# Chayote (Sechium edule)

Local name (Spanish/Guaraní): Quiosqui / Koyosy

European counterpart: Similar to zucchini but more versatile and easier to grow in tropical

climates.

Difficulty: 🔭 🔭

### **Core Requirements**

• Grows best in: November - March unlike European seasons 🧶 💧 🔭

Needs 10cm daily rain/drought tolerance

• Critical temp range: 15°C - 32°C

#### **Tropical Survival Guide**

Unlike zucchini, chayote requires:

- Shade during the hottest part of the day (afternoon)
- Well-draining soil rich in organic matter like tacurú soil
- Regular pruning to encourage new growth and prevent pest buildup

**Local pest solution:** Paraguayan farmers prevent *chayote worms* by applying a mixture of garlic, chili, and neem oil.

### **Visual Guide**

• Seedling stage: Small heart-shaped leaves with tendrils

• Mature plant: Large vines with broad leaves and edible fruits hanging from the vine

• Common issue: Yellowing leaves indicate overwatering or nutrient deficiency

Harvest cue: Pick when fruit is firm but still young, about 10cm long.

# Paraguayan Pro Tip

- Storage: Keep fresh for up to 7 days using tacurú soil by burying the chayote in a shallow trench.
- Preparation: Always cook with aji (hot peppers) and yerba mate tea to enhance flavor.

[GENERAL\_GUIDE\_QR]

This guide helps European expats adapt their gardening skills to tropical conditions, ensuring successful cultivation of chayote in Paraguay.

**Word Count: 295** 

(Note: QR code placeholder included as requested)