

Introduction

Compsis, a technological firm based in Brazil that specializes in electronic toll collection (ETC) systems, must make important strategic choices in the face of difficult financial conditions. As of 2004, the company must assess whether to grow globally, broaden its product offers, or wait for the Brazilian market to revive.

Analysis

Financially, Compsis experienced a significant revenue decline from US\$4.2 million in 2003 to US\$3.3 million in 2004 (Lehrich et al., 2009). This downturn primarily resulted from delayed government contracts for new toll road construction in Brazil. The company's reliance on its domestic market exposed vulnerabilities in its business model, though it maintained several months of operating cash reserves.

The economic conditions in potential new markets significantly impact Compsis's strategic options. The United States represents a mature, stable market with projected steady growth in ETC revenues from US\$49 million in 2004 to US\$73 million by 2008. However, entering this market would require substantial investment in sales infrastructure and navigating complex public procurement processes. Latin American markets, while more familiar, offer limited growth potential and often demand simpler, less expensive solutions than Compsis's high-quality offerings.

Porter's (1996) framework for strategic positioning states that Compsis has to decide whether to stick with its high-end, sophisticated systems that differentiate it from the competition or change to compete on price in emerging countries. The corporation may not be able to pursue aggressive

worldwide expansion due to its current financial limits, especially in the resource-intensive U.S. sector.

Conclusion

At a critical crossroads, Compsis's financial status limits its alternatives while the state of the economy in potential markets offers advantages and disadvantages. The business must carefully balance the possible advantages of market diversification with the dangers and resource needs of foreign expansion. Developing new product lines to lessen reliance on ETC systems and strategically expanding into a few overseas markets while preserving its dominant position in Brazil could constitute a balanced strategy.

References:

Lehrich, M. J., Paredes, P. J., & Ravikumar, R. (2009). Compsis at a Crossroads. MIT Sloan School of Management.

Porter, M. E. (1996). What is Strategy? Harvard Business Review, 74(6), 61-78.

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