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```
Homework7 main.m
용
% Author
       : Zach Dischner
% Date : 10/27/2013
 Description: Matlab script for all calculations required for
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         ASEN 5090 Homework 7
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          (\ [ ===NCC-1700===--|__|) _
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## Questions to Answer (First for ease of grading)

```
type('answers.txt')
```

1. The main difference between single frequency prefits for joze and onsa is that while onsa's prefits look mainly randomly distributed, joze has a very obvious trend. Joze's residules have sharp and steady climbs in prefits in time, and then the prefit drops back to its previous low, in a manner that looks very much like a triangle wave. Each satellite's residule is stacked at almost the same place in time. This is likely due to the fact that the joze clock is much lower quality than the onsa one. The triangle wave error form is caused by the clock drifting, then being reset. It is clearly the dominant factor in joze's residule values.

- 2. The single frequency prefit residules are different from the ionosphere free ones because the ionosphere affects each satellite differently, as they are in different positions in their orbits. The single frequency prefit contains structure for each PRN plotted, while the ion-free residules have a more normal distribution.
- 3. The 4-5 sigma outliers in onsa's ion-free residules are due to low elevation data points. See the plot of residules vs elevation. The residules grow much more dispersed for low elevation observations. A good mitigation strategy could be to raise the elevation mask, so that only higher, more trustworthy observations would be included.

## **Setup Work Space**

#### Setup Problem

```
%-----Define Navigation and Observation File
RINEX_FILES = {'onsa2640.onehour','joze2640.onehour'};
nav_msg = 'brdc2640.12n';
%-----Define Orbit determination parameters
params.mu = 3.986005e14; % Gravitational param [m^3/s^2]
params.we = 7.2921151467e-5; % Earth's rotation rate [rad/s]
%-----Define speed of light
params.c = 299792458; % [m/s]
params.options=optimset('Display','off','TolFun',1e-10,'TolX',1e-10);
%-----Define Zenith Correction for each site
Tzenith = [2.3858, 2.4086]; %[m]
```

```
%----Read navigation message content
nav data = read GPSbroadcast(nav msg); % Returns [n x 25] matrix of sat orbit information
                   coll: prn, PRN number of satellite
용
                   col2: M0, mean anomaly at reference time, rad
용
                   col3: delta n, mean motion difference from computed value, rad/s
용
                   col4: ecc, eccentricity of orbit
용
                   col5: sqrt a, square root of semi-major axis, m^0.5
용
                   col6: Loa, longitude of ascending node of orbit plane at weekly epoch, rad
용
                   col7: incl, inclination angle at reference time, rad
용
                   col8: perigee, argument of perigee, rad
용
                   col9: ra rate, rate of change of right ascension, rad/s
용
                  col10: i rate, rate of change of inclination angle, rad/s
                  coll1: Cuc, amplitude of the cosine harmonic correction term to the argument of latitu
용
de
                  coll2: Cus, amplitude of the sine harmonic correction term to the argument of latitude
용
                  col13: Crc, amplitude of the cosine harmonic correction term to the orbit radius
                  col14: Crs, amplitude of the sine harmonic correction term to the orbit radius
용
                  col15: Cic, amplitude of the cosine harmonic correction term to the angle of inclinati
on
용
                  coll6: Cis, amplitude of the cosine harmonic correction term to the angle of inclinati
on
9
                  col17: Toe, reference time ephemeris (seconds into GPS week)
9
                  col18: IODE, issue of data (ephemeris)
용
                  col19: GPS_week, GPS Week Number (to go with Toe)
용
                  col20: Toc, time of clock
용
                  col21: Af0, satellite clock bias (sec)
용
                  col22: Af1, satellite clock drift (sec/sec)
                  col23: Af2, satellite clock drift rate (sec/sec/sec)
9
용
                  col24: blank (zero)
9
                  col25: health, satellite health (0=good and usable)
```

### Calculate Pre-Fit Residuals

```
for file_idx=1:length(RINEX_FILES)
```

```
rinex_file = RINEX_FILES{file_idx};
fprintf('Processing Rinex file %s\n', rinex_file)
```

Processing Rinex file onsa2640.onehour

Processing Rinex file joze2640.onehour

### Read Observation Files, Sort Data

```
%-----Read a-priori receiver position from header of RINEX obs file
[ fid, rec_xyz, observables ] = read_rinex_header( rinex_file );
%-----Read Observation file
obs_data = read_rinex_obs3(rinex_file);
cols = obs_data.col; % Structure of column index descriptions
```

```
%-----Make nice column addressing variables (P1_col, P2_col ... etc)
fields = fieldnames(cols);
for kk=1:length(fields)
    eval(cell2mat([fields(kk),'_col = cols.',fields(kk),';']));
end

PRNS = obs_data.data(:,PRN_col);
[GPSSecAryUn,secs_idx] = unique(obs_data.data(:,TOW_col));
GPSWeekAry = obs_data.data(:,WEEK_col);
GPSSecAry = obs_data.data(:,TOW_col);
% GPS_Secs = obs_data.data(rows,SOW_col);
% GPS_Weeks = obs_data.data(rows,Week_col);
```

```
Read 1000 lines
ans = 1238 13
Read 1000 lines
ans = 1024 8
```

### **Fetch/Compute Pseudorange Values**

```
%-----Allocate
rho_obs = zeros(1, length(PRNS));
rho_model = rho_obs;
el = rho_obs;
res = rho_obs;
ionFree = rho_obs;
sat_prn = rho_obs;
iter = 0;
for sec_idx = secs_idx'
```

### Calculate "Modeled" Pseudorange

```
%-----Setup Range Finding
GPS_SOW = GPSSecAry(sec_idx);
GPS_Week = GPSWeekAry(sec_idx);
params.Secs = GPS_SOW; %(GPS_Secs(1)) % Seconds used to calculate seconds since epoch
%------Iterate over epoch satellite data
Nsats = sum(GPSSecAry == GPSSecAry(sec_idx));
for sat = 1:Nsats
```

```
data_idx = sec_idx+sat-1;
    waitbar((data_idx+tot_iters)/wb_tot,h)
    iter = iter + 1;
    PRN = obs_data.data(data_idx,PRN_col);

%-----Calculate Geometric Range
    [R, rel_dt, satXYZ] = getSatGeomRange(rec_xyz', GPS_Week, GPS_SOW, PRN, nav_data, params);
```

```
%-----Check Elevation Angle
[az, el(iter), r] = ecef2azelrange(satXYZ', rec_xyz);
if el(iter) < 10
    iter=iter-1;
    tot_iters = tot_iters+1;
    continue
end
rel_corr = rel_dt*params.c;

%-----Get clock correction
sat_clk_t_corr = getSatClockCorrection(GPS_Week, GPS_SOW, PRN, nav_data);

%-----Get Satellite Correction
sat_corr = sat_clk_t_corr*params.c;

%-----Get Tropospheric Correction
Tropo_corr = getTropoCorrection(Tzenith(file_idx), el(iter));
rho_model(iter) = R - sat_corr + Tropo_corr + rel_corr;</pre>
```

