# Computer Architecture Fall 2025

## Programming Assignment 1

- Deadline: 23:59, 2025-10-20 (no late submissions allowed)
- Submission: via NTU COOL, detailed instructions here
- Contact: If you have any questions, please email the TAs with the subject "[CA2025 HW1]".

Circle: r14943176@ntu.edu.twAlex: r14943141@ntu.edu.tw

## **Environmental Setup and General Description**

In this assignment, you will write RISC-V assembly programs in a simulator named **Jupiter**.

- Download Jupiter here: https://github.com/andrescv/jupiter
- Documentation of Jupiter: https://jupitersim.gitbook.io/jupiter/

Download the corresponding app image for your OS, cf. its installation guide.

You will receive a compressed folder: CA2025\_PA1.tgz, where you will find the following partially implemented assembly programs. Each program includes the predefined input format and console output, as well as sections marked with ### TODO ###, where you should implement your solutions.

The folder structure is as follows:

For more information on RISC-V assembly programs, please visit its official website for the programmer's manual. For example, you could find a list of *pseudo-instructions*, which may help with your assignment.

## Problem 1: The n-th Fibonacci Number (30%)

#### Task:

Write a program that takes an integer n as input in register a0 and outputs the n-th Fibonacci number in register t0.

This problem consists of two subtasks (15% each):

- **Problem 1-1 (Recursive)**: You must implement Fibonacci using a *recursive approach*. The function should call itself to compute fib(n) until reaching the base cases. Using loops is **not allowed** for this subtask.
- **Problem 1-2 (Iterative)**: You must implement Fibonacci using an *iterative loop*. Compute fib(n) by updating variables in a loop. Using recursion is **not allowed** for this subtask.

#### **Definition:**

- fib(0) = 0
- fib(1) = 1
- $fib(n) = fib(n-1) + fib(n-2) (n \ge 2)$

#### Example:

Input: n = 8 Output: 21
Input: n = 12 Output: 144

#### **Constraint:**

•  $0 \le n \le 30$ 

## Problem 2: Maximum Subarray Sum (30%)

#### Task:

Given an integer array A and its length len, write a program to compute the maximum value of the sum of any contiguous subarray in A and save it in register t0.

### Example:

- Input: A = [-2, 1, -3, 4, -1, 2, 1, -5, 4], len = 9 Output: 6 (corresponding to the subarray [4, -1, 2, 1])
- Input: A = [5, -2, 3, -1, 2], len = 5 Output: 7 (corresponding to the subarray [5, -2, 3, -1, 2])

### Constraint:

- 1 < len < 100
- $-1000 \le A[i] \le 1000$  for each element

## Problem 3: Two Sum (30% & bonus 10%)

#### Task:

Write a program that takes an integer array A and its length len as input and outputs the indices of **two distinct elements** in A whose sum equals a given target value target.

Bonus: Compute the result in O(n) time complexity, and you will get a bonus 10%.

- If such a pair exists, store the indices in registers t0 and t1. Else, store -1 in both t0 and t1.
- You may assume that each input would have **exactly one solution**, and you may not use the same element twice.

#### Example:

- Input: A = [2, 7, 11, 15], len = 4, target = 9 Output: t0 = 0, t1 = 1
- Input: A = [1, 2, 3, 4], len = 4, target = 8 Output: t0 = -1, t1 = -1

#### **Constraint:**

- $1 \le len \le 100$
- $0 \le A[i] \le 99$
- $-2000 \le \mathsf{target} \le 2000$
- Each element may only be used once (i.e., choose two distinct indices i and j,  $i \neq j$ )

#### **Submission Guidelines**

Please follow the file structure below when submitting your solutions.

- Do NOT modify the file names!
- For Problem 3, submit only p3.s. The bonus points will be awarded automatically if your implementation meets the runtime requirements.
- The top-level folder must be named with your student ID (first letter capitalized).
- Compress the entire folder into a .tgz file and submit it via NTU Cool.

Deadline: 2025-10-20. No late submission.