

# Search-Based Procedural Content Generation (SBPCG)

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**UNIVERSITY  
OF ALBERTA**

# Announcements

- Hope you had a nice reading week!
- Review Quiz 4 answers on Wednesday (no time today!)
- Quiz 4 marks out by next Monday
- Assignment 4 due tonight at 11:55pm (23 hour grace period)
- Assignment 5 released!

# Demystifying Grad School

Nov 17 5-7pm  
[bit.ly/cs-gradschool-ws](https://bit.ly/cs-gradschool-ws)

HOW DO I APPLY TO GRAD SCHOOL?

WHAT EXACTLY IS RESEARCH?


IS GRAD SCHOOL RIGHT FOR ME?


## DEMYSTIFYING GRAD SCHOOL

Virtual Workshop  
November 17 5-7pm

Open to all undergrad students!  
RSVP today by scanning the code!

ALL YOUR GRAD SCHOOL QUESTIONS ANSWERED HERE!

  
[bit.ly/cs-gradschool-ws](https://bit.ly/cs-gradschool-ws)

Hosted by  UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA Department of Computing Science  
Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion Committee  
[ualberta.ca/computing-science/about-the-department/edi.html](https://ualberta.ca/computing-science/about-the-department/edi.html)

# Game AI Top 8 (76/86)

1. Reinforcement Learning in Games (53.9%)
2. Balancing Game AI (42.1%)
3. AI for Game Design (39.5%)
4. Automated Playtesting (36.8%)
5. Automated Game Playing (30.3%)
6. AI-based Game Design (28.9%)
6. PCG via Machine Learning (28.9%)
8. Generated Dialogue and story (27.6%)
- ...
9. Game AI in Academia (25%)
10. Mixed-initiative PCG and More Player Modelling (22.4%)

# Review



## Constructive PCG

Various approaches for putting together existing content piece-by-piece.

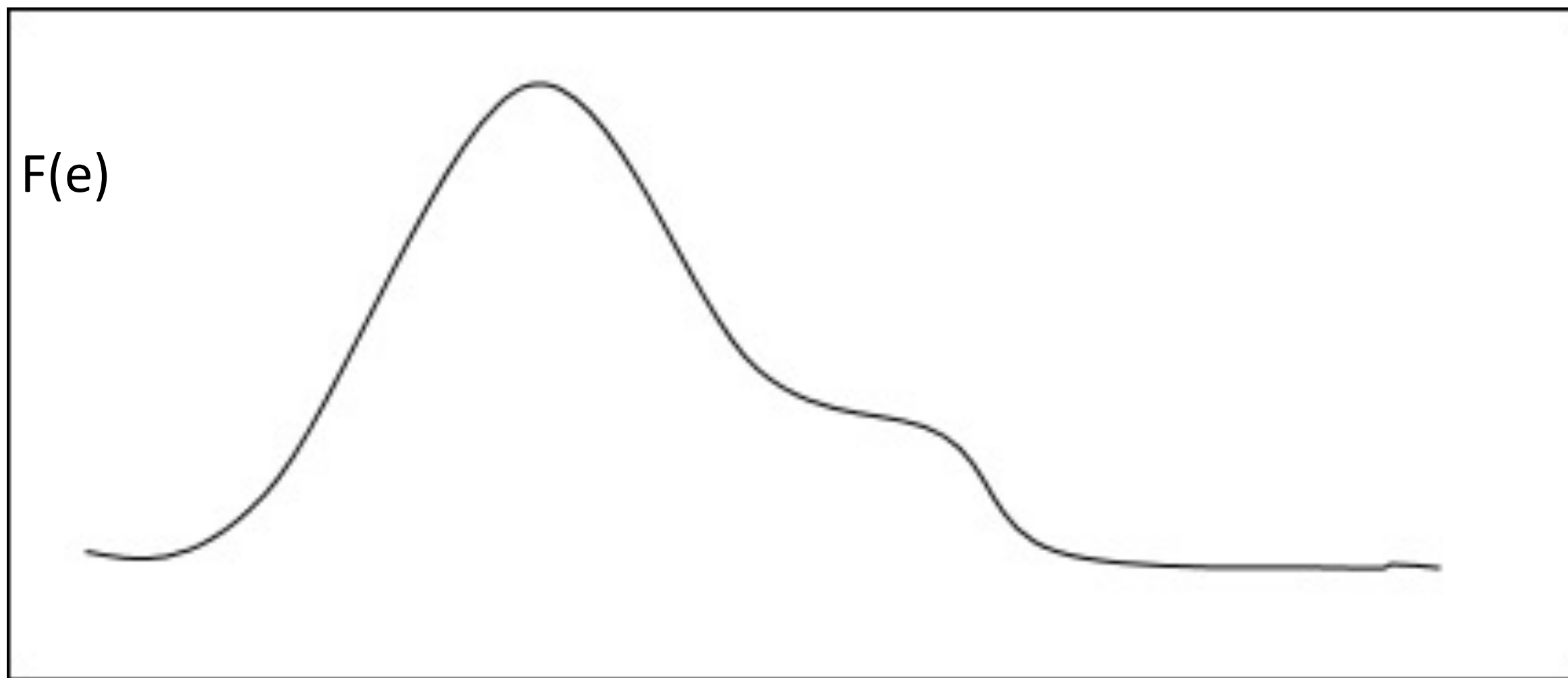


## Search-based PCG

Search across complete pieces of content for the best according to some fitness function.

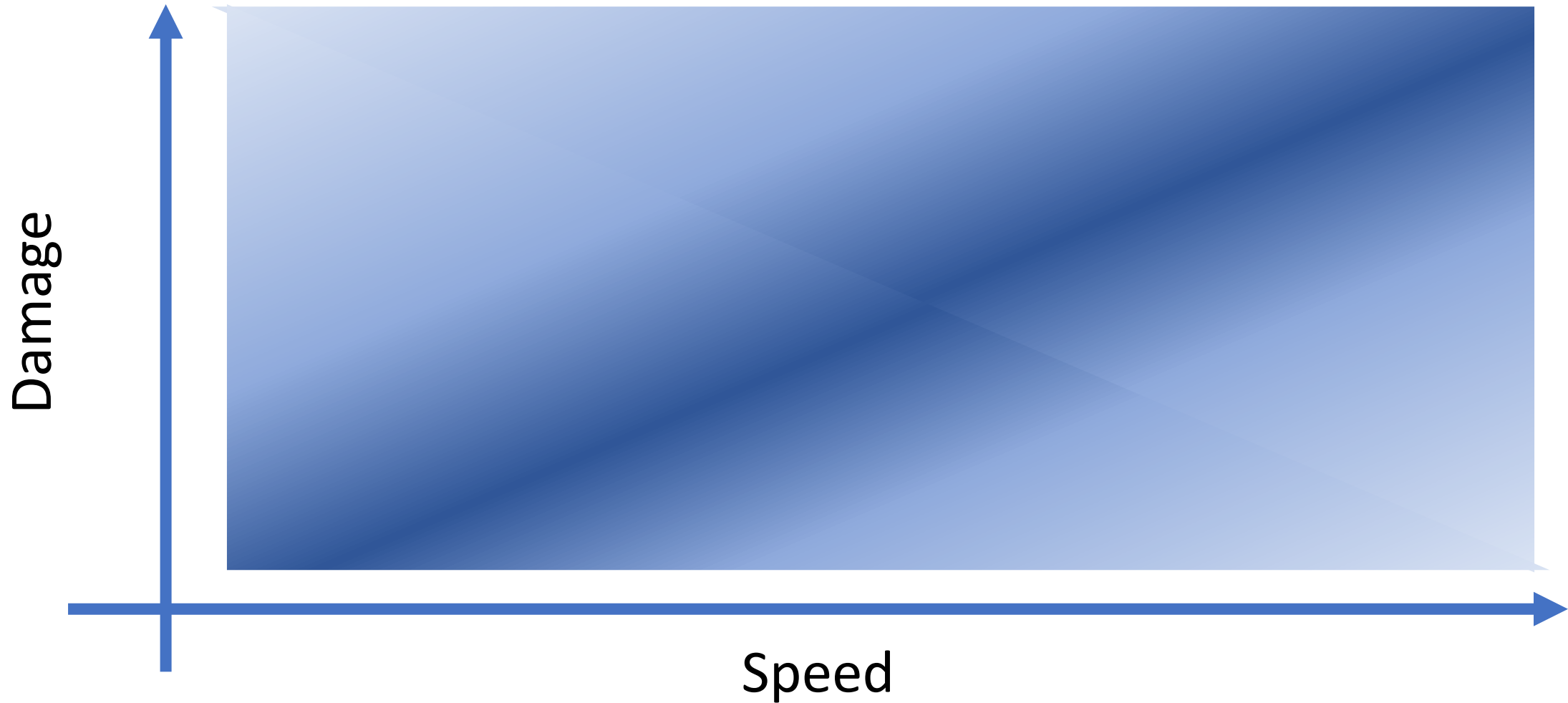
# Search-based PCG Vocabulary

- **Search Space ( $S$ ):** A space with (generally) fixed dimensions.
- Each point in this space is an **entity ( $e$ )**, which is a complete piece of content (a song, a story, a level, a character, etc.)
- **Fitness Function ( $F$ ):** A function that maps each entity  $F(e) \rightarrow$  to some numeric value.
- **Neighbors ( $N(e)$ ):** Entities “next” to some entity  $e$ .



