

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, f1_score, precision_score, recall_score
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer, WordNetLemmatizer
import re
import string
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('omw-1.4')
```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to C:\Users\SAMUEL
[nltk_data]   KAUNANG\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
[nltk_data]   Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to C:\Users\SAMUEL
[nltk_data]   KAUNANG\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
[nltk_data]   Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] Downloading package omw-1.4 to C:\Users\SAMUEL
[nltk_data]   KAUNANG\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
[nltk_data]   Package omw-1.4 is already up-to-date!
```

```
Out[1]: True
```

```
In [2]: data = pd.read_csv('RacismDetectionDataSet.csv')
print("=== LOADING DATASET ===")
df = pd.read_csv('RacismDetectionDataSet.csv')
print(f"Dataset shape: {df.shape}")
print(f"\nFirst few rows:")
print(df.head())
```

```
print(f"\nLabel distribution:")
print(df['Label'].value_counts())
print(f"Rasis (1): {df['Label'].value_counts()[1]}")
print(f"Tidak Rasis (0): {df['Label'].value_counts()[0]}")
```

=== LOADING DATASET ===

Dataset shape: (1999, 2)

First few rows:

	Comment	Label
0	i was born a racist and I will die a racist I ...	1
1	bitch nigga miss me with that	1
2	if you aint bout that murder game pussy nigga ...	1
3	gay niggas couldnt wait to act like bitches to...	1
4	why deos a gorilla always have a frown because...	1

Label distribution:

Label

1 1000

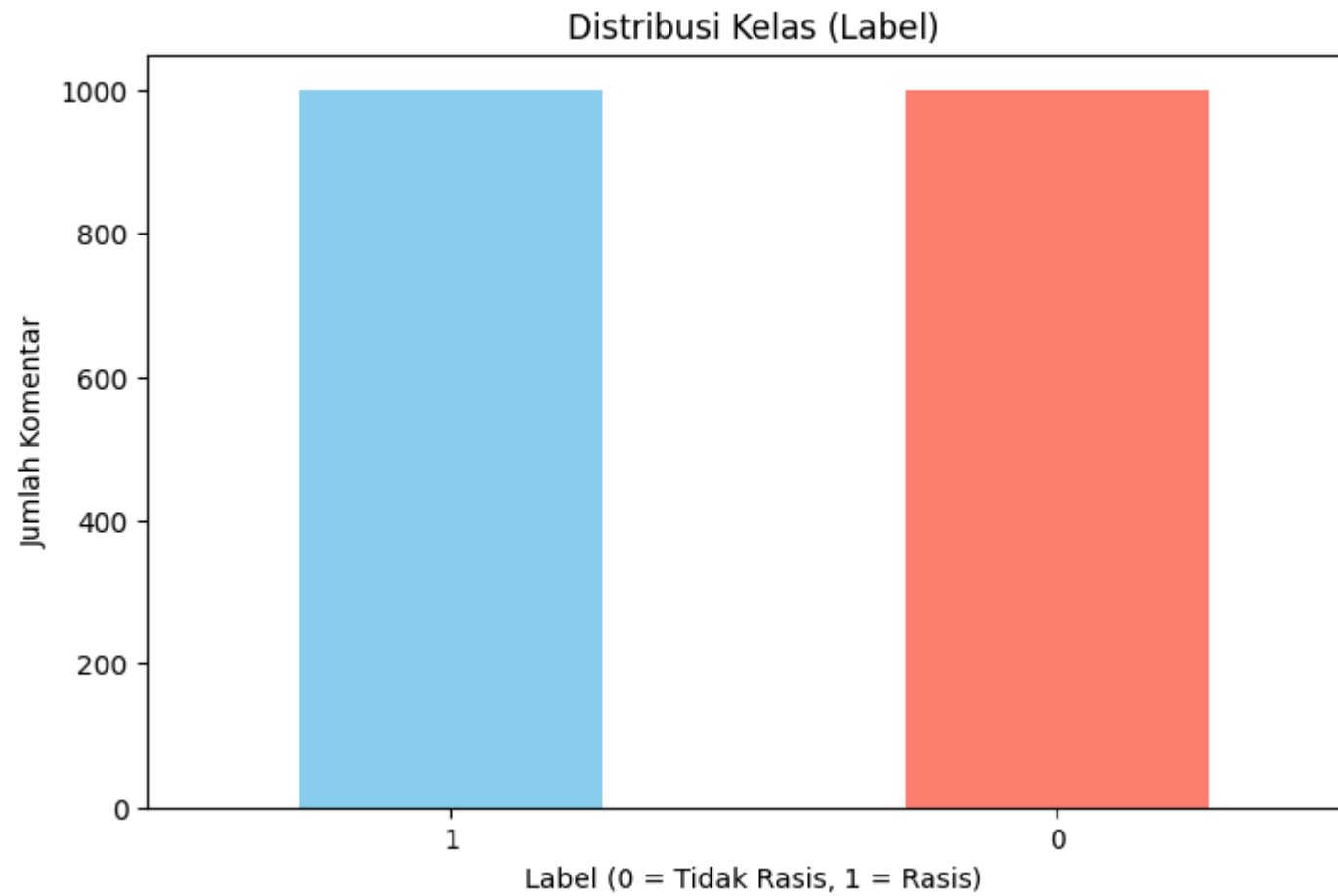
0 999

Name: count, dtype: int64

Rasis (1): 1000

Tidak Rasis (0): 999

```
In [3]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
df['Label'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar', color=['skyblue', 'salmon'])
plt.title('Distribusi Kelas (Label)')
plt.xlabel('Label (0 = Tidak Rasis, 1 = Rasis)')
plt.ylabel('Jumlah Komentar')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.show()
```



```
In [4]: print("\n=== REMOVING DUPLICATES ===")
initial_count = len(df)
df = df.drop_duplicates(subset=['Comment'], keep='first')
final_count = len(df)
print(f"Duplikasi dihapus: {initial_count - final_count} baris")
print(f"Sisa data: {final_count} baris")
```

```
=== REMOVING DUPLICATES ===
Duplikasi dihapus: 12 baris
Sisa data: 1987 baris
```

```
In [5]: print("\n=== HANDLING MISSING VALUES ===")
print(f"Missing values sebelum cleaning:")
print(df.isnull().sum())
df = df.dropna(subset=['Comment'])
print(f"Missing values setelah cleaning:")
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
=== HANDLING MISSING VALUES ===
Missing values sebelum cleaning:
Comment    0
Label      0
dtype: int64
Missing values setelah cleaning:
Comment    0
Label      0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [6]: # --- Step 3: Comprehensive Text Cleaning Function ---
def clean_text(text):
    """
    Fungsi untuk membersihkan teks:
    1. Mengubah ke lowercase
    2. Menghapus karakter aneh, simbol, emoji
    3. Menghapus angka
    4. Menghapus URL
    5. Menghapus HTML tags
    6. Menghapus extra spaces
    7. Menghapus punctuation kecuali untuk konteks tertentu
    """
    if not isinstance(text, str):
        return ""

    # 1. Lowercase
    text = text.lower()

    # 2. Remove URLs
    text = re.sub(r'http\S+|www\S+|https\S+', '', text, flags=re.MULTILINE)

    # 3. Remove HTML tags
    text = re.sub(r'<.*?>', '', text)
```

```

# 4. Remove @mentions and #hashtags (keep only text)
text = re.sub(r'@\w+|#\w+', '', text)

# 5. Remove special characters, symbols, and emojis
# Hanya pertahankan huruf, angka, dan spasi
text = re.sub(r'^\w\s', ' ', text)

# 6. Remove numbers (jika tidak relevan)
text = re.sub(r'\d+', '', text)

# 7. Remove extra whitespace
text = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', text).strip()

return text

```

```

In [7]: print("\n=== CLEANING TEXT ===")
print("Contoh sebelum cleaning:")
print(df['Comment'].iloc[0])
df['Cleaned_Comment'] = df['Comment'].apply(clean_text)
print("\nContoh setelah cleaning:")
print(df['Cleaned_Comment'].iloc[0])

```

=== CLEANING TEXT ===

Contoh sebelum cleaning:

i was born a racist and I will die a racist I will not rest untill every worthless nigger is rounded up and hung niggers are the scum of the earth white america

Contoh setelah cleaning:

i was born a racist and i will die a racist i will not rest untill every worthless nigger is rounded up and hung niggers are the scum of the earth white america

```

In [8]: # --- Step 5: Remove Noise - Very Short Comments ---
print("\n=== REMOVING NOISE (Very Short Comments) ===")
initial_len = len(df)
df['text_length'] = df['Cleaned_Comment'].apply(len)
df = df[df['text_length'] > 3] # Hapus komentar dengan kurang dari 3 karakter
final_len = len(df)
print(f"Komentar terlalu pendek dihapus: {initial_len - final_len}")
print(f"Sisa data: {final_len}")

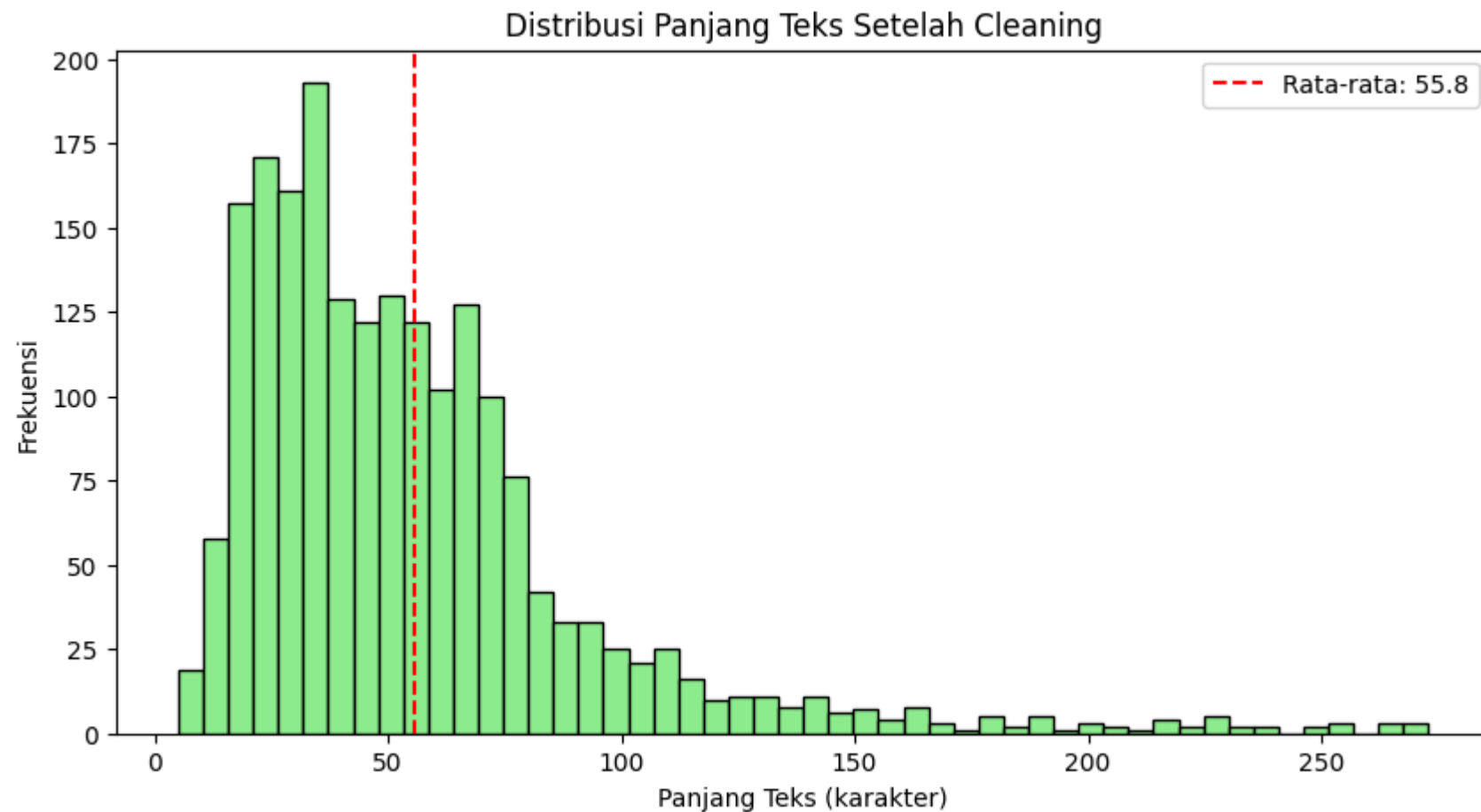
```

```
# Visualize text length distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.hist(df['text_length'], bins=50, color='lightgreen', edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Distribusi Panjang Teks Setelah Cleaning')
plt.xlabel('Panjang Teks (karakter)')
plt.ylabel('Frekuensi')
plt.axvline(df['text_length'].mean(), color='red', linestyle='--', label=f'Rata-rata: {df["text_length"].mean():.1f}')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

=== REMOVING NOISE (Very Short Comments) ===

Komentar terlalu pendek dihapus: 0

Sisa data: 1987



