BROADWAY INFOSYS NEPAL

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A PROJECT ON PYTHON PROGRAMMING

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First of all, we want to thank our sir Anish Chapagain sir for giving us the basic and creative concepts of python programming. On the guidance of our sir we have prepared a project on web scrapping and file handling of the given website on python.

INTRODUCTION:

On our project we have done scrapping on the website http://www.aiovision.org from where we have scrapped the members of that website using scrapping packages. We have scrapped the title of organizations with its address, zip code, telephone, website and gmail of that organization and save to the csv file using python. The tools and packages used on this process are given below:

1. BEAUTIFUL SOUP:

There are many scrapping packages in python. Among them we have used Beautiful Soup for scrapping. Beautiful Soup provides a few simple methods and Pythonic idioms for navigating, searching, and modifying a parse tree: a toolkit for dissecting a document and extracting what you need. It doesn't take much code to write an application. Beautiful Soup automatically converts incoming documents to Unicode and outgoing documents to UTF-8. You don't have to think about encodings; unless the document doesn't specify an encoding and Beautiful Soup can't auto detect one. Then you just have to specify the original encoding. Beautiful Soup sits on top of popular Python parsers like lxml and html5lib.So, in this project Beautiful Soup is used as scrapping tools.

2. REGEX:

In this project we have use regex to determine the exact details of organizations like telephone, website, zip code and so on. Regular expressions (called REs, or regexes, or regex patterns) are essentially a tiny, highly specialized programming language embedded inside Python and made available through the re module. Using this little language, you specify the rules for the set of possible strings that you want to match; this set might contain English sentences, or e-mail addresses, or TeX commands, or anything you like. Regular expression patterns are compiled into a series of byte codes which are then executed by a matching engine written in C. For advanced use, it may be necessary to pay careful attention to how the engine will execute a given RE, and write the RE in a certain way in order to produce byte code that runs faster. Optimization isn't covered in this document, because it requires that you have a good understanding of the matching engine's internals.

3. FOR LOOP:

For loop is used for iterating over a sequence (that is either a list, a tuple or a string). This is less like the for keyword in other programming language, and works more like an iterator method as found in other object-orientated programming languages.

4. CSV FILE:

Python has a vast library of modules that are included with its distribution. The csv module gives the Python programmer the ability to parse CSV (Comma Separated Values) files. A CSV file is a human readable text file where each line has a number of fields, separated by commas or some other delimiter. You can think of each line as a row and each field as a column. The CSV format has no standard, but they are similar enough that the csv module will be able to read the vast majority of CSV files. You can also write CSV files using the csv module.

SOURCE CODE:

```
mport urllib
      soup=BeautifulSoup(page, "html.parser")
```

```
del details[s:-1]
try:
    zipcode=details[-2]
    details.__delitem__(-2)
except:
    print("")
address=" ".join(details)
row=[title,address,zipcode,telephone,website,gmail]
writer.writerow(row)
```

File of source is attached in this documentation.

OUTPUT:

The output in csv file looks like this:



