

Module Code: 15.077
Lecturer: Roy Welsch
Coursework: PS.04
Due Date: 5 April, 2021

Student Name: Chun Hei (Samuel) LAM

MIT ID: 928931321

15.077 Statistical Learning and Data Science

Problem Sheet 4

Experimental Design, Statistical Process Control

Declaration:

I pledge that the work submitted for this coursework is my own unassisted work unless stated otherwise.

Notes from Student:

Acknowledgement to Harry Yu. Please look at the python notebook attached if there are places that cannot be displayed properly.

```
[93]: import numpy as np
from scipy import stats
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.cm as cm
import seaborn as sns
import statsmodels.api as sm
import plotly.express as px
import itertools
```

1 Rice 12.29 Semiconductor

The performance of a semiconductor depends upon the thickness of a layer of silicon dioxide. In an experiment (Czitrom and Reece, 1997), layer thicknesses were measured at three furnace locations for three types of wafers (virgin wafers, recycled in-house wafers, and recycled wafers from an external source). The data are contained in the file waferlayers.

```
[20]: Waferlayers = pd.read_csv("waferlayers.txt", quotechar="'")
Waferlayers = Waferlayers.rename(columns={"Wafer Type": "WaferType"})
```

Conduct a two-way analysis of variance and test for significance of main effects and interactions.

Solution: We first fit the ANOVA model.

```
[23]: model = sm.formula.ols('Thickness ~ C(Furnace) + C(WaferType) + C(Furnace):

→C(WaferType)', data=Waferlayers).fit()
```

We then look at the estimated parameters:

```
[29]: model.params
```

```
[29]: Intercept
                                                    91.966667
      C(Furnace) [T.2]
                                                    -3.333333
      C(Furnace) [T.3]
                                                    -1.600000
      C(WaferType) [T.In-House]
                                                    -2.033333
      C(WaferType)[T.Virgin]
                                                    -1.900000
      C(Furnace) [T.2]:C(WaferType) [T.In-House]
                                                     4.633333
      C(Furnace) [T.3]:C(WaferType) [T.In-House]
                                                     2.200000
      C(Furnace) [T.2]:C(WaferType) [T.Virgin]
                                                     3.333333
      C(Furnace) [T.3]:C(WaferType) [T.Virgin]
                                                    -0.166667
      dtype: float64
```

Note: The base case is Furnace = 1, WaferType = External. The coefficient C(Furnace)[T.2] refers to effect of Furnace = 2, while the coefficient C(Furnace)[T.3]:C(WaferType)[T.Virgin] refers to joint effect of Furnace = 3 and WaferType = 'Virgin', so on and so forth.

We then perform F-test for main effects and interactions.

```
[24]:
      sm.stats.anova_lm(model, typ=2)
[24]:
                                            df
                                                       F
                                  sum_sq
                                                            PR(>F)
      C(Furnace)
                                4.108889
                                           2.0
                                                1.446038
                                                          0.261588
      C(WaferType)
                                5.875556
                                           2.0
                                                2.067779
                                                          0.155467
      C(Furnace):C(WaferType)
                               21.348889
                                           4.0
                                                3.756648
                                                           0.021618
      Residual
                               25.573333
                                          18.0
                                                      NaN
                                                                NaN
```

If we use $\alpha = 0.05$, then we have the following

H_0	H_1	Result
Furnance has no effect.	Furnance has effect.	Insufficient evidence to reject H_0 .
WaferType has no effect.	WaferType has effect.	Insufficient evidence to reject H_0 .
Interaction of Furnance and WaferType has no effect.	Interaction of Furnance and WaferType has effect.	Sufficient evidence to reject H_0 .

Only interaction of Furnance and WaferType has significant effect.

Construct a graph such as that shown in Figure 12.3 of textbook. Does the comparison of layer thicknesses depend on furnace location?

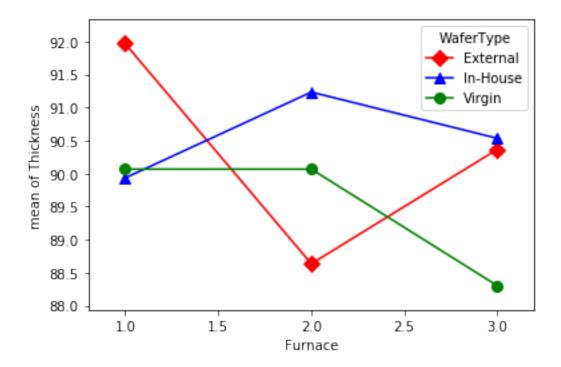
Solution: We plot Thickness vs. Furnace.

```
[44]: from statsmodels.graphics.factorplots import interaction_plot
fig = interaction_plot(Waferlayers.Furnace, Waferlayers.WaferType, Waferlayers.

→Thickness,

colors=['red','blue','green'], markers=['D','^','o'],

→ms=8)
```



As we can see the line segments are not parallel to each other. If average thickness depends on solely Furnace then we expect the line segments to be not horizontal and parallel to each other. The line segments are indeed not horizontal, but are not parallel to each other as well. Therefore there are interaction between Furnace and WaferType, and the layer thickness depends more on the interaction.

2 Adhesive Process

An experiment was conducted using an unreplicated 2^4 factorial design to determine the effects of the amount of glue x1, predrying temperature x2, tunnel temperature x3, and pressure x4 on the adhesive force obtained in an adhesive process.

```
[4]: Adhesive = pd.read_csv("Adhesive.csv")
```

Part (a): Estimate all the main effects and interactions.

Solution: the following tabulates all effects and interactions of variables.

```
[5]: model = sm.formula.ols('y ~ (x1+x2+x3+x4)**4', data=Adhesive).fit() model.params
```

```
[5]: Intercept 4.301875
x1 0.311875
x2 0.543125
x3 0.345625
```

```
x4
             -0.096875
x1:x2
             -0.004375
             0.160625
x1:x3
x1:x4
             -0.049375
x2:x3
              0.149375
x2:x4
              0.374375
x3:x4
             0.014375
x1:x2:x3
             -0.138125
x1:x2:x4
             -0.010625
x1:x3:x4
            0.196875
             -0.021875
x2:x3:x4
x1:x2:x3:x4
             -0.016875
dtype: float64
```

Part (b): Plot the estimated effects on a normal probability plot.

```
[6]: fit_val = model.params.sort_values().values[:len(model.params)-1]
name = model.params.sort_values()._index[:len(model.params)-1]
```

```
[7]: mu, std = stats.norm.fit(fit_val, floc=0)
osm, osr = stats.probplot(fit_val, dist=stats.norm(loc=0, scale=std))
```

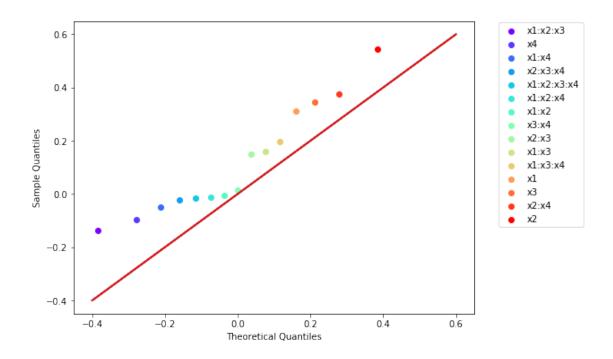
```
[51]: colors = cm.rainbow(np.linspace(0, 1, len(fit_val)))
    xvec = np.linspace(-0.4, 0.6, 2)

fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 1, figsize=(8,6))
# ax.scatter(osm[0], osm[1])

for x,y,c,txt in zip(osm[0], osm[1], colors, name):
    ax.scatter(x, y, color=c, label=txt)
    ax.plot(xvec, xvec)
    # ax.annotate(txt, (x,y))

ax.plot(xvec,xvec,color="red")
ax.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1.01), loc='upper left')
ax.set_xlabel("Theoretical Quantiles")
ax.set_ylabel("Sample Quantiles")
```

```
[51]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Sample Quantiles')
```



Part (c): Interpret your results.

