

https://samueltussing.github.io/SEO_NinaCarducci/



100







Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices

SEO

PWA



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint

1.6 s

Total Blocking Time

230 ms

Speed Index

1.9 s

Largest Contentful Paint

2.4 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0

View Treemap

View Original Trace















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Show audits relevant to: All <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u> <u>TBT</u> <u>CLS</u>

OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity Estimated Savings

▲ Properly size images 1.31s ヘ

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images.

	URL	Resource Size	Potentia Savings
itHub Utility 1st Party		343.3 KiB	272.1 KiE
img.d- block. w-100	min/nina-carducci-photographe-1920x665px-min.avif (samueltussing.github.io)	92.5 KiB	79.4 Kil
mg.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/photo-concert-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	41.8 KiB	32.1 Kil
mg.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/portrait-femme-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	40.6 KiB	31.2 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/photographe-portrait-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	34.7 KiB	26.6 Kil
	min/portrait-corporate-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	33.8 KiB	26.0 Kil

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2:24	adout:diank		
	URL	Resource Size	Potentia Saving
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/photo-evenementielle-nina-carducci-440px-		
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	33.3 KiB	25.6 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/photo-portrait-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	23.5 KiB	18.1 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/festival-de-musique-nina-carducci-440px-min.avif (samueltussing.github.io)	21.7 KiB	16.6 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/photo-de-mariage-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	21.4 KiB	16.5 Ki

Serve images in next-gen formats

0.60s ^

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u>.

Size	Savings
229.1 KiB	117.4 KiB
40.6 KiB	26.8 KiB

	URL	Resource Size	Potentia Savings
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/photo-concert-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	41.8 KiB	26.1 Kil
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/photographe-portrait-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	34.7 KiB	16.5 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/photo-evenementielle-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	33.3 KiB	14.8 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/portrait-corporate-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	33.8 KiB	14.4 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/photo-de-mariage-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	21.4 KiB	10.8 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/photo-portrait-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	23.5 KiB	8.0 Ki

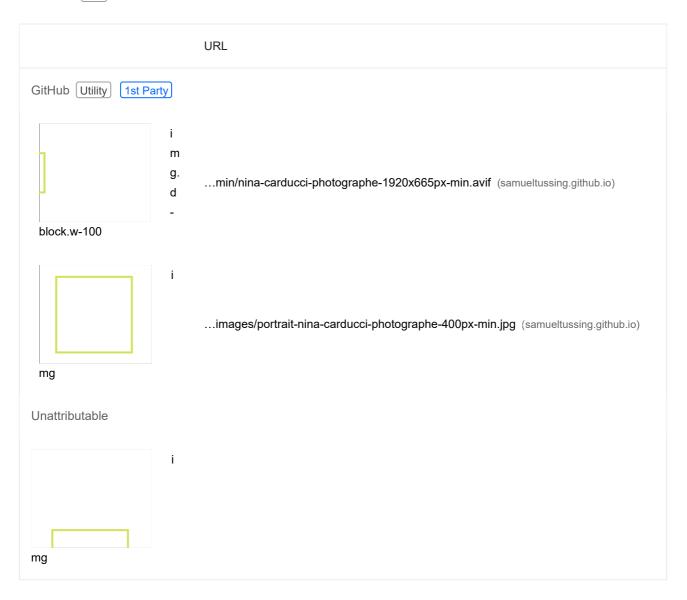
These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

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▲ Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> (CLS)



▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 17 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies.