### **Fetch Observed Pseudoranges**

```
%----Get Observed pseudorange
        if sum(strcmp(observables,'P1'))>0
            %----Retrieve P1 as pseudorange
            P1 = obs data.data(data idx,P1 col);
            P2 = obs_data.data(data_idx,P2_col);
            rho obs(iter) = P1;
            ionFree(iter) = 2.5457*P1-1.5457*P2;
        else
            %-----Retrieve C1 as pseudorange
            P2 = obs data.data(data idx, P2 col);
            C1 = obs data.data(data idx,C1 col);
            rho_obs(iter) = C1;
            ionFree(iter) = 2.5457*C1-1.5457*P2;
        end
        sat prn(iter) = PRN;
        if iter < secs idx(2) && file idx == 1</pre>
            if sat == 1
                fprintf('|_PRN_| ___geomRange____| __rel__ | ___satClk___|
                                                                                  P3
el Trop \n')
            end
            fprintf(1,soln format,PRN,...
                R,rel_corr,sat_corr,ionFree(iter),...
                ionFree(iter)-rho_model(iter),...
                el(iter), Tropo corr)
        end
```

```
| PRN | geomRange | rel | satClk | P3 | Prefit | el | Trop | 8 | 23184871.678 | 0.170 | 658.362 | 23184839.757 | 621.408 | 29.37 | 4.86
```

```
22097650.863 | -7.167 | 120949.414 | 21977320.598 | 622.368 | 37.19 | 3.95
 2 |
       23167048.158 | -4.552 | 48800.721 |
                                            23118868.512
                                                            619.834 | 24.32 | 5.79
23
30
       24256720.422 | 1.159 | -121274.267 |
                                            24378632.870
                                                            625.139 | 11.58 | 11.88
       22594455.897 | 1.699 | -105918.494 |
                                            22701002.705
                                                            622.124 | 32.08 | 4.49
 5
 7 |
       20911335.144 | -2.461 |
                               37162.821
                                             20874793.510
                                                            620.936 | 61.61 | 2.71
       23763019.853 | 5.954 |
                               92798.164
                                             23670857.062
                                                            622.696 | 20.78 | 6.72
       23201845.354 | 4.177 | -73858.535 |
                                             23276333.148
16
                                                            619.396 | 24.81 | 5.69
10
       20302503.937 | 7.640 | -15696.401 | 20318833.307 | 622.842 | 73.60 | 2.49
                                             P3_
                               satClk
                                                        | Prefit | el | Trop |
     geomRange
                      rel
                    0.132
                                 658.363
                                            23165163.273 | 622.312 | 29.61 | 4.83
       23165194.363
```

```
end % End Satellite Iteration
```

```
end % End time iteration

%-----Remove data with '0' observation
zs = rho_obs == 0;
rho_obs(zs) = []; rho_model(zs) = [];
```

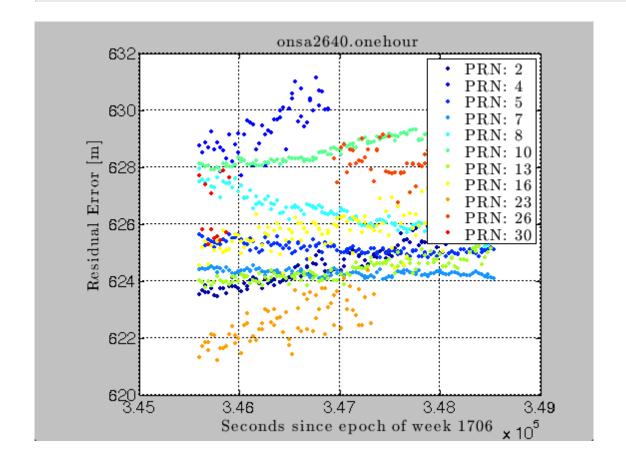
### **Plot**

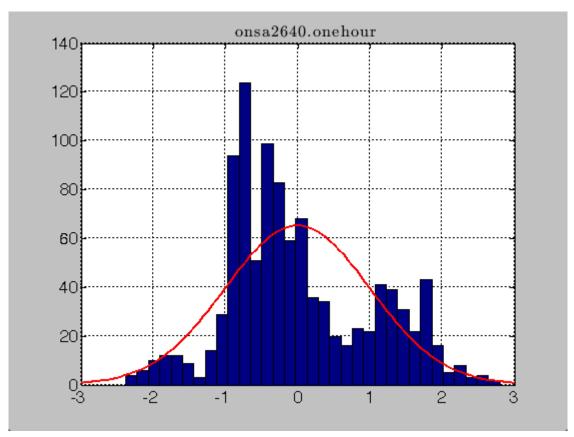
```
res = rho_obs-rho_model;

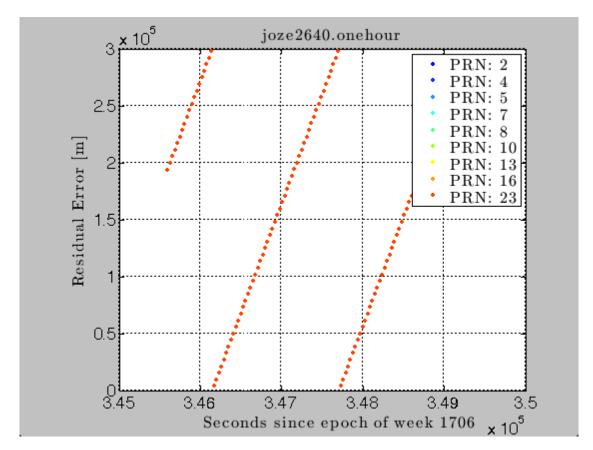
obs{file_idx} = rho_obs; %#ok<*SAGROW>
model{file_idx} = rho_model;
elevation{file_idx} = el;
prefit_res{file_idx} = res()';
prns = unique(sat_prn);
prns(prns==0)=[];

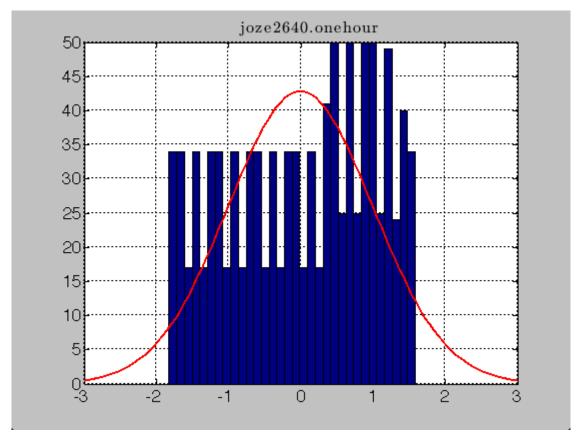
%------plot residules
```

```
figure
colors = jet(length(prns));
for ii=1:length(prns)
    rows = sat_prn == prns(ii);
    sat_res{file_idx, prns(ii)} = res(rows);
    plot(GPSSecAry(rows),res(rows),'.','color',colors(ii,:),'Markersize',15)
    leg{ii} = ['PRN: ' , num2str(prns(ii))];
    hold on
end
xl = ['Seconds since epoch of week ',num2str(GPS Week)];
xlabel(xl);ylabel('Residual Error [m]')
title(rinex_file)
legend(leg);
%----Plot Histogram
figure
datan = (res-mean(res))/std(res);
hist(datan)
histfit(datan)
tot iters = tot iters + iter;
title(rinex file)
```









## Ion Free plot for Onsa

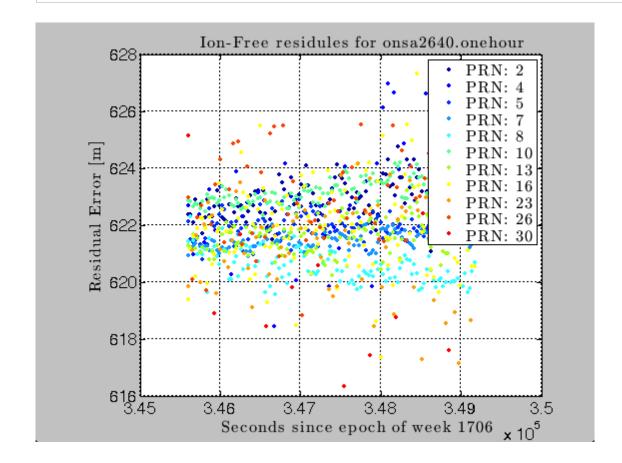
```
if strcmp(rinex_file, 'onsa2640.onehour')
```

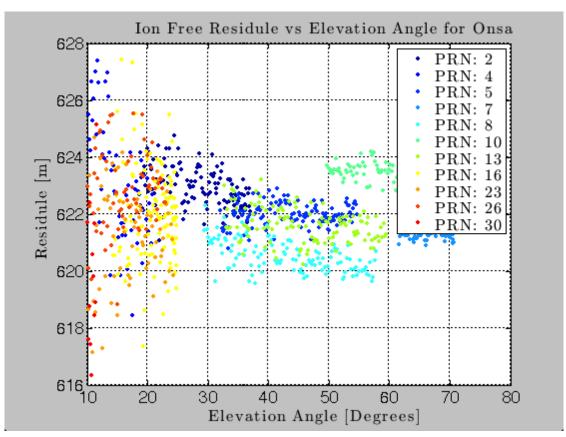
```
%-----Remove data with '0' observation ionFree(zs)=[];
```

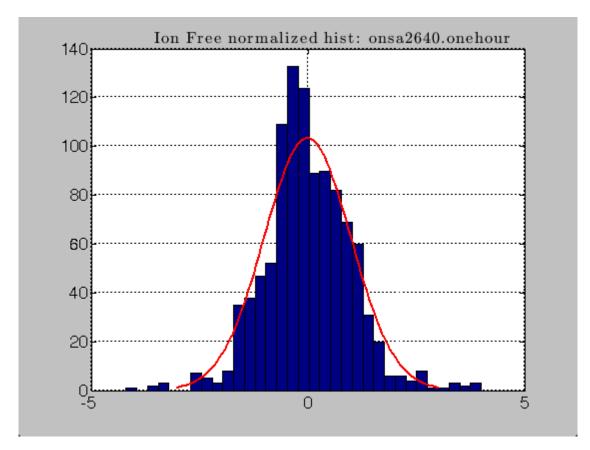
### **Plot**

```
res = ionFree-rho_model;
       prns = unique(sat_prn);
       prns(prns==0)=[];
        %----plot residules
       figure
       colors = jet(length(prns));
       for ii=1:length(prns)
            rows = sat_prn == prns(ii);
           sat_res{file_idx, prns(ii)} = res(rows);
           plot(linspace(GPSSecAry(1),GPSSecAry(end),length(res(rows))),res(rows),'.','color',colors(ii
,:),'Markersize',15)
            leg{ii} = ['PRN: ' , num2str(prns(ii))];
           hold on
       end
       xl = ['Seconds since epoch of week ',num2str(GPS_Week)];
       xlabel(xl);ylabel('Residual Error [m]')
       title(['Ion-Free residules for ', rinex_file])
       legend(leg);
```

```
figure
for ii=1:length(prns)
    rows = sat_prn == prns(ii);
    sat_res{file_idx, prns(ii)} = res(rows);
    plot(el(rows),res(rows),'.','color',colors(ii,:),'Markersize',15)
    leg{ii} = ['PRN: ' , num2str(prns(ii))];
    hold on
end
xlabel('Elevation Angle [Degrees]');ylabel('Residule [m]')
title('Ion Free Residule vs Elevation Angle for Onsa')
legend(leg)
%----Plot Histogram
figure
datan = (res-mean(res))/std(res);
hist(datan)
histfit(datan)
title(['Ion Free normalized hist: ', rinex file])
```







