

CONTROL STATEMENTS

--> These are the statements, which are used to control the flow of execution of program.

--> There are 2 types of control statements :

- 1) Conditional / Decisional statements.
- 2) Looping statements.

1) Conditional / Decisional statements :

--> It is a type of control statement which controls the flow of execution based on some condition/decision.

--> This again got classified into 4 types :

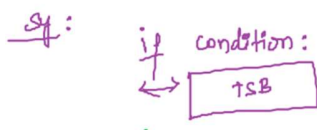
- 1) simple if
- 2) if else
- 3) elif
- 4) nested if

1) simple if statement :

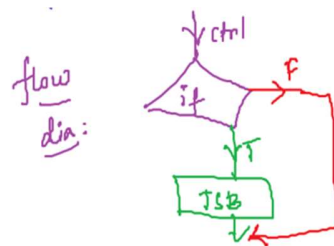
--> if is a keyword , which is used to check the condition.

--> if the entered condition is True then True Statement Block (TSB) will get executed,
if it is False then TSB will get ignored.

SYNTAX :



FLOW DIAGRAM :



#01) simple if

#01) WAP to check whether a candidate is eligible to vote

```
"""  
age=int(input('Enter the age :'))  
if age>=18:  
    print('Elgibile')  
print('verified')
```

#output :

Enter the age :20
Elgibile
verified

Enter the age :14
verified

"""

#02) WAP to check whether the given string has exactly 5 characters

"""

```
s=input('Enter the string :')  
if len(s)==5:  
    print('The given string has 5 characters')
```

#output :

Enter the string :hello
The given string has 5 characters

"""

#03) WAP to check whether the given integer is even

"""

```
n=int(input('Enter the integer :'))  
if n%2==0:  
    print('even')
```

#output :

Enter the integer :20
even

"""

#04) WAP to check whether the given integer is multiple of 3 and divisible by 5

```
'''
n=int(input('Enter the integer :'))
if n%3==0 and n%5==0:
    print('given integer is multiple of 3 and divisible by 5')
```

#output :

```
Enter the integer :15
given integer is multiple of 3 and divisible by 5
'''
```

#05) WAP to check whether the given integer is two digit

```
'''
n=abs(int(input('Enter the integer :')))
if 10<=n<=99:
    print('Two digit')
```

#output :

```
Enter the integer :-94
Two digit
'''
```

#06) WAP to check whether the given string is ending with 'a'

```
'''
s=input('Enter the string :')
if s[-1]=='a':
    print('given string is ending with a')
```

#output :

```
Enter the string :kerala
given string is ending with a
'''
```

#07) WAP to check whether the given character is lowercase alphabet
'''

```
ch=input('Enter the character :')
if 'a'<=ch<='z':
    print('given character is lowercase alphabet')
```

#output :

Enter the character :j
given character is lowercase alphabet
'''

#08) WAP to check whether the given character is vowel
'''

```
ch=input('Enter the character :')
if ch in 'AEIOUaeiou':
    print('vowel')
```

#output :

Enter the character :E
vowel
'''

#09) WAP to check whether the given data is float
'''

```
data=eval(input('Enter the data :'))
if type(data)==float:
    print('given data is float')
```

#output :

Enter the data :1.7
given data is float
'''

#10) WAP to print sum of two integers only if 2nd integer is greater than 1st
'''

```
a=int(input('Enter the first integer : '))
b=int(input('Enter the second integer : '))
if b>a:
    print(a+b)
```

#output :

```
Enter the first integer : 25
Enter the second integer : 40
65
'''
```

#11) WAP to check whether the given string is starting with digit and ending with uppercase alphabet
'''

```
s=input('Enter the string :')
if '0'<=s[0]<='9' and s[-1].isupper():
    print('given string is starting with digit and ending with uppercase alphabet')
```

#output :

```
Enter the string :45RK
given string is starting with digit and ending with uppercase alphabet
'''
```

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS ON simple if :

- 01) WAP to check whether the given integer is odd number.
- 02) WAP to check whether the given character is uppercase.
- 03) WAP to check whether the last value of a list is mutable.
- 04) WAP to consider 2 integers and check whether both are divisible by 5
- 05) WAP to check whether the first and last character of string are same.
- 06) WAP to check whether the given data is dictionary
- 07) WAP to check whether the given data is default value.

if-else

#01) WAP to print square of given integer if it is even , else print
cube of integer if it is odd
'''

```
num=int(input('Enter the integer :'))
if num%2==0:
    print(f'The square of {num} is {num**2}')
else:
    print(f'The cube of {num} is {num**3}')
```

#output :

```
Enter the integer :6
The square of 6 is 36
'''
```

#02) WAP to check whether the given data is immutable or mutable
'''

```
val=eval(input('Enter the data :'))  
if type(val) not in [list,set,dict]:  
    print('Immutable')  
else:  
    print('Mutable')
```

#output :

Enter the data :2.5
Immutable
'''

#03) WAP to check whether the given character is special character or not
'''

```
ch=input('Enter the charcater :')  
  
if not(ch.isupper() or ch.islower() or ch.isdigit()):  
    print(f'{ch} is special character ')  
else:  
    print(f'{ch} is not a special character ')
```

#output :

Enter the charcater :\$
\$ is special character
'''

#04) WAP to check whether the given string is palindrome or not
'''

```
s=input('Enter the string :')
if s==s[::-1]:
    print(f'{s} is palindrome')
else:
    print(f'{s} is not palindrome')
```

#output :

```
Enter the string :tenet
tenet is palindrome
'''
```

#05) consider two inputs and check whether both are pointing towards ,
same memory location or not
'''

```
a=eval(input('Enter the first value :'))
b=eval(input('Enter the second value :'))

if a is b:
    print('both are pointing to same memory location')
else:
    print('both are not pointing to same memory location')
```

#output :

```
Enter the first value :10
Enter the second value :10
both are pointing to same memory location
'''
```


#06) WAP to check whether the integer is positive or negative

'''

```
num=int(input('Enter the integer :'))
```

```
if num>=0:
```

```
    print('Positive number')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('Negative number')
```

#output :

Enter the integer :-7

Negative number

'''

#07) WAP to check whether the given string is keyword or not

```
import keyword
```

```
s=input('Enter the string :')
```

```
if s in keyword.kwlist:
```

```
    print('keyword')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('Not a keyword')
```

#output :

Enter the string :if

keyword

Enter the string :hello

Not a keyword

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS ON if else :

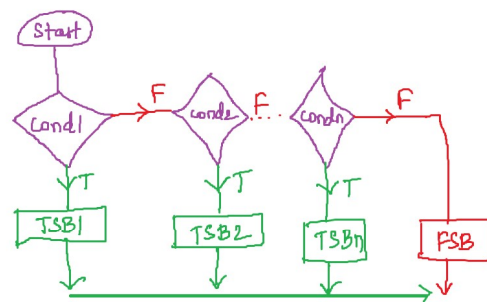
- 01) consider a string input and print the concatenated string of 1st and last character only if length is more than 5 , else print the reverse of a string
- 02) WAP to check whether the given value is single value or not.
- 03) Consider a tuple of length 2 and check whether that tuple is homogenous or not.
- 04) consider a string input and check whether the ascci value of 1st character is even or not.
- 05) Consider a list input and print the values present at even index , if the length of that list is odd ,
else print the values present at odd index if the length is even .

3) elif statement

Syntax

```
if cond1:  
    TSB1  
elif cond2:  
    TSB2  
...  
elif condn:  
    TSBn  
optional → else:  
    FSB
```

Flow diagram:



PROGRAMS ON elif statement :---->

#01) WAP to check whether the entered character is uppercase, lowercase, digit or special character

'''

```
ch=input('Enter the character :')
```

```
if 'A'<=ch<='Z':
```

```
    print('Uppercase')
```

```
elif 'a'<=ch<='z':
```

```
    print('Lowercase')
```

```
elif '0'<=ch<='9':
```

```
    print('Digit')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('Special character')
```

#output :

Enter the character :\$

Special character

'''

#02) WAP to check whether the given integer is single / double / triple digit or more than that

'''

```
n=abs(int(input('Enter the integer :')))
```

```
if 0<=n<=9:
```

```
    print('single digit')
```

```
elif 10<=n<=99:
```

```
    print('double digit')
```

```
elif 100<=n<=999:
```

```
    print('triple digit')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('more than that')
```

#output :

Enter the integer :-88

double digit

'''

#03) WAP to find the greatest of three integers

```
a=int(input('Enter the 1st integer :'))
b=int(input('Enter the 2nd integer :'))
c=int(input('Enter the 3rd integer :'))
```

```
if a>b and a>c:
    print(f'{a} is the greatest')
elif b>a and b>c:
    print(f'{b} is the greatest')
else:
    print(f'{c} is the greatest')
```

#output :

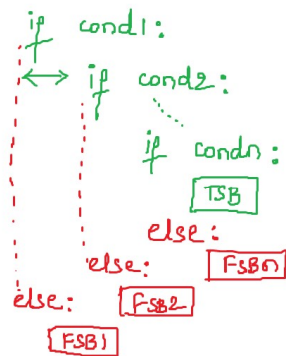
```
Enter the 1st integer :15
Enter the 2nd integer :29
Enter the 3rd integer :4
29 is the greatest
```

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS :

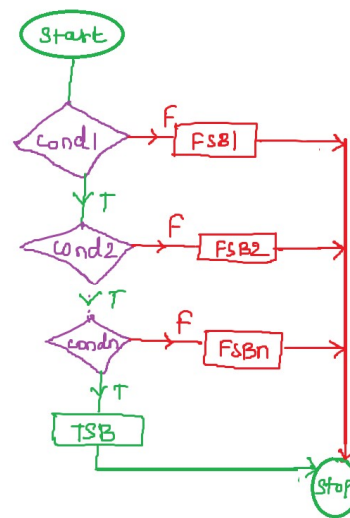
- 1) WAP to check whether the given points are lying in which quadrant.
- 2) Consider a character input , if it is uppercase print the 1st digit of it's ASCII value ,
if it is lowercase print the last digit of it's ASCII value and if it is a number then
print the remainder when it is divisible by 3 , else print the same character.

4) nested if statement

Syntax:



flow diagram:



#04) nested if

#01) WAP to print the middle value of list only if it is string

'''

```
L=eval(input('Enter the list :'))
```

```
if len(L)%2==1:
```

```
    mid=L[len(L)//2]
```

```
    if type(mid)==str:
```

```
        print(mid)
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print('middle value is not string')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('given list does not have middle value')
```

#output :

Enter the list :[10,'ok',2.5]

ok

'''

#02) WAP to check whether the character is vowel or consonant

'''

```
ch=input('Enter the character :')
```

```

if 'A'<=ch<='Z' or 'a'<=ch<='z':
    if ch in 'AEIOUaeiou':
        print('vowel')
    else:
        print('consonant')
else:
    print('given character is not an alphabet')

```

#output :

```

Enter the character :P
consonant
'''

```

#03) WAP to print the value as it is only if length of that value is even

```

'''
val=eval(input('Enter the value :'))
if type(val) in [str,list,tuple,set,dict]:
    if len(val)%2==0:
        print(val)
    else:
        print('length of given value is not even')
else:
    print('given value is not collection')
'''

```

#output :

```

Enter the value :[1,2]
[1, 2]
'''

```

#ASSIGNMENT QUESTION

#04) WAP to print first value of tuple , only if it is palindrome string
having length greater than 5

#05) WAP to find the greatest of 4 integers

#nested if (part 2)

