- Sure! Here's a short answer for each question:
- 1. Three data sources Power BI can connect to: SQL Server, Excel, Web.
- 2. First step to import data into Power BI Desktop: Click "Get Data".
- 3. How to refresh imported data: Click "Refresh" on the Home tab.
- 4. Two file formats Power BI can import directly: CSV, Excel (.xlsx).
- 5. What the "Navigator" window shows:
 Available tables or sheets to select for loading.
- 6. Import Sales_Data.csv and load only "Product" and "Price": Use "Get Data" \rightarrow CSV \rightarrow Transform Data \rightarrow Keep columns "Product" and "Price" \rightarrow Load.
- 7. Change OrderDate to a date format during import: In Power Query, select OrderDate \rightarrow Transform \rightarrow Data Type \rightarrow Date.
- 8. Difference between "Load" and "Transform Data": Load: Imports as-is; Transform Data: Opens Power Query for editing.
- 9. One reason for error connecting to SQL: Invalid credentials or server not reachable.
- $10. Replace \qquad data \qquad source \qquad after \qquad import: \\ Home \rightarrow Data \ source \ settings \rightarrow Change \ Source.$
- 11.M-code to import only rows where Quantity > 1:
- 12. Table. SelectRows (Source, each [Quantity] > 1)
- 13.Change data source if Sales_Data.csv changed: Home → Transform Data → Data Source Settings → Change Source.
- 14. Fix "mixed data type" CSV import error: In Power Query, set correct column data type or split columns.
- 15. Connect to live SQL with parameters (filter by year):
 Use DirectQuery mode, define parameter for Year in Power Query.
- 16. Automate data imports with Power Automate: Use Power Automate to trigger Power BI dataset refresh on schedule or file upload.

Let me know if you want practical examples or to apply any of these in Power BI.