

Mugwump

Mugwump hunting has come a long way. While Hurkle hunting is still done one Hurkle at a time the old fashioned way Mugwump hunting uses a state of the art radar system that gives you the distance you are to multiple Mugwumps at once. Sure it can be confusing trying to triangulate multiple Mugwumps locations, but a little practice and it's not impossible.

This is the sort of game that is best played with a piece of graph paper and a compass near by to help you plan your next move.

A good mugwump hunter can find all the mugwumps in less than 15 turns. An excellent one, less than 10.

Mugwump was written by Joe Larson inspired by a BASIC game of the same name as found in 'BASIC Computer Games' edited by David H. Ahl © 1978.

mugwump.c listing begins:

```
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <time.h>

#define dist(a,b) sqrt((b.x - a.x) * (b.x - a.x) + (b.y - a.y) * (b.y - a.y))
#define NUM 5
#define SIZE 20

typedef struct {
    int x, y;
} COORD;

int greater (double *a, double *b) {return (*a > *b);}

void intro (void) {
    printf ("Mugwump Hunt\n-----\n")
    "You are hunting Mugwumps using a state of the art radar system. There are\n"
    "%d mugwumps hidden hiding in a %d,%d grid. After every guess you will be\n"
    "told how close the remaining Mugwumps are to your guess.\n"
    "Input the your guess by typing the x and y location separated by a comma\n"
    "(IE \"5,5\" or \"3,10\")\n"
    "(Mugwumps only hide whole number locations.)\n\n",
    NUM, SIZE, SIZE);
}

void hunt (void) {
    int c, turns, left, dsize;
    COORD h[NUM], input;
    double d[NUM];
    time_t st, cur, dit;

    for (c = 0; c < NUM; c++) {
        h[c].x = rand() % SIZE + 1;
        h[c].y = rand() % SIZE + 1;
    }
    printf ("The Mugwumps are hiding.");
    turns = 0;
    left = NUM;
    while (left > 0) {
        turns ++;
        printf ("\n%d Mugwumps left.\n", left);
        input.x = input.y = -1;
        do {
            if (input.x != -1 && input.y != -1)
                printf ("X and Y values must be between 1 and %d", SIZE);
            printf ("\nWhere do you want to search? X,Y : ");
            scanf ("%d %c %d", &input.x, &input.y);
        } while (input.x < 1 || input.x > SIZE || input.y < 1 || input.y > SIZE);
        dsize = 0;
        printf ("Mugwump Radar Searching from %d,%d...", input.x, input.y);
        for (c = 0; c < NUM; c++)
            if (h[c].x == input.x && h[c].y == input.y) {
                printf ("\nMugwump found!");
                h[c].x = h[c].y = -1;
                left--;
            } else if (h[c].x > 0) d[dsize++] = dist(h[c], input);
        if (dsize) {
            qsort (d, dsize, sizeof(double), greater);
            time (&st); dit = st;
        }
    }
}
```

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```
    for (c = 0; c < dsize; c++) {
        do {
            time (&cur);
            if (difftime (cur, dit) > 0.2) {putchar ('.');
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time (&dit);}

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        } while (difftime (cur, st) < d[c] / 2);
        printf ("\nMugwump at distance %.2f", d[c]);
    }
}
}
printf ("Congratulation! All Mugwumps found in %d turns!", turns);
}

int again (void) {
    char input;

    printf ("\nDo you want to play again? (y/n) ");
    while (!isalpha (input = getchar()));
    if (tolower (input) != 'n') return 1;
    return 0;
}

int main (void) {
    intro();
    srand (time (NULL));
    do {hunt();} while (again ());
    exit (0);
}
```