Solution: As we can see from the figure, most of the points are far from the line x=x. The points there are closed to x=x corresponds to the factors which are not significant, which are x1:x2 and x3:x4 in our case.

3 Plutonium

A 2_{IV}^{8-4} fractional factorial design was run to identify sources of plutonium contamination in the radioactivity material analysis of dried shellfish at the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). The data are in the table below. No contamination occurred at runs 1,4, and 9.

The factors and levels are shown in the following table.

Factor	Code	-1	+1
		·	
Glassware	x1	Distilled Water	Soap, acid, stored
Reagent	x2	New	Old
Sample Prep	x3	Co-precipitation	Electrodeposition
Tracer	x4	Stock	Fresh
Dissolution	x5	Without	With
Hood	x6	В	Α
Chemistry	x7	Without	With
Ashing	x8	Without	With

Part (a): Write down the alias relationships.

Solution: We first identify the 4 design generators in our experiment. From observation we have the generators: x5=x2*x3*x4, x6=x1*x3*x4, x7=x1*x2*x3 and x8=x1*x2*x4. We may check by looking at the columns.

```
[3]: print((all(Plutonium["x5"] == Plutonium["x2"] * Plutonium["x3"] * → Plutonium["x4"]),

all(Plutonium["x6"] == Plutonium["x1"] * Plutonium["x3"] * Plutonium["x4"]),

all(Plutonium["x7"] == Plutonium["x1"] * Plutonium["x2"] * Plutonium["x3"]),

all(Plutonium["x8"] == Plutonium["x1"] * Plutonium["x2"] * → Plutonium["x4"])))
```

(True, True, True, True)

We then write the generators in standard form: I = x2*x3*x4*x5 = x1*x3*x4*x6 = x1*x2*x3*x7 = x1*x2*x4*x8.

