

## LAB ASSIGNMENT 15

Implement C programs for the following problem statements:

1. Find the Length of String using Pointers.

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<string.h>
```

```
int string_ln(char*);
```

```
void main() {
```

```
    char str[20];
```

```
    int length;
```

```
    printf("\nEnter any string : ");
```

```
    gets(str);
```

```
    length = string_ln(str);
```

```
    printf("The length of the given string %s is : %d", str, length);
```

```
}
```

```
int string_ln(char*p) /* p= &str[0] */
```

```
{
```

```
    int count = 0;
```

```

while (*p != '\0') {
    count++;
    p++;
}
return count;
}

```

## 2. To read array of elements and print the value with the addresses.

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int arr[10];    //declare integer array
    int *pa;        //declare an integer pointer
    int i;

    pa=&arr[0];     //assign base address of array

    printf("Enter 5 array elements:\n");
    for(i=0;i < 5; i++){
        printf("Enter element %02d: ",i+1);
        scanf("%d",pa+i); //reading through pointer
    }
}

```

```

printf("\nEntered array elements are:");
printf("\nAddress\t\tValue\n");
for(i=0;i<5;i++){
    printf("%08X\t%03d\n",(pa+i),*(pa+i));
}

return 0;
}

```

3. First string from the given array whose reverse is also present in the same array

Input: str[] = {"hi", "geeks", "apple", "for", "elppa", "skeeg"} (geeks is first string having reverse string also)

Output: geeks

4. Create a new string by alternately combining the characters of two halves of the string in reverse.

Input : s = carbohydrates

Output : hsoebtraarc dy

Input : s = sunshine

Output : sennuish