



# Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE  
NAME

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CENTRE  
NUMBER

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## PHYSICS

9702/35

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 1

May/June 2023

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: The materials and apparatus listed in the confidential instructions

## INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You will be allowed to work with the apparatus for a maximum of 1 hour for each question.
- You should record all your observations in the spaces provided in the question paper as soon as these observations are made.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

### For Examiner's Use

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2	
Total	

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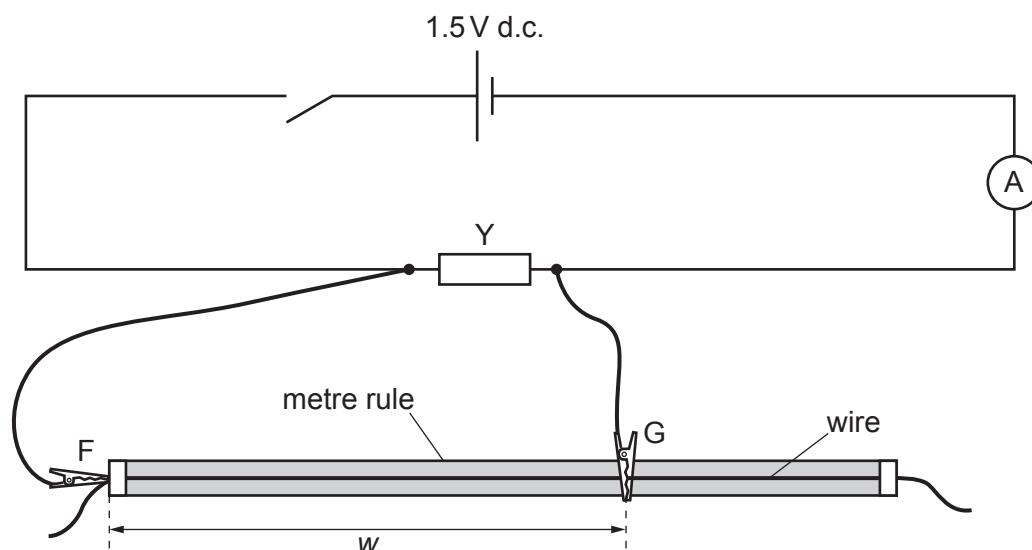
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**You may not need to use all of the materials provided.**

- 1** In this experiment, you will investigate an electrical circuit.

You have been provided with a metre rule with a wire attached.

- (a)** • Set up the circuit shown in Fig. 1.1.



**Fig. 1.1**

- F and G are crocodile clips.

The distance between F and G is  $w$ . Attach G to the wire so that  $w$  is approximately 70 cm.

- Close the switch.
- Record the value of  $w$  and the ammeter reading  $I_1$ .

$w =$  .....

$I_1 =$  .....

- Open the switch.

[1]

- (b)
- Keep F and G in the **same** positions so that the value of  $w$  remains the **same**.
  - Change some of the connecting leads to set up the circuit shown in Fig. 1.2.

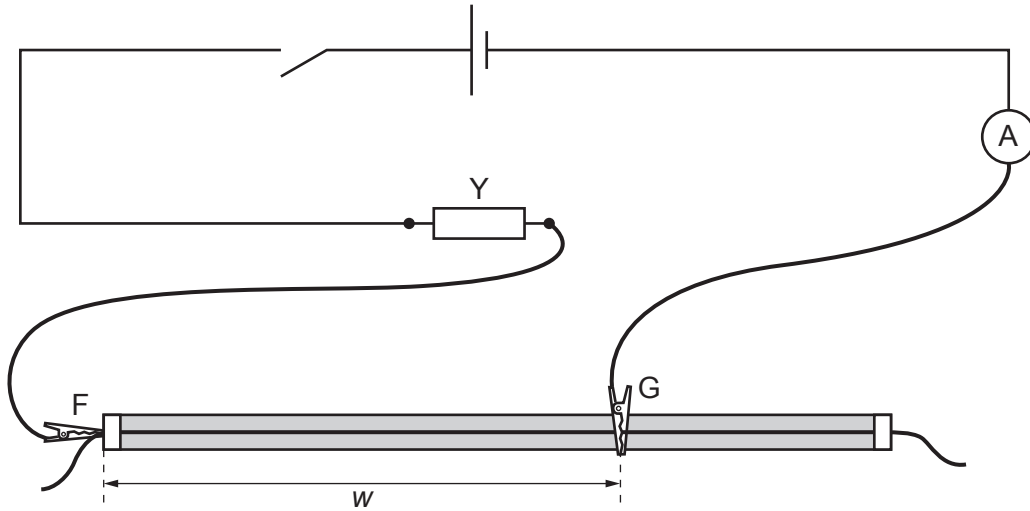


Fig. 1.2

- Close the switch.
- Record the ammeter reading  $I_2$ .

