

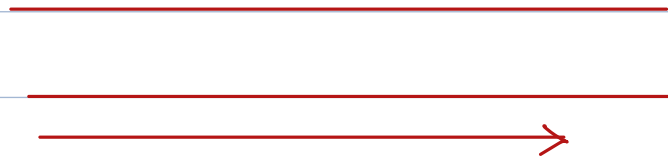
Wednesday

Contest 9-10:30

[Strings to LL]

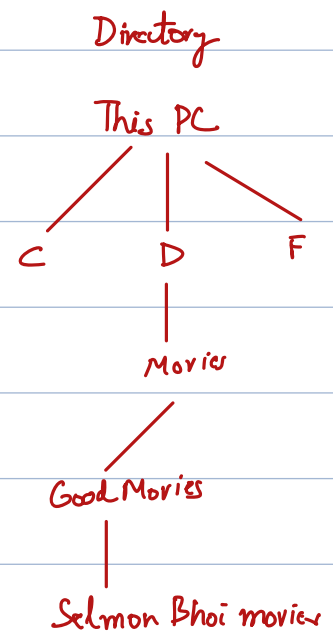
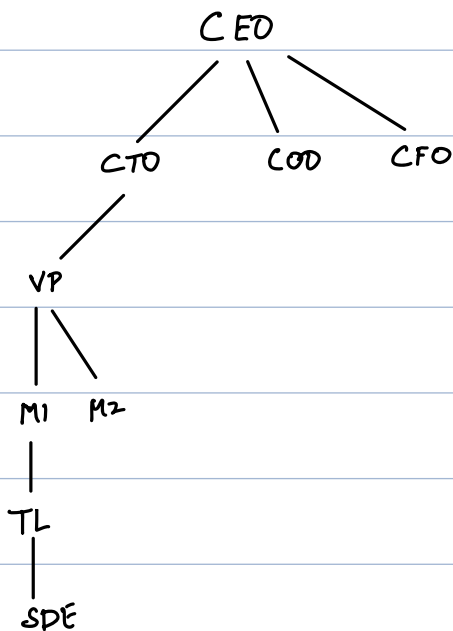
Trees

Strings, Arrays, LL

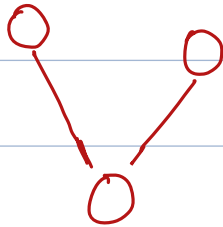


Hierarchical DS

Trees, Graphs



SQL {Relation DB}



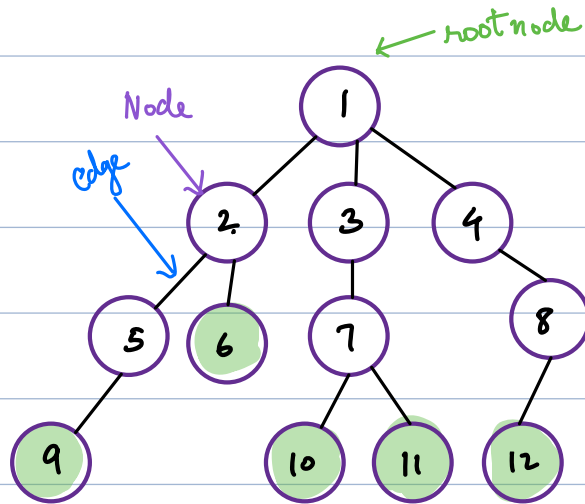
Not a tree

Every node of a tree has only one parent

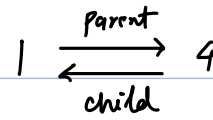
Naming conventions



1 is ancestor to every one



4 related to 1



8 is a grand child of 1

12 " " descendant of 1

8 " " " " "

4 " " " " "

1 is an ancestor of 7

" " " " " 10

10 is not a descendant of 4, 2

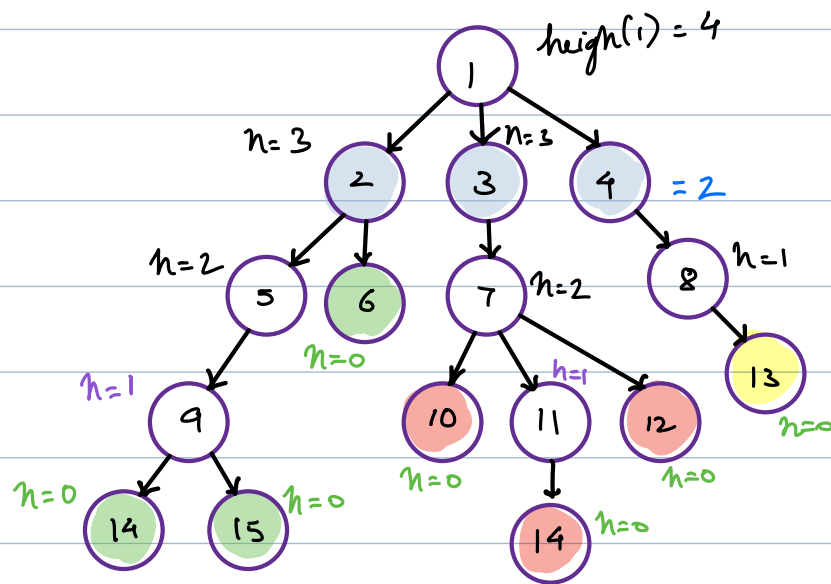
why? Not in same branch

Leaf nodes: Nodes with 0 children

Height

Height of a node is max path length between a node to its descendant leaf node

Path len: No. of edges b/w nodes



$$\text{height}(\text{node}) = \max(\text{height of its children}) + 1$$

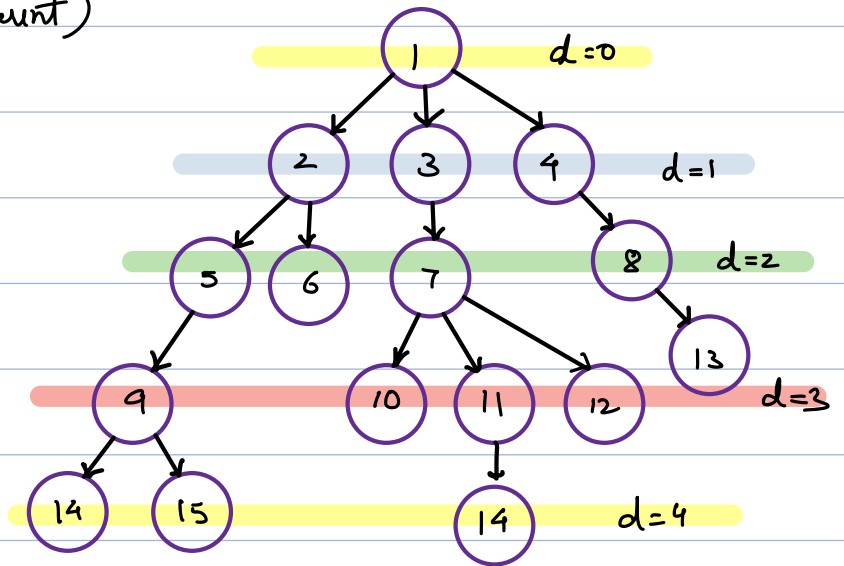
Depth

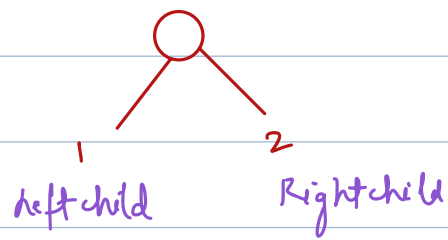
Distance of any node to root node

$$\text{depth}(\text{node}) = 1 + \text{depth}(\text{parent})$$

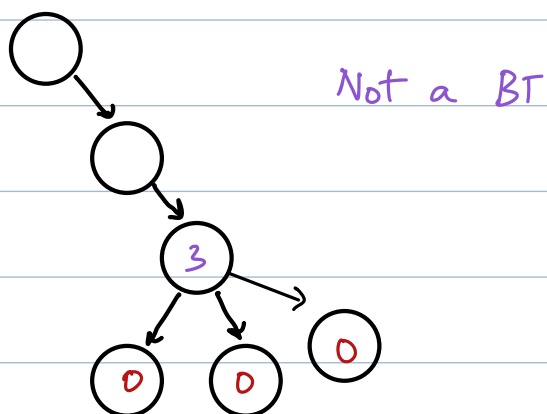