```
In [9]: # --- Step 6: Tokenization and Stopword Removal (NLTK-safe version) ---
print("\n=== TOKENIZATION & STOPWORD REMOVAL ===")

stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))

def tokenize_and_remove_stopwords(text):
    if not isinstance(text, str):
        return []

    # Tokenization sederhana (tanpa punkt)
    tokens = text.split()

    # Hapus stopwords dan token terlalu pendek
    tokens = [
        word for word in tokens
        if word not in stop_words and len(word) > 1
    ]

    return tokens

df['Tokens'] = df['Cleaned_Comment'].apply(tokenize_and_remove_stopwords)

print("Contoh tokens (3 data pertama):")
print(df['Tokens'].iloc[:3])
```

=== TOKENIZATION & STOPWORD REMOVAL ===

Contoh tokens (3 data pertama):

0 [born, racist, die, racist, rest, untill, ever...

1 [bitch, nigga, miss]

2 [aint, bout, murder, game, pussy, nigga, shut]

Name: Tokens, dtype: object

```
In [10]: # --- Step 7: Stemming/Lemmatization (Optional) ---
print("\n=== STEMMING/LEMMATIZATION ===")
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()

def stem_tokens(tokens):
    return [stemmer.stem(token) for token in tokens]
```

```
def lemmatize_tokens(tokens):
    return [lemmatizer.lemmatize(token) for token in tokens]

# Pilih salah satu: stemming atau Lemmatization
# df['Processed_Tokens'] = df['Tokens'].apply(stem_tokens)
df['Processed_Tokens'] = df['Tokens'].apply(lemmatize_tokens)

# Gabungkan kembali tokens menjadi teks
df['Final_Text'] = df['Processed_Tokens'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join(x))

print(f"Contoh hasil preprocessing lengkap:")
print(f"Original: {df['Comment'].iloc[0][:100]}...")
print(f"Cleaned: {df['Cleaned_Comment'].iloc[0][:100]}...")
print(f"Final: {df['Final_Text'].iloc[0][:100]}...")
```

=== STEMMING/LEMMATIZATION ===

Contoh hasil preprocessing lengkap:

Original: i was born a racist and I will die a racist I will not rest untill every worthless nigger is rounded...

Cleaned: i was born a racist and i will die a racist i will not rest untill every worthless nigger is rounded...

Final: born racist die racist rest untill every worthless nigger rounded hung nigger scum earth white ameri...

```
In [11]: # --- Step 8: Final Check for Empty Texts ---
print("\n=== FINAL CHECK ===")
df = df[df['Final_Text'].str.strip() != '']
print(f>Data final shape: {df.shape}")
print(f"\nDistribusi kelas akhir:")
print(df['Label'].value_counts())
```

=== FINAL CHECK ===

Data final shape: (1987, 7)

Distribusi kelas akhir:

Label

1 996

0 991

Name: count, dtype: int64