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
GitHub Utility 1st Party		397 KiB
min/nina-carducci-photographe-1920x665px-min.avif (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	93 KiB
min/photo-concert-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	42 KiB
min/portrait-femme-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	41 KiB

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URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
min/photographe-portrait-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	35 KiB
min/portrait-corporate-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	34 KiB
min/photo-evenementielle-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	33 KiB
min/photo-portrait-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	24 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	23 KiB
min/festival-de-musique-nina-carducci-440px-min.avif (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	22 KiB
min/photo-de-mariage-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	22 KiB
images/portrait-nina-carducci-photographe-400px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	17 KiB
min/business-portrait-nina-carducci-440px-min.avif (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	5 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.min.css (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	3 KiB
assets/maugallery.min.js (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	2 KiB
assets/style.min.css (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	1 KiB
images/instagram.png (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	1 KiB
assets/scripts.min.js (samueltussing.github.io)	10m	0 KiB

Minimize main-thread work — 3.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work [TBT]

Category	Time Spent
Other	991 ms
Style & Layout	914 ms
Script Evaluation	526 ms
Rendering	216 ms

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Category	Time Spent
Parse HTML & CSS	192 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	141 ms

O Avoid chaining critical requests — 3 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests</u>. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 163.101 ms

Initial Navigation

/SEO_NinaCarducci/ (samueltussing.github.io)

- ...assets/style.min.css (samueltussing.github.io) 45.392 ms, 1.47 KiB
- ...bootstrap/bootstrap.min.css (samueltussing.github.io) 50.11 ms, 2.73 KiB

/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 105.566 ms, 30.22 KiB

○ User Timing marks and measures — 1 user timing

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

Name	Туре	Start Time	Duration
v3	Mark	152.21 ms	

O Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 24 requests • 493 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more about performance budgets.

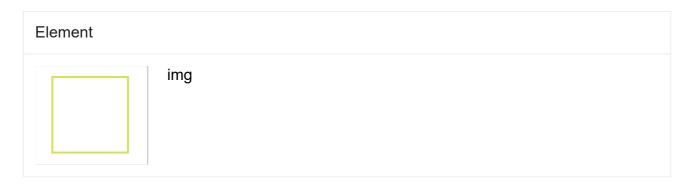
Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	24.0	492.7 KiB
Image	12.0	367.5 KiB
Font	4.0	60.4 KiB
Script	4.0	55.3 KiB
Stylesheet	3.0	5.4 KiB

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Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Document	1.0	4.1 KiB
Media	0.0	0.0 KiB
Other	0.0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	24.0	492.7 KiB

○ Largest Contentful Paint element — 2,430 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> <u>LCP</u>



Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	27%	660 ms
Load Delay	0%	0 ms
Load Time	0%	0 ms
Render Delay	73%	1,770 ms

O Avoid large layout shifts — 1 element found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. <u>Learn how to improve CLS</u> <u>CLS</u>

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Element		CLS Contribution
	span.about-meintroduction	0.000

Avoid long main-thread tasks — 7 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Start Time	Duration
GitHub Utility 1st Party		1,151 ms
/SEO_NinaCarducci/ (samueltussing.github.io)	1,310 ms	368 ms
/SEO_NinaCarducci/ (samueltussing.github.io)	996 ms	309 ms
/SEO_NinaCarducci/ (samueltussing.github.io)	1,678 ms	189 ms
/SEO_NinaCarducci/ (samueltussing.github.io)	809 ms	187 ms
assets/scripts.min.js (samueltussing.github.io)	2,609 ms	98 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn		132 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	2,218 ms	79 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	2,297 ms	53 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (29)

Eliminate render-blocking resources

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources. FCP LCP

Defer offscreen images

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Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn how to defer offscreen images</u>.

Minify CSS

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP LCP

Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 53 KiB

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
<pre>chrome-extension://fmkadmapgofadopljbjfkapdkoienihi/build/renderer.js</pre>	116.1 KiB	50.0 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://fmkadmapgofadopljbjfkapdkoienihi/build/installHook.js</pre>	5.8 KiB	3.0 KiB

Reduce unused CSS

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused CSS</u>. FCP [LCP]

Reduce unused JavaScript

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. (LCP)

Efficiently encode images — Potential savings of 15 KiB

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
GitHub Utility 1st Party		82.4 KiB	15.2 KiB
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	min/portrait-femme-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	40.6 KiB	8.5 KiB
	min/photo-concert-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	41.8 KiB	6.7 KiB