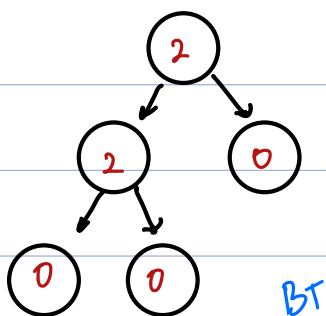
$$d(\text{root}) = 0$$

by definition



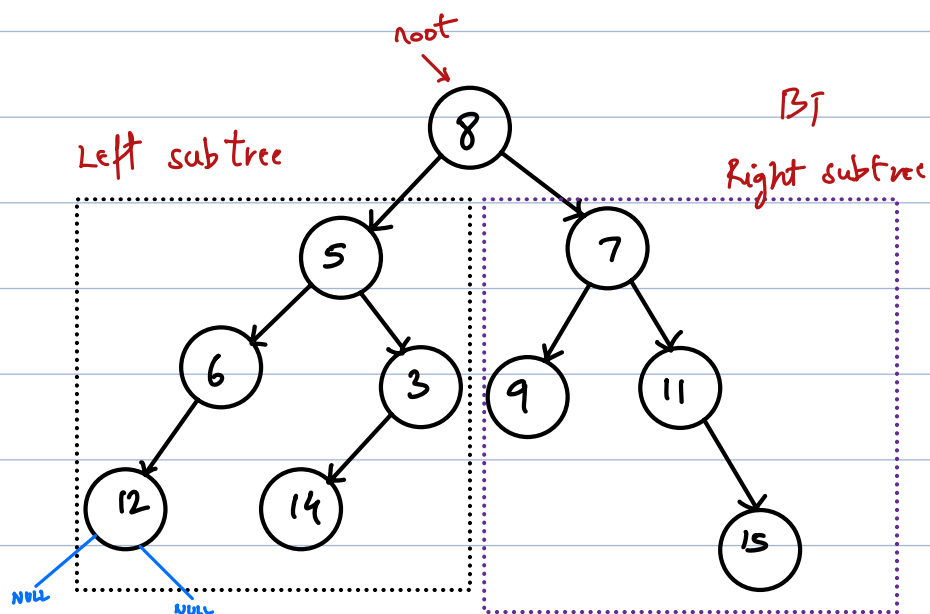


Binary Tree: A tree having all nodes ≤ 2 children

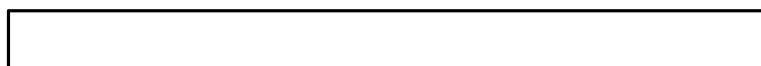


0 BT

NULL smallest Binary Tree



Recursive DS



Traversal in a BT

1) Preorder : Root \longrightarrow Left subtree \longrightarrow Right subtree

2) Inorder : Left Subtree \longrightarrow Root \longrightarrow Right subtree

3) Postorder : Left Subtree \longrightarrow Right Subtree \longrightarrow Root

4) level order \longrightarrow Advance [Queue]

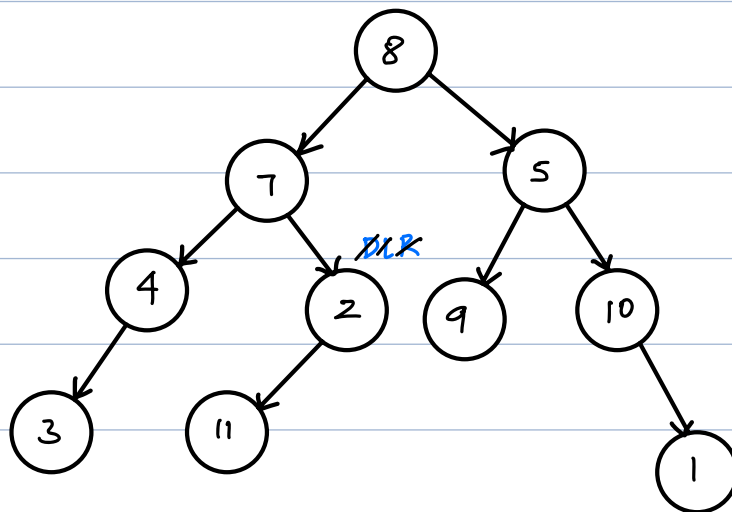
TREE TRAVERSALS

preorder: DLR
inorder: LDR
postorder: LRD

Preorder

Preorder

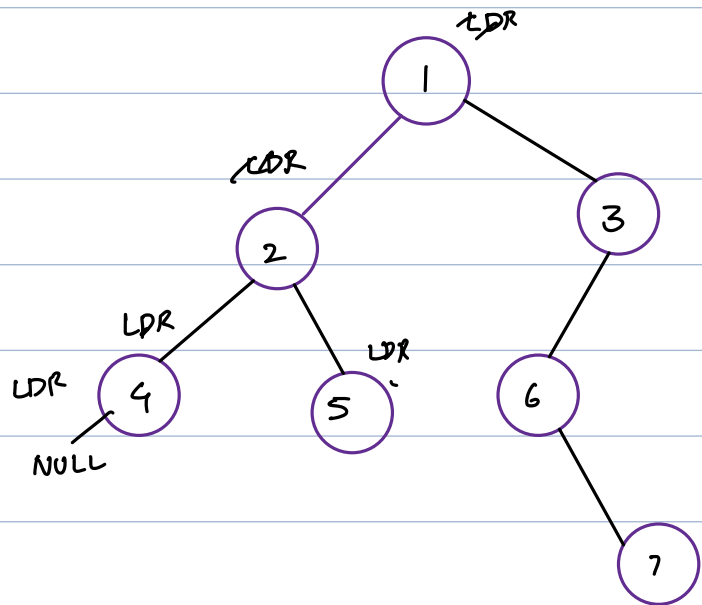
Print : 8 7 4 3 2 11 5 9 10 1



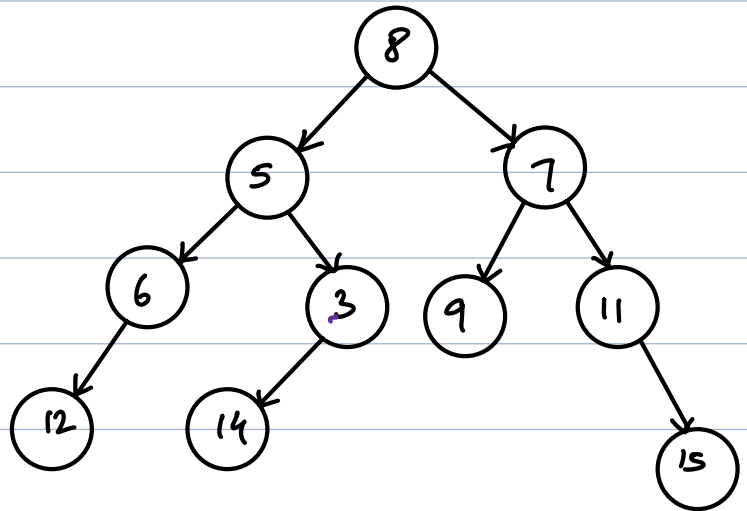
Inorder LDR

Inorder

4 2 5 1 6 7 3



Calculate size of a tree:



Find sum of all nodes

Find height of a tree