```
In [12]: # --- Step 8.5: Save Preprocessed Dataset ---
print("\n=== SAVING PREPROCESSED DATASET ===")

processed_df = df[["
```



```

    'Comment',      # teks asli
    'Cleaned_Comment', # hasil cleaning
    'Final_Text',    # teks final untuk ML
    'Label'          # ground truth
]]

processed_df.to_csv(
    'racism_dataset_preprocessed.csv',
    index=False,
    encoding='utf-8'
)

print(f"Preprocessed dataset saved!")
print(f"Total rows: {processed_df.shape[0]}")
print(f"Columns: {processed_df.columns.tolist()}")

```

=== SAVING PREPROCESSED DATASET ===

Preprocessed dataset saved!

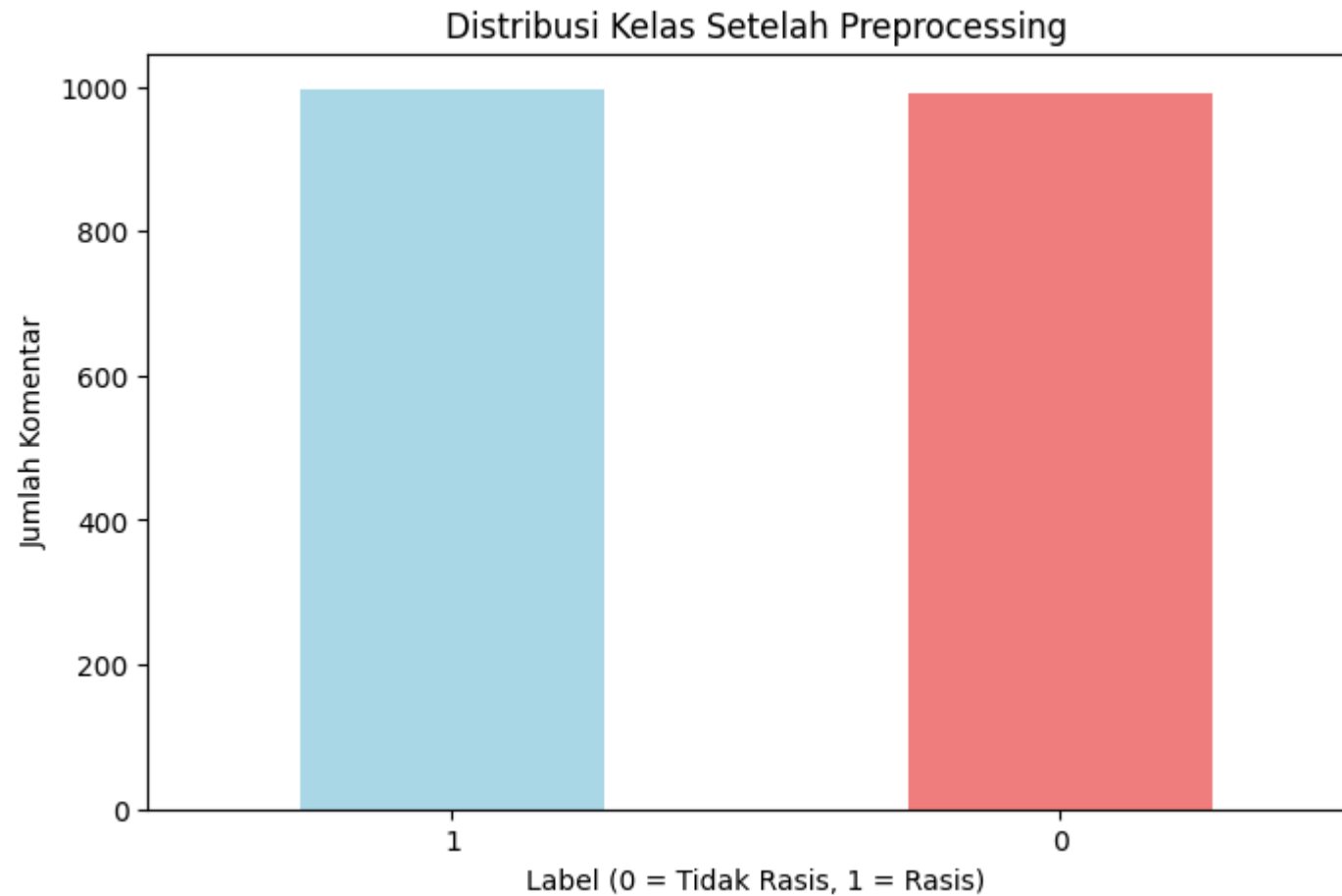
Total rows: 1987

Columns: ['Comment', 'Cleaned_Comment', 'Final_Text', 'Label']

```

In [13]: # Visualize final class distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
df['Label'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar', color=['lightblue', 'lightcoral'])
plt.title('Distribusi Kelas Setelah Preprocessing')
plt.xlabel('Label (0 = Tidak Rasis, 1 = Rasis)')
plt.ylabel('Jumlah Komentar')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.show()

```



```
In [14]: #--- Step 9: Feature Extraction ---  
print("\n=== FEATURE EXTRACTION ===")  
# Pilih metode feature extraction  
vectorizer = CountVectorizer(  
    max_features=3000, # Batasi jumlah fitur  
    min_df=2,         # Term harus muncul minimal di 2 dokumen  
    max_df=0.95,      # Term tidak boleh muncul di lebih dari 95% dokumen  
    ngram_range=(1, 2) # Gunakan unigram dan bigram  
)  
  
# Alternatif: TF-IDF  
# vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(max_features=3000, min_df=2, max_df=0.95, ngram_range=(1, 2))
```

```

X = vectorizer.fit_transform(df['Final_Text']).toarray()
y = df['Label'].values

print(f"Shape feature matrix: {X.shape}")
print(f"Jumlah fitur (vocabulary size): {len(vectorizer.get_feature_names_out())}")

```

=== FEATURE EXTRACTION ===

Shape feature matrix: (1987, 1968)

Jumlah fitur (vocabulary size): 1968

