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D. Y. Patil Institute of Master of Computer Applications and Management

Practical Journal

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Class: MCA 1st Year DIV: C

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D. Y. Patil Institute of Master of Computer Applications & Management (Approved by AICTE, Recognized by DTE, Mah.; Affiliated to SPPU)

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MCA – I (Sem – I)

Lab: Data Structure and Algorithm

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CO Mapped=CO4 BT Level 3=Apply and 6=Create

| SR NO | Programs | Date | Sign |
|-------|--|----------|------|
| 1 | Apply the DDL algorithm and Create doubly linked list and perform the following operations: insert from head, insert from tail, insert from specified position and display | 7/10/24 | |
| 2 | Apply the DDL algorithm and Create doubly linked list and perform the following operations: delete from head, delete from tail, delete from specified position and display | 8/10/24 | |
| 3 | Apply the Circular SLL algorithm and Create Circular Singly linked list and perform the following operations: insert from head, insert from tail, insert from specified position and display | 9/10/24 | |
| 4 | Apply the Circular SLL algorithm and Create Circular Singly linked list and perform the following operations: delete from head, delete from tail, delete from specified position and display | 17/10/24 | |
| 5 | Apply the Circular DLL algorithm and Create Circular Doubly linked list and perform the following operations: insert from head, insert from tail, insert from specified position and display | 18/10/24 | |
| 6 | Apply the Circular DLL algorithm and Create Circular Doubly linked list and perform the following operations: delete from head, delete from tail, delete from specified position and display | 21/10/24 | |
| 7 | Apply Stack Algorithm and create Stack using array and perform following operations: Push, POP, Peek | 22/10/24 | |
| 8 | Apply Stack Algorithm and create Stack using linked list and perform following operations: Push, POP, Peek | 23/10/24 | |

Practical 1:

Apply the DDL algorithm and Create a doubly linked list and perform the following operations: insert from head, insert from tail, insert from specified position and display

```
class Node:
  def __init__(self,data):
    self.data=data
    self.prev=None
    self.next=None
class DLL:
  def __init__(self):
    self.head=None
    self.tail=None
  def insert_head(self,data):
    newNode=Node(data)
    if self.head is None:
       self.head=newNode
       self.tail=newNode
    else:
       newNode.next=self.head
       self.head.prev=newNode
       self.head=newNode
  def insert_tail(self,data):
    newNode=Node(data)
    if self.head is None:
       self.head=newNode
       self.tail=newNode
    else:
       self.tail.next=newNode
```

```
newNode.prev=self.tail
       self.tail=newNode
  def insert_spec(self,data,loc):
    newNode=Node(data)
    if self.head is None:
       self.head=newNode
       self.tail=newNode
    elif loc==1:
       self.insert_head(data)
    else:
       cNode=self.head
       cLoc=1
       while cNode is not None and cLoc<loc-1:
         cNode=cNode.next
         cLoc+=1
       newNode.next=cNode.next
       cNode.next.prev=newNode
       newNode.prev=cNode
       cNode.next=newNode
  def display(self):
    temp=self.head
    while temp:
       print(temp.data,end="-->")
       temp=temp.next
    print("None")
dll=DLL()
dll.insert_head(10)
dll.insert_head(20)
dll.display()
```

```
dll.insert_tail(40)
dll.insert_tail(50)
dll.display()
dll.insert_spec(100,2)
dll.insert_spec(75,5)
dll.display()
```

output:

```
PS E:\VS Code> python -u "e:\VS Code\DS\Mid Term\pra1.py"
20-->10-->None
20-->10-->40-->50-->None
20-->100-->10-->40-->75-->50-->None
```

Practical 2:

Apply the DDL algorithm and Create doubly linked list and perform the following operations: delete from head, delete from tail, delete from specified position and display

```
class Node:
  def ___init___(self,data):
    self.data=data
    self.prev=None
    self.next=None
class DLL:
  def __init__(self):
    self.head=None
    self.tail=None
  def insert_head(self,data):
    newNode=Node(data)
    if self.head is None:
       self.head=newNode
       self.tail=newNode
    else:
       newNode.next=self.head
       self.head.prev=newNode
       self.head=newNode
  def del_head(self):
    if self.head is None:
       print("Linked list is Empty")
    else:
       self.head=self.head.next
       self.head.prev=None
```

```
def del_tail(self):
  if self.head is None:
     print("Linked list is Empty")
  else:
    self.tail=self.tail.prev
     self.tail.next.prev=None
    self.tail.next=None
def del_spec(self,loc):
  if self.head is None:
     print("Linked list is Empty")
  elif loc==1:
    self.del_head()
  else:
     cNode=self.head
    cLoc=1
     while cNode is not None and cLoc<loc-1:
       cNode=cNode.next
       cLoc+=1
    if cNode.next.next:
       cNode.next=cNode.next.next
       cNode.next.prev=cNode
     else:
       cNode.next=None
def display(self):
  temp=self.head
  while temp:
    print(temp.data,end="-->")
     temp=temp.next
  print("None")
```

```
dll=DLL()
dll.insert_head(10)
dll.insert_head(20)
dll.insert_head(30)
dll.insert_head(40)
dll.insert_head(50)
dll.display()
dll.del_head()
dll.display()
dll.del_tail()
dll.display()
dll.del_spec(3)
dll.display()
```

```
PS E:\VS Code> python -u "e:\VS Code\DS\Mid Term\pra2.py 50-->40-->30-->20-->10-->None 40-->30-->20-->None 40-->30-->20-->None 40-->30-->20-->None
```

Practical 3:

Apply the SLL algorithm and Create Circular Singly linked list and perform the following operations: insert from head, insert from tail, insert from specified position and display

```
class node:
  def __init__(self,data):
    self.data=data
    self.next=None
class circlList:
  def __init__(self):
    self.head=None
  def insert_beg(self,data):
    newNode = node(data)
    if self.head==None:
       self.head=newNode
       newNode.next=self.head
    else:
       cNode=self.head
       while cNode.next != self.head:
         cNode=cNode.next
       newNode.next=self.head
       self.head=newNode
       cNode.next=self.head
  def insert_end(self,data):
    newNode=node(data)
    if self.head==None:
       self.head=newNode
       newNode.next=self.head
    else:
```

```
cNode=self.head
    while cNode.next != self.head:
       cNode=cNode.next
    cNode.next=newNode
    newNode.next=self.head
def insert_spec(self,data,loc):
  newNode=node(data)
  if self.head==None:
    self.head=newNode
    newNode.next=self.head
  elif loc==1:
    self.insert_beg(data)
  else:
    cNode=self.head
    cLoc=1
    while cNode.next!=self.head and cLoc<loc-1:
       cNode=cNode.next
       cLoc=cLoc+1
    newNode.next=cNode.next
    cNode.next=newNode
def display(self):
  if self.head==None:
    print("Linked list is empty: ")
  else:
    cNode=self.head
    while cNode.next!=self.head:
       print(cNode.data,end="-->")
       cNode=cNode.next
    print(cNode.data)
```

```
cl = circlList()
cl.insert_beg(10)
cl.insert_beg(20)
cl.display()
cl.insert_end(40)
cl.insert_end(50)
cl.display()
cl.insert_spec(100,2)
cl.insert_spec(78,4)
cl.display()
```

Practical 4:

Apply the Circular SLL algorithm and Create Circular Singly linked list and perform the following operations: delete from head, delete from tail, delete from specified position and display

```
class node:
 def __init__(self, data):
    self.data = data
    self.next = None
class circlList:
  def __init__(self):
    self.head = None
  def insert beg(self, data):
    newNode = node(data)
    if self.head is None:
      self.head = newNode
      newNode.next = self.head
    else:
      cNode = self.head
      while cNode.next != self.head:
        cNode = cNode.next
      newNode.next = self.head
      self.head = newNode
      cNode.next = self.head
  def delete_spec(self, loc):
    if self.head is None:
```

```
print("Linked list is already empty")
    return
  if self.head.next == self.head and loc == 1:
    self.head = None
    print("After deletion, the list is empty")
    return
  if loc == 1:
    self.delete_beg()
    return
  cNode = self.head
  cLoc = 1
  while cNode.next != self.head and cLoc < loc - 1:
    cNode = cNode.next
    cLoc += 1
  if cNode.next == self.head:
    print("Position out of range")
    return
  cNode.next = cNode.next.next
def delete_beg(self):
  if self.head is None:
    print("Linked list is already empty")
    return
  if self.head.next == self.head:
    self.head = None
    print("After deletion, the list is empty")
    return
  cNode = self.head
```

```
while cNode.next != self.head:
    cNode = cNode.next
  self.head = self.head.next
  cNode.next = self.head
def delete_end(self):
  if self.head is None:
    print("Linked list is already empty")
    return
  if self.head.next == self.head:
    self.head = None
    print("After deletion, the list is empty")
    return
  cNode = self.head
  while cNode.next.next != self.head:
    cNode = cNode.next
  cNode.next = self.head
def display(self):
  if self.head is None:
    print("Linked list is empty")
    return
  cNode = self.head
  while cNode.next != self.head:
    print(cNode.data, end=" --> ")
    cNode = cNode.next
  print(cNode.data)
```

```
cl = circlList()
cl.insert_beg(10)
cl.insert_beg(20)
cl.insert_beg(30)
cl.insert_beg(40)
cl.insert_beg(50)
cl.display()
cl.delete_beg()
cl.display()
cl.delete_end()
cl.display()
cl.delete_spec(3)
cl.display()
```

```
PS E:\VS Code> python -u "e:\VS Code\DS\Mid Term\prac4.py"
50 --> 40 --> 30 --> 20 --> 10
40 --> 30 --> 20
40 --> 30 --> 20
40 --> 30
.
```

