

Assignment 3

Analyze the following code snippets and give your inferences

a) What will be the value of j for below-mentioned values of i?

```
switch (i) {  
case 2: i = i * i; case 4: i = i * i; default: i = i * i;  
break;  
case 16: i = i * i;}j = i;
```

Corrected-

```
#include <stdio.h>  
int main()  
{  
    int i = 1, j;  
    printf("i is %d \n", i);  
    switch (i) {  
        case 2: i = i * i;  
        case 4: i = i * i;  
        default: i = i * i;  
        break;  
        case 16: i = i * i;  
    }  
    j = i;  
    printf("j is %d \n", j);  
    return 0;  
}
```

Inference-

For i = 2, j = 256

For i = 4, j = 256

For i = 16, j = 256

For i = 1, j = 1

b) What would be the output of the following program

```
#define m 5+5 const int n = 5+5;
```

```
void main() {
```

```
int a = 0, b = 0;
```

```
a = m * m; b = n * n;
```

```
printf("%d %d\n", a, b);
```

```
}
```

Corrected-

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#define m (5+5)
```

```
const int n = 5+5;
```

```
void main() {
```

```
int a = 0, b = 0;
```

```
a = m * m;
```

```
b = n * n;
```

```
printf("%d %d\n", a, b);
```

```
}
```

Inference- Value of a and b is 100

c) What would be the output of the following program

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int i = 1, j = 1, k = 1, count = 0;
```

```
while (i < 2) {
```

```
for(; j < 4; j += k) do {
```

```
++count; k += i;
```

```
} while (k < 8); i += j;
```

```
}
```

```
printf("Loop Indices: %d %d %d\n", i, j, k); printf("Number
```

```
of iterations = %d\n", count);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int i = 1, j = 1, k = 1, count = 0;
```

```
while (i < 2) {
```

```
for(; j < 4; j += k) do {
```

```

        ++count; k += i;
    }
    while (k < 8);
    i += j;
}
printf("Loop Indices: %d %d %d\n", i, j, k);
printf("Number of iterations = %d\n",count);
return 0;
}

```

Inference- Loop Indices are 10, 9, and 8 respectively whereas
Number of iterations is 7

d) Implement C programs for the following problem statements:

Fibonacci Series: Fibonacci numbers are the numbers in the following integer

sequence: 0,1,1,2,3,5,8,13,21 ... By definition, the first two Fibonacci numbers

are 0 and 1, and each subsequent number is the sum of the previous two

numbers. Write a program that accepts a set of 'k' seed values, and find the

Fibonacci series for n with seed values $\text{fib}(n) = \text{fib}(n - 1) + \text{fib}(n - k)$

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int n, k=0, N;

    printf("Enter the number of terms to generate in the fibonacci series: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("Enter the value of k: ");
    scanf("%d", &k);

    int fib[k+2+N];
    fib[0]=0;
    fib[1]=1;

    printf("Enter set of %d seed values: \n", k);
    for (n=2; n<k+2; n++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &fib[n]);
    }
    printf("The fibonacci series is 0");
    for (n=1; n<k+2; n++)
    {
        printf(", %d", fib[n]);
    }

    k=k+2; //Since fibonacci starts with predefined values 0 and 1
    for (n=k; n<=k+N-1; n++)
```

```
{  
    fib[n]= fib[n-1] + fib[n-k];  
    printf(" %d", fib[n]);  
}  
return 0;  
}
```

Inference- First two values of Fibonacci series are predetermined as 0 and 1 respectively. It works only when $k < n$ since the term number can't be negative (from formula of Fibonacci series).