Code:

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import numpy as np
import random
class Chromosome:
  def init (self, genes):
     self.genes = genes
     self.fitness = 0
     self.calculate fitness()
  def calculate_fitness(self):
     self.fitness = 0
     for i,gene in enumerate(self.genes):
       self.fitness += (i+1)*(gene**2)
class GeneticAlgorithm:
  def __init__(self):
     self.n_chromosomes = 0
     self.n_genes = 0
    self.population = []
     self.max_fitness = 0
     # self.fitness_graph = []
     self.generate_population()
     self.calculate max fitness()
  def generate_population(self):
     self.n_chromosomes = int(input("Enter number of chromosomes: "))
    self.n_genes = int(input("Enter number of genes: "))
    print("Chromosomes: {}\nGenes: {}\n".format(self.n_chromosomes,self.n_genes))
     self.population = []
     for i in range(self.n_chromosomes):
       genes = np.random.standard_normal(size=self.n_genes).tolist()
       self.population.append(Chromosome(genes))
  def calculate_max_fitness(self):
     self.max fitness = 0
     for i in range(self.n_genes):
       self.max fitness += (i+1)*100
  def selection(self):
     population size = (self.n chromosomes*2)//2
     selected_population = []
     while len(selected_population) != self.n_chromosomes:
       # Creating tournament
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tournament_size = population_size//2 if population_size//10 < 5 else size//10
       tournament_population = random.sample(self.population, tournament_size)
       # Appending winner in selected population to generate offsprings
       winner = max(tournament_population, key = lambda chromosome :
chromosome.fitness)
       #print(winner.genes)
       selected_population.append(winner)
    return selected_population
  def cross over(self, selected population):
    offsprings = []
    while len(offsprings) != self.n_chromosomes:
       # Randomly generating crossover point
       crossover point = random.randint(0,self.n genes-2)
       # Randomly selecting two parents
       parent_a, parent_b = random.sample(selected_population, 2)
       # Generating offsprings by swapping genes
       parent_a.genes[crossover_point:self.n_genes],
parent_b.genes[crossover_point:self.n_genes] = parent_b.genes[crossover_point:self.n_genes],
parent_a.genes[crossover_point:self.n_genes]
       offsprings += [parent_a, parent_b]
    return offsprings
  def mutation(self, offsprings):
    mutation_range = random.randint(1,len(offsprings)//3)
    random_offsprings = random.sample(range(0, len(offsprings)-1), mutation_range)
    for i in random offsprings:
       index = random.randint(0,self.n genes-1)
       offsprings[i].genes[index] = random.uniform(0, 10)
    return offsprings
  def replacement(self, offsprings):
    self.population = offsprings
    for i in range(self.n_chromosomes):
       self.population[i].calculate_fitness()
  def check_termination(self, i):
    best_chromosome = max(self.population, key = lambda chromosome :
chromosome.fitness)
    if i%10==0:
      print("Best chromosome after iteration {}: {} \nFitness: {}\
n".format(i,best chromosome.genes,best chromosome.fitness))
    # self.fitness_graph.append(best_chromosome.fitness)
    if best chromosome.fitness >= self.max fitness:
       print("Termination criteria reached")
```

return True return False

```
genetic_algorithm = GeneticAlgorithm()
for i in range(50):
    selected_population = genetic_algorithm.selection()
    offsprings = genetic_algorithm.cross_over(selected_population)
    offsprings = genetic_algorithm.mutation(offsprings)
    genetic_algorithm.replacement(offsprings)
    if genetic_algorithm.check_termination(i+1):
        break
```

Output:

