

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

Paner 3 Pure M	Nathematics 3		May/ June 2020
MATHEMATIC	CS		9709/32
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
CANDIDATE NAME			

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 20 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

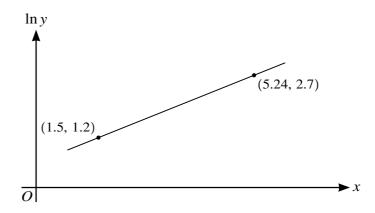
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[Turn over

1 hour 50 minutes

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2



The variables x and y satisfy the equation  $y^2 = Ae^{kx}$ , where A and k are constants. The graph of  $\ln y$  against x is a straight line passing through the points (1.5, 1.2) and (5.24, 2.7) as shown in the diagram.

Find the values of $A$ and $k$ correct to 2 decimal places. [5]	]
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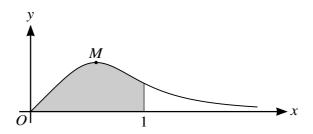
3	Find the exact value of	$\int_1^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln x  \mathrm{d}x.$	[5]
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3 signi	ificant figu	res.	e stationar	ry point ir	i the inte	rvai 0 < <i>x</i>	$r < \frac{1}{2}\pi$ , givi	ng your ai	nswer correct
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Express $\sqrt{2}\cos x - \sqrt{5}\sin x$ in the form $R\cos(x + \alpha)$ , where $R > 0$ and $0^{\circ} < \alpha < 90^{\circ}$ . exact value of $R$ and the value of $\alpha$ correct to 3 decimal places.	
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1	Hence solve the equation $\sqrt{2}\cos 2\theta - \sqrt{5}\sin 2\theta = 1$ , for $0^{\circ} < \theta < 180^{\circ}$ .
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6



The diagram shows the curve  $y = \frac{x}{1 + 3x^4}$ , for  $x \ge 0$ , and its maximum point M.

	Find the $x$ -coordinate of $M$ , giving your answer correct to 3 decimal places.	[4]
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Using the substitution $u = \sqrt{3}x^2$ , find by integration the exact area of the shaded region bounded by the curve, the x-axis and the line $x = 1$ .

7	The variables	r and v catio	fy the diff	arantial an	nation
,	THE Variables	and y saus	siy uic uiii	Cicilliai cu	uauoi

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = \frac{y-1}{(x+1)(x+3)}.$$

It is given that y = 2 when x = 0. Solve the differential equation, obtaining an expression for y in terms of x. [9]

(a)	Solve the equation $(1 + 2i)w + iw^* = 3 + 5i$ . Give your answer in the form $x + iy$ , where $x$ an are real.

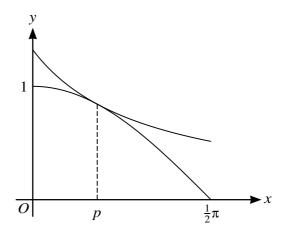
numbers z satisfying the inequalities  $|z-2-2i| \le 1$  and  $\arg(z-4i) \ge -\frac{1}{4}\pi$ .

(i) On a sketch of an Argand diagram, shade the region whose points represent complex

**(b)** 

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The diagram shows the curves  $y = \cos x$  and  $y = \frac{k}{1+x}$ , where k is a constant, for  $0 \le x \le \frac{1}{2}\pi$ . The curves touch at the point where x = p.

(a)	Show that $p$ satisfies the equation $\tan p = \frac{1}{1+p}$ .	[5]

	e the result of ea	ach iteration to 5 of	decimal places.		
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Hence find	the value of $k$ co	orrect to 2 decima	l places.		
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	Find a vector equation for the line through $M$ and $N$ .
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The line through M and N intersects the line through O and B at the point P. (b) Find the position vector of P. [3] ..... (c) Calculate angle *OPM*, giving your answer in degrees. [3]

# **Additional Page**

If you use the following lined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.

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