

ASSIGNMENT-I (2023)

MATH 104

1. Define polar, Cylindrical and spherical coordinates of a point in space. Establish the relation among Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical coordinates in three dimensional coordinates.
2. Replace the following Cartesian equations by equivalent polar equations.
(a) $y = -5$ (b) $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$ (c) $(x-1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 9$ (d) $xy = 4$
3. (a) Find the rectangular coordinates for $(2, \pi/2, \pi/3)$ and $(2, 2\pi/3, 1)$.
(b) Find the spherical coordinates for $(0, 2\sqrt{3}, -2)$ and the cylindrical coordinates for $(3, -3, -7)$.
(c) Find the equation in spherical coordinate system.
 (i) $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$.
 (ii) $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$.
(d) Find the equation in cylindrical polar coordinates for $x^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9$.
(e) Find the Cartesian and cylindrical coordinate equations for the equation $\phi = 5\pi/6$, $0 \leq \rho \leq 2$ with proper ranges for z in Cartesian and r in cylindrical coordinates.
4. Find the pair of polar coordinates that label the same point.
(a) $(3, 0)$ (b) $(-3, 0)$ (c) $(2, 2\pi/3)$ (d) $(-3, \pi)$ (e) $(-3, 2\pi)$
(f) $(-2, -\pi/3)$.
5. How is the idea of symmetry of a polar curve $r = f(\theta)$ helpful to sketch the graph of the curve? Write the conditions when the curves $r = f(\theta)$ is symmetric about x-axis, and y-axis. Check the symmetry, sketch the graph of the curve $r = \sin 2\theta$, and find the area covered by the curve.
6. Sketch the graph of the following equations:
(a) $r = -2 \sin \theta$ (b) $r = 2 \cos \theta$ (c) $r = 1 - \cos \theta$ (d) $r = -1 + \sin \theta$
(e) $r = 5 - 5 \sin \theta$ (f) $r = 12 + \cos \theta$ (g) $r = 2 + \cos \theta$ (h) $r = 32 + \cos \theta$
(i) $r = 2 \cos 2\theta$ (j) $r = \sin 4\theta$ (k) $r^2 = 4 \sin 2\theta$.
7. Find the areas of the following regions:
(a) Inside the lemniscate $r^2 = 4 \sin 2\theta$.
(b) Inside one leaf of the four leaved rose $r = \cos 2\theta$.
(c) Inside the limaçon $r = 4 + 2 \cos \theta$.
(d) Inside the cardioid $r = 2(1 + \cos \theta)$.
(e) Inside the circle $r = 1$ and outside the cardioid $r = 1 - \cos \theta$.
(f) The inner loop of the limaçon $r = 12 + 24 \cos \theta$.
(g) Shared by the circle $r = 2$ and cardioid $r = 2 - 2 \cos \theta$.
(h) Inside the circle $r = 4 \cos \theta$ and to the right of the vertical line $r = \sec \theta$.
(i) Shared by the circles $r = 2a \cos \theta$ and $r = 2a \sin \theta$.
8. (a) Find the polar equation of the line passing through $P_0(2, \pi/3)$.
(b) Find the Cartesian equation of the polar line $r \cos(\theta - 2\pi/3) = 1$.