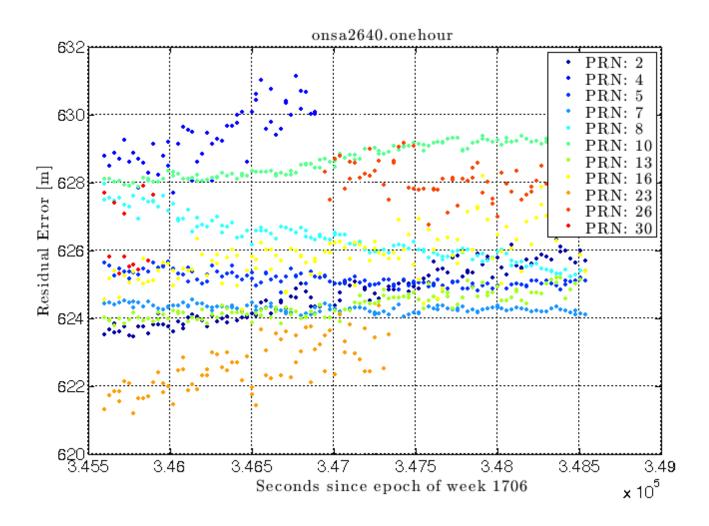
end

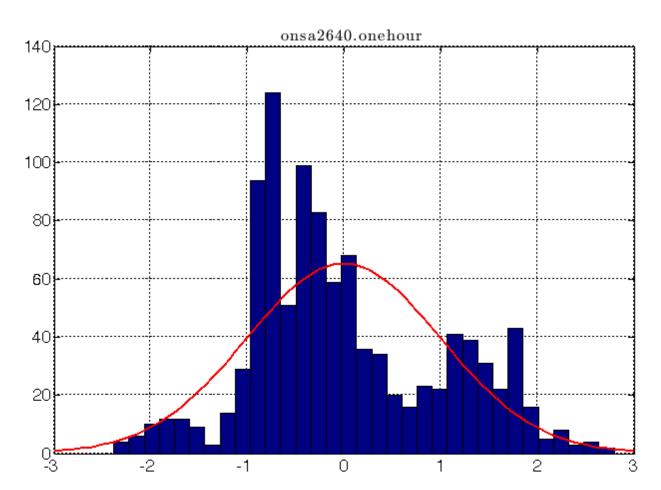
clear leg rows outliers sat\_prn

```
end % End Rinex File Iteration
```