$I_2 = \dots\dots\dots$

- Open the switch.
- Calculate  $I_1 I_2$ .

$I_1 I_2 = \dots\dots\dots$  [1]

- (c) Using values of  $w$  greater than 55 cm, change  $w$  by placing G at different positions on the wire and record  $I_1$  and  $I_2$ .

Repeat until you have six sets of readings of  $w$ ,  $I_1$  and  $I_2$ . Include your values from (a) and (b).

Record your results in a table. Include values of  $I_1 I_2$  and  $\frac{1}{w}$  in your table.

[10]

- (d) (i) Plot a graph of  $I_1 I_2$  on the  $y$ -axis against  $\frac{1}{w}$  on the  $x$ -axis.

[3]

- (ii) Draw the straight line of best fit.

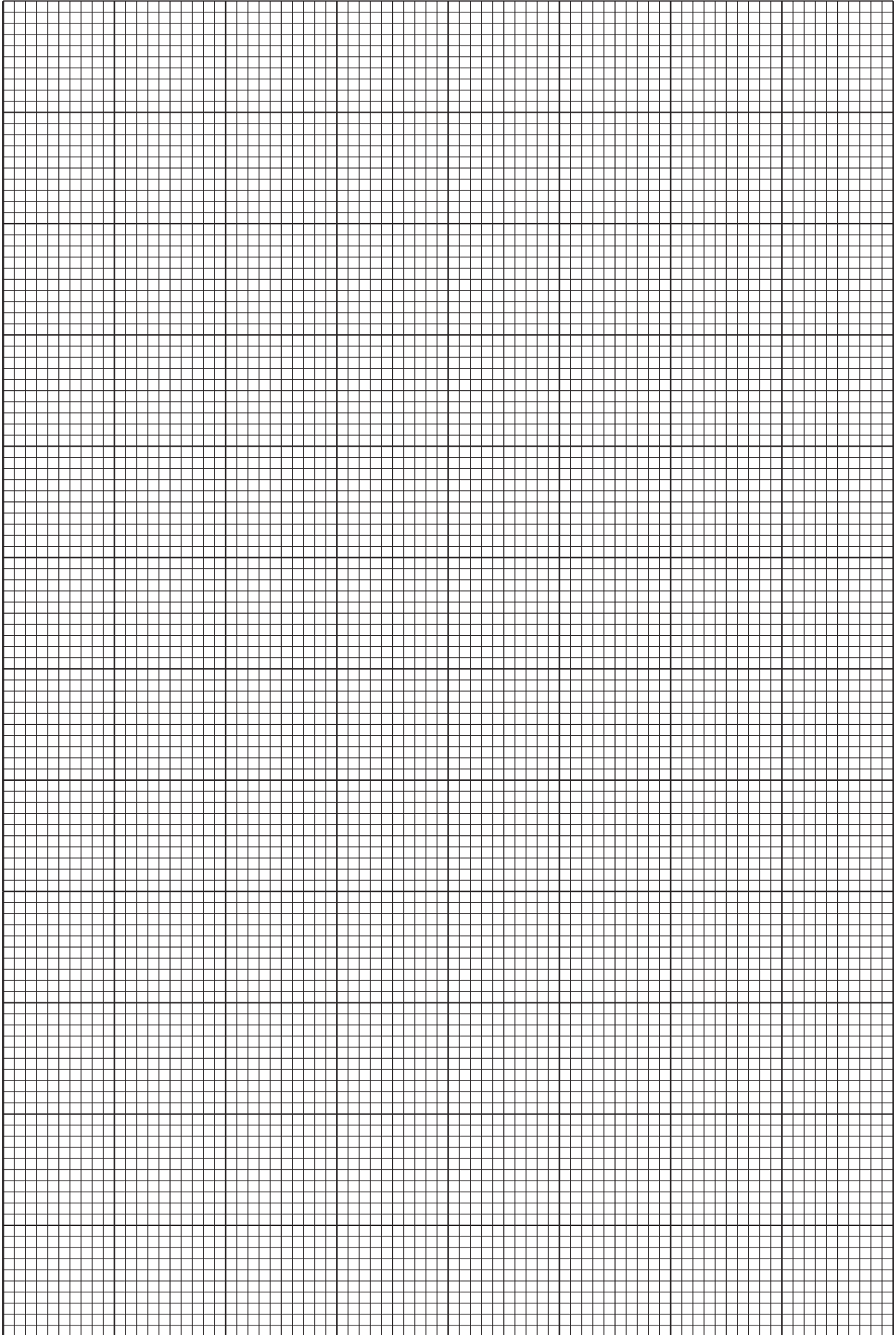
[1]