Finally, we may multiply the generators by other effects to give a complete list of aliasing effects.

```
[141]: prod = design.mul(ortho, level="X")
```

```
 (1) = (1678) = (2578) = (1256) = (3567) = (1358) = (2368) = (1237) = (4568) = (1457) = (2467) = (1248) \\ = (3478) = (1346) = (2345) = (12345678) \\ (1) = (678) = (12578) = (256) = (13567) = (358) = (12368) = (237) = (14568) = (457) = (12467) = (248) = \\ (13478) = (346) = (12345) = (2345678) \\ (2) = (12678) = (578) = (156) = (23567) = (12358) = (368) = (137) = (24568) = (12457) = (467) = (148) = \\ (23478) = (12346) = (345) = (1345678) \\ (12) = (2678) = (1578) = (56) = (123567) = (2358) = (1368) = (37) = (124568) = (2457) = (1467) = (48) = \\ (123478) = (2346) = (1345) = (345678) \\ (3) = (13678) = (23578) = (12356) = (567) = (158) = (268) = (127) = (34568) = (13457) = (23467) = (123467) = (123467) = (123678) = (123578) = (123578) = (123567) = (58) = (1268) = (27) = (134568) = (3457) = (123467) = (2348) = (1478) = (46) = (1245) = (245678)
```

```
(23)=(123678)=(3578)=(1356)=(2567)=(1258)=(68)=(17)=(234568)=(123457)=(3467)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=(1367)=
48) = (2478) = (1246) = (45) = (145678)
 (123) = (23678) = (13578) = (356) = (12567) = (258) = (168) = (7) = (1234568) = (23457) = (13467) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = (3678) = 
48)=(12478)=(246)=(145)=(45678)
 (4)=(14678)=(24578)=(12456)=(34567)=(13458)=(23468)=(12347)=(568)=(157)=(267)=(13458)=(12456)=(12456)=(12456)=(13458)=(12347)=(13458)=(12347)=(13458)=(12347)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458)=(13458
28)=(378)=(136)=(235)=(1235678)
 (14)=(4678)=(124578)=(2456)=(134567)=(3458)=(123468)=(2347)=(1568)=(57)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267)=(1267
28)=(1378)=(36)=(1235)=(235678)
 18)=(2378)=(1236)=(35)=(135678)
 (124)=(24678)=(14578)=(456)=(1234567)=(23458)=(13468)=(347)=(12568)=(257)=(167)=
 (8)=(12378)=(236)=(135)=(35678)
 (34)=(134678)=(234578)=(123456)=(4567)=(1458)=(2468)=(1247)=(3568)=(1357)=(2367)
=(1238)=(78)=(16)=(25)=(125678)
 (134)=(34678)=(1234578)=(23456)=(14567)=(458)=(12468)=(247)=(13568)=(357)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(12367)=(1
)=(238)=(178)=(6)=(125)=(25678)
 (234)=(1234678)=(34578)=(13456)=(24567)=(12458)=(468)=(147)=(23568)=(12357)=(367)=(12458)=(12357)=(12458)=(12357)=(12458)=(12357)=(12458)=(12458)=(147)=(12358)=(12357)=(12458)=(12458)=(147)=(12358)=(12357)=(12458)=(12458)=(147)=(12358)=(12357)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(147)=(12358)=(12357)=(12458)=(12458)=(147)=(12358)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12458)=(12468)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(1248)=(12
)=(138)=(278)=(126)=(5)=(15678)
 (1234)=(234678)=(134578)=(3456)=(124567)=(2458)=(1468)=(47)=(123568)=(2357)=(1368)=(23678)=(2368)=(23678)=(2368)=(23678)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368)=(2368
7)=(38)=(1278)=(26)=(15)=(5678)
```

Part (b): Estimate the main effects.

```
[9]: Intercept
                  0.778556
                  0.724856
     x1
    x2
                 -0.431181
     xЗ
                  0.301694
     x4
                  0.325931
                 -0.402619
     x5
     x6
                  0.693194
     x7
                  0.029556
     8x
                 -0.006431
    x1:x2
                 -0.435406
                  0.290569
    x1:x3
    x1:x4
                  0.309306
                 -0.378294
    x1:x5
                  0.685894
    x1:x6
    x1:x7
                 -0.008794
                 -0.006831
     x1:x8
    dtype: float64
```

Part (c): Prepare a normal probability plot for the effects and interpret the results.

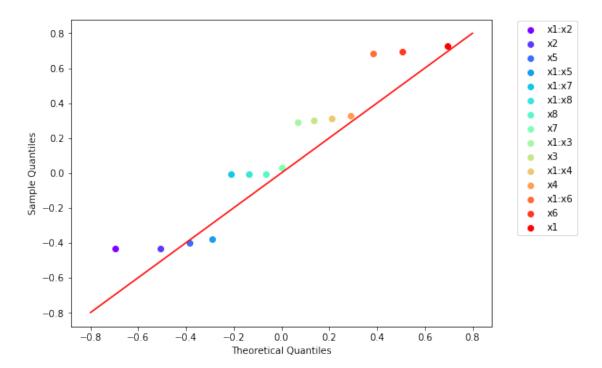
```
[26]: fit_val = model.params.sort_values().values[:len(model.params)-1]
    name = model.params.sort_values()._index[:len(model.params)-1]
    mu, std = stats.norm.fit(fit_val, floc=0)
    osm, osr = stats.probplot(fit_val, dist=stats.norm(loc=0, scale=std))
    colors = cm.rainbow(np.linspace(0, 1, len(fit_val)))
    xvec = np.linspace(-0.8, 0.8, 2)

fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 1, figsize=(8,6))
    # ax.scatter(osm[0], osm[1])

for x,y,c,txt in zip(osm[0], osm[1], colors, name):
    ax.scatter(x, y, color=c, label=txt)
    # ax.annotate(txt, (x,y))

ax.plot(xvec,xvec,color="red")
    ax.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1.01), loc='upper left')
    ax.set_xlabel("Theoretical Quantiles")
    ax.set_ylabel("Sample Quantiles")
```

