Computer Networks 2nd Year, 1st Semester

Tutorial 2

- 1) State the three types of addresses, operating layer and number of bits used to represent the address used in TCP/IP.
- 2) What is the version of the current IP addressing scheme and the version of the next IP addressing scheme that will be using in the future?
- 3) For IP addresses in each class show network bits and host bits by a diagram.

Class A

Class B

Class C

4) Write down the ranges of the IP address classes.

Address Class	Range of the first octet
Class A	
Class B	
Class C	
Class D	

5) Write the class, net ID and the host ID of the following addresses.

IP Address	Class	Net ID	Host ID	Network	Broadcast	SubnetMask
				address	Address	
101.2.3.4						
200.20.10.5						
192.168.16.100						
25.10.100.200						
180.2.150.2						

- 6) Find the network address and the subnet mask for the following IP addresses.
 - a. 172.19.67.3
 - b. 205.90.46.234
 - c. 123.65.89.0
- 7) State the type of the following IP addresses.
 - a. 172.16.25.9
 - b. 192.168.89.0
 - c. 127.0.0.90
 - d. 255.255.255.0
 - e. 255.255.255.255
 - f. 0.0.26.8
- 8. What are two main components of an IP address?

9. Analyze the following IP addresses.

Find out which of the following addresses belong to the same network (no sub -netting / classful IP addressing). Explain why.

I.	123.4.6.2	123.4.78.9	132.14.56.	12 123.4.0.0
II.	10.0.0.1	10.1.1.1	10.1.2.2	11.0.0.1
III.	172.16.16.16	172.17.16.16	173.16.16.16	173.16.16.20

- 10. You are given the network address 180.150.0.0; you are required to have 5 subnets. What is the minimum number of Host Bits can you take in to the Network Bits for this purpose? Write down the addresses of 5 subnets. (Write in binary where necessary). Write the subnet mask for the network.
- 11. A company is granted the network address 203.80.64.0 The company needs six subnets. Design the subnets and subnet mask. Also write the first 2 and last 2 IP addresses of the hosts in each of those subnets.
- 12. Show the 8 subnets obtained by subnetting the address 172.16.0.0/16, the resulting subnet mask, the corresponding broadcast addresses, and the range of valid host addresses.
- 13. An organization is granted the block 211.17.180.0 in class C. The administrator wants to create 32 subnets.
 - I. Find the subnet mask and the number of addresses in each subnet.
 - II. Find the first and the last address in the first subnet.
 - III. Find the first and the last address in the last subnet (subnet 31)
- 14. compute the sub-network address for the following IP addresses, given the subnet mask,

I.	201.14.78.65	255.255.255.224
II.	180.25.21.172	255.255.255.192
III.	18.250.31.14	255.254.0.0
IV.	10.30.36.12	255.255.255.0
V.	10.6.24.20	255.255.240.0

- 15. Compute the available number of sub networks and possible host addresses in each subnet.
 - g. The subnet mask for a class C network is 255.255.255.192
 - h. The subnet mask for a class B network is 255,255,224.0
 - i. The subnet mask for a class C network is 255.255.255.248
 - j. The subnet mask for a class A network is 255.255.248.0
- 16. RH company has 9 branches in Colombo district. The company network has the network address of 152.16.0.0.
 - a. Write subnet addresses which can be given to the branches.
 - b. How many hosts can be existed in a branch?
 - c. Calculate the total number of available hosts in all the branches.
 - d. Write the 10th available IP address of the 5th branch.
 - e. Write the last 4 IP addresses of the 9th branch.