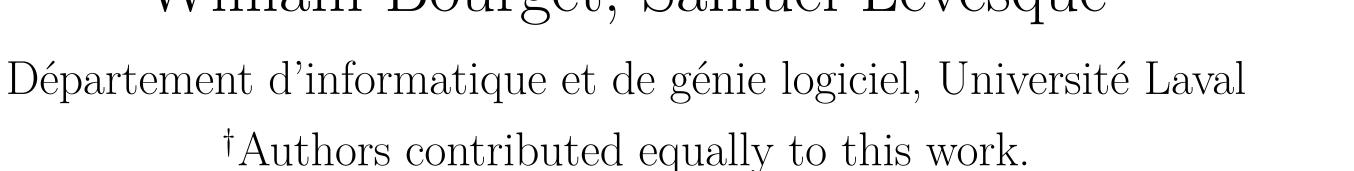


# Reconnaissance de dessins manuscrits avec jeu de données Quick, Draw!

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## Introduction

We propose a novel way to handle out of vocabulary (OOV) words in downstream natural language processing (NLP) tasks. We implement a network that predicts useful embeddings for OOV words based on their morphology and the context in which they appear.

#### Motivations:

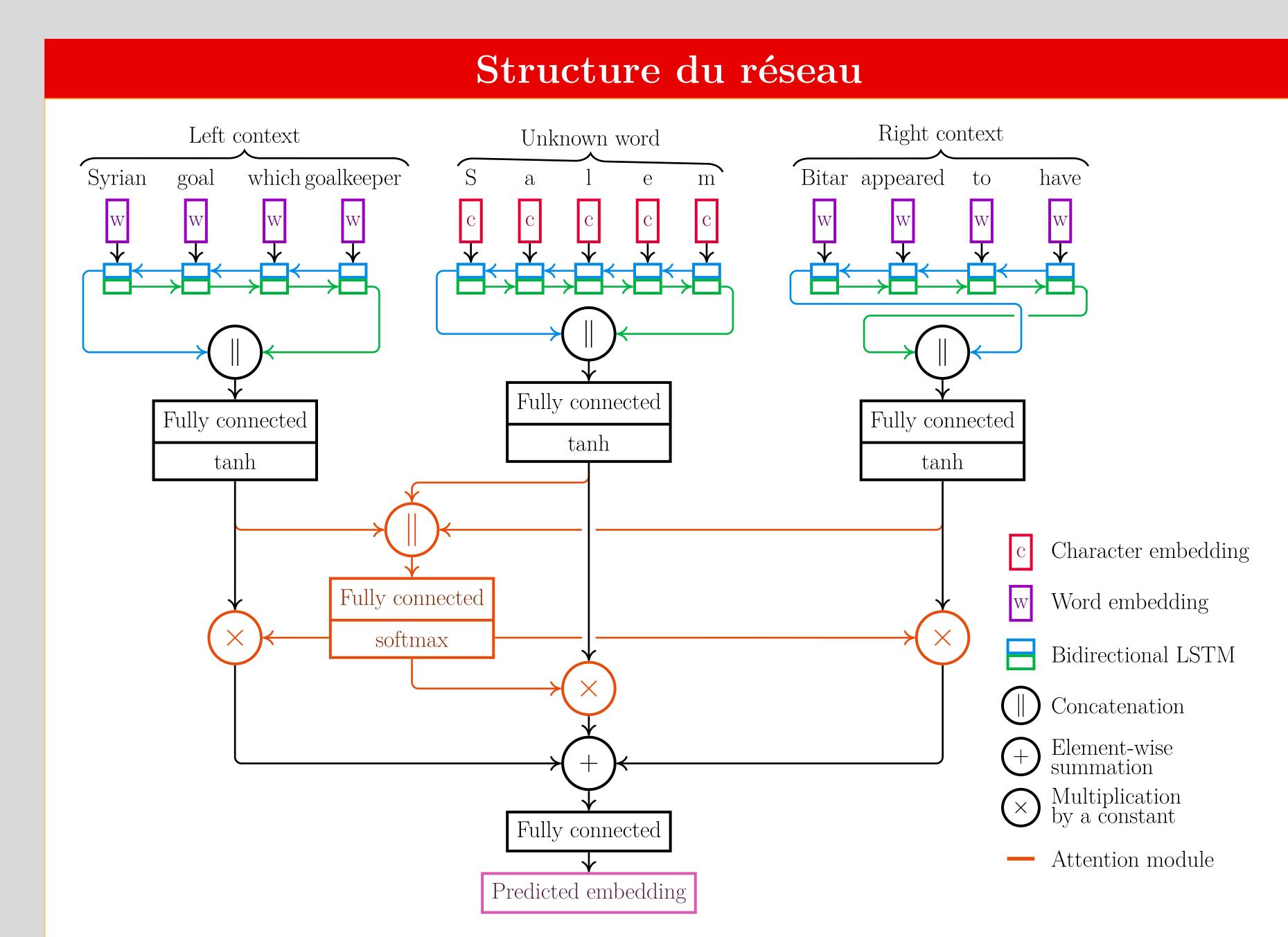
- ► OOV words handling in NLP task is an **underestimated problem**.
- ► Few learned, end-to-end, solutions proposed.

#### Related work:

- ▶ Pinter et al. (2017): Predict OOV embedding using the characters.
- ▶ Bahdanau et al. (2017): Learn OOV representation from their definition in a dictionary.