```

In [15]: # --- Step 10: Split Data (DATAFRAME-BASED, FIXED) ---
print("\n=== SPLITTING DATA ===")

# 70% train, 15% validation, 15% test (split dataframe dulu)
df_temp, df_test = train_test_split(
    df,
    test_size=0.15,
    stratify=df['Label'],
    random_state=42
)

df_train, df_val = train_test_split(
    df_temp,
    test_size=0.1765, # ≈15% dari total
    stratify=df_temp['Label'],
    random_state=42
)

# Buat X dan y dari masing-masing dataframe
X_train = vectorizer.fit_transform(df_train['Final_Text'])
y_train = df_train['Label']

X_val = vectorizer.transform(df_val['Final_Text'])
y_val = df_val['Label']

X_test = vectorizer.transform(df_test['Final_Text'])
y_test = df_test['Label']

print(f"Training set: {X_train.shape[0]} samples")
print(f"Validation set: {X_val.shape[0]} samples")

```

```
print(f"Test set: {X_test.shape[0]} samples")

print(f"\nDistribusi kelas training:\n{y_train.value_counts()}")
print(f"Distribusi kelas validation:\n{y_val.value_counts()}")
print(f"Distribusi kelas test:\n{y_test.value_counts()}")
```

=== SPLITTING DATA ===

Training set: 1390 samples

Validation set: 298 samples

Test set: 299 samples

Distribusi kelas training:

Label

1 697

0 693

Name: count, dtype: int64

Distribusi kelas validation:

Label

1 149

0 149

Name: count, dtype: int64

Distribusi kelas test:

Label

1 150

0 149

Name: count, dtype: int64

```
In [16]: # --- Step 11: Naive Bayes Model Training ---
print("\n=== TRAINING NAIVE BAYES MODEL ===")
# Model baseline
baseline_model = MultinomialNB()
baseline_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Predict on validation set
y_pred_val_baseline = baseline_model.predict(X_val)

print("Baseline Model Performance (Validation):")
print(classification_report(y_val, y_pred_val_baseline))
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy_score(y_val, y_pred_val_baseline):.4f}")
```

=== TRAINING NAIVE BAYES MODEL ===

Baseline Model Performance (Validation):

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.85	0.81	0.83	149
1	0.82	0.86	0.84	149
accuracy			0.83	298
macro avg	0.83	0.83	0.83	298
weighted avg	0.83	0.83	0.83	298

Accuracy: 0.8322

```
In [17]: # --- Step 12: Hyperparameter Tuning ---
print("\n=== HYPERPARAMETER TUNING ===")
# Definisikan parameter grid
param_grid = {
    'alpha': [0.01, 0.1, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0, 10.0],
    'fit_prior': [True, False]
}

# Grid Search dengan 5-fold cross validation
grid_search = GridSearchCV(
    MultinomialNB(),
    param_grid,
    cv=5,
    scoring='f1',
    n_jobs=-1,
    verbose=1
)

grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)

print(f"\nBest parameters: {grid_search.best_params_}")
print(f"Best cross-validation F1 score: {grid_search.best_score_:.4f}")

# Get best model
best_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
```

=== HYPERPARAMETER TUNING ===

Fitting 5 folds for each of 14 candidates, totalling 70 fits

Best parameters: {'alpha': 2.0, 'fit_prior': False}

Best cross-validation F1 score: 0.8421

```
In [18]: # --- Step 13: Evaluation on Validation Set ---
print("\n=== EVALUATION ON VALIDATION SET ===")
y_pred_val = best_model.predict(X_val)

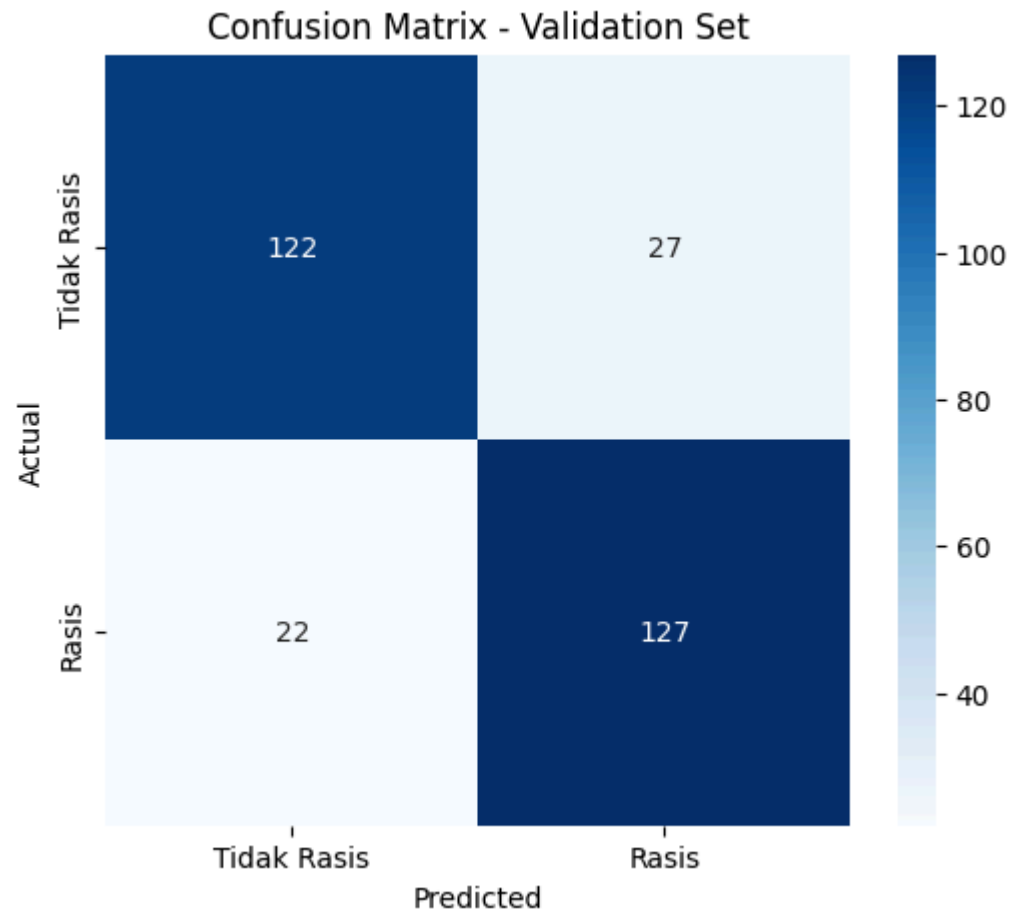
print("Best Model Performance (Validation):")
print(classification_report(y_val, y_pred_val))