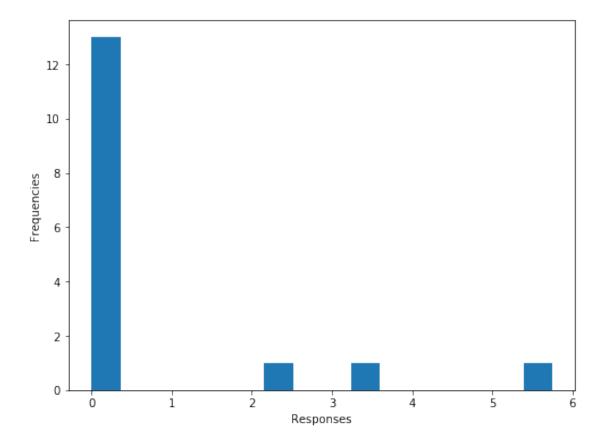
[26]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Sample Quantiles')



Comment: The outliers seems to be x1:x2, x1:x7, x1:x3, x1:x6. One thing worth noticing is that the data y itself is not normal - it is dominated by some outliers above 1. That might be the reason why the estimated effects are "grouped" together. To conclude, we should have applied variance-stablising transformations to the response before analysing our data...

```
[174]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 1, figsize=(8,6))
Plutonium["y"].hist(bins=16, grid=False, ax=ax)
ax.set_xlabel("Responses")
ax.set_ylabel("Frequencies")
```

[174]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Frequencies')



4 Inorganic Impurities

This dataset is from an experiment to investigate inorganic impurities (ash) in paper. Two variables, temperature T in degree Celsius and time t in hours, were studied. The coded predictor variables shown in the following table are

$$x_1 = \frac{T - 775}{115}, \quad x_2 = \frac{t - 3}{1.5}$$
 (1)

and the response y is impurity percentage times 10^3 .

```
[59]: Impurities = pd.read_csv("Impurities.csv")
```

[60]: Impurities

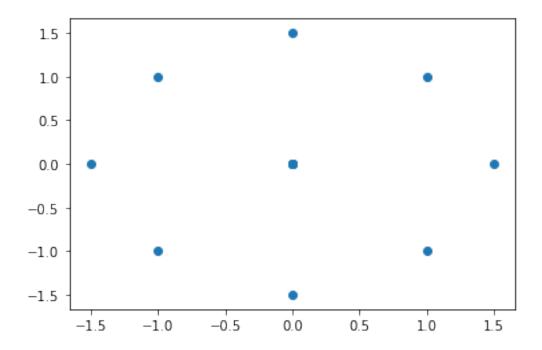
```
[60]:
           x1
                x2
                      У
         -1.0 -1.0
                    211
      1
          1.0 -1.0
                     92
      2
               1.0
         -1.0
                    216
      3
               1.0
          1.0
                     99
         -1.5
               0.0
                    222
      5
          1.5
               0.0
                     48
          0.0 - 1.5
                    168
      6
      7
          0.0
              1.5
                    179
          0.0
              0.0
                    122
      8
      9
          0.0
              0.0
                    175
      10 0.0 0.0
                    157
      11 0.0 0.0
                    146
```

Part (a) What type of design has been used in the study? Can the design be rotated.

