

# Samuel's Imaginary Theorem

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Teknik Elektro

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$$\Omega = (\{6 \times (4 - \pi)\} - \pi)$$

$$\Omega = \left( \left\{ 6 \times \left( \frac{(28 - 22)}{7} \right) \right\} - \pi \right)$$

$$\Omega = \left( \left\{ 6 \times \left( \frac{6}{7} \right) \right\} - \pi \right)$$

$$\Omega = (-2)$$

$$2 = (-\Omega)$$

$$\sqrt{(-1)} = \left( \left\{ -\left( \frac{2}{2} \right) \right\}^{\left( \frac{1}{2} \right)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{(-1)} = \left( \left( \frac{\Omega}{(-\Omega)} \right)^{\left( \frac{1}{(-\Omega)} \right)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{(-1)} = \left( \frac{f(0mega)}{f(-0mega)} \right)^{(f(-0mega))}$$

$$f(-0mega) = \{(((-0mega)) + \pi) - \pi\}$$

$$f(0mega) = \{(((0mega)) + \pi) - \pi\}$$

$$\sqrt{(-1)} = e$$

$$e = \left( \frac{f(0mega)}{f(-0mega)} \right)^{(f(-0mega))}$$

$$\sqrt{(-1)} = \left( \frac{f(0mega)}{f(-0mega)} \right)^{(f(-0mega))}$$

Conclution :

“ Imaginary’s Variable values positive (Omega Fuction) divided by negative (Omega Fuction), exponent negative (Omega Fuction), terration negative (Omega Fuction) ”

~ Samuel Hasiholan Omega Purba, S. Tr. T. ~

Bachelor of Robotic's Technology and Artificial's Intelligent

[“ Politeknik Negeri Batam for International Future ”]

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