Variables and Expressions

Lecture 2

Character Set

➤ Alphabets

Digits

Special character

➤ White spaces

blank space newline vertical tab horizontal tab

Keywords

- Predefined by language
- Cannot be used by programmer anyway other than that specified by syntax
- ➤ Must be written in lowercase
- > Examples

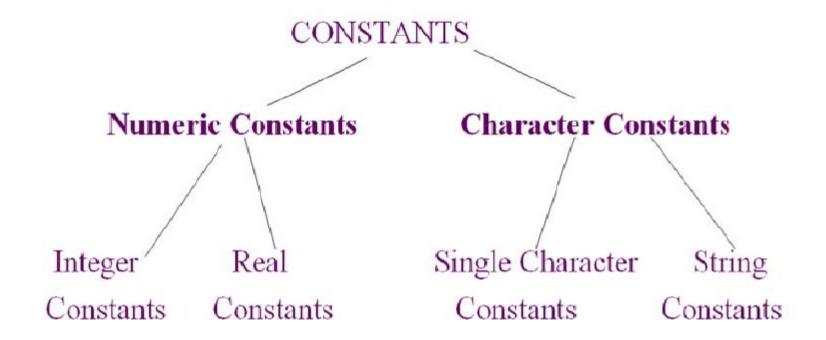
int	float	double	char	void
if	else	return	switch	case
default	for	do	while	break
continue	struct	union	typedef	enum
sizeof	extern	signed	unsigned	long
short	static	const	goto	auto
register	volatile			

Identifiers

- Used to identify or name variables, constants, functions etc
- ➤ Identifiers can be sequence of letters followed by numbers x12 area sum ram5 sita
- ➤ Identifier can start with underscore : _
- Names should not be same as keywords
- Case sensitive

Constants

- Fixed value that do not change during execution
- Classification



Constants

- Numeric constant refers to sequence of digit
 - Integer constant
 - Set of digits from 0 to 9 precede by or +
 - eg. 12, -45, +90, -50
 - Real constant
 - eg. 2.5, 4.6, -9.7
- Character constant refers to sequence of character
 - Single character constant
 - Contain single character
 - eg. 'a', 'o', '5', '?
 - String constant
 - Sequence of character
 - eg. "ram", "456", "s", "8"

Escape sequences

printf("hello world.This is my first program");

Output: hello world. This is my first program

printf("hello world. \n This is my first program");

Output: hello world.

This is my first program

➤ List of escape sequence

\a	alert (bell) character	\\	backslash
\b	backspace	\?	question mark
\f	formfeed	\'	single quote
\n	newline	\"	double quote
\r	carriage return	\000	octal number
\t	horizontal tab	\xhh	hexadecimal number
\v	vertical tab		

Variables

- Use to store data value
- Chosen by programmer
- ➤ Variable names
 - Variable name can be sequence of letters followed by numbers or underscore abc, abc23, a76bh, no90, name_ss, si_int
 3abc is not allowed
 - Variable can start with underscore : __
 _sum, __abc
 - Names should not be same as keywords int as variable name is not allowed
 - Case sensitive
 abc ≠ ABC ≠ Abc ≠ aBc
 - White space is not allowed abc 123 is not allowed, it should be abc123

Data Type

- Primary Data Types
 - int
 - char
 - float
 - double
- User Defined Data Type
- Secondary / Derived Data Type

Primary Data Type

- Integer Types
 - · defined by int
 - Signed and unsigned
 - To control storage space, C has three classes of integer storage namely short int, int and long int

1bytes (8 bits)
2bytes
4bytes

Using variable

- Declare Variable int a;
- Define Variable
 a=10;
- Initialize Variable int a=10;

Scope of variables

```
#include<stdio.h>
                                Global Declaration Section
int length;
                                      Global variable
main()
  int width;
       int height;
                                                Local variable
anotherfunction()
  int area;
```

Printing Integer

```
Format specifier for integer is %d or %i int a, b;
a=10;
b=30;
printf("First number : %d \n Second number=%d",a,b);
Input Integer int a;
printf("Enter an integer:");
scanf("%d",&a);
```

Problem : Calculate area of rectangle
#include < stdio.h >
main()
{
 int l, b, a;
 printf("Enter length :");
 scanf("%d",&l);
 printf("Enter breadth :");
 scanf("%d",&b);
 a=l*b;
 printf("Area of rectange = %d\n",a);

Primary Data Type (contd.)

- ➤ Character Type
 - defined by char
 - 1 byte memory size
 - Unsigned and signed character
 - Format string for character is %c

```
Example :
    char first;
    first = 'a';
    printf("first character :%c",first);
```

Primary Data Type (contd.)

- ➤ Floating
 - Define by float
 - Use to store fractional numbers with 6 digit precision
 - 4 bytes size
- > Double
 - Define by double
 - Use to store fractional numbers with 14 digit precision

Both float and double do not have signed and unsigned types and format string for float and double is %f