Practical 5:

Apply the circular DLL algorithm and Create Circular Doubly linked list and perform the following operations: insert from head, insert from tail, insert from specified position and display

```
# Apply the Circular DLL algorithm and Create Circular Doubly
# linked list and perform the following operations: insert from
# head, insert from tail, insert from specified position and display
class node:
  def __init__(self,data):
    self.data=data
    self.next=None
    self.prev=None
class circlList:
  def init (self):
    self.head=None
  def insert_beg(self,data):
    newNode = node(data)
    if self.head==None:
      self.head=newNode
      newNode.next=self.head
      newNode.prev=self.head
    else:
      cNode=self.head
      while cNode.next != self.head:
```

```
cNode=cNode.next
    newNode.next=self.head
    newNode.prev=cNode
    self.head=newNode
    cNode.next=self.head
def insert_end(self,data):
  newNode=node(data)
  if self.head==None:
    self.head=newNode
    newNode.next=self.head
  else:
    cNode=self.head
    while cNode.next != self.head:
      cNode=cNode.next
    newNode.prev=cNode
    cNode.next=newNode
    newNode.next=self.head
def insert_spec(self,data,loc):
  newNode=node(data)
  if self.head==None:
    self.head=newNode
    newNode.next=self.head
    newNode.prev=self.head
  elif loc==1:
    self.insert_beg(data)
  else:
```

```
cNode=self.head
    cLoc=1
    while cNode.next!=self.head and cLoc<loc-1:
      cNode=cNode.next
      cLoc=cLoc+1
    newNode.next=cNode.next
    cNode.next.prev=newNode
    cNode.next=newNode
    newNode.prev=cNode
def display(self):
  if self.head==None:
    print("Linked list is empty: ")
  else:
    cNode=self.head
    while cNode.next!=self.head:
      print(cNode.data,end="<-->")
      cNode=cNode.next
    print(cNode.data)
def display_rev(self):
  if self.head == None:
    print("Linked list is empty")
  else:
    cNode = self.head
    while cNode.next != self.head:
      cNode = cNode.next
    temp = cNode
```

```
while temp != self.head:
    print(temp.data, end="<-->")
    temp = temp.prev
    print(temp.data)

cl = circlList()
cl.insert_beg(10)
cl.insert_beg(20)
cl.display()
cl.insert_end(40)
cl.insert_end(50)
cl.display()
cl.insert_spec(100,2)
cl.insert_spec(78,4)
cl.display()
cl.display()
```

```
PS E:\VS Code> python -u "e:\VS Code\DS\Mid Term\prac5.py"
20<-->10
20<-->10<-->40<-->50
20<-->100<-->78<-->40<-->50
50<-->40<-->78<-->10<-->20
```

Practical 6:

Apply the Circular DLL algorithm and Create Circular Doubly linked list and perform the following operations: delete from head, delete from tail, delete from specified position and display

```
class node:
  def __init__(self, data):
    self.data = data
    self.next = None
    self.prev = None
class circlList:
  def __init__(self):
    self.head = None
  def insert beg(self, data):
    newNode = node(data)
    if self.head == None:
      self.head = newNode
      newNode.next = self.head
      newNode.prev = self.head
    else:
      cNode = self.head
      while cNode.next != self.head:
        cNode = cNode.next
      newNode.next = self.head
      newNode.prev = cNode
      self.head.prev = newNode
      self.head = newNode
```

```
cNode.next = self.head
def delete_head(self):
  if self.head == None:
    print("Linked list is already empty")
  elif self.head.next == self.head:
    self.head = None
  else:
    cNode = self.head
    while cNode.next != self.head:
      cNode = cNode.next
    self.head = self.head.next
    self.head.prev = cNode
    cNode.next = self.head
def delete_tail(self):
  if self.head == None:
    print("Linked list is already empty")
  elif self.head.next == self.head:
    self.head = None
  else:
    cNode = self.head
    while cNode.next != self.head:
      cNode = cNode.next
```

```
def delete_spec(self, loc):
```

cNode.prev.next = self.head

self.head.prev = cNode.prev

```
if self.head == None:
    print("Linked list is already empty")
  elif loc == 1:
    self.delete_head()
  else:
    cNode = self.head
    cLoc = 1
    while cNode.next != self.head and cLoc < loc:
      cNode = cNode.next
      cLoc += 1
    if cNode == self.head:
      print("Location exceeds the length of the list")
    else:
      cNode.prev.next = cNode.next
      cNode.next.prev = cNode.prev
def display(self):
  if self.head == None:
    print("Linked list is empty")
  else:
    cNode = self.head
    while cNode.next != self.head:
      print(cNode.data, end="<-->")
      cNode = cNode.next
    print(cNode.data)
```

```
cl.insert_beg(10)
cl.insert_beg(20)
cl.insert_beg(30)
cl.insert_beg(40)
cl.insert_beg(50)
cl.display()
cl.delete_head()
cl.display()
cl.delete_tail()
cl.display()
cl.delete_spec(2)
cl.display()
```

```
PS E:\VS Code> python -u "e:\VS Code\DS\Mid Term\prac6.py"

50<-->40<-->30<-->20<-->10

40<-->30<-->20<-->10

40<-->30<-->20

40<-->20
```

Practical 7:

Apply Stack Algorithm and create Stack using array and perform following operations: Push, POP, Peek

```
Solution:
class Stack:
  def __init__(self):
    self.stack = []
  def push(self, item):
    self.stack.append(item)
  def isEmpty(self):
    return len(self.stack) == 0
  def pop(self):
    if self.isEmpty():
       return("Underflow - Stack is empty")
    else:
       return self.stack.pop()
  def peek(self):
    if self.isEmpty():
       return("Underflow - Stack is empty")
    else:
       return self.stack[-1]
  def display(self):
```

if self.isEmpty():

```
return("Underflow - Stack is empty")
else:
    print(self.stack)

s=Stack()
s.push(10)
s.push(20)
s.push(30)
s.display()
print("Stack Top: ",s.peek())
print("Popped: ",s.pop())
print("Popped: ",s.pop())
s.display()
```

```
PS E:\VS Code> python -u "e:\VS Code\DS\Mid Term\prac7.py"

[10, 20, 30]

Stack Top : 30

Popped : 30

Popped : 20

[10]
```

Practical 8:

Apply Stack Algorithm and create Stack using linked list and perform following operations: Push, POP, Peek

else:

popped node=self.top

```
Solution:
# Apply Stack Algorithm and create Stack using linked list and
# perform following operations: Push, POP, Peek
class Node:
  def __init__(self, data):
    self.data = data
    self.next=None
class Stack:
  def __init__(self):
    self.top=None
  def push(self,data):
    newNode=Node(data)
    if self.top is None:
      self.top=newNode
    else:
      newNode.next=self.top
      self.top=newNode
  def pop(self):
    if self.top is None:
      return "Stack is empty"
```

```
self.top=self.top.next
      popped_node.next=None
      return popped_node.data
  def peek(self):
    if self.top is None:
      return "Stack is empty"
    else:
      return self.top.data
  def display(self):
    if self.top is None:
      print("Stack is Empty")
    else:
      temp = self.top
      print("----")
      while temp:
        print(temp.data)
        print("----")
        temp=temp.next
s=Stack()
s.push(10)
s.push(20)
s.push(30)
s.push(40)
print("After pushing: ")
s.display()
```

```
print("Popped Element :",s.pop())
print("After popping: ")
s.display()
print("Stack Top :",s.peek())
```

```
PS E:\VS Code> python -u "e:\VS Code\DS\Mid Term\prac8.py"

After pushing:
----
40
----
30
----
10
----
Popped Element : 40

After popping:
----
20
----
Stack Top : 30 _____
```