Started on	Tuesday, 13 May 2025, 4:52 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Tuesday, 13 May 2025, 11:00 PM
Time taken	6 hours 8 mins
Overdue	4 hours 8 mins
Grade	<b>80.00</b> out of 100.00

Question **1**Not answered
Mark 0.00 out of 20.00

Write a python program to print the following pattern

54321

5432

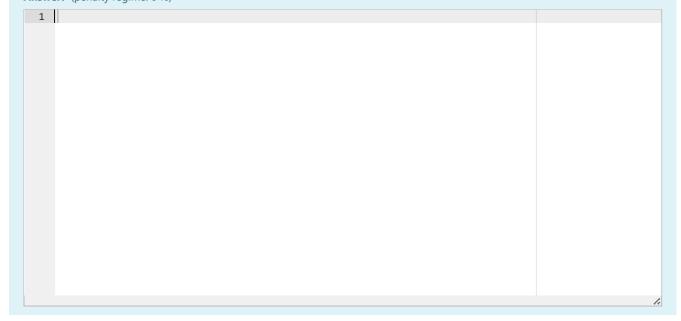
5 4 3

5 4

For example:

Input	Result					
5	5	4	3	2	1	
	5	4	3	2		
	5	4	3			
	5	4				
	5					
6	6	5	4	3	2	1
	6	5	4	3	2	
	6	5	4	3		
	6	5	4			
	6	5				
	6					

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

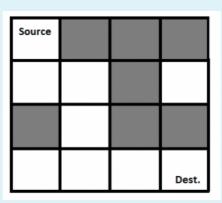


Question **2**Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

## **Rat In A Maze Problem**

You are given a maze in the form of a matrix of size n \* n. Each cell is either clear or blocked denoted by 1 and 0 respectively. A rat sits at the top-left cell and there exists a block of cheese at the bottom-right cell. Both these cells are guaranteed to be clear. You need to find if the rat can get the cheese if it can move only in one of the two directions - down and right. It can't move to blocked cells.



Provide the solution for the above problem Consider n=4)

The output (Solution matrix) must be 4\*4 matrix with value "1" which indicates the path to destination and "0" for the cell indicating the absence of the path to destination.

# Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
1 N = 4
 2
 3
 4
    def printSolution( sol ):
 5
 6
        for i in sol:
 7
            for j in i:
                print(str(j) + " ", end ="")
 8
            print("")
9
10
11
12 ,
   def isSafe( maze, x, y ):
13
        if x >= 0 and x < N and y >= 0 and y < N and maze[x][y] == 1:
14
15
            return True
16
17
        return False
18
19
20
    def solveMaze( maze ):
21
22
        # Creating a 4 * 4 2-D list
```

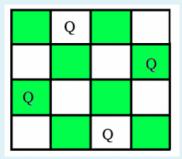
	Expected		G	ot					
~	_	0	-	-	_	-	-	-	~
	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	
	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	

27 PM	ASSESSMENT EXAM-20 -SEB: Attempt review	
Passed all tests! 🗸		
orrect		
arks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.		

```
Question 3
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

You are given an integer **N**. For a given **N** x **N** chessboard, find a way to place '**N**' queens such that no queen can attack any other queen on the chessboard.

A queen can be attacked when it lies in the same row, column, or the same diagonal as any of the other queens. **You have to print one such configuration**.



### Note:

Get the input from the user for N . The value of N must be from 1 to 4

If solution exists Print a binary matrix as output that has 1s for the cells where queens are placed

If there is no solution to the problem print "Solution does not exist"

## For example:

Result
0010
1000
0001
0 1 0 0

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

### Reset answer

```
1 global N
2 N = int(input())
    def printSolution(board):
 4
 5
        for i in range(N):
            for j in range(N):
 6
 7
                print(board[i][j], end = " ")
 8
            print()
10
   def isSafe(board, row, col):
11
        # Check this row on left side
12
13
        for i in range(col):
14
            if board[row][i] == 1:
15
                return False
16
17
        # Check upper diagonal on left side
18
        for i, j in zip(range(row, -1, -1),
19
                         range(col, -1, -1)):
20
            if board[i][j] == 1:
21
                return False
22
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0	<b>&gt;</b>



Question 4
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

# **SUBSET SUM PROBLEM**

We are given a list of n numbers and a number x, the task is to write a python program to find out all possible subsets of the list such that their sum is x.

## **Examples:**

```
Input: arr = [2, 4, 5, 9], x = 15

Output: [2, 4, 9]

15 can be obtained by adding 2, 4 and 9 from the given list.

Input: arr = [10, 20, 25, 50, 70, 90], x = 80

Output: [10, 70]

[10, 20, 50]

80 can be obtained by adding 10 and 70 or by adding 10, 20 and 50 from the given list.
```

### THE INPUT

- 1.No of numbers
- 2.Get the numbers
- 3.Sum Value

## For example:

Input	Result		
4	[2, 4, 9]		
2			
4			
5			
9			
15			
5	[4, 5]		
4			
16			
5			
23			
12			
9			

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1  from itertools import combinations;
    def subsetSum(n, arr, x):
 3 ,
 4
 5
        for i in range (n+1):
            for subset in combinations(arr, i):
 6
 7
                # printing the subset if its sum is x:
                if sum(subset) == x:
 8
                    print(list(subset))
10
    n=int(input())
11
   arr=[]
12
13 🔻
   for i in range(0,n):
        a=int(input())
14
15
        arr.append(a)
16
   x = int(innut())
```

17 subsetSum(n, arr, x)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4 2 4 5 9 15	[2, 4, 9]	[2, 4, 9]	~
~	6 10 20 25 50 70 90 80	[10, 70] [10, 20, 50]	[10, 70] [10, 20, 50]	~
~	5 4 16 5 23 12 9	[4, 5]	[4, 5]	*

Passed all tests! 🗸

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

```
Question 5

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

# **GRAPH COLORING PROBLEM**

Given an undirected graph and a number m, determine if the graph can be coloured with at most m colours such that no two adjacent vertices of the graph are colored with the same color. Here coloring of a graph means the assignment of colors to all vertices.

Input-Output format:

Input:

- 1. A 2D array graph[V][V] where V is the number of vertices in graph and graph[V][V] is an adjacency matrix representation of the graph. A value graph[i][j] is 1 if there is a direct edge from i to j, otherwise graph[i][j] is 0.
- 2. An integer m is the maximum number of colors that can be used.

#### Output:

An array color[V] that should have numbers from 1 to m. color[i] should represent the color assigned to the ith vertex.

#### **Example:**

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 v class Graph:
 2
 3 -
        def __init__(self, vertices):
 4
            self.V = vertices
            self.graph = [[0 for _ in range(vertices)] for _ in range(vertices)]
 5
 6
        def isSafe(self, v, colour, c):
 7
 8
            for i in range(self.V):
                if self.graph[v][i] == 1 and colour[i] == c:
 9
10
                    return False
11
            return True
12
        def graphColourUtil(self, m, colour, v):
13
14
            if v == self.V:
                return True
15
16
            for c in range(1, m + 1):
17
                if self.isSafe(v, colour, c):
18 ,
```

```
colour[v] = c
if self.graphColourUtil(m, colour, v + 1):
return True
colour[v] = 0 # Backtrack if assigning color c doesn't lead to a solution
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	g = Graph(4) g.graph = [[0, 1, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 0], [1, 1, 0, 1], [1, 0, 1, 0]] m = 3 g.graphColouring(m)	Solution exist and Following are the assigned colours: 1 2 3 2	Solution exist and Following are the assigned colours: 1 2 3 2	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.