

**EX.NO: 7**

## **INTRODUCTION TO PROLOG**

### **AIM**

To learn PROLOG terminologies and write basic programs.

### **TERMINOLOGIES**

1. Atomic Terms: -

Atomic terms are usually strings made up of lower- and uppercase letters, digits, and the underscore, starting with a lowercase letter.

Ex:

dog  
ab\_c\_321

2. Variables: -

Variables are strings of letters, digits, and the underscore, starting with a capital letter or an underscore.

Ex:

Dog  
Apple\_420

3. Compound Terms: -

Compound terms are made up of a PROLOG atom and a number of arguments (PROLOG terms, i.e., atoms, numbers, variables, or other compound terms) enclosed in parentheses and separated by commas.

Ex:

is\_bigger(elephant,X)  
f(g(X,\_),7)

4. Facts: -

A fact is a predicate followed by a dot.

Ex:

bigger\_animal(whale).  
life\_is\_beautiful.

5. Rules: -

A rule consists of a head (a predicate) and a body (a sequence of predicates separated by commas).

Ex:

is\_smaller(X,Y):-is\_bigger(Y,X).  
aunt(Aunt,Child):-sister(Aunt,Parent),parent(Parent,Child).

### **SOURCE CODE:**

#### **KB1:**

woman(mia). woman(jody).  
woman(yolanda).  
playsAirGuitar(jody).  
party.  
Query 1: ?-woman(mia).  
Query 2: ?-playsAirGuitar(mia).  
Query 3: ?-party.  
Query 4: ?-concert.

#### **OUTPUT: -**

```
?- woman(mia).  
true.  
  
?- playsAirGuitar(mia).  
false.  
  
?- party.  
true.  
  
?- concert.  
ERROR: Unknown procedure: concert/0 (DWIM could not correct goal)  
?- ■
```

#### **KB2:**

happy(yolanda). listens2music(mia).  
Listens2music(yolanda):-happy(yolanda). playsAirGuitar(mia):-listens2music(mia).  
playsAirGuitar(Yolanda):-listens2music(yolanda).

#### **OUTPUT: -**

```
?- playsAirGuitar(mia).  
true.  
  
?- playsAirGuitar(yolanda).  
true.  
  
?- ■
```

**KB3:** likes(dan,sally). likes(sally,dan).  
likes(john,brittney). married(X,Y):-  
likes(X,Y) , likes(Y,X). friends(X,Y):-  
likes(X,Y) ; likes(Y,X).

#### **OUTPUT: -**

```
?- likes(dan,X).  
X = sally.  
  
?- married(dan,sally).  
true.  
  
?- married(john,brittney).  
false.
```

**KB4:** food(burger).  
food(sandwich).  
food(pizza).  
lunch(sandwich).  
dinner(pizza).  
meal(X):-food(X).

**OUTPUT:**

```
?-  
|   food(pizza).  
true.  
  
?- meal(X),lunch(X).  
X = sandwich ,  
  
?- dinner(sandwich).  
false.  
  
?-
```

**KB5:**

owns(jack,car(bmw)).  
owns(john,car(chevy)).  
owns(olivia,car(civic)).  
owns(jane,car(chevy)).  
sedan(car(bmw)). sedan(car(civic)).  
truck(car(chevy)).

**OUTPUT:**

```
?-
|   owns(john,X).
X = car(chevy).

?- owns(john,_).
true.

?- owns(Who,car(chevy)).
Who = john .

?- owns(jane,X),sedan(X).
false.

?- owns(jane,X),truck(X).
X = car(chevy).
```

**RESULT:** Thus the above python code is executed successfully and output is verified.