

Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

371007789

PHYSICS 9702/34

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 2

May/June 2023

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: The materials and apparatus listed in the confidential instructions

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You will be allowed to work with the apparatus for a maximum of 1 hour for each question.
- You should record all your observations in the spaces provided in the question paper as soon as these observations are made.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
Total	

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You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 1 In this experiment, you will investigate the oscillations of a pendulum.
 - (a) Assemble the apparatus as shown in Fig. 1.1 with the nail held securely in the cork. Check that the wooden rod can swing freely.

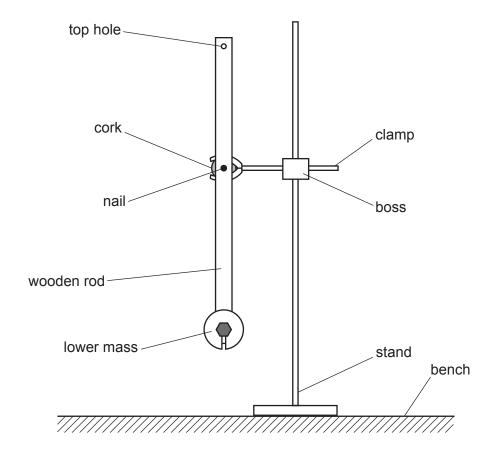


Fig. 1.1

- You have been provided with one 50 g and four 10 g slotted masses. Use the bolt and nut
 to attach some of the 10 g slotted masses to the top hole.
- Record the total mass *M* of the slotted masses that are attached to the top hole.

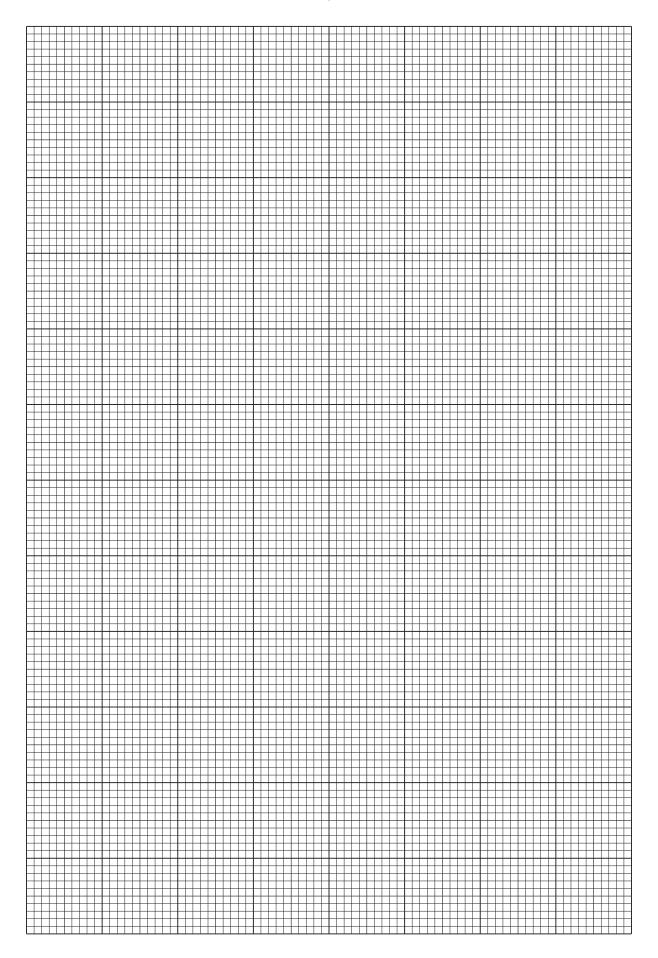
M =

- Push the bottom of the wooden rod a small distance to one side.
- Release the wooden rod so that it oscillates.
- Take measurements to determine the period *T* of the oscillations.

T =

(b)		ange M and determine T . Repeat until you have six sets of values of M and T . Do n onge the lower mass.	ot
	Red	cord your results in a table. Include values of M^2 and T^2 in your table.	
			9]
(c)	(i)	Plot a graph of T^2 on the <i>y</i> -axis against M^2 on the <i>x</i> -axis.	3]
	(ii)	Draw the straight line of best fit.	1]
	(iii)	Determine the gradient and <i>y</i> -intercept of this line.	
		gradient =	
		5	

[2]



(d)	It is suggested	that the quantities	T and M are	related by	the equation
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$$T^2 = aM^2 + b$$

where a and b are constants.