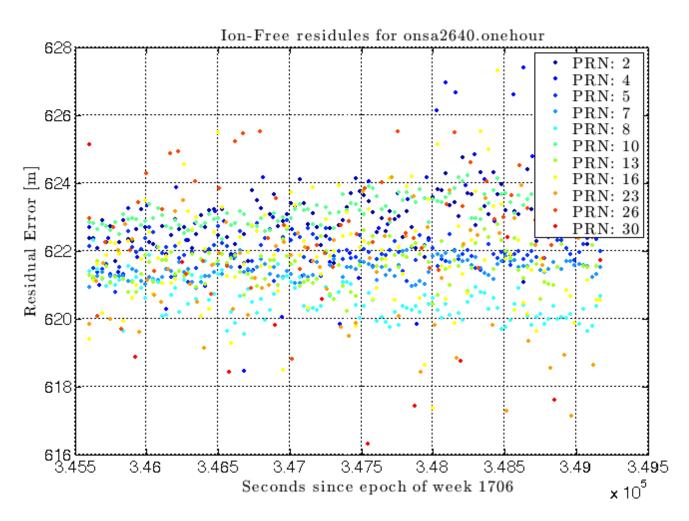
## Clean, Reformat

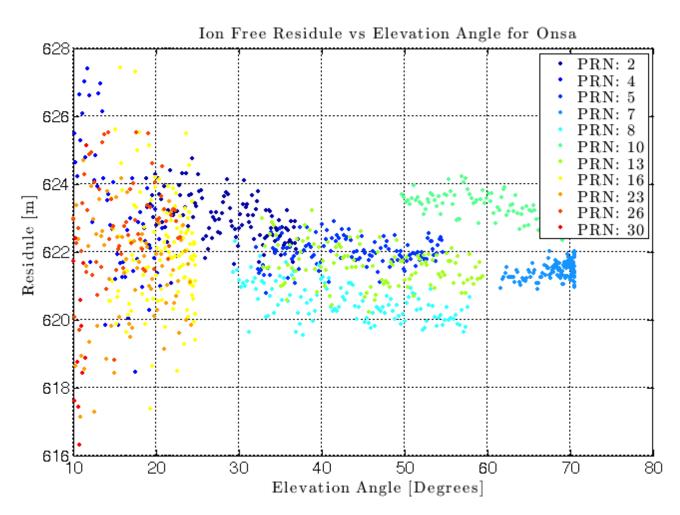
figure\_awesome

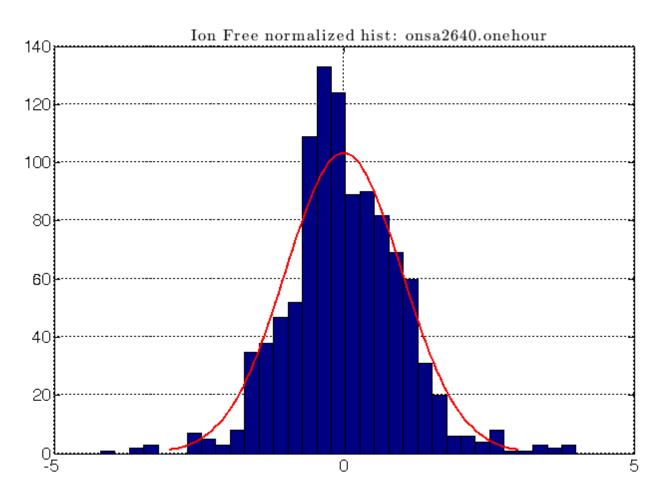


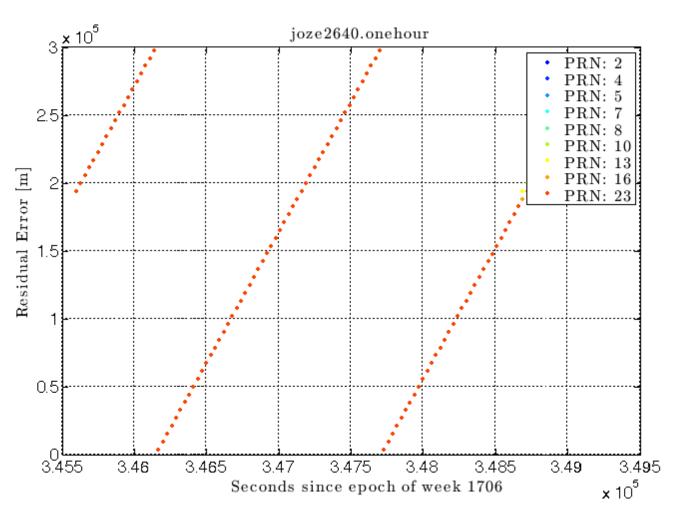


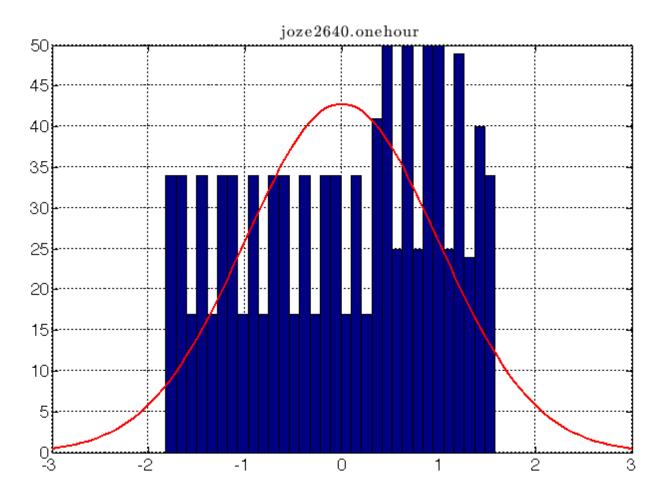
 $file: /\!/\!Users/zachdischner/Desktop/Dropbox/School/Scho$ 











## SUPPORTING FUNCTION - Homework7\_main.m

```
type('Homework7_main.m')
```

11/1/13

```
clc;clear all;close all
screen size = get(0, 'ScreenSize');
sw = screen_size(3); % Screen Width
sh = screen size(4);
                     % Screen Height
% figColor = [0.99 0.99 0.98];
addpath HW7 files
soln format = '| %2.0f | %15.3f | %7.3f | %12.3f | %15.3f | %9.3f | %3.2f | %3.2f \t\n';
% h = waitbar(0,'GO PARTY, ILL STAY HERE WORKING!!!');
wb tot = 1024+1238;
tot iters = 0;
%% Setup Problem
%-----Define Navigation and Observation File
RINEX FILES = {'onsa2640.onehour','joze2640.onehour'};
nav msg = 'brdc2640.12n';
%-----Define Orbit determination parameters
params.mu = 3.986005e14;
                         % Gravitational param [m^3/s^2]
params.we = 7.2921151467e-5; % Earth's rotation rate [rad/s]
%-----Define speed of light
params.c = 299792458; % [m/s]
params.options=optimset('Display','off','TolFun',1e-10,'TolX',1e-10);
%-----Define Zenith Correction for each site
Tzenith = [2.3858, 2.4086]; %[m]
%----Read navigation message content
nav data = read GPSbroadcast(nav msg); % Returns [n x 25] matrix of sat orbit information
                   coll: prn, PRN number of satellite
용
엉
                   col2: M0, mean anomaly at reference time, rad
                   col3: delta n, mean motion difference from computed value, rad/s
용
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                   col4: ecc, eccentricity of orbit
용
                  col5: sqrt a, square root of semi-major axis, m^0.5
용
                  col6: Loa, longitude of ascending node of orbit plane at weekly epoch, rad
엉
                  col7: incl, inclination angle at reference time, rad
                  col8: perigee, argument of perigee, rad
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엉
                  col9: ra rate, rate of change of right ascension, rad/s
                  coll0: i rate, rate of change of inclination angle, rad/s
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                  coll1: Cuc, amplitude of the cosine harmonic correction term to the argument of latitu
de
                  coll2: Cus, amplitude of the sine harmonic correction term to the argument of latitude
용
                  col13: Crc, amplitude of the cosine harmonic correction term to the orbit radius
9
                  coll4: Crs, amplitude of the sine harmonic correction term to the orbit radius
용
용
                  col15: Cic, amplitude of the cosine harmonic correction term to the angle of inclinati
on
                  col16: Cis, amplitude of the cosine harmonic correction term to the angle of inclinati
ઇ
on
                  col17: Toe, reference time ephemeris (seconds into GPS week)
용
                  col18: IODE, issue of data (ephemeris)
용
용
                  col19: GPS week, GPS Week Number (to go with Toe)
용
                  col20: Toc, time of clock
용
                  col21: Af0, satellite clock bias (sec)
```

```
col22: Af1, satellite clock drift (sec/sec)
9
엉
                  col23: Af2, satellite clock drift rate (sec/sec/sec)
                  col24: blank (zero)
용
                  col25: health, satellite health (0=good and usable)
%% Calculate Pre-Fit Residuals
for file_idx=1:length(RINEX_FILES)
    rinex file = RINEX FILES{file idx};
    fprintf('Processing Rinex file %s\n', rinex file)
    %% Read Observation Files, Sort Data
    %-----Read a-priori receiver position from header of RINEX obs file
    [ fid, rec xyz, observables ] = read rinex header( rinex file );
    %----Read Observation file
   obs data = read rinex obs3(rinex file);
               = obs data.col; % Structure of column index descriptions
    %-----Make nice column addressing variables (P1 col, P2 col ... etc)
    fields = fieldnames(cols);
    for kk=1:length(fields)
        eval(cell2mat([fields(kk),' col = cols.',fields(kk),';']));
   end
   PRNS = obs_data.data(:,PRN_col);
    [GPSSecAryUn, secs_idx] = unique(obs_data.data(:,TOW_col));
   GPSWeekAry = obs data.data(:,WEEK col);
   GPSSecAry = obs data.data(:,TOW col);
         GPS Secs = obs data.data(rows, SOW col);
          GPS_Weeks = obs_data.data(rows, Week_col);
    %% Fetch/Compute Pseudorange Values
    %-----Allocate
   rho obs = zeros(1, length(PRNS));
   rho model = rho obs;
   el = rho obs;
   res = rho obs;
   ionFree = rho obs;
    sat prn = rho obs;
    iter = 0;
    for sec idx = secs idx'
        %% Calculate "Modeled" Pseudorange
        %----Setup Range Finding
       GPS SOW = GPSSecAry(sec idx);
       GPS Week = GPSWeekAry(sec idx);
       params.Secs = GPS SOW; %(GPS Secs(1)) % Seconds used to calculate seconds since epoch
        %-----Iterate over epoch satellite data
       Nsats = sum(GPSSecAry == GPSSecAry(sec_idx));
        for sat = 1:Nsats
            data idx = sec idx+sat-1;
             waitbar((data_idx+tot_iters)/wb_tot,h)
            iter = iter + 1;
            PRN = obs data.data(data idx, PRN col);
```

```
%-----Calculate Geometric Range
        [R, rel_dt, satXYZ] = getSatGeomRange(rec_xyz', GPS_Week, GPS_SOW, PRN, nav_data, params);
        %-----Check Elevation Angle
        [az, el(iter), r] = ecef2azelrange(satXYZ', rec_xyz);
        if el(iter) < 10
            iter=iter-1;
            tot iters = tot iters+1;
            continue
        end
        rel corr = rel dt*params.c;
        %-----Get clock correction
        sat clk t corr = getSatClockCorrection(GPS Week, GPS SOW, PRN, nav data);
        %----Get Satellite Correction
        sat corr = sat clk t corr*params.c;
        %----Get Tropospheric Correction
        Tropo corr = getTropoCorrection(Tzenith(file idx), el(iter) );
        rho model(iter) = R - sat corr + Tropo corr + rel corr;
        %% Fetch Observed Pseudoranges
        %----Get Observed pseudorange
        if sum(strcmp(observables, 'P1'))>0
            %----Retrieve P1 as pseudorange
            P1 = obs data.data(data idx,P1 col);
            P2 = obs_data.data(data_idx,P2_col);
            rho obs(iter) = P1;
            ionFree(iter) = 2.5457*P1-1.5457*P2;
        else
            %----Retrieve C1 as pseudorange
            P2 = obs data.data(data idx, P2 col);
            C1 = obs data.data(data idx,C1 col);
            rho obs(iter) = C1;
            ionFree(iter) = 2.5457*C1-1.5457*P2;
        end
        sat prn(iter) = PRN;
        if iter < secs idx(2) && file idx == 1
            if sat == 1
                fprintf('| PRN | geomRange | rel | satClk | P3 | Prefi
_|__el___|_Trop___|\n')
            end
            fprintf(1,soln format,PRN,...
                R, rel corr, sat corr, ionFree(iter),...
                ionFree(iter)-rho model(iter),...
                el(iter), Tropo_corr)
        end
            % End Satellite Iteration
    end
      % End time iteration
%-----Remove data with '0' observation
zs = rho obs == 0;
rho obs(zs) = []; rho model(zs) = [];
```

```
%% Plot
   res = rho obs-rho model;
   obs{file idx} = rho obs; %#ok<*SAGROW>
   model{file idx} = rho model;
   elevation{file idx} = el;
   prefit res{file idx} = res()';
   prns = unique(sat prn);
   prns(prns==0)=[];
    %----plot residules
   figure
   colors = jet(length(prns));
    for ii=1:length(prns)
       rows = sat prn == prns(ii);
       sat res{file idx, prns(ii)} = res(rows);
       plot(GPSSecAry(rows),res(rows),'.','color',colors(ii,:),'Markersize',15)
       leg{ii} = ['PRN: ' , num2str(prns(ii))];
       hold on
   end
   xl = ['Seconds since epoch of week ',num2str(GPS Week)];
   xlabel(xl);ylabel('Residual Error [m]')
   title(rinex file)
   legend(leg);
   %----Plot Histogram
   datan = (res-mean(res))/std(res);
   hist(datan)
   histfit(datan)
   tot iters = tot iters + iter;
   title(rinex file)
   %% Ion Free plot for Onsa
   if strcmp(rinex file, 'onsa2640.onehour')
        %----Remove data with '0' observation
       ionFree(zs)=[];
       %% Plot
       res = ionFree-rho model;
       prns = unique(sat prn);
       prns(prns==0)=[];
        %----plot residules
       figure
       colors = jet(length(prns));
        for ii=1:length(prns)
           rows = sat prn == prns(ii);
            sat_res{file_idx, prns(ii)} = res(rows);
           plot(linspace(GPSSecAry(1),GPSSecAry(end),length(res(rows))),res(rows),'.','color',colors(ii
,:),'Markersize',15)
            leg{ii} = ['PRN: ' , num2str(prns(ii))];
           hold on
       end
       xl = ['Seconds since epoch of week ',num2str(GPS Week)];
       xlabel(xl);ylabel('Residual Error [m]')
       title(['Ion-Free residules for ', rinex file])
       legend(leg);
```

```
figure
        for ii=1:length(prns)
            rows = sat prn == prns(ii);
            sat_res{file_idx, prns(ii)} = res(rows);
            plot(el(rows), res(rows), '.', 'color', colors(ii,:), 'Markersize', 15)
            leg{ii} = ['PRN: ' , num2str(prns(ii))];
            hold on
        end
        xlabel('Elevation Angle [Degrees]');ylabel('Residule [m]')
        title('Ion Free Residule vs Elevation Angle for Onsa')
        legend(leg)
        %----Plot Histogram
        figure
        datan = (res-mean(res))/std(res);
        hist(datan)
        histfit(datan)
        title(['Ion Free normalized hist: ', rinex file])
   end
   clear leg rows outliers sat prn
        % End Rinex File Iteration
end
%% Clean, Reformat
figure_awesome
%% SUPPORTING FUNCTION - Homework7 main.m
type('Homework7_main.m')
%% SUPPORTING FUNCTION - getSatGeomRange.m
type('getSatGeomRange.m')
%% SUPPORTING FUNCTION - date2GPSTime.m
type('date2GPSTime.m')
%% SUPPORTING FUNCTION - findNearestEphem.m
type('findNearestEphem.m')
%% SUPPORTING FUNCTION - calculateSatellitePosition.m
type('calculateSatellitePosition.m')
%% SUPPORTING FUNCTION - findFirstEpoch.m
type('findFirstEpoch.m')
%% SUPPORTING FUNCTION - getSatClockCorrection.m
type('getSatClockCorrection.m')
%% SUPPORTING FUNCTION - date2GPSTime.m
type('GPSTime2Date.m')
%% SUPPORTING FUNCTION - getTropoCorrection.m
type('getTropoCorrection.m')
```

fprintf('\nSim took %3.1f seconds to run\n',toc)

## SUPPORTING FUNCTION - getSatGeomRange.m

```
type('getSatGeomRange.m')
```

```
getSatGeomRange.m
% Author
           : Zach Dischner
% Date
            : 10/22/2013
% Description : calculate satellite position from GPS ephemeris dataset
엉
용
                `(\ [ ===NCC-1700===-- | __ | ) ___.--"_`--.._
                             : rStation - GPS Rx [x,y,z] coords in ECEF meters
 Inputs
                GPS_Weeks - GPS Week time
                GPS SOW - Seconds into week
왕
엉
                PRN - Satellite PRN
                nav data - nx25 array of sat data from broadcase
9
                  ephemeris
                params - structure containing keplarian specs and extra
9
                         calculations for sat position
              : R - Geometric Range value, in meters
% Outputs
                rel dt - clock offset due to relativity (in seconds)
                rSat - 3d ECI coordinates of satellite [x,y,z]
용
              October 11 2013 - First Rev
% History
              October 24 2013 - Reformatted output to [R,tk]
                             - Added check for time field in params,
용
                              other that that in the ephemeris data
              October 30 2013 - Reformatted output to include XYZ sat
                               position
function [R, rel dt, rSat] = getSatGeomRange(rStation, GPS Weeks, GPS SOW, PRN, nav data, params)
%----Find Nearest Ephemeris
[epochData,rows] = findNearestEphem(PRN, GPS_Weeks, GPS_SOW, nav_data);
SOW col = 20;
% Single Row in this case
%-----Get Sat Position from Ephemeris data
[rSat,rel_dt] = calculateSatellitePosition(epochData, params);
%----Set up convergence limits
R = 0:
conv limit = 1e-15;
```

```
11/1/13
```

```
max_iters = 200;
iter = 1;
%-----Iterate and converge on Geometric Range
while(1)
    %-----Calculate Geometric Range
   Rtmp = norm( rSat - rStation );
    %-----Check for Convergence
    if(abs(Rtmp - R) < conv_limit)</pre>
        break
   end
    %-----Assign new Range Value now that criterion are passed
   R = Rtmp;
    %----Check for iteration limit
    if(iter > max iters)
        fprintf(2,'YO BRO!! Range Calculation not converging!\n')
   end
    %----Increase iteration count
    iter = iter + 1;
    %-----Calculate 'Tt', time of transmission
   dt = R/params.c;
     Tr = epochData(SOW col);
   Tr = GPS_SOW;
   Tt = Tr - dt;
    %----Recalculate Satellite position
   params.Secs = Tt;
    % to use new time value
    [rSat,rel dt,params] = calculateSatellitePosition(epochData,params);
    %----Rotate Sat position at time Tr (account for earth's rotation)
   phi = params.we*dt;
   rSat = transpose(rot3(phi)*rSat');
end
rmfield(params,'E_guess');
```

#### SUPPORTING FUNCTION - date2GPSTime.m

```
type('date2GPSTime.m')
```

```
`(\ [ ===NCC-1700===--|__|) ___.--"_`--.._
용
                 용
용
9
용
             : utcDate - Satellite PRN number
% Inputs
            : [GPS Weeks, GPS SOW]-weeks and seconds of week
% Outputs
% TODOS
            : Vectorize!
function [GPS Weeks, GPS SOW] = date2GPSTime(utcDate)
gps week start = 'January 6 1980 00:00:00';
modnum = 0; % modnum = 0 for no modulo
tmp = mod((datenum(utcDate) - datenum(gps_week_start))/7,modnum); % (Difference in days)/7 = difference
in weeks
GPS Weeks = floor(tmp);
GPS SOW = round((tmp-GPS Weeks)*7*24*3600);
```

## SUPPORTING FUNCTION - findNearestEphem.m

```
type('findNearestEphem.m')
```

```
findNearestEmph.m
% Author
          : Zach Dischner
           : 10/11/2013
% Description : Function to return all emphimeris data from a nav data
              array
જ
               `(\ [ ===NCC-1700===-- | _ | ) ___.--"_`--.._
                            Inputs
              : PRN - Satellite PRN number
9
                GPSWeeks - GPS week number (modded or no?)
                GPSSOW - GPS Seconds of week
                navData - A full array of all emphimeris data, fetched
                          from navigation file
% Outputs
              : emphData - Single row (struct?) of emphemeris data per
                          sat PRN at time [gps_weeks, gps_seconds
용
              Oct 11 2013 - First Version
% History
              Oct 22 2013 - Added return for rownums
              Oct 24 2013 - Changed PRN matching to ismember(), to allow
용
                            for array matching of PRNs
용
용
              Oct 31 2013 - Changed all terms to datenums, to account for
                            week changeover
```

```
% <<<<?>
function [ephemData,rownums] = findNearestEphem(PRN, GPS_Weeks, GPS_SOW, navData)

% weeknums = nav_ephem(:,19);
% secofweeks = nav_ephem(:,17)
% sec_diff = abs(navData(:,17)-GPS_SOW);
% rownums = find( (sec_diff) == min(sec_diff) & ismember(navData(:,1),PRN) & navData(:,19)==GPS_Weeks);
% rownums = find( navData(:,17)<=GPS_SOW & ismember(navData(:,1),PRN) & navData(:,19)==GPS_Weeks);
GPSNUMBOOL = 1;
epoch_time = GPSTime2Date(GPS_Weeks, GPS_SOW, GPSNUMBOOL);
nav_time = GPSTime2Date(navData(:,19),navData(:,17), GPSNUMBOOL);
datediff = abs(nav_time-epoch_time);
rownums = (datediff==min(datediff) & ismember(navData(:,1),PRN));
ephemData = navData(rownums,:);
</pre>
```

