



universidade de aveiro

**DEPARTAMENTO DE ELETRÓNICA, TELECOMUNICAÇÕES E
INFORMÁTICA
MESTRADO INTEGRADO EM ENG. DE COMPUTADORES E TELEMÁTICA**

ARQUITETURA DE REDES

Objectives

- ◆ Wi-Fi networks:
 - Joining a BSS and communication.
 - Authentication.
 - Open and WPA2 protected networks

1. With a Linux OS PC (PC1), configure it as a wireless monitoring node by adding a monitoring virtual wireless device (mon0) listening a specific channel and start a capture with Wireshark in that interface.

Analyze the capabilities of your wireless interface:

```
iw phy phy0 info
```

To add a monitoring virtual wireless device (mon0) listening a specific channel (as root or with sudo):

```
iw phy phy0 interface add mon0 type monitor
```

```
rkill unblock 0
```

```
ifconfig mon0 up
```

```
iw dev mon0 set channel <channel_number>
```

Note 1: Use iw dev and rkill list commands to determine the wireless physical identifiers (if different from phy0 and 0, respectively)

Note 2: **If the channel assignment fails, disable/enable the Network-Manager applet and wireless interface, e.g.:**

```
service network-manager [stop|start]
```

```
ifconfig wlp0s0 [down|up]
```

2. Connect other wireless terminal (PC2) to a open wireless network with the correct parameters (SSID, Security – None), and test connectivity with the AP. At PC1, using a visualization filter to capture all wireless frames from (or to) PC2. Analyze the exchanged packets/frames and their content. Explain how the association process is performed.

Filtering Wireless Layer 2 Information

Configure a Wireshark visualization filter to analyze the management packets:

```
wlan.fc.type_subtype==x
```

```
  x=0 association request
```

```
    10 diassociation
```

```
    2 reassociation request
```

```
    1 association response
```

```
    3 reassociation response
```

```
    4 probe request
```

```
    5 probe response
```

```
    8 beacon
```

```
   11 authentication
```

```
   12 deauthentication
```

```
   13 ACK
```

```
   27 RTS
```

```
   28 CTS
```

```
   40 Data
```

To analyze all the management packets but the beacons, configure the following Wireshark visualization filter (remove beacons and analyze packets from or to PC2):

```
not wlan.fc.type_subtype==8 && wlan.addr == mac_pc
```

3. Reconnect PC2 to the wireless network and test the connectivity with the AP through wireless. Exchange ICMP packets (ping) between PC2 and the AP or other wireless terminal.

>> Analyze the exchanged packets/frames during the association and authentication phase.

>> Explain how the data transmission is performed.

4. Now exchange very large ICMP packets (e.g. 1200 bytes, ping -s 1200) between PC2 and the AP or other wireless terminal. Analyze the exchanged packets/frames and their content. Explain how the transmission is now performed and analyze the differences between this and the previous experiences.

>> Explain the purpose of the RTS and CTS frames

Note: the AP must have a RTS/CTS threshold of 1000 bytes.

5. Connect now PC2 to a WPA2 secured wireless network with the correct parameters (SSID, Security – WPA2 Personal), and test connectivity with the AP. Analyze the exchanged packets/frames and their content.

>> Analyze the differences during the authentication process.

>> What 802.11 frames are used by the WPA2 Authentication?