$E$

# Example: Weapon Generation (Damage and Speed)





# Simplest Method: Greedy/Hill Climbing Search

currEntity = Pick A Random Starting Position

while  $F(\text{currEntity}) < \text{threshold}$ :

    neighbors = GetNeighbors(currEntity)

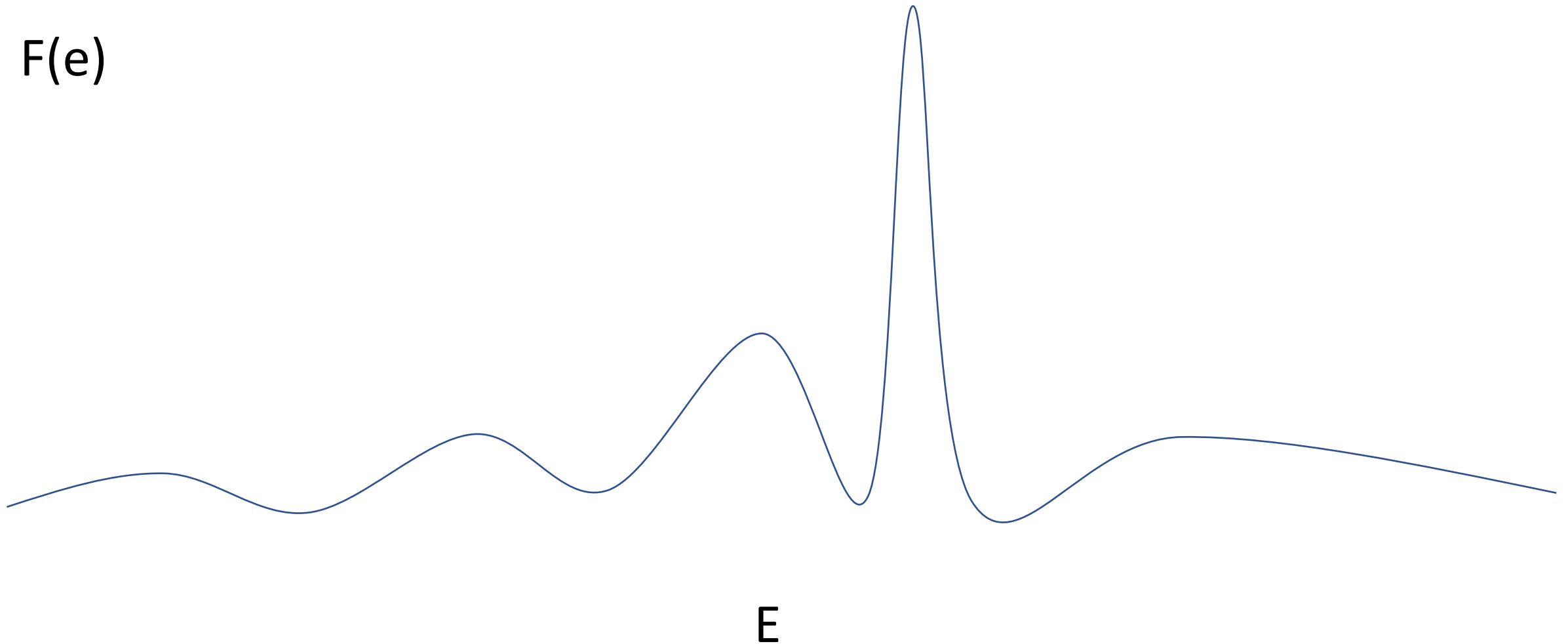
    for neighbor in neighbors:

        if  $F(\text{neighbor}) > F(\text{currEntity})$ :

