

Creating database

DROP DATABASE if exists Goldusers;

CREATE DATABASE Goldusers;

Utilizing the new database to create tables and insert values

USE Goldusers;

DROP TABLE if exists goldusers_signup;

CREATE TABLE goldusers_signup(user_id integer, gold_signup_date date);

INSERT INTO goldusers_signup(user_id, gold_signup_date)

VALUES(1,'2017-09-22'),

(3,'2017-04-21');

DROP TABLE if exists users;

CREATE TABLE users(user_id integer, signup_date date);

INSERT INTO users(user_id,signup_date)

VALUES(1,'2014-09-02'),

(2,'2015-01-15'),

(3,'2014-04-11');

DROP TABLE if exists sales;

CREATE TABLE sales(user_id integer,created_date date,product_id integer);

INSERT INTO sales(user_id,created_date,product_id)

VALUES(1,'2017-04-19',2),

(3,'2019-12-18',1),

(2,'2020-07-20',3),

(1,'2019-10-23',2),

```
(1,'2018-03-19',3),  
(3,'2016-12-20',2),  
(1,'2016-11-09',1),  
(1,'2016-05-20',3),  
(2,'2017-09-24',1),  
(1,'2017-03-11',2),  
(1,'2016-03-11',1),  
(3,'2016-11-10',1),  
(3,'2017-12-07',2),  
(3,'2016-12-15',2),  
(2,'2017-11-08',2),  
(2,'2018-09-10',3);
```

```
DROP TABLE if exists product;
```

```
CREATE TABLE product(product_id integer,product_name text,price integer);
```

```
INSERT INTO product(product_id,product_name,price)  
VALUES(1,'P1',980),  
(2,'P2',870),  
(3,'P3',330);
```

Viewing all the newly created tables

```
SELECT*FROM goldusers_signup;
```

```
SELECT*FROM users;
```

```
SELECT*FROM sales;
```

```
SELECT*FROM product;
```

1) What is the total amount each customer has spent on zomato?

Query:

```
SELECT s.user_id, SUM(p.price) as Total_Amount
FROM sales as s
INNER JOIN product as p
ON s.product_id=p.product_id
GROUP BY s.user_id;
```

Output:

	user_id	Total_Amount
▶	1	5230
	3	4570
	2	2510

2) How many days have each customer visited zomato?

Query:

```
SELECT user_id, COUNT(DISTINCT created_date)
FROM sales
GROUP BY user_id;
```

Output:

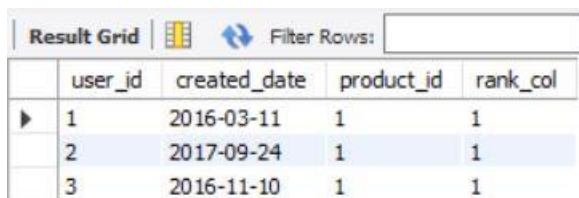
	user_id	COUNT(DISTINCT created_date)
▶	1	7
	2	4
	3	5

3) What was the first product purchased by each customer?

Query:

```
SELECT *  
FROM (SELECT *,  
RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY user_id ORDER BY created_date) as rank_col  
FROM sales) as r  
WHERE r.rank_col=1;
```

Output:



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' with a 'Filter Rows' input field. The grid contains three rows of data. The first row has user_id 1, created_date 2016-03-11, product_id 1, and rank_col 1. The second row has user_id 2, created_date 2017-09-24, product_id 1, and rank_col 1. The third row has user_id 3, created_date 2016-11-10, product_id 1, and rank_col 1.

	user_id	created_date	product_id	rank_col
▶	1	2016-03-11	1	1
	2	2017-09-24	1	1
	3	2016-11-10	1	1

4) What is the most purchased item on menu & how many times was it purchased by all customers?

Query:

```
SELECT product_id,COUNT(product_id) as Sale_count  
FROM sales  
GROUP BY product_id  
ORDER BY Sale_count DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```

Output:

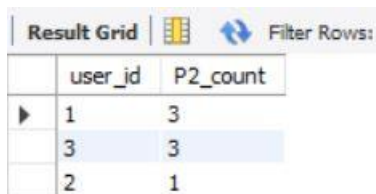


The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' with a 'Filter Rows' input field. The grid contains one row of data. The first row has product_id 2 and Sale_count 7.

	product_id	Sale_count
▶	2	7

Query:

```
SELECT user_id, COUNT(product_id) as P2_count
FROM sales
WHERE product_id=2
GROUP BY user_id;
```

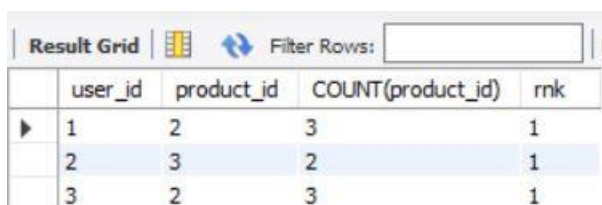
Output:

	user_id	P2_count
▶	1	3
	3	3
	2	1

5) Which item was most popular for each customer?

Query:

```
SELECT *
FROM (SELECT user_id, product_id, COUNT(product_id),
RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY user_id ORDER BY COUNT(product_id) DESC) as rnk
FROM sales
GROUP BY user_id, product_id) as a
WHERE rnk=1;
```

Output:

	user_id	product_id	COUNT(product_id)	rnk
▶	1	2	3	1
	2	3	2	1
	3	2	3	1

6) Which item was purchased first by customer after they become a member?

Query:

```
SELECT user_id,created_date,product_id
FROM(SELECT a.user_id,created_date,gold_signup_date, product_id,
RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY user_id ORDER BY created_date) as rnk
FROM goldusers_signup as a
INNER JOIN sales as b
ON a.user_id=b.user_id
WHERE a.gold_signup_date<=b.created_date
ORDER BY user_id, b.created_date) as t
WHERE rnk=1;
```

Output:

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	user_id	created_date	product_id
▶	1	2018-03-19	3
	3	2017-12-07	2

7) Which item was purchased just before the customer became a member?

Query:

```
SELECT user_id, created_date, product_id
FROM (SELECT a.user_id,b.created_date,b.product_id,
RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY user_id ORDER BY created_date DESC) as rnk
FROM goldusers_signup as a
INNER JOIN sales as b
ON a.user_id=b.user_id
WHERE a.gold_signup_date>=b.created_date
```

ORDER BY a.user_id,b.created_date DESC) as d
WHERE rnk=1;

Output:

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	user_id	created_date	product_id
▶	1	2017-04-19	2
	3	2016-12-20	2

8) What are the total orders and amount spent for each customer before they become a member?

Query:

```
SELECT a.user_id,COUNT(a.user_id) as Total_orders,SUM(a.price) as Total_Amt
FROM (SELECT s.user_id,s.created_date,s.product_id,p.product_name,p.price
FROM sales as s
INNER JOIN product as p
ON s.product_id=p.product_id) as a
INNER JOIN goldusers_signup as b
ON a.user_id=b.user_id
WHERE a.created_date<=b.gold_signup_date
GROUP BY a.user_id
ORDER BY a.user_id;
```

Output:

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	user_id	Total_orders	Total_Amt
▶	1	5	4030
	3	3	2720

- 9) If buying each product generates points, for example, 5rs=2 zomato points and each product has different purchasing points, say for p1 5rs=1 zomato point, for p2 10rs=5 zomato point and p3 5rs=1 zomato point, calculate points collected by each customer and for which product most points have been given till now.

Query:

```
SELECT e.user_id, e.total_points, e.total_points*2.5 as cashback_earned
FROM (SELECT d.user_id, SUM(d.points) as Total_points
FROM (SELECT c.*, Amt/pir as points
FROM (SELECT b.*,
CASE WHEN b.product_id=1 THEN 5 WHEN b.product_id=2 THEN 2 WHEN
b.product_id=3 THEN 5 ELSE 0 END as pir
FROM (SELECT a.user_id, a.product_id, SUM(a.price) as Amt
FROM (SELECT s.user_id, p.product_id, p.price
FROM sales as s
INNER JOIN product as p
ON s.product_id=p.product_id) as a
GROUP BY user_id, product_id
ORDER BY user_id) as b) as c) as d
GROUP BY user_id) as e
GROUP BY user_id;
```

Output:

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	user_id	total_points	cashback_earned
▶	1	1829.0000	4572.50000
	2	763.0000	1907.50000
	3	1697.0000	4242.50000

Query:

```
SELECT e.product_id, SUM(e.points) as Total_points
FROM(SELECT c.*,Amt/pir as points
FROM(SELECT b.*,
CASE WHEN b.product_id=1 THEN 5 WHEN b.product_id=2 THEN 2 WHEN
b.product_id=3 THEN 5 ELSE 0 END as pir
FROM (SELECT a.user_id, a.product_id, SUM(a.price) as Amt
FROM (SELECT s.user_id,p.product_id,p.price
FROM sales as s
INNER JOIN product as p
ON s.product_id=p.product_id) as a
GROUP BY user_id,product_id
ORDER BY user_id) as b) as c) as e
GROUP BY product_id
ORDER BY Total_points DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Output:

product_id	Total_points
2	3045.0000

- 10) In the first year after a customer joins the gold program (including the join date), irrespective of what the customer has purchased, he/she earns 5 zomato points for every 10rs spent. Who earned more points 1 or 3 and what was their points earned in first year?

Query:

```
SELECT e.user_id,e.price/2 as points_earned
FROM(SELECT c.user_id,c.gold_signup_date,c.created_date,d.product_id,d.price
```

```

FROM(SELECT a.user_id,a.gold_signup_date,b.created_date,b.product_id
FROM goldusers_signup as a
INNER JOIN sales as b
ON a.user_id=b.user_id) as c
INNER JOIN product as d
ON c.product_id=d.product_id
WHERE created_date>=gold_signup_date AND
created_date<DATE_ADD(gold_signup_date, INTERVAL 1 YEAR)) as e;

```

Output:

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	user_id	points_earned	
▶	3	435.0000	
	1	165.0000	

11) Rank all transactions of the customers.

Query:

```

SELECT *,
RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY user_id ORDER BY created_date) as rnk
FROM sales;

```

Output:


Result Grid					Filter Rows:
	user_id	created_date	product_id	rnk	
▶	1	2016-03-11	1	1	
	1	2016-05-20	3	2	
	1	2016-11-09	1	3	
	1	2017-03-11	2	4	
	1	2017-04-19	2	5	
	1	2018-03-19	3	6	
	1	2019-10-23	2	7	
	2	2017-09-24	1	1	
	2	2017-11-08	2	2	
	2	2018-09-10	3	3	
	2	2020-07-20	3	4	
	3	2016-11-10	1	1	
	3	2016-12-15	2	2	
	3	2016-12-20	2	3	
	3	2017-12-07	2	4	
	3	2019-12-18	1	5	

12) Rank all transactions for each customer whenever they are zomato gold member and for every non gold member transactions mark as NA.

Query:

```
SELECT b.user_id,a.gold_signup_date,b.created_date,  
CASE WHEN created_date>=gold_signup_date THEN ROW_NUMBER() OVER  
(PARTITION BY b.user_id ORDER BY created_date DESC) ELSE 'NA' END as rnk  
FROM goldusers_signup as a  
RIGHT JOIN sales as b  
ON a.user_id=b.user_id;
```

Output:

Result Grid		 Filter Rows:	<input type="text"/>	Export:
	user_id	gold_signup_date	created_date	rnk
▶	1	2017-09-22	2019-10-23	1
	1	2017-09-22	2018-03-19	2
	1	2017-09-22	2017-04-19	NA
	1	2017-09-22	2017-03-11	NA
	1	2017-09-22	2016-11-09	NA
	1	2017-09-22	2016-05-20	NA
	1	2017-09-22	2016-03-11	NA
	2	NULL	2020-07-20	NA
	2	NULL	2018-09-10	NA
	2	NULL	2017-11-08	NA
	2	NULL	2017-09-24	NA
	3	2017-04-21	2019-12-18	1
	3	2017-04-21	2017-12-07	2
	3	2017-04-21	2016-12-20	NA
	3	2017-04-21	2016-12-15	NA
	3	2017-04-21	2016-11-10	NA