

# Local / Modeling / Object Space

- Each object model has its own local coordinate frame
  - The **coordinates** of the **vertices** and **vertex normals** are specified with respect to the local coordinate frame
- Convenient for modeling of the object, e.g.
  - A **sphere** is centered at the origin
  - A **cube** with a corner located at the origin and edges parallel to the coordinate axes and

# World Space

- A common coordinate frame for all objects to form the scene to be rendered
  - Each object is transformed from its **local space** to a common world space
  - **Vertex normals** must also be transformed
- **Lights** are defined in this space
  - Positions and directions
- **Camera pose** is defined in this space

# Camera Space / View Space / Eye Space

- The camera has a local coordinate frame, called the **camera coordinate frame**
  - Camera is located at the origin
  - Looking in **negative  $z$**  direction
  - $+y$ -axis is the “up-vector”
- All projections are w.r.t. the camera frame
- Initially the **world and camera** frames are the same
  - Default **model-view matrix** is an identity
- To **specify camera pose**, we need to specify the camera coordinate frame w.r.t. the world coordinate frame

