

# PHYSICS PRACTICAL SHEET

Date .....

Class ..... C.E

Roll No. .... 25

Shift ..... Day

Object of the Experiment (Block Letter)

8/8/2023

Experiment No. .... 1

Group ..... T

Sub. .... PHY102

Set .....

## MEASUREMENT OF LOW RESISTANCE USING CAREY-FOSTER'S BRIDGE

### Apparatus Required:

- |                                  |                                     |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| i) Carey-Foster's bridge         | (ii) Two equal resistance           |
| iii) A fractional resistance box | (iv) Cell                           |
| v) Connecting wire               | vi) Sensitive galvanometer + jockey |

### Theory:

Carey-Foster's bridge is modification of meter bridge. The arrangement is similar to wheatstone bridge.

P and Q are two equal ratio arms. Let D be the balance point, then X along with the resistance of wire aD and Y along with resistance of wire bD form the other two arms.

If S is resistance / cm wire,  $\lambda_1$  and  $\lambda_2$  are the end resistance at 'a' and 'b' respectively, then the balance point is obtained at D, where  $aD = 1$ .

$$\frac{P}{Q} = \frac{X + \lambda_1 S + \lambda_1}{Y + (100 - \lambda_1)S + \lambda_2} \quad \text{--- (i)} \quad \text{when X and Y are interchanged,}$$

$$\frac{P}{Q} = \frac{Y + \lambda_2 S + \lambda_2}{X + (100 - \lambda_2)S + \lambda_1} \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

Comparing (i) and (ii), we get.

$$\frac{X + Y + 100S + \lambda_1 + \lambda_2}{Y + (100 - \lambda_1)S + \lambda_2} = \frac{X + Y + 100S + \lambda_1 + \lambda_2}{X + (100 - \lambda_2)S + \lambda_1}$$

$$\therefore Y - X = (\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)S.$$

$$\therefore X = Y - Sd.$$

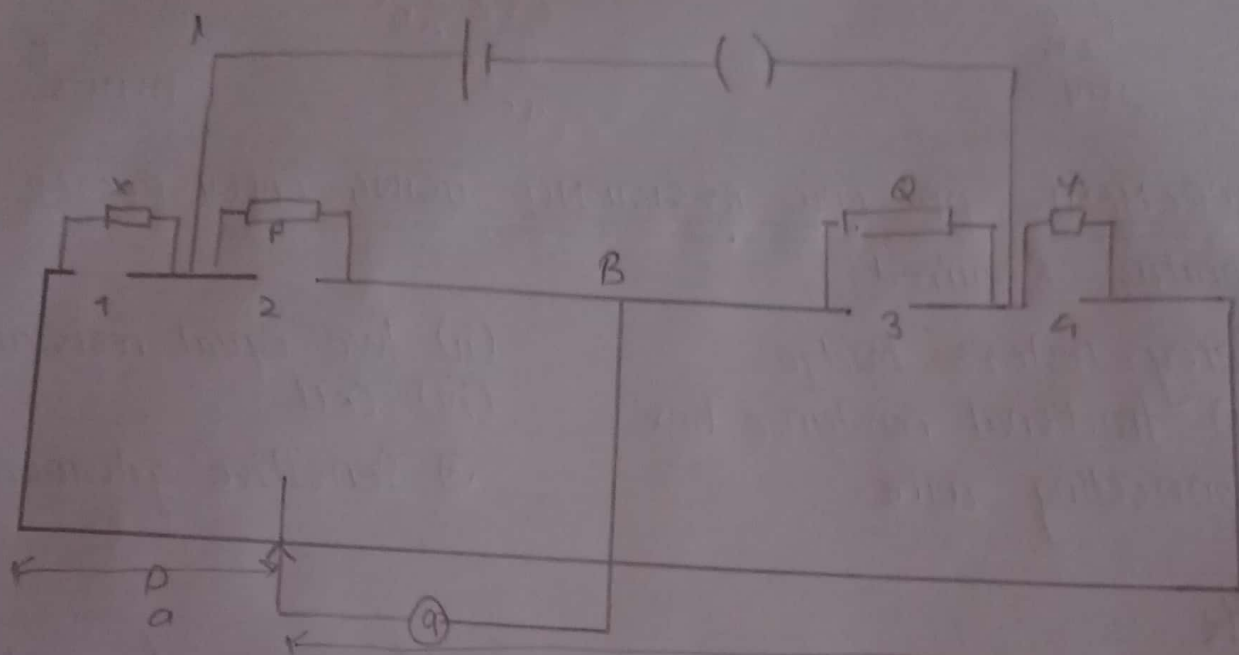


Fig. Schematic diagram of circuit of Carey-Foster's method.

## OBSERVATIONS:

Balance point with  $y=0$  in the right gap and  $X$  zero in left gap ( $x$ ) = 51.9 cm

Balance point with  $y=0$  in left gap and  $X$  zero in right gap ( $y$ ) = 46 cm.

Correction  $\delta L = (x-y) = 5.9$  cm

Table 1

No of obs	X	Y	Position of balance		Shift $S_h = (L_1 - L_2)$	Corrected	$S = y/d$
			Left	Right		shift $d = S_h - \delta L$	
1	0	0.1	53.7	43.9	9.8	3.9	0.025
2	0	0.2	56.3	42	14.3	8.4	0.023
3	0	0.3	58.1	39.9	18.2	12.3	0.0243
4	0	0.4	59.9	38.1	21.8	15.9	0.025
5	0	0.5	61.7	35.7	26.0	20.1	0.024

Mean  $S = 0.02452$  / cm



Table 2:

No of obs	y	Position of balance		Shift $sh = I_1 - I_2$	Corrected	Unknown resistance
		Left	Right		Shift $d = sh - \delta L$	
1	0.1	36.2	62.6	-26.4	-32.3	0.88
2	0.2	38.6	60.5	-21.9	-27.8	0.87
3	0.3	40.4	58.6	-18.2	-24.1	0.88
4	0.4	42	56.6	-14.6	-20.5	0.89
5	0.5	44.8	54.1	-9.3	-15.2	0.87

$$\text{Mean } x = 0.88 \Omega$$

## RESULT:

The value of given unknown resistance is  $0.88 \Omega$

## PRECAUTIONS:

- (i) The end of connecting wires, copper strip, and leads for resistance must be cleaned properly
- (ii) The unknown resistance should be connected using thick copper leads.
- (iii) The plugs of fractional resistance box should be tight.