Solution: this is a Box-Wilson Central Composite Design. The design cannot be rotated.

```
[72]: plt.scatter(Impurities["x1"], Impurities["x2"])
```

[72]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1b33859d288>



Part (b) Fit a quadratic model to the data. Is this model satisfactory?

```
[61]: model = sm.formula.ols('y ~ x1+x2+x1**2+x2**2+x1*x2', data=Impurities).fit()
model.summary()
```

C:\Users\godin\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\scipy\stats\stats.py:1604:
UserWarning: kurtosistest only valid for n>=20 ... continuing anyway, n=12
"anyway, n=%i" % int(n))

[61]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variab	le:		У	R-sq	uared:		0.906			
Model:		OLS		Adj. R-squared:			0.871			
Method:		Least Squ	ares	F-statistic:			25.83			
Date:	-		2021	Prob (F-statistic):		0.000182				
Time:		01:12:40		Log-Likelihood:		-50.177				
No. Observa	tions:		12	AIC:			108.4			
Df Residual	s:		8	BIC:			110.3			
Df Model:			3							
Covariance '	Type:	nonro	bust							
========	=======	========	=====	=====						
	coef	std err		t	P> t 	[0.025	0.975]			
Intercept	152.9167	5.600	27	.307	0.000	140.003	165.830			
x1	-58.4706	6.654	-8	3.788	0.000	-73.814	-43.127			
x2	3.3529	6.654	O	.504	0.628	-11.991	18.696			
x1:x2	0.5000	9.699	0	.052	0.960	-21.867	22.867			
Omnibus:	=======		===== .298	Durb	======== in-Watson:	=======	2.567			
Prob(Omnibus	s):		.862		ue-Bera (JB):		0.410			
Skew:	~, •		.275	Prob			0.815			
Kurtosis:			.280		. No.		1.73			

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

I am not happy with the model, because the quadratic model is useless (look at the extremely high t values).

Part (c) If it is important to minimise the ash value, where would you run the process? We would run the process at the place with highest temperature.

5 Copper Manufacturing

The copper content of a manufacturing process is measured three times per day and the results are reported as parts per million. The values for 25 days are given in the table below.

```
[64]: Copper = pd.read_csv("Copper.csv")
```

Part (a) Using all the data, find trial control limits for \bar{X} and R charts, construct the chart, and plot the data. Is the process in statistical control.

Solution: we first obtain the mean and range of each observation.

```
[177]: Copper["Omean"] = Copper[["01","02","03"]].mean(axis=1)

Copper["Range"] = Copper[["01","02","03"]].max(axis=1) -

→Copper[["01","02","03"]].min(axis=1)
```