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	URL		otential Savings
img.gallery-item.img-fl	luid		
Enable text compression	n		•
Text-based resources show more about text compress	uld be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to sion. FCP LCP	minimize total network bytes. <u>Le</u>	<u>earn</u>
Preconnect to required of	origins		
	ect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early co	nnections to important third-part	y origin
Initial server response ti	ime was short — Root document took 10 ms		
Keep the server response Time to First Byte metric.	time for the main document short because all other reque	ests depend on it. <u>Learn more at</u>	oout the
URL		Time	Spent
GitHub Utility 1st Pa	arty		10 ms
/SEO_NinaCarducci/	(samueltussing.github.io)		10 ms
Avoid multiple page redi	irects		
	onal delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to	avoid page redirects. FCP LCF	9
Redirects introduce addition			
			,
Preload key requests	1=preload> to prioritize fetching resources that are currents.		. <u>Learn</u>
Preload key requests Consider using <link rel<="" td=""/> <td></td> <td></td> <td>. <u>Learn</u></td>			. <u>Learn</u>
Preload key requests Consider using <link 2<="" how="" http="" key="" preload="" rel="" reques="" td="" to="" use=""/> <td></td> <td>ntly requested later in page load</td> <td>. <u>Learn</u></td>		ntly requested later in page load	. <u>Learn</u>

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Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. [TBT]

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript (TBT)

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u>. <u>[LCP]</u>

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 493 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>. <u>ICP</u>

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

	Snow 3rd-party resources (1)
URL	Transfer Size
GitHub Utility 1st Party	346.8 KiB
min/nina-carducci-photographe-1920x665px-min.avif (samueltussing.github.io)	92.9 KiB
min/photo-concert-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	42.0 KiB
min/portrait-femme-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	40.8 KiB
min/photographe-portrait-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	34.9 KiB
min/portrait-corporate-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	34.2 KiB
min/photo-evenementielle-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	33.4 KiB
min/photo-portrait-nina-carducci-440px-min.jpg (samueltussing.github.io)	23.9 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (samueltussing.github.io)	23.0 KiB
min/festival-de-musique-nina-carducci-440px-min.avif (samueltussing.github.io)	21.8 KiB
jQuery CDN Cdn	30.2 KiB

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URL	Transfer Size
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.2 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 136 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. (TBT)

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		136
Maximum DOM Depth	div.mg-prev	9
Maximum Child Elements	body	12

JavaScript execution time — 0.7 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. (TBT)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
GitHub Utility 1st Party	2,123 ms	303 ms	130 ms
/SEO_NinaCarducci/ (samueltussing.github.io)	1,838 ms	79 ms	115 ms
assets/scripts.min.js (samueltussing.github.io)	205 ms	180 ms	1 ms
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (samueltussing.github.io)	80 ms	44 ms	14 ms
Unattributable	427 ms	12 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	427 ms	12 ms	0 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	359 ms	199 ms	10 ms

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URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	359 ms	199 ms	10 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about font-display</u>. <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
jQuery CDN Cdn	30 KiB	5 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30 KiB	5 ms
Google Fonts Cdn	62 KiB	0 ms
v12/UcCO3FwrKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	16 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCr-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	14 KiB	0 ms

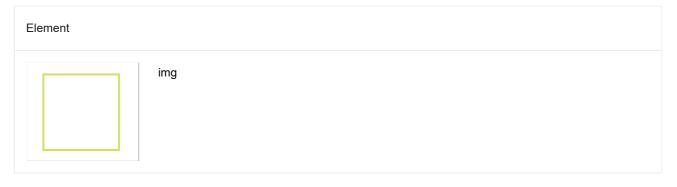
Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade</u>. (TBT)

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more about optimal lazy loading. [LCP]

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Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more about adopting passive event listeners</u>.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations CLS

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u>. TBT

Page didn't prevent back/forward cache restoration

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

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O The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more about logical tab ordering.	
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.	
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus to new content</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus trapping their focus.	<u>aps</u> .
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom controls and labels</u> .	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering</u> .	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technol</nav></main>	ogy.