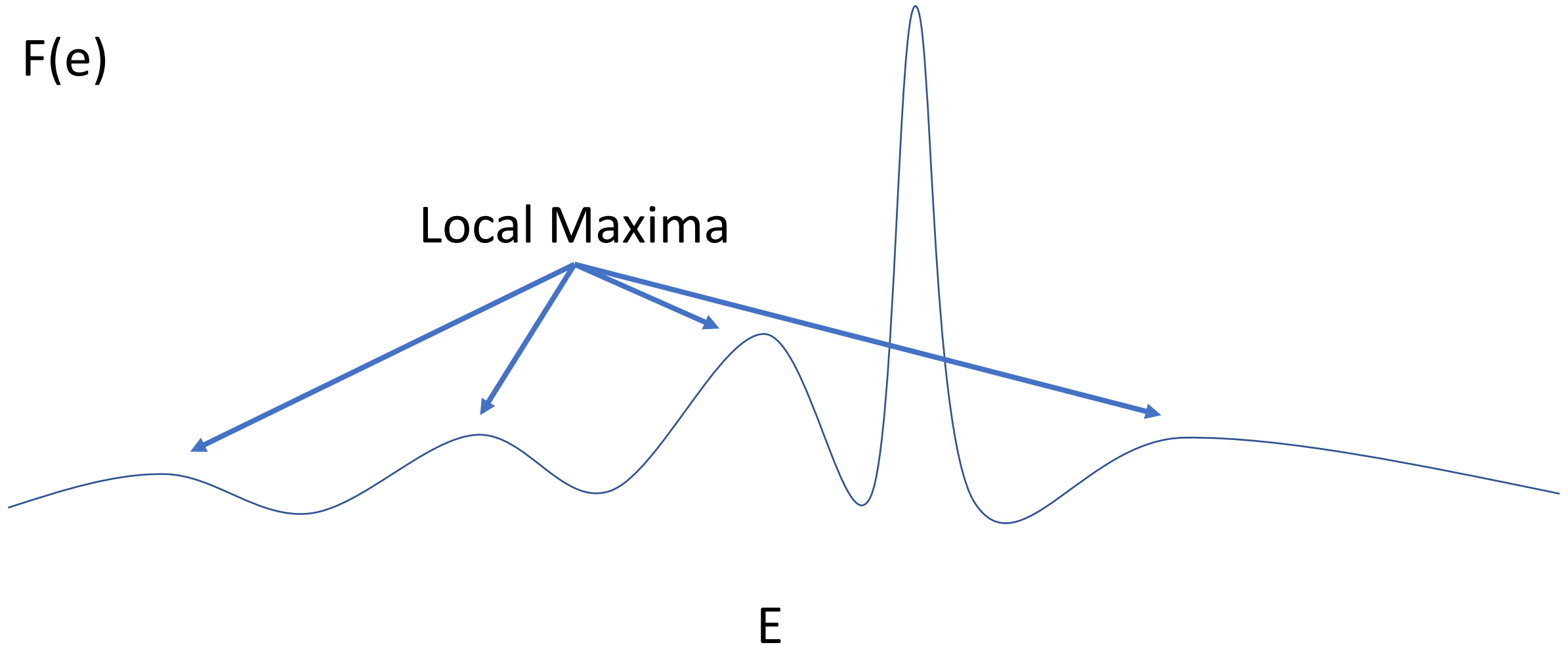
            currEntity = neighbor

return currEntity

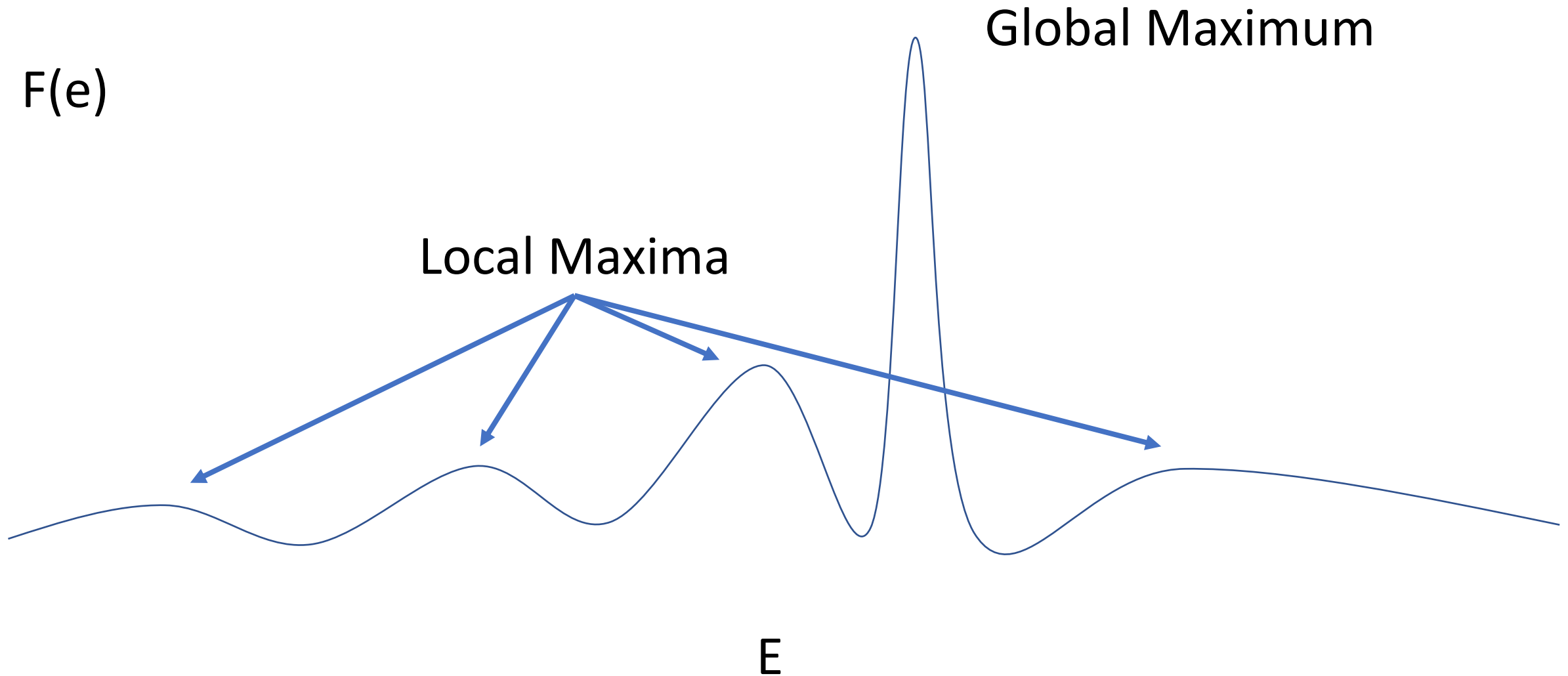
Issue 1: What if the search-space looks “spiky”?



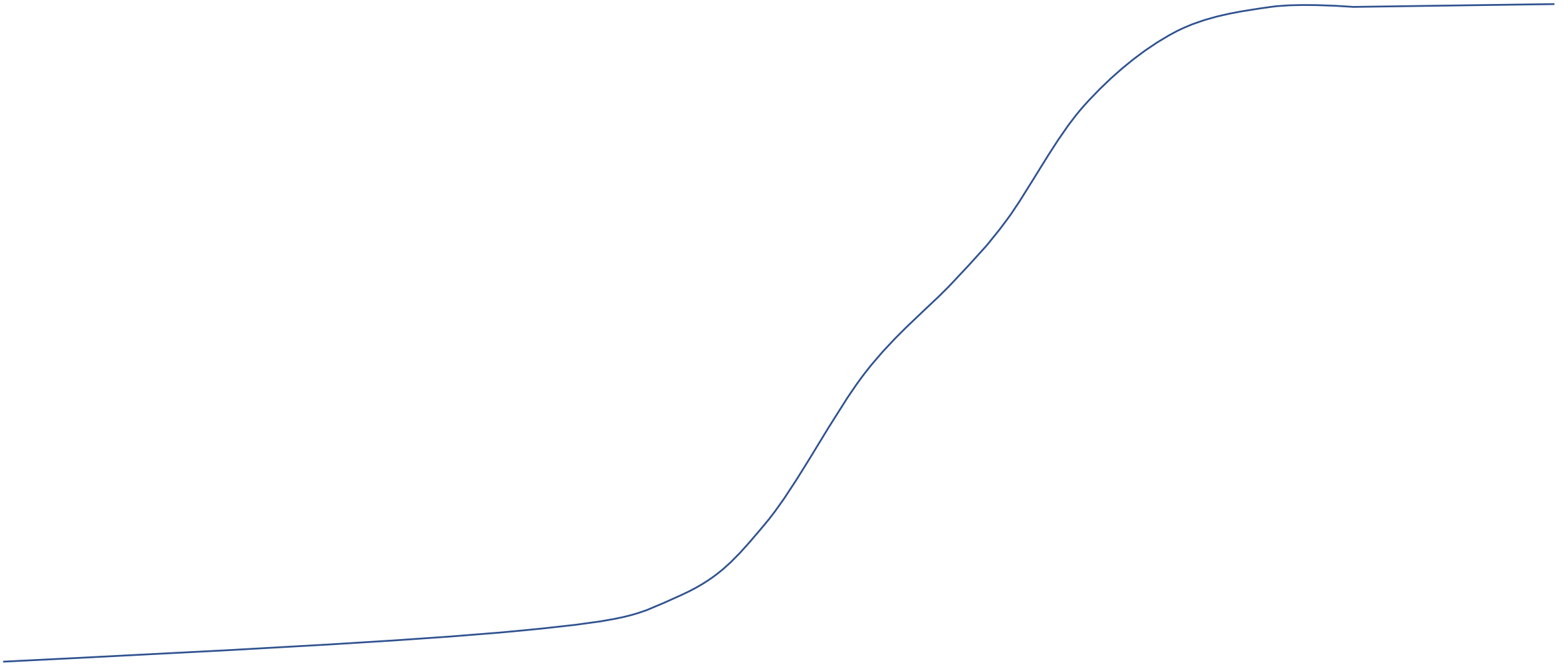
Issue 1: What if the search-space looks “spiky”?



Issue 1: What if the search-space looks “spiky”?



Issue 2: What if the search-space looks like this?



# Greedy Search Pros and Cons

## Pros:

- Simple
- (Depending on space) gets A result quickly.

## Cons:

- (Depending on the space) will be unable to find a global maxima.
- If you're in a space simple enough for greedy search, why not do constructive PCG?

PQ1 <https://tinyurl.com/guz-pq27a>  
<https://forms.gle/k1VsoufQPAFSixxw8>

Name a kind of content (level, enemy, song, decoration, etc.). What could the Neighbor and Fitness functions look like?

