# SUTD 50.021 AI

#### Week 11 Theory Homework - Planning

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#### Question 1: Logistic Problem I

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1. STRIPS representation:
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- P: Set of propositional variables
  - onA(truck): truck is on location a
    - onB(truck): truck is on location b
    - onC(truck): truck is on location c
    - onA(package): unloaded package is on location a
    - onB(package): unloaded package is on location b
    - onC(package): unloaded package is on location c
    - truckloaded: the truck is holding a package
- **O**: A set of operators(actions):
  - move(A,B): move truck from location a to b:
    - \*  $pre_a$ : onA(truck)
    - \*  $add_a$ : onB(truck)
    - \*  $del_a$ : onA(truck)
  - move(B,C): move truck from location b to c:
    - \*  $pre_a$ : onB(truck)
    - \*  $add_a$ : onC(truck)
    - \*  $del_a$ : onB(truck)
  - move(C,B): move truck from location c to b:
    - \*  $pre_a$ : onC(truck)
    - \*  $add_a$ : onB(truck)
    - \*  $del_a$ : onC(truck)
  - move(B,A): move truck from location b to a:
    - \*  $pre_a$ : onB(truck)
    - \*  $add_a$ : onA(truck)
    - \*  $del_a$ : onB(truck)
  - load(A): truck loads a package at location a:
    - \*  $pre_a$ : onA(truck), onA(package)
    - \*  $add_a$ : truckloaded
    - \*  $del_a$ : onA(package)
  - load(B): truck loads a package at location b:
    - \*  $pre_a$ : onB(truck), onB(package)
    - \*  $add_a$ : truckloaded
    - \*  $del_a$ : onB(package)
  - load(C): truck loads a package at location c:
    - \*  $pre_a$ : onC(truck), onC(package)
    - \*  $add_a$ : truckloaded
    - \*  $del_a$ : onC(package)
  - unload(A): truck unloads a package at location a:

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* prea: onA(truck), truckloaded

* adda: onA(package)

* dela: truckloaded

- unload(B): truck unloads a package at location b:

* prea: onB(truck), truckloaded

* adda: onB(package)

* dela: truckloaded

- unload(C): truck unloads a package at location c:

* prea: onC(truck), truckloaded

* adda: onC(package)

* dela: truckloaded

• I: Initial state of the world

- onA(truck), onC(package)

• G: Goal state of the world

- onB(truck), onB(package)
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#### Question 2: Logistic Problem II

- 1. Optimal solution: move(A,B), move(B,C), load(C), move(C,B), unload(B)
- 2. Deleted-relaxed problem, by removing all the negation of facts in all operators (remove all  $del_a$ ):
  - P: Set of propositional variables
    - onA(truck): truck is on location a
    - onB(truck): truck is on location b
    - onC(truck): truck is on location c
    - onA(package): unloaded package is on location a
    - onB(package): unloaded package is on location b
    - onC(package): unloaded package is on location c
    - truckempty: the truck is not holding any package
  - **O**: A set of operators(actions):
    - move(A,B): move truck from location a to b:
      - \*  $pre_a$ : onA(truck)
      - \*  $add_a$ : onB(truck)
    - move(B,C): move truck from location b to c:
      - \*  $pre_a$ : onB(truck)
      - \*  $add_a$ : onC(truck)
    - move(C,B): move truck from location c to b:
      - \*  $pre_a$ : onC(truck)
      - \*  $add_a$ : onB(truck)
    - move(B,A): move truck from location b to a:
      - \*  $pre_a$ : onB(truck)
      - \*  $add_a$ : onA(truck)
    - load(A): truck loads a package at location a:
      - \*  $pre_a$ : onA(truck), onA(package)
      - \*  $add_a$ : truckloaded
    - load(B): truck loads a package at location b:
      - \*  $pre_a$ : onB(truck), onB(package)
      - \*  $add_a$ : truckloaded
    - load(C): truck loads a package at location c:
      - \* prea: onC(truck), onC(package)
      - \*  $add_a$ : truckloaded
    - unload(A): truck unloads a package at location a:
      - \*  $pre_a$ : onA(truck), truckloaded
      - \*  $add_a$ : onA(package)
    - unload(B): truck unloads a package at location b:

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* add_a: onB(package)
         - unload(C): truck unloads a package at location c:
             * pre_a: onC(truck), truckloaded
             * add_a: onC(package)
     • I: Initial state of the world
         - onA(truck), onC(package), truckempty
     • G: Goal state of the world
         - onB(truck), onB(package), truckempty
3. Concise representation:
     • Variables: onA(truck), onB(truck), onC(truck), onA(package), onB(package), onC(package),
       truckloaded
     • Initial State: onA(truck), onC(package)
     • Goal: onB(truck), onB(package)
     • Actions:
         -o_1: pre: onA(truck) | post: onB(truck)
         -o_2: pre: onB(truck) | post: onC(truck)
         -o_3: pre: onC(truck) | post: onB(truck)
         -o_4: pre: onB(truck) | post: onA(truck)
         -o_5: pre: onA(truck), onA(package) | post: truckloaded
         -o_6: pre: onB(truck), onB(package) | post: truckloaded
         -o_7: pre: onC(truck), onC(package) | post: truckloaded
         -o_8: pre: onA(truck), truckloaded | post: onA(package)
         -o_0: pre: onB(truck), truckloaded | post: onB(package)
         -o_{10}: pre: onC(truck), truckloaded | post: onC(package)
     • Facts and actions:
         -F_0: onA(truck), onC(package)
         - A_0: o_1
         -F_1: onA(truck), onB(truck), onC(package)
         -A_1: o_2
         -F_2: onA(truck), onB(truck), onC(truck), onC(package)
         - A_2: o_7
         - F<sub>3</sub>: onA(truck), onB(truck), onC(truck), onC(package), truckloaded
         - A_3: o_9
         -F_4: onA(truck), onB(truck), onC(truck), onB(package), onC(package), truckloaded
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#### Question 3: Logistic Problem III

- 1. Optimal solution to delete relaxed problem:  $o_1$ : move(A,B),  $o_2$ : move(B,C),  $o_7$ : load(C),  $o_9$ : unload(B). Note the optimal number of steps for relaxed problem is 4 which is less than the optimal number to original problem of 5, hence admissible. This heuristic is called h+ heuristics.
- 2.  $h_{add}$  is 1 + 4 = 5, summed cost (number of steps) of all the goal facts (in bold).
  - $F_0$ : onA(truck), onC(package)
  - $A_0$ :  $o_1$
  - $F_1$ : onA(truck), onB(truck), onC(package)

\*  $pre_a$ : onB(truck), truckloaded

- $A_1: o_2$
- $F_2$ : onA(truck), onB(truck), onC(truck), onC(package)
- $A_2$ :  $o_7$
- F<sub>3</sub>: onA(truck), onB(truck), onC(truck), onC(package), truckloaded
- A3: 00
- F<sub>4</sub>: onA(truck), onB(truck), onC(truck), onB(package), onC(package), truckloaded
- 3.  $h_{max}$  is 4, the cost of the single most costly goal fact (onB(package)).

## Question 4: Generic Planning I

Assumption: Delete-relaxed problem (no delete actions), therefore firstly remove all deletes.

- 1. h+ is 2 (A -> B/D to achieve goal state of m, n, o, p), the minimal number of actions for a delete-relaxed problem (no deletes).
- 2.  $h_{add}$  is 0+1+1+2=4, summed cost (number of steps) of all the goal facts (in bold).
  - $F_0$ : **m**
  - $A_0$ : A
  - $F_1$ : m, n, o
  - $A_1$ : B or D
  - $F_2$ : m, n, o, **p**
- 3.  $h_{max}$  is 2, the cost of the single most costly goal fact (**p**).

#### Question 4: Generic Planning II

Assumption: Delete-relaxed problem (no delete actions), therefore firstly remove all deletes.

- 1. h+ is 2 (C -> A to achieve goal state of m, n, o, p), the minimal number of actions for a delete-relaxed problem (no deletes).
- 2.  $h_{add}$  is 0+1+2+2=5, summed cost (number of steps) of all the goal facts (in bold).
  - $F_0$ : **p**
  - $A_0$ : C
  - $F_1$ : **m**, p
  - A<sub>1</sub>: A
  - $F_2$ : m, n, o, p
- 3.  $h_{max}$  is 2, the cost of the single most costly goal fact (**n** or **o**).