#### Goals:

- ► Evaluate the impact of OOV words in labeling tasks.
- ► Provide a more meaningful way to handle OOV words using **context** and **morphology**.
- ► Understand when it is important and what is relevant to model OOV embeddings.
- ► Interpret the predicted embeddings according to the surrounding linguistic elements.
- ► Provide a "drop-in", "end-to-end" module.



The net consists in 3 bi-LSTM taking as input the left context, the right context and the word characters. An attention module ponderates their outputs which are then combined in a last fully connected layer.

the *franco-african* summit decided to send a mission bangui [...] civil war .

#### Contraintes

#### Set up:

- ► Labeling tasks:
- ► Named Entity Recognition (NER).
- ► POS tagging (POS).
- ► Dataset : CoNLL 2003

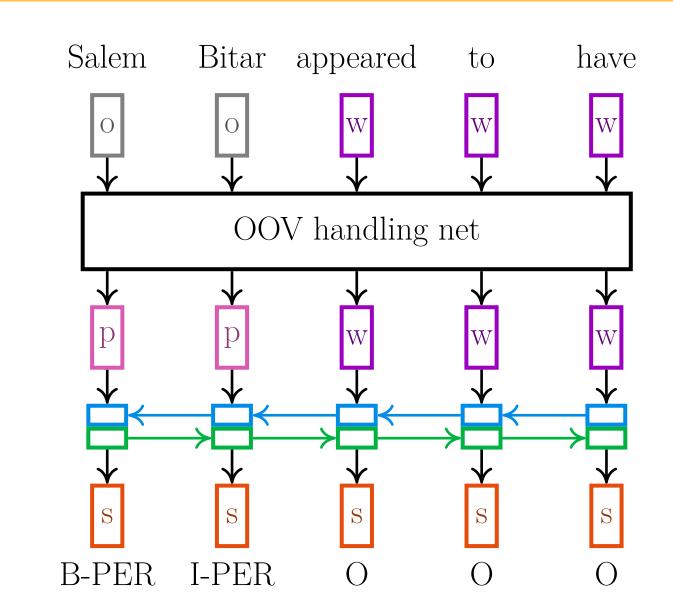
#### Training details:

- Tensors sizes:
- ► Char. emb. : 20.
- ► Word emb. : 100 (**GloVe**).
- LSTMs hidden state : 128.
- Context size from 2 words to the whole sentence.
- Standard learning rate on the labeling task parameters, reduced learning rate on Comick using SGD (0.01, 0.001).

#### Transformations Ponderation Entity Examples Word Left Right in sentencing darrel <u>voeks</u>, 38, to a 10-year prison term on thursday 0.19 **0.49** 0.32 PER **<BOS> australian parliamentarian john** langmore has formally resigned from his lower ho<mark>use</mark> PER had received today **from mr john vance** langmore, a letter resigning his place as 0.15 **0.61** 0.24 PER <BOS> rtrs - australian mp john langmore formally resigns . <EOS> **0.69** 0.16 PER 0.15the number of plastic surgeries in [...] the **brazilian plastic surgery society** (sbcp), said, **0.46** 0.32 ORG to increase them in the united states, "sbcp vice-president oswaldo saldanha said 0.490.28ORG some residents of the kazanluk area are moslems who converted to islam during 0.620.160.47at a mosque in the **central bulgarian town of** <u>kazanluk</u>, causing damage but no injuries LOC 0.200.330.68freestyle **skiing-world** cup aerials results . MISC

Qualitative example on several OOV words (underlined). We can see that depending on the context and the target, the weights may shift drastically.

## Description des données



OOV word embedding

Word embedding

Bidirectional LSTM

Tag prediction
with a softmax

P Predicted embedding

Two nets working together: the first predicts OOV embeddings (see OOV handling net section) and the second one predicts tags.

The simple architecture of the labeling net is used to emphasize the usefulness of our module, and to minimize the influence of other factors.

## Performances

**0.42** 0.18 **0.40** 

Task	Tag	Ex.	Ponderation		
			Word	Left	Right
NER	О	1039	0.81	0.08	0.11
	B-PERS	63	0.21	0.31	0.49
	I-PER	119	0.16	0.52	0.32
	B-ORG	40	0.26	0.30	0.44
	I-ORG	3	0.27	0.31	0.42
	B-LOC	13	0.23	0.30	0.47
	I-LOC	2	0.16	0.48	0.36
	B-MISC	47	0.40	0.21	0.39
	I-MISC	5	0.41	0.26	0.33
POS	NNP	308	0.29	0.31	0.40
	NN	46	0.45	0.20	0.35
	CD	827	0.86	0.05	0.09
	NNS	23	0.37	0.24	0.39
	JJ	100	0.49	0.15	0.36

Average weights assigned to word's characters, left context and right context by the attention mechanism. We can clearly see the shift of attention according to the target entity. We also observe that the attention depends on the task at hand.

## Autre section

Task	Metric	Random Emb.	Our module	Gain
NER	F1	77.56	80.62	3.9%
POS	acc.	91.41	92.58	1.2%

The impact of our model on two NLP downstream tasks. We compare our OOV embeddings prediction scheme against random embeddings.

### Conclusion

#### Discussion:

- ► Morphology and context help predict useful embeddings.
- ► The attention mechanism works : depending on the task, the network will use either more the context or the morphology to generate an embedding.

### Future works:

- ► Apply the attention mechanism on each character of the OOV word and each word of the context instead of using the hidden state of the respective elements only.
- ► Test our attention model in **different languages** and on other NLP tasks, such as **machine translation**.