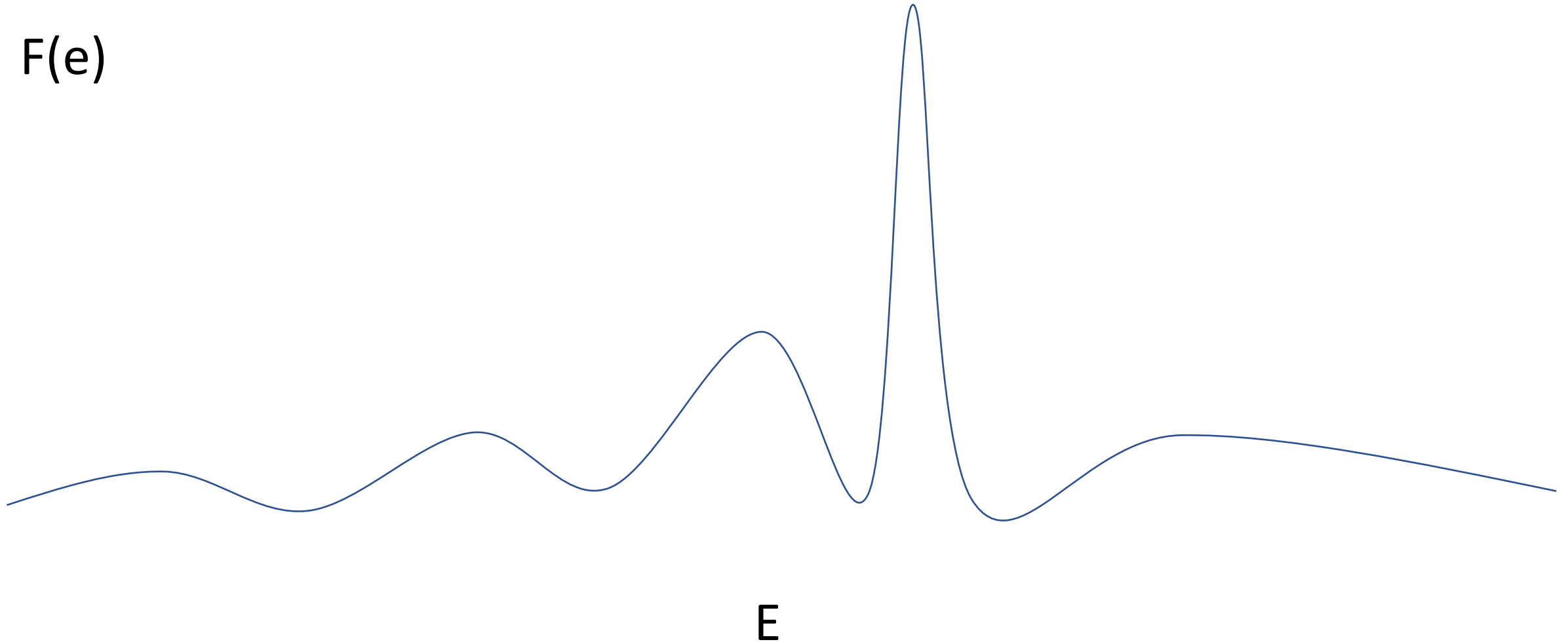
# My answer

- New heroes in a hero-based game
- Neighbors: modify ability, swap ability, modify ultimate, swap ultimate
- Fitness function: How different the hero is from other heroes, how balanced the hero is (determined by bot play), and to what extent the hero synergizes with existing heroes.



# Unity Example

Question (for the chat): How could we get out of a local maxima?



# Random Walk

- Instead of taking the next best from the neighbors, take a random neighbor.
- At the end, pick the best point we ever saw.
- Can just as easily get stuck going back and forth forever.

Can we combine Random Walk and Greedy Search?

We sure can! Simplest example: Simulated Annealing.

# Simulated Annealing

currEntity = Pick A Random Starting Position

**T = initialValue**

while  $F(\text{currEntity}) < \text{threshold}$ :

    neighbors = GetNeighbors(currEntity)

**T -= rateOfDecay**

    for neighbor in neighbors:

**if  $P(F(\text{neighbor}), F(\text{currEntity}), T) > \text{Random}(0,1)$**

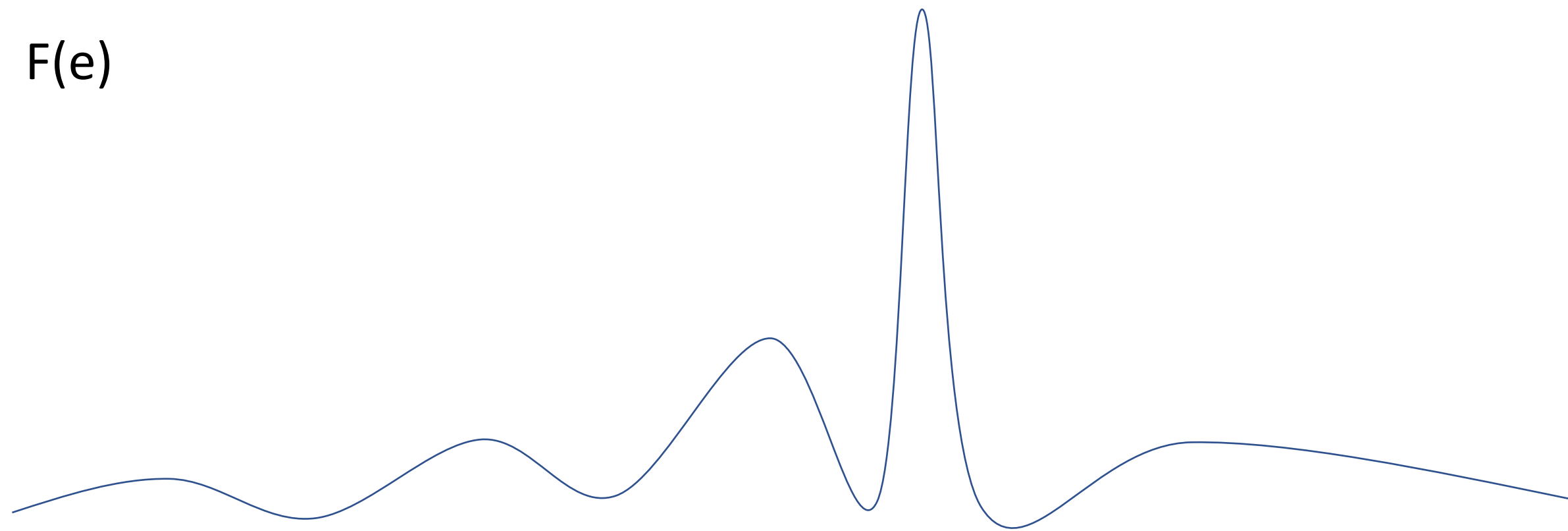
            currEntity = neighbor

return currEntity

Impact

$F(e)$

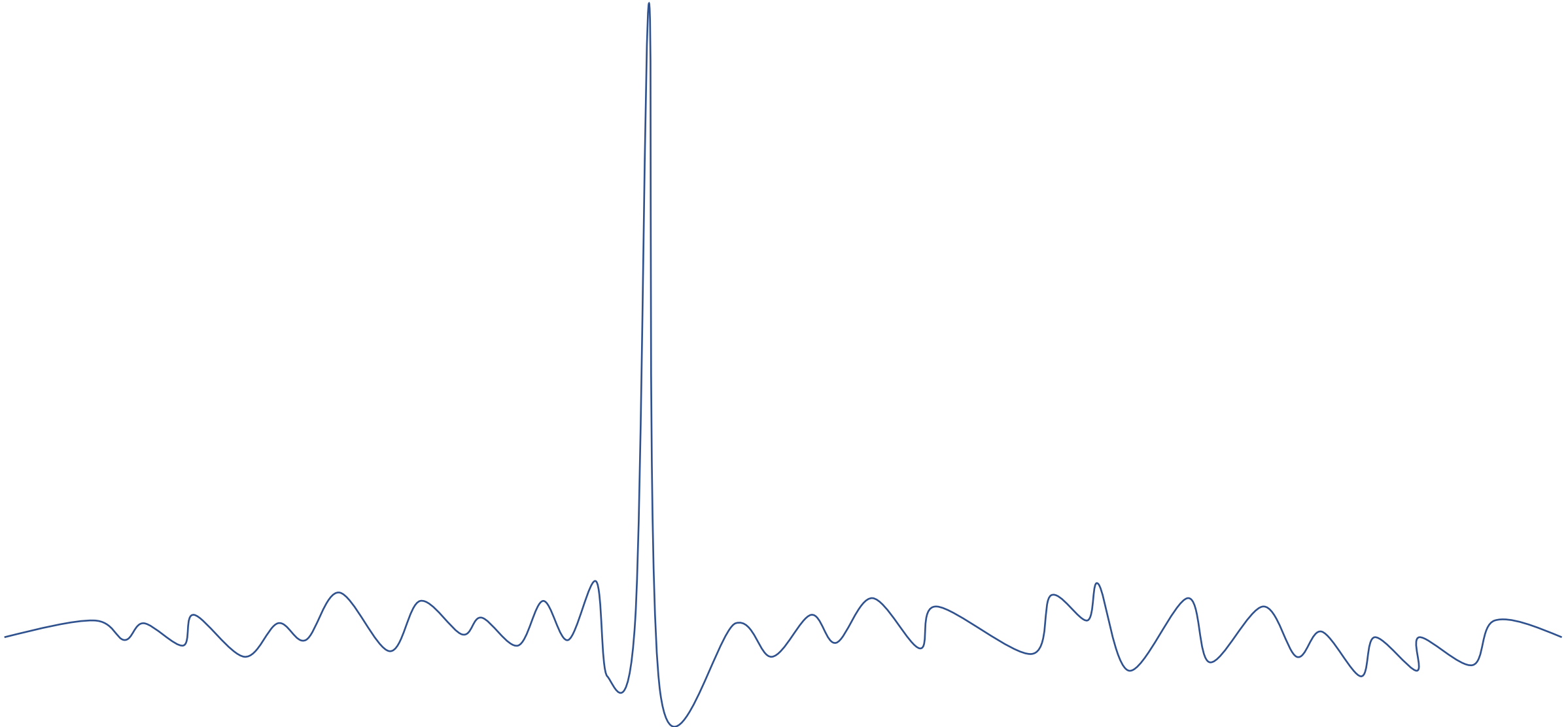
$E$



Has Simulated Annealing solved all our problems?

No.

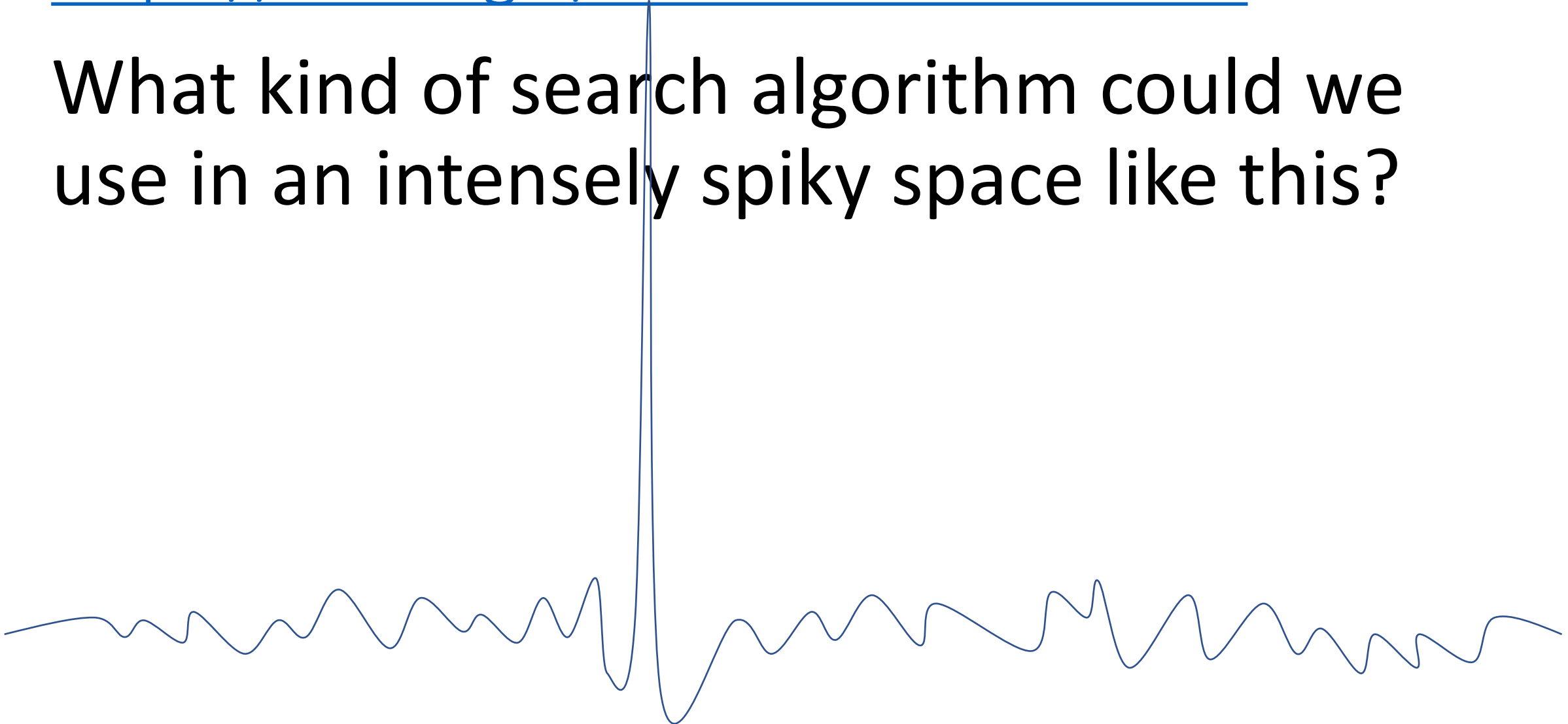
# Bad Space for Simulated Annealing





PQ2 <https://tinyurl.com/guz-pq27b>  
<https://forms.gle/7X9aGR3Xxnss8Bue8>

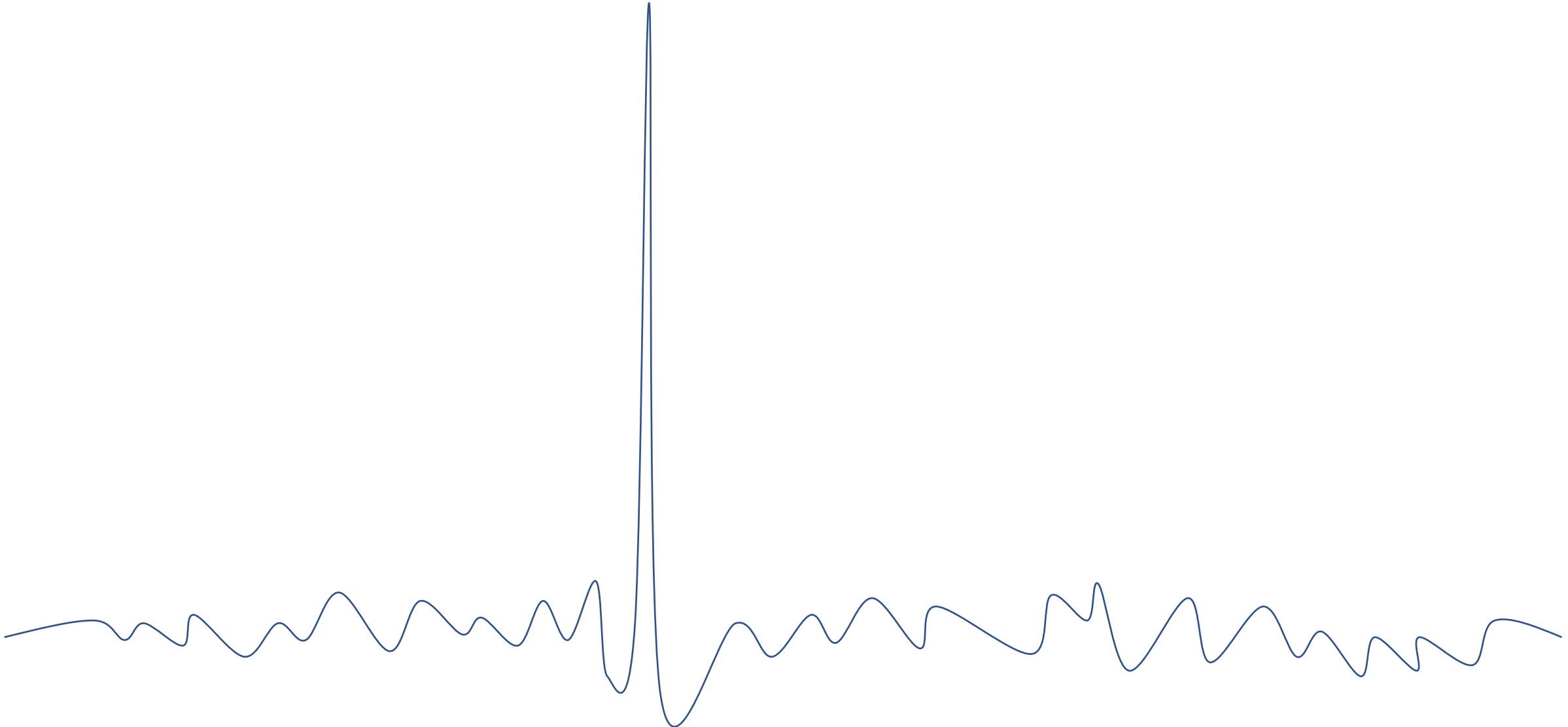
What kind of search algorithm could we use in an intensely spiky space like this?



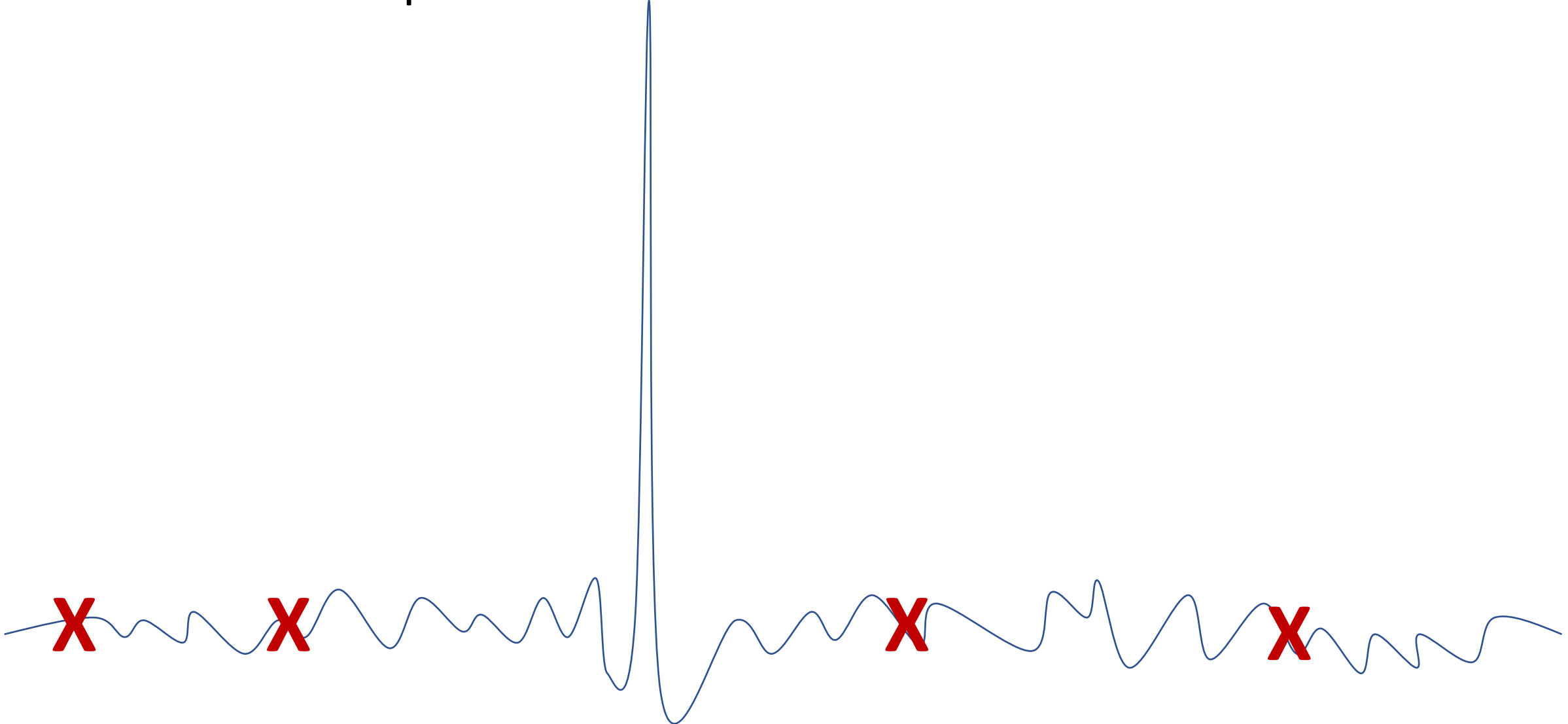
What if we didn't just search one point at a time? What if we had a population of points?

We could take inspiration from evolution! Maybe call it an evolutionary or genetic algorithm.