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Learn more about landmark elements.

button. Learn more about input buttons.

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> <u>review</u>.

PASSED AUDITS (19) Hide [aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles. [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute. Input buttons have discernible text. Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input

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Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more about</u> form element labels.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more about the viewport meta tag.</u>

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements</u>.

Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribute.

Links have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn how to make links accessible</u>.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more about proper list structure</u>.

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List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order. NOT APPLICABLE (29) Hide [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more about access keys. button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make command elements more accessible. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels. ARIA meter elements have accessible names When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name meter elements. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to label progressbar elements. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

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Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions	. <u>Learn m</u>	<u>ore about</u>
oles and required children elements.		

[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility function Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	ns.
O [role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more about valid ARIA roles.</u>	<u>A</u>
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusation for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	able
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling treeitem elements.	ı it
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more about byp blocks.	<u>ass</u>
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn hostructure definition lists correctly.</u></td><td><u>iw to</u></td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can prop announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>erly</td></tr><tr><td>O [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

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All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn how to fix duplicate ids</u>.

 No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles. https://www.ntml.neghttps://www.ntml.neghttps://www.ntml.neg<a href="https://www.ntml.neg<a href="https://wwww.ntml.neg<a href="https:/ If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag. <object> elements have alternate text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute. Tables use <caption> instead of cells with the [colspan] attribute to indicate a caption. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that tables use the actual caption element instead of cells with the [colspan] attribute may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about captions. d> elements in a large have one or more table headers.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that elements in a large table (3 or more cells in width and height) have an associated table header may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more

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about table headers.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about the headers</u> <u>attribute</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> how to use the <u>lang attribute</u>.

video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more about video captions</u>.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

GENERAL

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Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.

Name	Version
Bootstrap	5.1.3
jQuery	3.4.1

PASSED AUDITS (13)
Hide

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications</u>.

Allows users to paste into input fields

Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. <u>Learn more about user-friendly input fields</u>.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio.

Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn how to provide responsive images</u>.

Page has the HTML doctype

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Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration.

Properly defines charset

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more about declaring the character encoding</u>.

Avoids unload event listeners

The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache.

Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. <u>Learn more about unload event listeners</u>

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

URL	Map URL
GitHub Utility 1st Party	
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (samueltussing.github .io)	bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.min.js.map (samueltussing.githu b.io)

NOT APPLICABLE (1) Hide

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

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Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more about preloading fonts



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)	Hide
O Structured data is valid	^
Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u> .	
Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.	
PASSED AUDITS (13)	Hide
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. (TBT)	<u>elay</u>
Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Document has a meta description</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more about the meta description</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

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Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible.

Links are crawlable

Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. <u>Learn how to make links crawlable</u>

Page isn't blocked from indexing

Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more about crawler directives</u>.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more about hreflang.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.

Document uses legible font sizes — 100% legible text

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more about legible font sizes</u>.

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
Legible text		100.00%	≥ 12px

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more about avoiding plugins</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately — 100% appropriately sized tap targets

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), or have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more about tap targets</u>.

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NOT APPLICABLE (1) Hide

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more about robots.txt</u>.



PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. <u>Learn what</u> <u>makes a good Progressive Web App.</u>

INSTALLABLE

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more about manifest installability requirements.

Failure reason

Page has no manifest <link> URL

PWA OPTIMIZED

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more about Service Workers</u>.

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more about splash screens.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

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The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more about theming the address bar.

▲ Content is not sized correctly for the viewport The viewport size of 424px does not match the window size of 412px.

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn how to size content for the viewport.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. TBT

Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn about maskable manifest icons.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3)

Hide

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn about cross-browser compatibility.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more about page transitions.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more about providing deep links</u>.

These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Captured at Sep 4, 2023, 12:21

PM GMT+2

Initial page load

Emulated Moto G Power with

Lighthouse 10.3.0

Slow 4G throttling

Single page load

Using Chromium 116.0.0.0 with

devtools

Generated by Lighthouse 10.3.0 | File an issue

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