

Getting Data in and Out of R

1). Working with Excel Files

R needs excel special packages to read from Microsoft Excel. Some of the packages are XLConnect, xlsx, gdata. Xlsx package would be used here. To use it, we need to install it.

```
install.packages("xlsx")
```

To verify whether excel package has been installed

```
# Verify the package is installed.
```

```
any(grepl("xlsx",installed.packages()))
```

If installed (TRUE) then load library into the workspace

```
# Load the library into R workspace.
```

```
library("xlsx")
```

To read the excel workbook

```
d = read.xlsx("city.xlsx", sheetName = 1)
```

Data is read and stored as a Data frame.

2). Working with JSON Files

JSON stands for JavaScript Object Notation. JSON is a text format for storing and transporting data. JSON is "self-describing" and easy to understand. JSON is primarily used to transmit data between server and application.

To read JSON file, we need to install rjsonlite package.

```
install.packages("jsonlite")
```

To load

```
library("jsonlite")
```

To Read

```
jsonresult = fromJSON("sample.json")
```

```
Jsonresult
```

To Convert to JSON Data Frame

```
json_data_frame= as.data.frame(jsonresult)
```

```
Json_data_frame
```

Selection/Subsetting of Rows based on Column Value

1. *data[data\$dept == 'IT',]* To select rows who work in IT department
2. *subset(data,dept=='IT',)* // another way of doing the same operation
3. To select rows whose salary is greater than 600 and working in IT department
subset(data,salary>=600 & dept == 'IT')
data[data\$dept == 'IT' & data\$salary>=600]
4. *data\$name[data\$dept == 'IT' & data\$salary>=600]* To retrieve only the names (leaving out other columns) who are getting salary > 600