# Genetic Algorithm Intuition

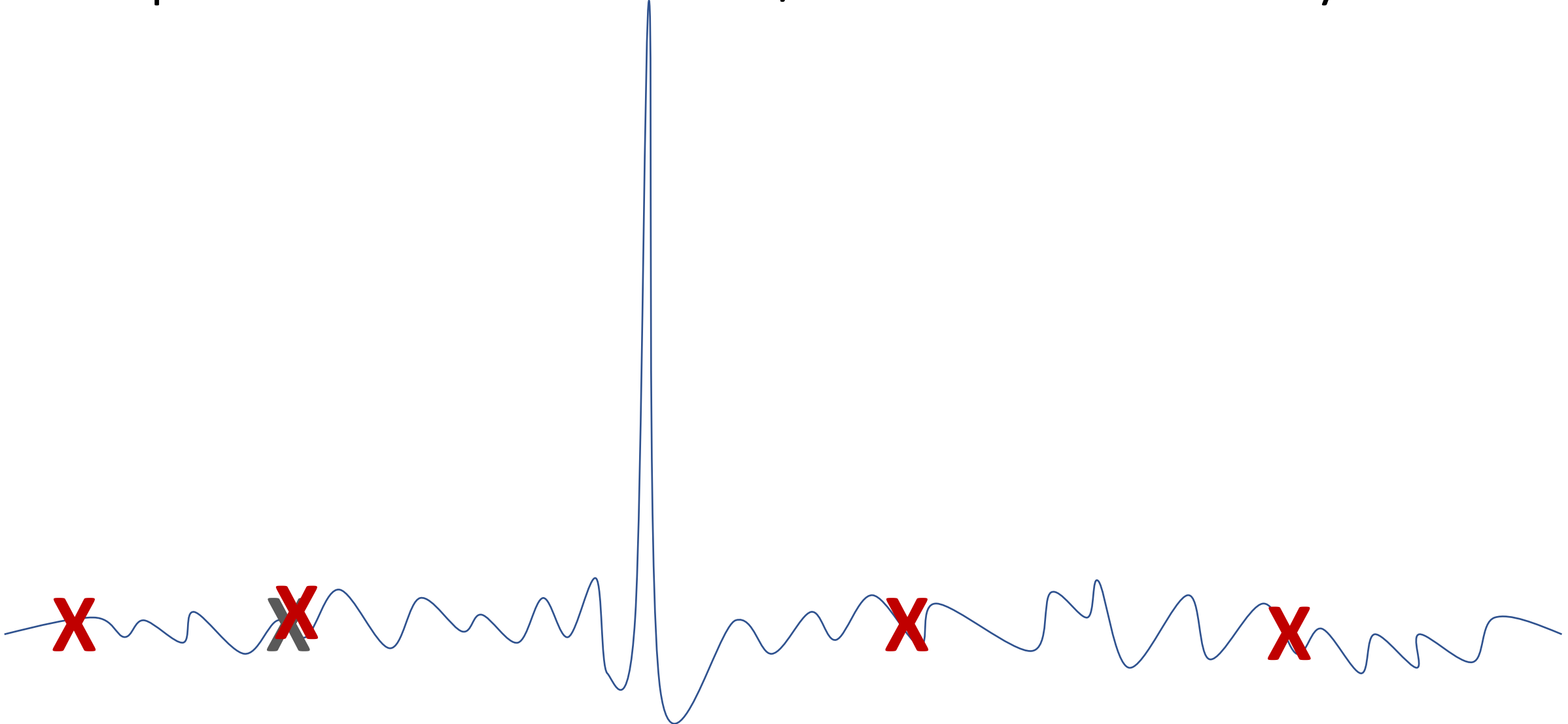


# Genetic Algorithm Intuition: Initialize Population



# Genetic Algorithm Intuition

Step 1: Random Walk w/ Some Probability



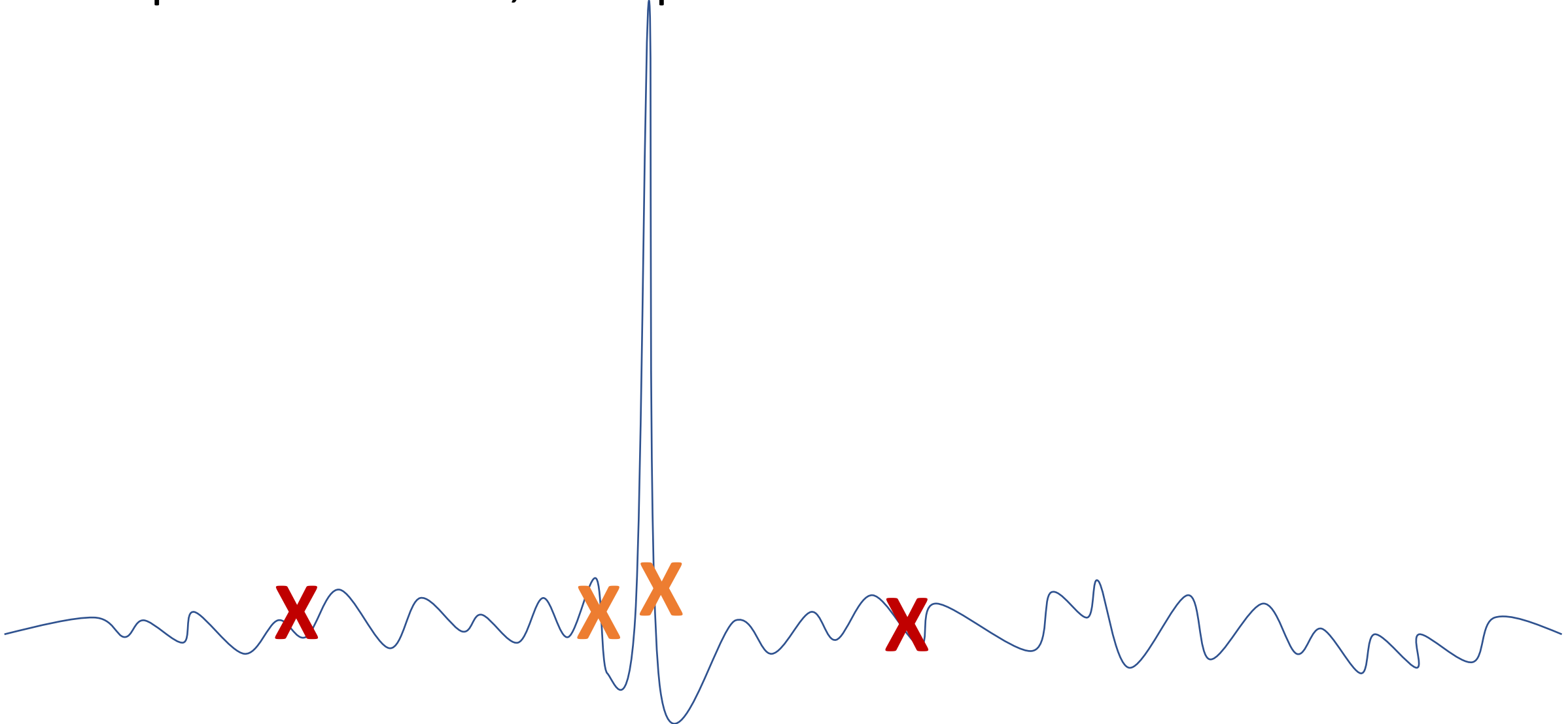
# Genetic Algorithm Intuition

Step 2: Crossover (take good parents,  
hopefully make good big jumps in the space)