# Confusion Matrix for Validation
cm_val = confusion_matrix(y_val, y_pred_val)
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))
sns.heatmap(cm_val, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
            xticklabels=['Tidak Rasis', 'Rasis'],
            yticklabels=['Tidak Rasis', 'Rasis'])
plt.title('Confusion Matrix - Validation Set')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.show()
```

=== EVALUATION ON VALIDATION SET ===

Best Model Performance (Validation):

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.85	0.82	0.83	149
1	0.82	0.85	0.84	149
accuracy			0.84	298
macro avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	298
weighted avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	298



```
In [19]: #--- Step 14: Final Evaluation on Test Set ---
print("\n=== FINAL EVALUATION ON TEST SET ===")
y_pred_test = best_model.predict(X_test)

print("Best Model Performance (Test Set):")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_test))

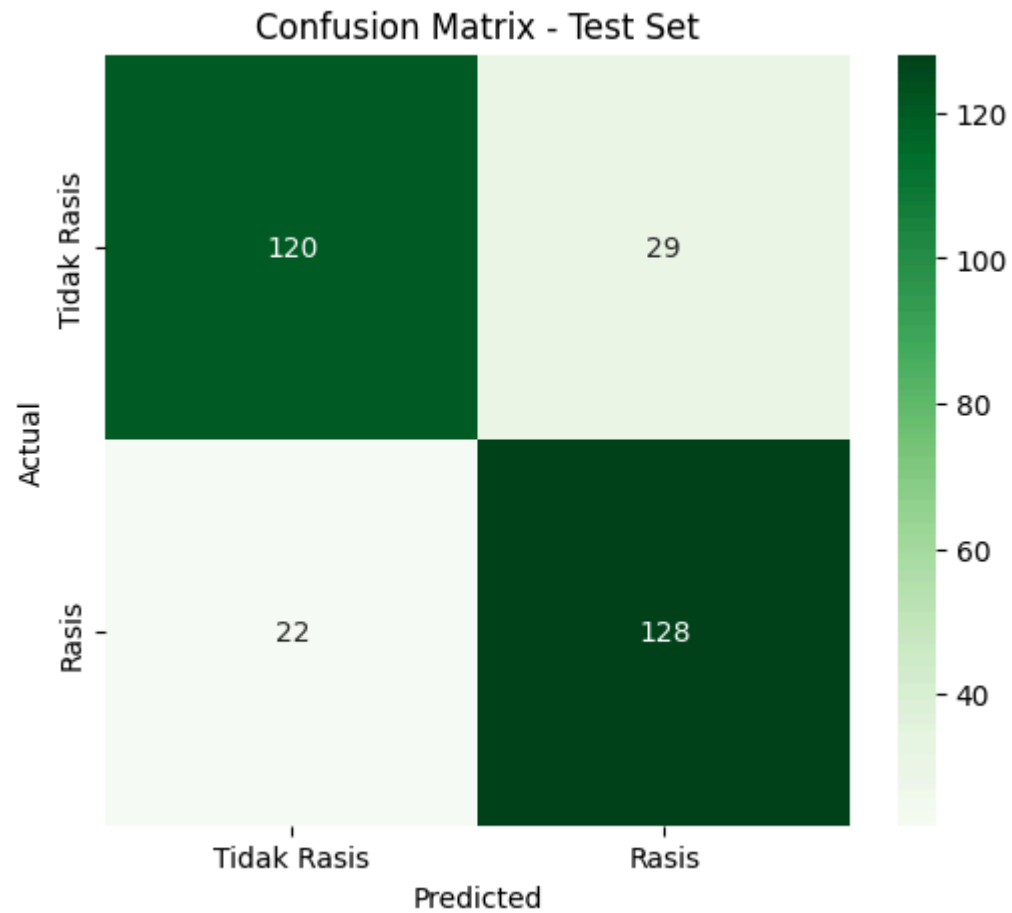
# Confusion Matrix for Test
cm_test = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_test)
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))
sns.heatmap(cm_test, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Greens',
            xticklabels=['Tidak Rasis', 'Rasis'],
```

```
yticklabels=['Tidak Rasis', 'Rasis'])  
plt.title('Confusion Matrix - Test Set')  
plt.ylabel('Actual')  
plt.xlabel('Predicted')  
plt.show()
```

=== FINAL EVALUATION ON TEST SET ===

Best Model Performance (Test Set):

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.85	0.81	0.82	149
1	0.82	0.85	0.83	150
accuracy			0.83	299
macro avg	0.83	0.83	0.83	299
weighted avg	0.83	0.83	0.83	299



