SUTD 50.021 AI

Week 01: Search

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Question 1 (Environment Types)

- 1. Playing an massively multiplayer online game, such as World of Warcraft
 - Observable:
 - o Deterministic:
 - Episodic:
 - Static:
 - Oiscrete:
 - Single-agent:
- 2. Buying a movie ticket online
 - Observable:
 - Deterministic:
 - Episodic:
 - Static:
 - Discrete:
 - Single-agent:
- 3. Planning a holiday itinerary with your friends
 - o Observable:
 - o Deterministic:
 - o Episodic:
 - o Static:
 - o Discrete:
 - o Single-agent:

Question 2 (Formulation)

Three missionaries and three cannibals are on one side of the river. They all need to cross in a boat that only holds two people at once. There must never be a situation where there is a group of missionaries in one place who areoutnumbered by cannibals.

Assuming they are crossing over from the left to the right side.

1. Statespace:

[Number of missionaries yet to cross, Number of cannibals yet to cross, Current Boat location (0: right side, 1: left side)]

2. Initial state:

Initially there are 3 missionaries and 3 cannibals who have yet to cross. The boat is on the left side.

[3,3,1]

3. Goal test

To obtain a goal state of **[0,0,0]** where there are 0 missionaries and cannibals who have yet to cross, hence implying all have crossed over. The boat is on the right side after ferrying the last group.

4. Actions

Actions are represented by [Number of missionaries crossing, Number of cannibals crossing, Where the boat is crossing from (0: right side, 1: left side)] Given the scenario, there are 5 possible actions: ([])

5. Path cost

Question 3 (General Search)

1. Difference between a node and a state:

A state which is a physical configuration does not have a parent, children, depth or path cost unlike a node which is a data structure constituting part of a search tree.

2. Briefly describe what is a search strategy:

Starting at an intial, root node of the search tree, a search strategy is the picking of the order of the node expansion.

3. Describe the difference between Tree Search and Graph Search:

During the node expasion, a tree search does not keep track of the previously visited states unlike a graph search.