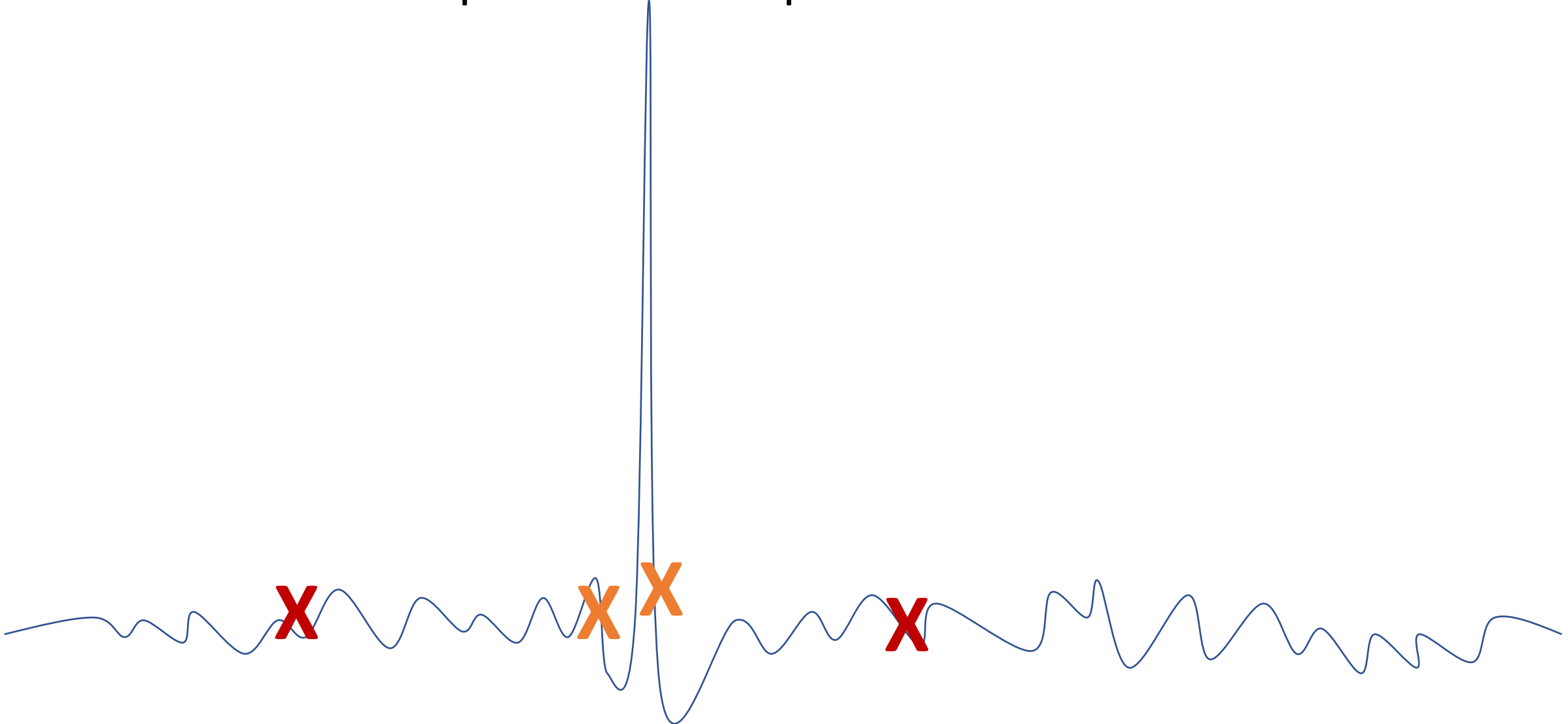
# Genetic Algorithm Intuition

## Step 3: Reduce, keep the best



# Genetic Algorithm Intuition

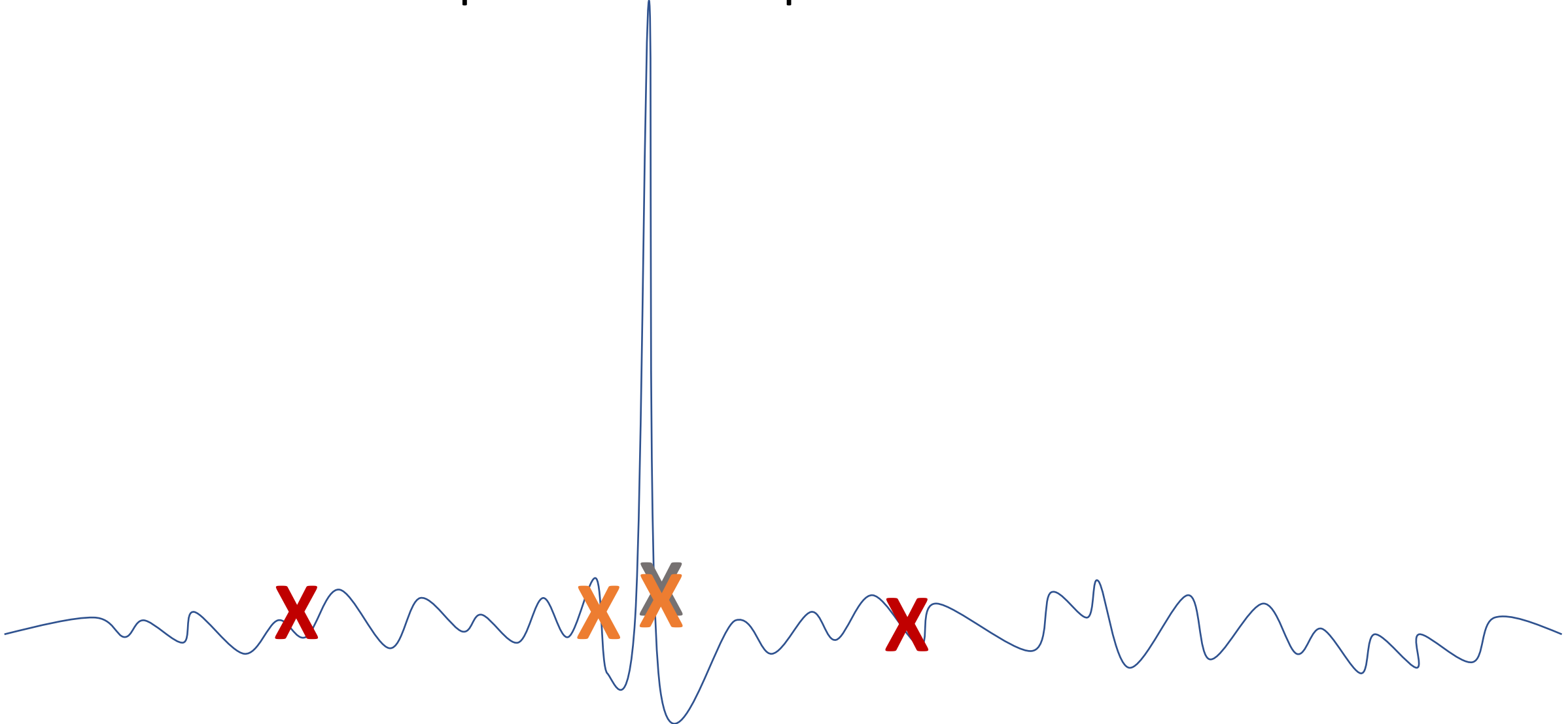
Return to Step 1 and Repeat Until...





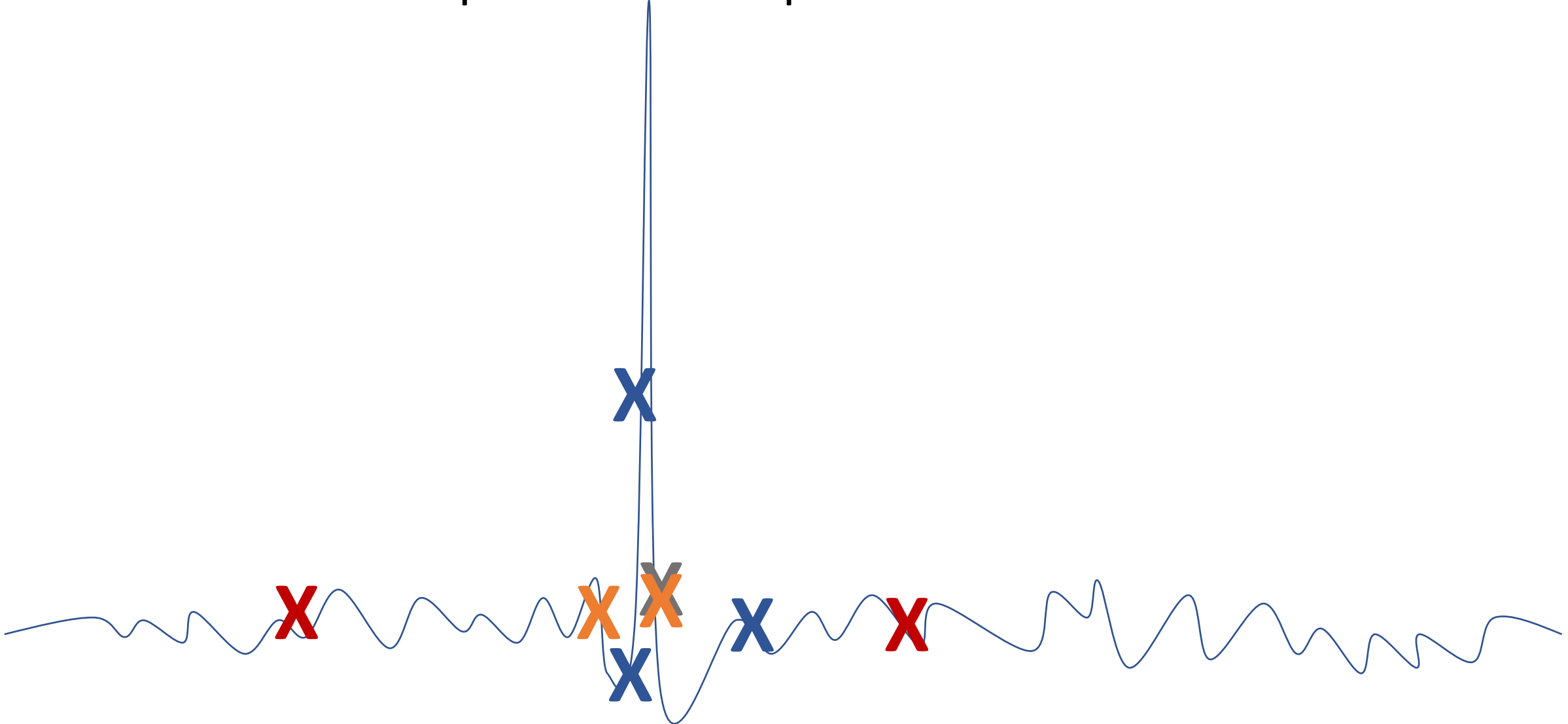
# Genetic Algorithm Intuition

Return to Step 1 and Repeat Until...



# Genetic Algorithm Intuition

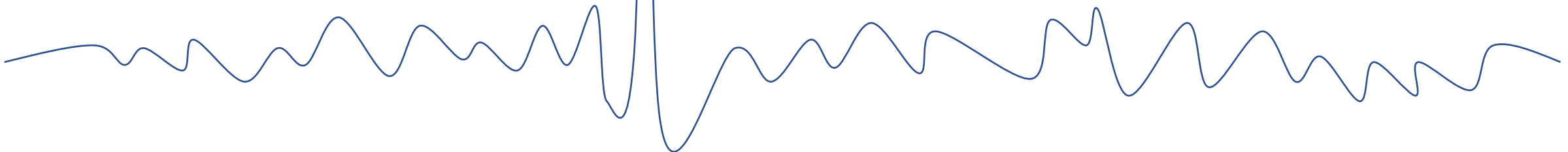
Return to Step 1 and Repeat Until...



# Genetic Algorithm Intuition

Return to Step 1 and Repeat Until...

X



# Genetic Algorithm Pseudocode

population = initialize populationSize random points

time = 0

while avg or best (F(population)) < threshold and time < maxTime:

    time++

**MutatePopulation**(population)

        population += **CrossoverPopulation**(population)

        population = **Reduce**(population, populationSize)

return best (F(population))

# Mutate Population

- With some probability (mutation rate), randomly swap out a member with a neighbor
- Has all the benefits of a random walk.

# Crossover Population

- Inspired by reproduction
- Sample pairs from our population based on fitness and “mix” their traits.
- Intuitively allows us to make big “jumps” in the space, that we hope are good.

# Reduce Population

- Reduce our population back down to the initial size, taking only the best populationSize members
- (Some approaches only take children)
- Has all the benefits of Greedy search

# Genetic Algorithms: The Most Popular Search-based PCG Approach, ...but still not great!



Galactic Arms Race



Darwin's Demons



Petalz



Wednesday: More Constructive PCG! + Voting  
on Future of Game AI Topics