```
In [20]: # --- Step 15: Feature Importance Analysis ---
print("\n=== FEATURE IMPORTANCE ANALYSIS ===")
# Get feature names
feature_names = vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()

# Get log probabilities for each class
log_prob = best_model.feature_log_prob_

# Calculate difference between classes
feature_importance = log_prob[1] - log_prob[0] # Class 1 vs Class 0

# Get top 20 features for each class
```

```
top_20_class0 = np.argsort(log_prob[0])[-20:]
top_20_class1 = np.argsort(log_prob[1])[-20:]

print("\nTop 20 fitur untuk kelas 'Tidak Rasis' (0):")
for idx in top_20_class0[::-1]:
    print(f" {feature_names[idx]}: {log_prob[0][idx]:.4f}")

print("\nTop 20 fitur untuk kelas 'Rasis' (1):")
for idx in top_20_class1[::-1]:
    print(f" {feature_names[idx]}: {log_prob[1][idx]:.4f}")#
```

=== FEATURE IMPORTANCE ANALYSIS ===

Top 20 fitur untuk kelas 'Tidak Rasis' (0):

people: -4.3126
woman: -4.4304
hate: -4.6380
think: -4.9622
fucking: -5.0988
muslim: -5.1488
would: -5.1488
shit: -5.2570
country: -5.2860
need: -5.3784
society: -5.4451
gay: -5.4802
bitch: -5.5166
would agree: -5.5166
agree: -5.5166
black: -5.5935
fuck: -5.5935
real: -5.6343
like: -5.6769
come: -5.6769

Top 20 fitur untuk kelas 'Rasis' (1):

black: -3.6175
people: -3.9974
white: -4.3693
like: -4.7213
black people: -4.8197
nigger: -4.9883
zionist: -5.3538
think: -5.3538
dont: -5.4462
society: -5.4462
get: -5.5129
country: -5.5129
real: -5.5843
one: -5.5843
dark: -5.6221
nigga: -5.6221

asian: -5.6613
good: -5.6613
white people: -5.6613
want: -5.6613

```
In [21]: # --- Step 16: Sample Predictions (FIXED & CLEAN) ---
print("\n=== SAMPLE PREDICTIONS ===")

# Ambil 10 sampel acak dari test set
sample_indices = np.random.choice(X_test.shape[0], 10, replace=False)

for i, idx in enumerate(sample_indices):
    actual_label = "Rasis" if y_test.iloc[idx] == 1 else "Tidak Rasis"
    predicted_label = "Rasis" if y_pred_test[idx] == 1 else "Tidak Rasis"

    original_text = df_test.iloc[idx]['Comment']
    processed_text = df_test.iloc[idx]['Final_Text']

    print(f"\nSample {i+1}:")
    print(f"Original Text : {original_text}")
    print(f"Processed Text: {processed_text}")
    print(f"Actual Label   : {actual_label}")
    print(f"Predicted      : {predicted_label}")
    print(f"Correct        : {'✓' if y_test.iloc[idx] == y_pred_test[idx] else 'X'})")
```

=== SAMPLE PREDICTIONS ===

Sample 1:

Original Text : they even got the nigga

Processed Text: even got nigga

Actual Label : Rasis

Predicted : Rasis

Correct : ✓

Sample 2:

Original Text : any normal person with a brain would agree that whatever comes out of rishi sunak's mouth is complete bullshit

Processed Text: normal person brain would agree whatever come rishi sunak mouth complete bullshit

Actual Label : Tidak Rasis

Predicted : Tidak Rasis

Correct : ✓

Sample 3:

Original Text : government cuts are fucking up this country

Processed Text: government cut fucking country

Actual Label : Tidak Rasis

Predicted : Tidak Rasis

Correct : ✓

Sample 4:

Original Text : I hate the democrats

Processed Text: hate democrat

Actual Label : Tidak Rasis

Predicted : Tidak Rasis

Correct : ✓

Sample 5:

Original Text : When a Democrat and not a Republican bombs another country

Processed Text: democrat republican bomb another country

Actual Label : Tidak Rasis

Predicted : Tidak Rasis

Correct : ✓

Sample 6:

Original Text : i want to kick trump in his fat head

Processed Text: want kick trump fat head

Actual Label : Tidak Rasis

Predicted : Tidak Rasis
Correct : ✓

Sample 7:

Original Text : Mind, while Long ago we conquered our passions looking Of cursed nation. You must remember these tricks if I fell in love

Processed Text: mind long ago conquered passion looking cursed nation must remember trick fell love

Actual Label : Tidak Rasis

Predicted : Tidak Rasis

Correct : ✓

Sample 8:

Original Text : It was the largest slave revolt in modern times and a defining moment in the story of the Atlantic World. A brutal war that lasted over 12 years led to independence and the abolition of slavery in the former colony.

Processed Text: largest slave revolt modern time defining moment story atlantic world brutal war lasted year led independence abolition slavery former colony

Actual Label : Tidak Rasis

Predicted : Tidak Rasis

Correct : ✓

Sample 9:

Original Text : @user shit i just realized your account isn't a month old. it's only a few weeks old. that's more like 110 tweets a day. just

Processed Text: shit realized account month old week old like tweet day

Actual Label : Tidak Rasis

Predicted : Tidak Rasis

Correct : ✓

Sample 10:

Original Text : women shouldn't be allowed to exist

Processed Text: woman allowed exist

Actual Label : Tidak Rasis

Predicted : Tidak Rasis

Correct : ✓

In [22]: *# --- Step 17: Summary Report ---*

