('float32')} / 255.
x_{\text{test}} = x_{\text{test.astype}}(\text{'float32'}) / 255.
x_train = x_train.reshape((len(x_train), np.prod(x_train.shape[1:])))
x_test = x_test.reshape((len(x_test), np.prod(x_test.shape[1:])))
print (x_train.shape)
print (x_test.shape)
    Downloading data from <a href="https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/mnist.npz">https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/mnist.npz</a>
    (60000, 784)
    (10000, 784)
autoencoder.fit(x_train, x_train,
epochs=50,
batch size=256,
shuffle=True,
validation_data=(x_test, x_test))
# encode and decode some digits
# note that we take them from the *test* set
encoded_imgs = encoder.predict(x_test)
decoded_imgs = decoder.predict(encoded_imgs)
    Epoch 1/50
    235/235 [===========] - 5s 17ms/step - loss: 0.6939 - val_loss: 0.6939
    Epoch 2/50
    235/235 [==
                ======================== ] - 3s 11ms/step - loss: 0.6938 - val_loss: 0.6937
    Epoch 3/50
    235/235 [============== ] - 3s 11ms/step - loss: 0.6936 - val_loss: 0.6935
    Epoch 4/50
    235/235 [==
                  Epoch 5/50
    Epoch 6/50
                  Epoch 7/50
    235/235 [============] - 3s 13ms/step - loss: 0.6930 - val_loss: 0.6929
    Epoch 8/50
    235/235 [============] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6928 - val_loss: 0.6927
    Epoch 9/50
    235/235 [============] - 4s 16ms/step - loss: 0.6927 - val_loss: 0.6926
    Epoch 10/50
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Epoch 11/50
   235/235 [===========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6924 - val_loss: 0.6923
   Enoch 12/50
   Epoch 13/50
   235/235 [============= ] - 4s 16ms/step - loss: 0.6921 - val loss: 0.6920
   Epoch 14/50
   235/235 [===========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6919 - val_loss: 0.6918
   Epoch 15/50
   Epoch 16/50
   235/235 [=============] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6916 - val_loss: 0.6915
   Epoch 17/50
   235/235 [============] - 4s 18ms/step - loss: 0.6914 - val_loss: 0.6913
   Epoch 18/50
   Epoch 19/50
   235/235 [=====
               =============== ] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6911 - val_loss: 0.6910
   Epoch 20/50
   235/235 [============= ] - 3s 13ms/step - loss: 0.6910 - val loss: 0.6908
   Epoch 21/50
   235/235 [============] - 4s 15ms/step - loss: 0.6908 - val_loss: 0.6907
   Epoch 22/50
   235/235 [===========] - 3s 13ms/step - loss: 0.6906 - val_loss: 0.6905
   Epoch 23/50
   235/235 [===========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6905 - val_loss: 0.6904
   Epoch 24/50
   235/235 [===========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6903 - val_loss: 0.6902
   Epoch 25/50
   235/235 [============= ] - 3s 11ms/step - loss: 0.6901 - val loss: 0.6900
   Epoch 26/50
   235/235 [============= ] - 4s 15ms/step - loss: 0.6900 - val_loss: 0.6898
   Epoch 27/50
   Epoch 28/50
   235/235 [===========] - 3s 14ms/step - loss: 0.6896 - val_loss: 0.6895
   Epoch 29/50
   235/235 [============ ] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6894 - val loss: 0.6893
n = 20 \text{ # how many digits we will display}
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 4))
for i in range(n):
# display original
ax = plt.subplot(2, n, i + 1)
plt.imshow(x_test[i].reshape(28, 28))
plt.gray()
ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
# display reconstruction
ax = plt.subplot(2, n, i + 1 + n)
plt.imshow(decoded_imgs[i].reshape(28, 28))
plt.gray()
ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
plt.show()
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