

PLACEMENT REFRESHER PROGRAM

Session 12: Python 4
Problem Solving & Case Study

By
Ritesh Kumar Pandey

Agenda

- MCQ/MSQ Questions
- Case Study

What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
print(2**3 + (5 + 6)**(1 + 1))
```

- 1) 129
- 2) 128
- 3) 127
- 4) 3

What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
print(2**3 + (5 + 6)**(1 + 1))
```

1) 129

2) 128

3) 127

4) 3

What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
a = [1, 2, 3]
a = tuple(a)
a[0] = 2
print(a)
```

- 1) (1, 2, 3)
- 2) [2, 2, 3]
- 3) (2, 2, 3)
- 4) [1, 2, 3]
- 5) None of the above

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- 1) (1, 2, 3)
- 2) [2, 2, 3]
- 3) (2, 2, 3)
- 4) [1, 2, 3]
- 5) None of the above

What will be the type of the variable `sorted_numbers` in the below code snippet?

```
numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)
sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)
print(sorted_numbers)
```

- 1) list
- 2) tuple
- 3) int
- 4) string

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numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)
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- 1) list
- 2) tuple
- 3) int
- 4) string

Which of the following is the correct way of creating an array of type float?

1. `a = np.array([4,3,2,1]).toFloat()`
2. `a = np.float([4,3,2,1])`
3. `a = np.array([4,3,2,1], dtype='f')`
4. `a = np.array([4,3,2,1], type='float')`

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4. `a = np.array([4,3,2,1], type='float')`

What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
x = 50  
def func(x):  
    print('x is', x)  
    x = 2  
    print('Changed local x to', x)  
func(x)  
print('x is now', x)
```

- A) x is 50
Changed local x to 2
x is now 50
- B) x is 50
Changed local x to 2
x is now 2

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def func(x):  
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    x = 2  
    print('Changed local x to', x)  
func(x)  
print('x is now', x)
```

- A) x is 50
Changed local x to 2
x is now 50
- B) x is 50
Changed local x to 2
x is now 2

THANK YOU