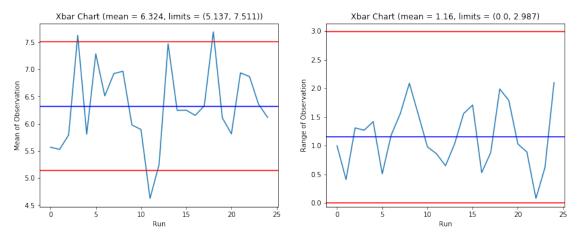
We then write a function which input vector of mean $mean_vec$ and vector of ranges $range_vec$ and return limits for \bar{X} and R charts as well as actual control chart.

```
[186]: np.array([1,2,3,4,5]).mean()
[186]: 3.0
[204]: def XbarRchart(mean_vec, range_vec, Xbar_plot=None, R_plot=None): # input array_
        \rightarrow of mean and range
           # Grand Mean and Grand Range
           grand_mean = mean_vec.mean(); mean_range = range_vec.mean()
           # Hard Code the multipliers for now
           n = 3; A2 = 1.023; D3 = 0; D4 = 2.575;
           # Obtain the control limits in control charts.
           Xbar_UCL = grand_mu + A2*mean_range; Xbar_LCL = grand_mu - A2*mean_range
           R_UCL = D4*mean_range; R_LCL = D3*mean_range
           # Return Xbar plot.
           if Xbar_plot is not None:
               Xbar_plot.plot(mean_vec)
               Xbar_plot.axhline(y=Xbar_UCL, color='r', linestyle='-')
               Xbar_plot.axhline(y=Xbar_LCL, color='r', linestyle='-')
               Xbar_plot.axhline(y=grand_mu, color='b', linestyle='-')
               Xbar_plot.set_xlabel('Run')
               Xbar_plot.set_ylabel('Mean of Observation')
               Xbar_plot.set_title(f'Xbar Chart (mean = {np.round(grand_mean,3)},_
        →limits = ({np.round(Xbar_LCL, 3)}, {np.round(Xbar_UCL, 3)}))')
           # Return R plot.
           if R_plot is not None:
               R_plot.plot(range_vec)
               R_plot.axhline(y=R_UCL, color='r', linestyle='-')
               R_plot.axhline(y=R_LCL, color='r', linestyle='-')
               R_plot.axhline(y=mean_range, color='b', linestyle='-')
```

```
R_plot.set_xlabel('Run')
    R_plot.set_ylabel('Range of Observation')
    R_plot.set_title(f'Xbar Chart (mean = {np.round(mean_range,3)}, limits_
= ({np.round(R_LCL, 3)}, {np.round(R_UCL, 3)})')

result = dict()
result["grand_mean"] = grand_mean
result["mean_range"] = mean_range
result["Xbar_lim"] = (Xbar_LCL, Xbar_UCL)
result["R_lim"] = (R_LCL, R_UCL)
```

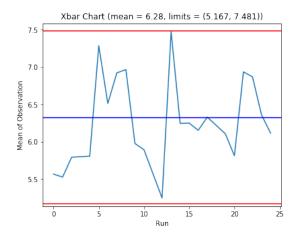
```
[205]: fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=2, figsize=(14,5))
result = XbarRchart(Copper["Omean"], Copper["Range"], Xbar_plot=ax1, R_plot=ax2)
```

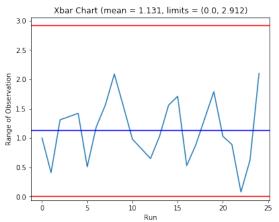


All the ranges in R charts falls in between the control limits, so we can assume the process has constant variations. We can see that there are points in \bar{X} beyond the control limits, so the process is statistically out-of-control.

Part (b) If necessary, revise the control limits computed in part (a), assuming any samples that plot outside the control limits can be eliminated. Continue to eliminate points outside the control limits and revise, until all points plot between control limits.

Solution: we repeatedly filter out the points and revise control limits. Here I do not use while loop since we should be able to make all points fall into control limit within two iterations.





Turns out one iteration is enough - we can check if all points fall in between the control limits.

```
[213]: all(filtered == filtered[(filtered.Omean < result2["Xbar_lim"][1]) & (filtered. → Omean > result2["Xbar_lim"][0])])
```

[213]: True

Part (c) Given that the specifications are at 6.0 ± 0.5 , estimate C_p and C_{pk} for the in-control process and interpret these ratios.

```
[217]: USL = 6.5; LSL = 5.5; d2 = 1.693;
mu = result2["grand_mean"]; sigma_hat = result2["mean_range"] / d2
Cp = (USL - LSL) / (6 * sigma_hat)
Cpk = min((USL-mu), (mu-LSL)) / (3 * sigma_hat)
print(f"Cp = {np.round(Cp,5)}, Cpk = {np.round(Cpk,5)}")
```

Cp = 0.2495, Cpk = 0.10986

Comment: both Cp and Cpk are very small, so it is not capable of producing acceptable product. Under normal assumption, the average probability of making no mistake is approximately:

```
[222]: 1 - 2*(1 - stats.norm.cdf(3*Cp))
```

[222]: 0.5458491299027748