

Samuel's Irrational Theorem

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$$Omega = (\{6 \times (4 - \pi)\} - \pi)$$

$$Omega = \left(\left\{ 6 \times \left(\frac{(28 - 22)}{7} \right) \right\} - \pi \right)$$

$$Omega = \left(\left\{ 6 \times \left(\frac{6}{7} \right) \right\} - \pi \right)$$

$$Omega = (-2)$$

$$2 = (-Omega)$$

$$\sqrt{2} = \left(2^{\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{2} = \left((-Omega)^{\left(\frac{1}{(-Omega)} \right)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{2} = \left(\{24 - (7 \times \pi)\}^{\left(\frac{1}{\{24 - (7 \times \pi)\}}\right)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{2} = \left((17 + \pi)^{(17 + \pi)^{(-1)}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{2} = \left({}^{(-1)}_{\square} (17 + \pi)^{(17 + \pi)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{2} = 1,1609418026375695$$

$$\sqrt{2} = i$$

$$i = 1,1609418026375695$$

Conclution :

“Irrational’s Variable values 1,1609418026375695”

~ Samuel Hasiholan Omega Purba, S. Tr. T. ~

Bachelor of Robotic’s Technology and Artificial’s Intelligent

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