CONTRACT CO1: loadTrain()

- Operation:
 - loadTrainConnectionsFromCSV(CSVPath: String).
- Cross reference:
 - Use case: Load Train Network.
- Pre-conditions:
 - CSV path is readable.
- Post-conditions:
 - Instance Train connection is created for each line.
 - Each connection is contained in TrainConnectionCatalog.
 - Instance of TrainGraph is created from TrainConnectionCatalog .

CONTRACT CO2: planTrip()

- Operation:
 - planTrip(departureCity: String, arrivalCity: String, trainTypes: Set<TrainType>, departureDays: Set<DayOfWeek>).
- Cross reference:
 - Use case: Plan Trip.
- Pre-conditions:
 - Traingraph object exists and isn't empty.
- Post-conditions:
 - a Predicate p was created from trainTypes and departureDays.
 - a list pathResults is created by querying for routes with up to two intermediate paths.
 - for each possible route, a PathResult pr was created.
 - the operation returns pathResults.

CONTRACT CO3: sortByPrice()

- Operation:
 - sortByPrice(choiceClass).
- Cross reference:
 - Use Case: sortByPrice.
- Pre-conditions:
 - A path result exists.
 - Choice of class (user input).
- Post-conditions:
 - If the option of price is chosen then pathResults was reordered in ascending order buy price.
 - Instance of comparator cmp was created.
 - Sort by second class tickets by default.
 - Displays reordered pathResults/ pathresultcatalog.

X

CONTRACT CO4: sortByDuration()

- Operation:
 - sortByDuration().
- Cross reference:
 - Use Case: sortByDuration.
- Pre-conditions:
 - A path result exists.
- Post-conditions:
 - Instance of comparator cmp was created.
 - Display second class tickets by default.
 - PathResults is reordered in ascending totalDuration.
 - Displays reordered pathResults/ pathresultcatalog.

CONTRACT CO5: viewTrips()

- Operation:
 - viewTrips(name: String, id: String)
 - Cross reference:
 - Use Case: View Trips.
 - Pre-conditions:
 - CustomerCatalog instance exists and contains at least one Customer.
 - The input name and id are provided by the User.
 - Post-conditions:
 - The system searches the CustomerCatalog for a Customer whose name and id match the input.
 - If a matching Customer exists, viewTrip(Customer) is called.
 - or that Customer, the operation iterates through each Trip they own.
 - For each Trip, toString() is invoked to retrieve trip details.
 - Within each Trip, toString() is called on each Reservation to gather reservation details.
 - The complete formatted list of trips and reservations is displayed.
 - If no matching Customer exists, the system displays "Customer not found."

CONTRACT CO6: bookTrip()

- Operation:
- bookTrip(customerCatalog: CustomerCatalog, chosenPath:
- Cross reference:
 - Use Case: Book Trip.
- Pre-conditions:
 - The system has successfully executed Use Case Search for Connections and produced a valid chosenPath.
 - The CustomerCatalog object exists and may contain previously registered customers.
 - The user is prompted to provide the number of travellers, followed by each traveller's name, ID, and age
- Post-conditions:
 - For each traveller:
 - The system checks if a customer with the provided name and ID already exists in the CustomerCatalog using find(id, name).
 - If no existing match is found, a new Customer object is created and added via add(name, id, age)
 - A new Trip object is created using the list of all travellers and the selected chosenPath.
 - The Trip constructor automatically creates a Reservation for each Customer associated with the trip
 - The newly created Trip is added to each Customer's list of trips (addTrip(trip)).
 - The system confirms successful booking by displaying all trip and reservation details for each participating customer.
 - The system returns to the main menu after confirmation.