```
print("\n" + "="*50)
print("SUMMARY REPORT")
print("="*50)
```

```
# Calculate metrics
```

```
val_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_val, y_pred_val)
test_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_test)
val_f1 = f1_score(y_val, y_pred_val)
test_f1 = f1_score(y_test, y_pred_test)
val_precision = precision_score(y_val, y_pred_val)
test_precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred_test)
val_recall = recall_score(y_val, y_pred_val)
test_recall = recall_score(y_test, y_pred_test)

print(f"\nData Statistics:")
print(f"  Total data after preprocessing: {len(df)}")
print(f"  Rasis comments: {df['Label'].value_counts()[1]}")
print(f"  Non-rasis comments: {df['Label'].value_counts()[0]}")
print(f"  Vocabulary size: {len(feature_names)}")

print(f"\nModel Performance:")
print(f"  Best hyperparameters: {grid_search.best_params_}")
print(f"\n  Validation Set:")
print(f"    Accuracy: {val_accuracy:.4f}")
print(f"    F1-Score: {val_f1:.4f}")
print(f"    Precision: {val_precision:.4f}")
print(f"    Recall: {val_recall:.4f}")

print(f"\n  Test Set:")
print(f"    Accuracy: {test_accuracy:.4f}")
print(f"    F1-Score: {test_f1:.4f}")
print(f"    Precision: {test_precision:.4f}")
print(f"    Recall: {test_recall:.4f}")

print(f"\n  Difference (Test - Validation):")
print(f"    Accuracy: {test_accuracy - val_accuracy:+.4f}")
print(f"    F1-Score: {test_f1 - val_f1:+.4f}")
```

```
=====
SUMMARY REPORT
=====
```

Data Statistics:

```
Total data after preprocessing: 1987
Rasis comments: 996
Non-rasis comments: 991
Vocabulary size: 1406
```

Model Performance:

```
Best hyperparameters: {'alpha': 2.0, 'fit_prior': False}
```

Validation Set:

```
Accuracy: 0.8356
F1-Score: 0.8383
Precision: 0.8247
Recall: 0.8523
```

Test Set:

```
Accuracy: 0.8294
F1-Score: 0.8339
Precision: 0.8153
Recall: 0.8533
```

Difference (Test - Validation):

```
Accuracy: -0.0061
F1-Score: -0.0044
```

```
In [23]: # --- Step 18: Save Results (FIXED VERSION) ---
print("\n=== SAVING RESULTS ===")

results_df = pd.DataFrame({
    'Original_Text': df_test['Comment'].values,
    'Processed_Text': df_test['Final_Text'].values,
    'Actual_Label': y_test.values,
    'Predicted_Label': y_pred_test
})

results_df['Correct'] = (
    results_df['Actual_Label'] == results_df['Predicted_Label']
```



```
)

results_df.to_csv('naive_bayes_predictions.csv', index=False)
print("Predictions saved to 'naive_bayes_predictions.csv'")
```

=== SAVING RESULTS ===

Predictions saved to 'naive_bayes_predictions.csv'

```
In [24]: # --- Step 19: User Input Prediction ---
print("\n=== INTERACTIVE PREDICTION MODE ===")

def preprocess_user_input(text):
    # 1. cleaning
    text = clean_text(text)

    # 2. tokenization + stopwords removal (split version)
    tokens = text.split()
    tokens = [
        word for word in tokens
        if word not in stop_words and len(word) > 1
    ]

    # 3. lemmatization
    tokens = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in tokens]

    # 4. gabung lagi
    final_text = ' '.join(tokens)

    return final_text
```

=== INTERACTIVE PREDICTION MODE ===

```
In [ ]: while True:
    user_input = input("\nMasukkan komentar (ketik 'exit' untuk keluar): ")

    if user_input.lower() == 'exit':
        print("Keluar dari mode eksperimen.")
        break

    # preprocess
    processed_input = preprocess_user_input(user_input)
```

```

if processed_input.strip() == "":
    print("⚠️ Input tidak valid setelah preprocessing.")
    continue

# vectorize (PAKAI VECTOR DARI TRAINING)
input_vector = vectorizer.transform([processed_input])

# prediction
prediction = best_model.predict(input_vector)[0]
prob = best_model.predict_proba(input_vector)[0]

label = "RASIS 🚩" if prediction == 1 else "TIDAK RASIS ✅"

print("\n--- HASIL PREDIKSI ---")
print(f"Teks Asli      : {user_input}")
print(f"Teks Diproses   : {processed_input}")
print(f"Prediksi        : {label}")
print(f"Confidence      : Rasis={prob[1]:.2f}, Tidak Rasis={prob[0]:.2f}")

```

--- HASIL PREDIKSI ---

Teks Asli : youre a cute little patootie
 Teks Diproses : youre cute little patootie
 Prediksi : RASIS 🚩
 Confidence : Rasis=0.59, Tidak Rasis=0.41

--- HASIL PREDIKSI ---

Teks Asli : clanker is bad race
 Teks Diproses : clanker bad race
 Prediksi : RASIS 🚩
 Confidence : Rasis=0.81, Tidak Rasis=0.19

--- HASIL PREDIKSI ---

Teks Asli : clanker are thw worst
 Teks Diproses : clanker thw worst
 Prediksi : TIDAK RASIS ✅
 Confidence : Rasis=0.19, Tidak Rasis=0.81

In []: