

(Q1) Given N array elements, print prefix array (pf)

Where $pf[i] = \text{sum}(A[0:i])$

$$A = \begin{matrix} & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \{ & 3 & 2 & -1 & 5 & 2 & \} \end{matrix}$$

$$pf = \{ 3 \quad 5 \quad 4 \quad 9 \quad 11 \}$$

$$pf[0] = \text{sum}(A[0:0])$$

$$pf[1] = \text{sum}(A[0:1])$$

$$pf[2] = \text{sum}(A[0:2])$$

$$A = \begin{matrix} & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ \{ & 5 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 4 & 3 & 2 & \} \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{Ans} = \{ 5 \quad 7 \quad 6 \quad 6 \quad 10 \quad 13 \quad 15 \}$$

$$A: [10 \quad 32 \quad 6 \quad 12 \quad 20 \quad 1]$$

$$= \{ 10 \quad 42 \quad 48 \quad 60 \quad 80 \quad 81 \}$$

j i
 0 1 2 3 4
 $A = \{ 3 \quad 2 \quad -1 \quad 5 \quad 2 \}$

$$pf[3] = A[0] + A[1] + A[2] + A[3]$$

Normal

$pf = \text{new Array}[N]$

$\text{for}(i=0; i < N; i++) \{$

TC: $O(N^2)$

SC: $O(N)$

$\text{sum} = 0$
 $\text{for}(j=0; j \leq i; j++) \{$
 $\text{sum} += A[j]$
 $\}$

$pf[i]$

$pf[i] = \text{sum}$

$\}$

$\text{print}(pf)$

$$pf[0] = \text{sum}(A[0:0]) = A[0]$$

$$pf[1] = \underbrace{A[0] + A[1]}_{pf[0]} = pf[0] + A[1]$$

$$pf[2] = \underbrace{A[0] + A[1] + A[2]}_{pf[1]} = pf[1] + A[2]$$

$$pf[3] = \underbrace{A[0] + A[1] + A[2] + A[3]}_{pf[2]} = pf[2] + A[3]$$

$$pf[i] = \text{sum}(A[0:i]) = \underbrace{\text{sum}(A[0:i-1])}_{pf[i-1]} + A[i]$$

$$pf[i] = pf[i-1] + A[i] \quad \forall i > 0$$

$$pf[0] = A[0]$$

pf = new Array [N]

$$pf[0] = A[0]$$

TC: $O(N)$

SC: $O(N)$

for (i=1; i < N; i++) {

$$pf[i] = pf[i-1] + A[i]$$

HW:

SC: $O(1)$

use the same

print(pf)

array

Q2) Given N array elements & Q queries on same array
 For each query calculate sum of all elements in range.

$A = \overset{0}{-3} \overset{1}{6} \overset{2}{2} \overset{3}{4} \overset{4}{5} \overset{5}{2} \overset{6}{8} \overset{7}{-9} \overset{8}{3} \overset{9}{13}$

$L = \{9, 3, 1, 0, 6, 7\}$

$R = \{8, 7, 3, 4, 9, 7\}$

$Q = 7$

$L \leq R$

4	8	→	9
3	7	→	10
1	3	→	12
0	4	→	14
6	9	→	3
7	7	→	-9

find Range Sum (A, L, R)

Φ
 for ($i=0$; $i < \text{len}(L)$; $i++$) {
 $sl = L[i]$ TC: $O(QN)$
 $el = R[i]$ SC: $O(1)$
 $sum = 0$
 for ($j = sl$; $j \leq el$; $j++$) {
 $sum += A[j]$
 }
 print(sum)
 }

$$A = \begin{matrix} & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ \{ & -3 & 6 & 2 & 4 & 5 & 2 & 8 & -9 & 3 & 13 \end{matrix}$$

$$pf = \begin{matrix} & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ \{ & -3 & 3 & 5 & 9 & 14 & 16 & 24 & 15 & 18 & 19 \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{sum}(A[4:8]) = pf[8] - pf[3]$$

$$pf[8] = \text{sum}(A[0:8])$$

$$pf[8] = \underbrace{\text{sum}(A[0:3])}_{pf[3]} + \text{sum}(A[4:8])$$

$$pf[8] = pf[3] + \text{sum}(A[4:8])$$

$$pf[8] - pf[3] = \text{sum}(A[4:8])$$

* * * * *

$$\text{sum}(A[l:r]) = pf[r] - pf[l-1] \quad \forall \quad l > 0$$

$$\text{sum}(A[0:r]) = pf[r] \quad l=0 \text{ is edge case}$$

$$\text{sum}(A[l:r])$$

$$\text{pf}[r] = \text{sum}(A[0:r])$$

$$\text{pf}[r] = \text{sum}(A[0:l-1]) + \text{sum}(A[l:r])$$

$$\text{pf}[r] = \text{pf}[l-1] + \text{sum}(A[l:r])$$

$$\text{sum}(A[l:r]) = \text{pf}[r] - \text{pf}[l-1] \quad \forall \quad l > 0$$

$$\text{sum}(A[0:r]) = \text{pf}[r] \quad l=0 \text{ is edge case}$$

1) find pf array

2) for $(i=0; i < \text{len}(L); i++) \{$

$$sI = L[i]^Q$$

$$eI = R[i]$$

$$A[sI:eI]$$

$$\text{if}(sI == 0) \{ \quad \text{sum} = \text{pf}[eI] \}$$

else {

$$\quad \text{sum} = \text{pf}[eI] - \text{pf}[sI-1]$$

}

print(sum)

}

TC: $O(N+Q)$

SC: $O(N)$

pf array

Break (10:21 - 10:31)

Q3) Equilibrium index

Given N array elements, count no. of equilibrium index

i^{th} element is equilibrium if

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Sum of all elements} & = & \text{Sum of all elements} \\ \text{before } i^{\text{th}} \text{ index} & & \text{after } i^{\text{th}} \text{ index} \\ [0, i-1] & & [i+1, N-1] \end{array}$$

Ex1)	A[4] =	⁰ 3	¹ 2	² 4	³ -1	Ans: 1
	before :	0	3	5	9	
	after :	5	3	-1	0	

Count of eq
indexes

Ex2)	A[] =	⁰ -7	¹ 1	² 5	³ 2	⁴ -4	⁵ 3	⁶ 0	Ans: 2
	before :	0	-7	-6	-1	1	-3	0	
	after :	7	6	5	-1	3	0	0	

```

count = 0
for (i=0; i<N; i++) {
    before = sum(A[0:i-1])
    after = sum(A[i+1:N-1]) } 2 for loops
                                TC: O(N^2)
    if (before == after) {
        count++
    }
}
return count

```

$$\text{sum}(A[l:r]) = \text{pf}[r] - \text{pf}[l-1] \quad \forall \quad l > 0$$

$l = i+1 \quad r = N-1$

1) Find if array

TC: O(N)

2) count = 0

SC: O(N)

pf array

```

for (i=0; i<N; i++) {
    if (i==0) { before = 0 } else { before = pf[i-1] }
    after = sum(A[i+1:N-1]) → pf[N-1] - pf[i]
    if (before == after) {
        count++
    }
}
return count

```

At $i=0$ we have an edge case

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Q4) Given N array elements find pf-even of size N
(Sum of all even index elements from $[0-i]$)

$A[7] = \{ \overset{0}{2} \quad \overset{1}{3} \quad \overset{2}{4} \quad \overset{3}{2} \quad \overset{4}{-1} \quad \overset{5}{3} \quad \overset{6}{5} \}$

pf-even = $\{ 2 \quad 2 \quad 6 \quad 6 \quad 5 \quad 5 \quad 10 \}$

$A[8] = \{ \overset{0}{2} \quad \overset{1}{1} \quad \overset{2}{1} \quad \overset{3}{3} \quad \overset{4}{-1} \quad \overset{5}{5} \quad \overset{6}{8} \quad \overset{7}{2} \quad \overset{8}{1} \quad \overset{9}{6} \}$

$\{ 2 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 10 \quad 10 \quad 11 \quad 11 \}$

Solution!

$$pf[0] = A[0]$$

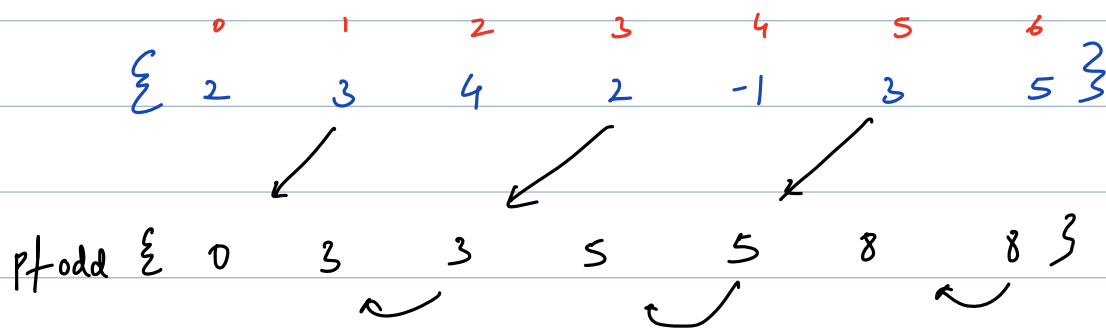
for ($i=1; i < N; i++$) {

even index: $pf[i] = pf[i-1] + A[i]$
 $i \% 2 == 0$

odd index: $pf[i] = pf[i-1]$

else

}



$pf_{odd}[0] = 0$ // why? 0 is even index

for ($i=1; i < N; i++$) {

even index: $pf[i] = pf[i-1]$
 $i/2 == 0$

odd index: $pf[i] = pf[i-1] + A[i]$

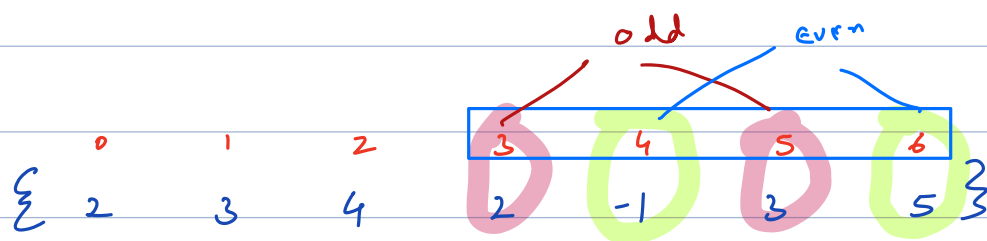
else

}

HW:

Try

even index sum for $[l:r]$



even index sum $[3:6] : 4$ ans

Try

$pf_{even}[r] - pf_{even}[l-1]$?

Done!