BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCE, PILANI DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Compiler Construction (CS F363)

II Semester 2018-19

Compiler Project (Stage-2 Submission)

Coding Details

(April 14, 2019)

15

Group No.

Instruction: Write the details precisely and neatly. Places where you do not have anything to mention, please write NA for Not Applicable. 1. IDs and Names of team members ID: 2016A7PS0024P Name: AMAN SANGHI ID: 2016A7PS0072P Name: SANCHIT SHRIVASTAVA ID: 2016A7PS0135P Name: SARTHAK AGARWAL ID: 2016A7PS0339P Name: ALEX MATHAI 2. Mention the names of the Submitted files (Include Stage-1 and Stage-2 both) 1 lexerDef.h 9 symbolTable.h 17 2 parserDef.h 10 codegen.c 18 3 astDef.h 11 codegen.h 19 _____ 4 symbolTableDef.h 12 lexer.c 20 _____ 13 parser.c_ 5 lexer.h 21 _____ 14 ast.c 6 parser.h 22 7 ast.h 15 symbolTable.c 23 8 grammar.txt_ 16 driver.c 24 3. Total number of submitted files: 19 (All files should be in ONE folder named exactly as Group #, # is your group number) 4. Have you compressed the folder as specified in the submission guidelines? (yes/no) yes 5. Status of Code development: Mention 'Yes' if you have developed the code for the given module, else mention 'No'. a. Lexer (Yes/No): Yes b. Parser (Yes/No): Yes c. Abstract Syntax tree (Yes/No): Yes d. Symbol Table (Yes/No): Yes e. Type checking Module (Yes/No): Yes f. Semantic Analysis Module (Yes/no): Yes (reached LEVEL as per the details uploaded) g. Code Generator (Yes/No): Yes 6. Execution Status: a. Code generator produces code.asm (Yes/ No): Yes b. code.asm produces correct output using NASM for testcases (Main#.txt, #:1-4): Yes c. Semantic Analyzer produces semantic errors appropriately (Yes/No): Yes d. Type Checker reports type mismatch errors appropriately (Yes/ No): Yes e. Symbol Table is constructed (yes/no) Yes and printed appropriately (Yes /No): Yes f. AST is constructed (yes/no) Yes and printed (yes/no) Yes

g. Name the test cases out of 7 as uploaded on the course website for which you get the segmentation

7. Data Structures (Describe in maximum 2 lines and avoid giving C definition of it)

fault (testcase#.txt; # 1-3 and Main@.txt; @:1-4): NA

8. Semantic Checks: Mention your scheme NEATLY for testing the following major checks a. Variable not Declared: A hashtable of variable is maintained and when ever a variable is accessed it is first checked in hashtable and if it is not found it is and error b. Multiple declarations: whenever a declaration of variable come we search it in a hashtable it it exist th it and error otherwise it is added to hashtable c. Number and type of input and output parameters: While creating a list of input and output parameters count variable is maintained and for each addition it is incremented by one d. assignment of value to the output parameter in a function e. function call semantics: There is hash table for functions as well so whenever a function is called it is checked in the hashtable whether it exists or not f. type checking in the hashtable of the variable corresponding to every variable there type is also saved whenever a variable is accessed the type is checked from the hashtable g. return semantics: We have kept a list of output parameter for every function this list consists of name the parameter and corresponding types and similarly there is a list for return statement and it is matched with the output parameter list for having same number of element and have same type in order h. Recursion: Every function has a unique id and whenever a function is called within a function there ids are checked and if they are equal it is reported as error i. function overloading: since there is a hashtable of function we check whether a function with the sam name exist it is reported as error j. 'while' loop semantics: inside the boolean expression whichever variables are used are put into a hashtable and then every variable that is inside the while which is changing is compared against the hashtable and corresponding to each record type there is another hashtable which stores the definition of the record type l. register allocation: m. Scope of variables and their visibility:_corresponding to each function there		a.	AST node structurecontains pointers to children, siblings, parent and concathas labeltype attribute (to understand rule numbers), lexical token, line number
d. Record type expression structure:same as symbol table e. Input parameters type structure:linked list of nodes stored in function structure f. Output parameters type structure:linked list of nodes g. Structure for maintaining the three address code(if created):NA h. Any other interesting data structure used:function_st:structure for function. — int position, input _param linked list output_param linked list , hashtable variables for the function 8. Semantic Checks: Mention your scheme NEATLY for testing the following major checks a. Variable not Declared: A hashtable of variable is maintained and when ever a variable is accessed it is first checked in hashtable and if it is not found it is and error b. Multiple declarations: whenever a declaration of variable come we search it in a hashtable it it exist the it and error otherwise it is added to hashtable c. Number and type of input and output parameters: While creating a list of input and output parameters count variable is maintained and for each addition it is incremented by one d. assignment of value to the output parameter in a function e. function call semantics: There is hash table for functions as well so whenever a function is called it is checked in the hashtable whether it exists or not f. type checking in the hashtable of the variable corresponding to every variable there type is also saved whenever a variable is accessed the type is checked from the hashtable g. return semantics: We have kept a list of output parameter for every function this list consists of name the parameter and corresponding types and similarly there is a list for return statement and it is matched with the output parameter list for having same number of element and have same type in order h. Recursion: Every function has a unique id and whenever a function is called within a function there ids are checked and if they are equal it is reported as error i. function overloading: since there is a hashtable of function we check whether a function w		b.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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a. Maketile works (ves/No): Yes	٦.	•	Makefile works (yes/No):Yes
b. Code Compiles (Yes/ No):Yes			·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
c. Mention the .c files that do not compile: NA			
d. Any specific function that does not compile:NA			·

e. Ensured the compatibility of your code with the specified gcc version(yes/no)	
10. Driver Details: Does it take care of the options specified earlier?(yes/no):yes	
11. Specify the language features your compiler is not able to handle (in maximum one line) None	
None	
13. Write exact command you expect to be used for executing the code.asm using NASM simulatornasm -f elf output.asm -o output.o	
ld -m elf_i386 -o output output.o	
14. Strength of your code(Tick the boxes where applicable): (a) correctness • (b) completeness • (c) robust • Well documented • (e) readable • (f) strong data structure • (f) Good programming style (indentation, av of goto stmts etc) • (g) modular • (h)space and time efficient • a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h	
15. Any other point you wish to mention: None	
andalex mathai (your names) declare that we have put our genuine efforts in	
creating the compiler project code and have submitted the code developed by us. We have not copied a piece of code from any source. If our code is found plagiarized in any form or degree, we understand that disciplinary action as per the institute rules will be taken against us and we will accept the penalty as decent the department of Computer Science and Information Systems, BITS, Pilani.	ny it a
Date:15-04-2019(Not to exceed beyond 3 pages)	