- (iii) Determine the gradient and  $y$ -intercept of this line.

gradient = .....

$y$ -intercept = .....

[2]



- (e) It is suggested that the quantities  $I_1$ ,  $I_2$  and  $w$  are related by the equation

$$I_1 I_2 = \frac{P}{w} + Q$$

where  $P$  and  $Q$  are constants.

Using your answers in (d)(iii), determine values for  $P$  and  $Q$ .  
Give appropriate units.

$P =$  .....

$Q =$  .....

[2]

[Total: 20]

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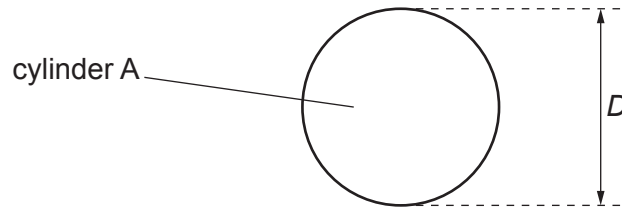


**You may not need to use all of the materials provided.**

- 2** In this experiment, you will investigate the oscillations of a pendulum.

You have been provided with two cylinders A and B.

- (a) (i)** The diameter of cylinder A is  $D$ , as shown in Fig. 2.1.



**Fig. 2.1**

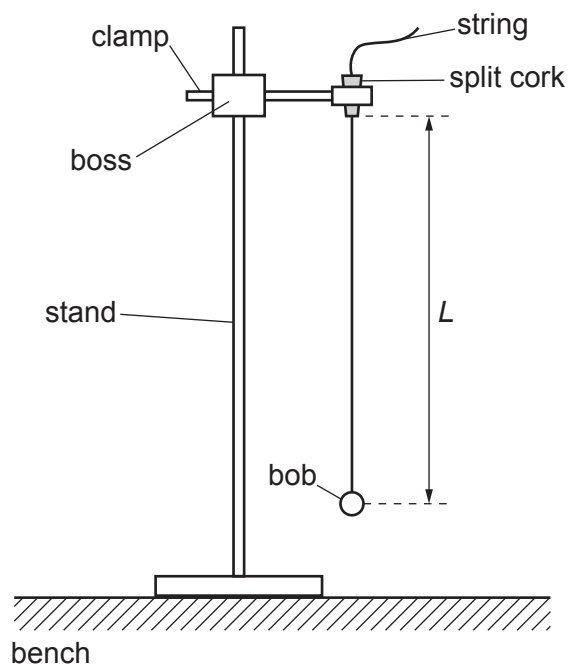
Measure and record  $D$ .

$D =$  ..... [1]

- (ii)** Estimate the percentage uncertainty in your value of  $D$ . Show your working.

percentage uncertainty = ..... % [1]

- (b) • Set up the pendulum as shown in Fig. 2.2.



**Fig. 2.2**

- The distance between the bottom of the split cork and the centre of the bob is  $L$ .

Adjust the position of the string in the split cork until the value of  $L$  is approximately 50 cm.

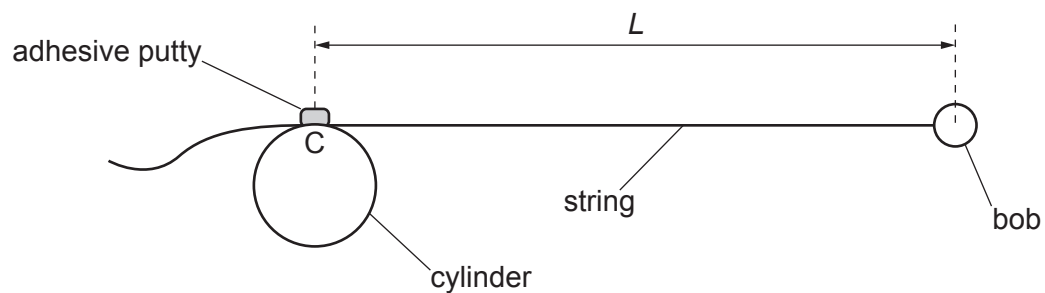
- Measure and record  $L$ .

$L =$  .....

- Move the bob through a short distance.
- Release the bob. The bob will oscillate.
- Determine the period  $T_1$  of the oscillations of the bob.

$T_1 =$  ..... [2]

- (c) (i) • Use adhesive putty to attach the string to cylinder A as shown in Fig. 2.3.

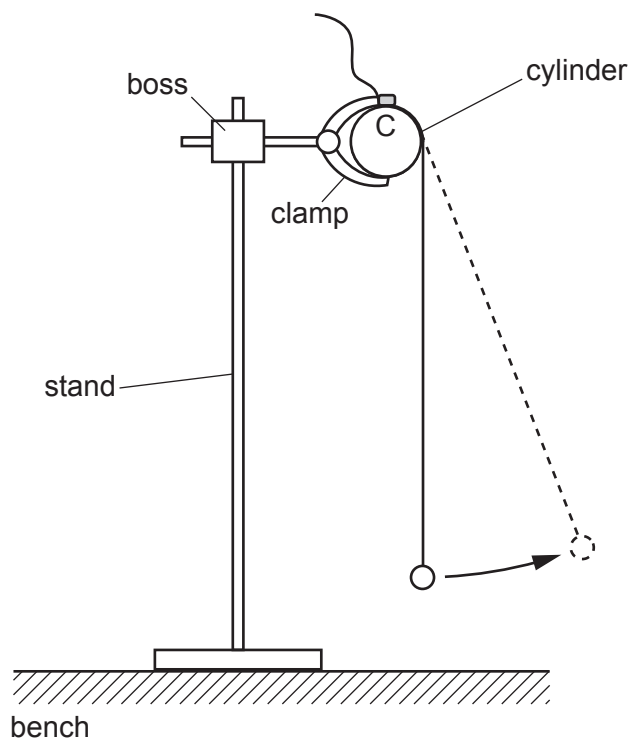


**Fig. 2.3**

- C is the point at which the string is attached to the cylinder.

Adjust the position of the adhesive putty until the distance between C and the centre of the bob is equal to your value of  $L$  from (b).

- Set up the apparatus as shown in Fig. 2.4.



**Fig. 2.4**

- Move the bob a short distance **away** from the stand, as shown in Fig. 2.4.
- Release the bob. The bob will oscillate.
- Determine the period  $T_2$  of the oscillations of the bob.

$$T_2 = \dots\dots\dots [1]$$

(ii) Calculate  $(T_1 - T_2)$ .

$$(T_1 - T_2) = \dots\dots\dots [1]$$

(d) Using cylinder B and a value of  $L$  of approximately 40 cm, repeat (a)(i), (b) and (c).

$$D = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$L = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$T_1 = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$T_2 = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(T_1 - T_2) = \dots\dots\dots [3]$$

- (e) It is suggested that the relationship between  $T_1$ ,  $T_2$ ,  $D$  and  $L$  is

$$(T_1 - T_2) = \frac{kD}{L}$$

where  $k$  is a constant.

- (i) Using your data, calculate two values of  $k$ .

first value of  $k$  = .....

second value of  $k$  = .....

[1]

- (ii) Justify the number of significant figures that you have given for your values of  $k$ .

.....  
 .....  
 ..... [1]

- (f) It is suggested that the percentage uncertainty in the values of  $k$  is 10%.

Using this uncertainty, explain whether your results support the relationship in (e).

.....  
 .....  
 .....  
 ..... [1]

- (g) (i) Describe **four** sources of uncertainty or limitations of the procedure for this experiment.

For any uncertainties in measurement that you describe, you should state the quantity being measured and a reason for the uncertainty.

1 .....

.....

2 .....

.....

3 .....

.....

4 .....

.....

[4]

- (ii) Describe **four** improvements that could be made to this experiment. You may suggest the use of other apparatus or different procedures.

1 .....

.....

2 .....

.....

3 .....

.....

4 .....

.....

[4]

[Total: 20]







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