#04) WAP to print first value of tuple , only if it is palindrome string

having length greater than 5

'''

t=eval(input('Enter the tuple :'))

if type(t[0])==str:

 if t[0]==t[0][::-1]:

 if len(t[0])>5:

 print(t[0])

 else:

 print('length of palindrome string is not greater than 5')

 else:

 print('string is not palindrome')

else:

 print('first value of tuple is not a string')

#output :

Enter the tuple :('abcdcba',55,9.9)

abcdcba

'''

#05) WAP to find the greatest of 4 integers

'''

a=int(input('Enter the 1st integer :'))

b=int(input('Enter the 2nd integer :'))

c=int(input('Enter the 3rd integer :'))

d=int(input('Enter the 4th integer :'))

if a>b:

 if a>c:

 if a>d:

 print(f'{a} is the greatest')

 else:

```

        print(f'{d} is the greatest')
    else:
        if c>d:
            print(f'{c} is the greatest')
        else:
            print(f'{d} is the greatest')
    else:
        if b>c:
            if b>d:
                print(f'{b} is the greatest')
            else:
                print(f'{d} is the greatest')
        else:
            if c>d:
                print(f'{c} is the greatest')
            else:
                print(f'{d} is the greatest')

```

#output :

```

Enter the 1st integer :10
Enter the 2nd integer :7
Enter the 3rd integer :6
Enter the 4th integer :55
55 is the greatest

```

'''

#06) WAP to find 2nd largest number among four numbers

'''

```

a=int(input('Enter the 1st integer :'))
b=int(input('Enter the 2nd integer :'))
c=int(input('Enter the 3rd integer :'))
d=int(input('Enter the 4th integer :'))

```

if a>b and a>c and a>d:


```
if b>c and b>d:
    print(f'{b} is 2nd largest number')
elif c>b and c>d:
    print(f'{c} is 2nd largest number')
else:
    print(f'{d} is 2nd largest number')
```

```
elif b>a and b>c and b>d:
    if a>c and a>d:
        print(f'{a} is 2nd largest number')
    elif c>a and c>d:
        print(f'{c} is 2nd largest number')
    else:
        print(f'{d} is 2nd largest number')
```

```
elif c>a and c>b and c>d:
    if a>b and a>d:
        print(f'{a} is 2nd largest number')
    elif b>a and b>d:
        print(f'{b} is 2nd largest number')
    else:
        print(f'{d} is 2nd largest number')
```

```
else:
    if a>b and a>c:
        print(f'{a} is 2nd largest number')
    elif b>a and b>c:
        print(f'{b} is 2nd largest number')
    else:
        print(f'{c} is 2nd largest number')
```

#output :

```
Enter the 1st integer :8
Enter the 2nd integer :5
Enter the 3rd integer :6
Enter the 4th integer :9
8 is 2nd largest numbe
```

#07) WAP to print all the values present at even index of a tuple ,
if the length of tuple is odd and having first value as integer
'''

```
t=eval(input('Enter the tuple :'))
if len(t)%2==1:
    if type(t[0])==int:
        print(t[:2])
    else:
        print('first value of tuple is not an integer')
else:
    print('length of tuple is even')
```

#output :

```
Enter the tuple :(10,2.5,'hi')
(10, 'hi')
'''
```

#08) WAP to print ASCII value of last character of string , only if that
ASCII value is even , palindrome and greater than 70
'''

```
s=input('Enter the string :')
x=ord(s[-1])

if x%2==0:
    if str(x)==str(x)[::-1]:
        if x>70:
            print(x)
        else:
            print('ASCII value is not greater than 70')
    else:
        print('ASCII value is not palindrome')
else:
    print('ASCII value is odd')
```

#output:

Enter the string :mr.X

88

'''

#ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

#09) WAP to print last value of list , only if it is palindrome string, starting with vowel.

#10) WAP to print reversed string , only if it is starting with vowel , ending with consonant,

and it should contain middle value