### SUPPORTING FUNCTION - calculateSatellitePosition.m

```
type('calculateSatellitePosition.m')
```

```
calculateSatellitePosition.m
           : Zach Dischner
% Author
% Date
            : 10/24/2013
% Description : calculate satellite position from GPS ephemeris dataset
9
               (\ [ ===NCC-1700===-- | _ | ) ___.--"_`--.
                            _____/::..·___//\
              : ephem - Satellite ephemeris dataset
% Inputs
                params - structure containing keplarian specs and extra
                        calculations for sat position
             : [rk]-3d ECI coordinates of satellite
% Outputs
              October 11 2013 - First Rev
% History
              October 24 2013 - Reformatted output to [rk,tk]
              October 30 2013 - Added params to return, check for a
                                better Ek guess (to speed up 'find')
function [rk,dt rel, params] = calculateSatellitePosition(ephem,params)
%----Extract all ephemeris components to make life easy and epicer
ephem = num2cell(ephem);
[prn,M0,delta_n,ecc,sqrt_a,Loa,incl,perigee,ra_rate,i_rate,Cuc,Cus,Crc,Crs,Cic,Cis,...
   Toc,IODE,GPS week,Toc,Af0,Af1,Af2,nil,health] = deal(ephem{:});
A = sqrt a^2;
%-----Correct Mean Motion
```

```
n0 = sqrt(params.mu/(A)^3); % Calculated mean motion [rad/s]
   = n0 + delta n;
                                    % Corrected Mean Motion
%----Correct Time
tk = params.Secs-Toc;
%----Mean Anomaly
Mk = M0 + n*tk; % Mean anomaly
%-----Eccentric Anomaly
if isfield(params,'E guess')
    guess=params.E guess;
else
    guess=0;
end
Ek = fsolve(@(Ek) (Ek)-ecc*sin(Ek)-Mk,0,params.options);
params.E guess = Ek;
%----True Anomaly
vk = atan2(
                 (sqrt(1-ecc^2)*sin(Ek)/(1-ecc*cos(Ek))), ...
                      ((\cos(Ek)-ecc)/(1-ecc*\cos(Ek)));
%----Argument of Latitude
Phik = vk + perigee;
%-----Second Harmonic Perturbations
del_uk = Cus*sin(2*Phik) + Cuc*cos(2*Phik);
del rk = Crs*sin(2*Phik) + Crc*cos(2*Phik);
del_ik = Cis*sin(2*Phik) + Cic*cos(2*Phik);
%-----Corrected argumet of latitude, radius, inclination
uk = Phik + del uk;
rk = A*(1-ecc*cos(Ek)) + del_rk;
ik = incl + del ik + i rate*tk;
%----Position in Orbit Plane
xkp = rk*cos(uk);
ykp = rk*sin(uk);
%-----Corrected Longitude of ascending node
Omegak = Loa + (ra rate - params.we)*tk - params.we*Toc;
%----Earth Fixed Coordinates
xk = xkp * cos(Omegak) - ykp * cos(ik) * sin(Omegak);
yk = xkp * sin(Omegak) + ykp * cos(ik) * cos(Omegak);
zk = ykp * sin(ik);
%----Relativity time shift
dt_rel = 2*sqrt(params.mu)/params.c^2 * ecc * sqrt_a * sin(Ek);
rk = [xk, yk, zk];
```

## SUPPORTING FUNCTION - findFirstEpoch.m

```
type('findFirstEpoch.m')
```

11/1/13

```
8>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>
                      findFirstEpoch.m
           : Zach Dischner
% Author
           : 10/24/2013
% Date
% Description : Function to return all emphimeris data from a nav data
              array
9
                (\ [ ===NCC-1700===-- | _ | ) ___..-"_`--.._
엉
% Inputs
             : navData - Navigation dataset.
             : emphData - rows (struct?) of emphemeris data for
                         the first epoch
                rows - row indices of the first epoch datasets
function [emphData,rows] = findFirstEpoch( navData )
weeknums = navData(:,19);
secofweeks = navData(:,17);
n epochs = length(navData);
epochs = zeros(n epochs,1);
for ii =1:n_epochs
   epochs(ii) = datenum(GPSTime2Date(weeknums(ii), secofweeks(ii)));
end
       = find(epochs==min(epochs));
emphData = navData(rows,:);
```

# SUPPORTING FUNCTION - getSatClockCorrection.m

```
type('getSatClockCorrection.m')
```

```
function [tcorr] = getSatClockCorrection(GPS Weeks, GPS SOW, PRN, nav data)
용
                     getSatClockCorrection.m
% Author
          : Zach Dischner
           : 10/24/2013
% Date
% Description : Function to return all emphimeris data from a nav data
용
용
               (\ [ ===NCC-1700===--|__|) _
용
                 : PRN - Satellite PRN number
% Inputs
               GPSWeeks - GPS week number (modded or no?)
               GPSSOW - GPS Seconds of week
               navData - A full array of all emphimeris data, fetched
                         from navigation file
% Outputs
            : t_corr - Satellite clock correction
% History
         Oct 24 2013 - First Rev
%-----Get ephemeris dataset
[eph data,tmp] = findNearestEphem(PRN, GPS Weeks, GPS SOW, nav data);
%-----Define readibility indices
Af0_col = 21; %Af0, satellite clock bias (sec)
Af1_col = 22; %Af1, satellite clock drift (sec/sec)
Af2 col = 23; %Af2, satellite clock drift rate (sec/sec/sec)
SOW col = 17; %Toe, reference time ephemeris (seconds into GPS week)
%-----Fetch Correction Constants
Af0 = eph data(Af0 col);
Af1 = eph data(Af1 col);
Af2 = eph data(Af2 col);
t eph = eph data(SOW col);
dt = GPS SOW - t eph;
%-----Calculate clock correction
tcorr = Af0 + Af1*(dt) + Af2*(dt)^2;
end %function
```

## SUPPORTING FUNCTION - date2GPSTime.m

```
type('GPSTime2Date.m')
```

```
용
                    GPSTime2Date.m
% Author
           : Zach Dischner
% Date
          : 10/24/2013
% Description : Convert a date type object into [GPS_Weeks, GPS_SOW] time
엉
엉
              (\ [ ===NCC-1700===--|__|) __..-"_`--.._
                          : [GPS Weeks, GPS SOW]-weeks and seconds of week
            : utcDate - Satellite PRN number
% Outputs
용
% TODOS
            : Vectorize!
              Build in mod options
function utcDate = GPSTime2Date(GPS_Weeks, GPS_SOW, GPSNUM_BOOL)
% gps week start = 'January 6 1980 00:00:00';
gps weeks start = 723186; % datenum(gps week start) Save time
%-----GPS date in numerical form, since Matlab's 'epoch'
GPS Num = (GPS Weeks+GPS SOW/7/24/3600)*7 + gps weeks start;
if nargin == 3
   if GPSNUM BOOL == 1
      utcDate = GPS Num;
      utcDate = datestr(datevec(GPS Num));
   end
else
   utcDate = datestr(datevec(GPS Num));
end
```

#### SUPPORTING FUNCTION - getTropoCorrection.m

```
type('getTropoCorrection.m')

fprintf('\nSim took %3.1f seconds to run\n',toc)
```

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