Using your answers in (c)(iii), determine the values of a and b. Give appropriate units.

a	=	 ••••	 	 	
b	=	 	 	 	
					[2

[Total: 20]

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You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 2 In this experiment, you will investigate the thermal expansion of plastic.
 - (a) You have been provided with two plastic pipes. Each pipe has a string loop attached at each end, as shown in Fig. 2.1.

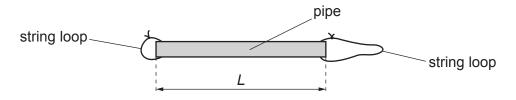


Fig. 2.1

Measure and record the length L of the longer pipe, as shown in Fig. 2.1.

• Place the thermometer on the bench. Record the room temperature T_0 .

$$T_0 = \dots$$
 [2]

- (b) (i) You have been provided with a wooden rod supported by a pin.
 - Using the longer pipe, assemble the apparatus as shown in Fig. 2.2.

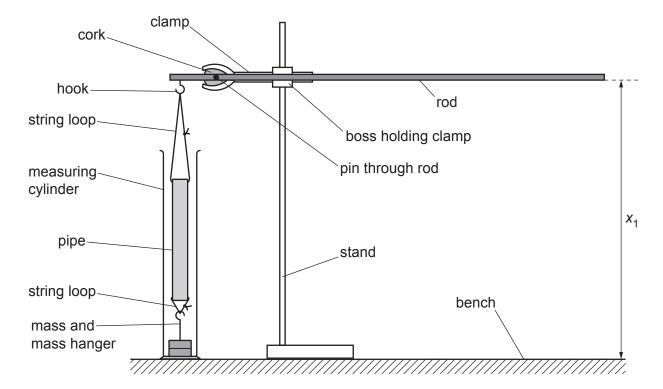


Fig. 2.2

•	Adjust the apparatus so that the rod is parallel to the bench and the mass hanger
	rests on the bottom of the measuring cylinder.

•	Measure and record the height x_1 of the end of the rod above the bench, as shown
	in Fig. 2.2.

$$x_1 =$$
 [1]

- (ii) Slowly pour boiling water into the measuring cylinder until it covers the pipe.
 - Place the thermometer in the water. Record the temperature *T*.

- Remove the thermometer from the water.
- The expansion of the pipe causes the end of the rod to move down. Measure the new height x₂ of the end of the rod above the bench.

 Carefully remove the pipe and mass hanger (the masses will be very hot) and pour the hot water into the sink.

[2]

(iii) Calculate $(x_1 - x_2)$.

$$(x_1 - x_2) = \dots$$
 [1]

(iv) Estimate the percentage uncertainty in your value of $(x_1 - x_2)$. Show your working.

Measure and record the length \boldsymbol{L} of the **shorter** pipe.

(c) •

L =
 Repeat (b)(i), (b)(ii) and (b)(iii) using the shorter pipe.
<i>x</i> ₁ =
<i>T</i> =
x ₂ =
$(x_1 - x_2) = \dots$ [2]

(d)	It is suggested that the relationship between x_1 , x_2 , L , T and T_0 is							
	$k(x_1 - x_2) = L(T - T_0)$							
	where <i>k</i> is a constant.							
	(i) Using your data, calculate two values of k.							
	first value of <i>k</i> =							
	second value of k =	 [1]						
	(ii) Justify the number of significant figures that you have given for your values of <i>k</i> .							
		[1]						
(e)	It is suggested that the percentage uncertainty in the values of <i>k</i> is 20%.							
	Using this uncertainty, explain whether your results support the relationship in (d).							
		[4]						

(f)	(i)	Describe four sources of uncertainty or limitations of the procedure for this experiment.
		For any uncertainties in measurement that you describe, you should state the quantity being measured and a reason for the uncertainty.
		1
		2
		3
		4
		[4]
	(ii)	Describe four improvements that could be made to this experiment. You may suggest the use of other apparatus or different procedures.
		1
		2
		3
		4
		[4]

[Total: 20]

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