# >>> HOW TO ACHIEVE DIFFERENT LAYOUTS IN DIFFERENT RESPONSIVE BREAKPOINTS?

By using class name prefixes

```
extra small devices col-
small devices col-sm-
medium devices col-md-
large devices col-lg-
extra large devices col-xl-
```

If we define the behaviour of the Bootstrap Grid Column in a particular device, similar behaviour is guaranteed in all devices with larger sizes.

### >>> Class names in combination:

We can use a combination of different Bootstrap class names for each Bootstrap Grid Column.

```
<div class="container">
      <div class="row">
        <div class="col-12 col-lg-6">
          <h1 class="heading">Taj Mahal</h1>
          The Taj Mahal is on the southern bank of
the river Yamuna.
        </div>
        <div class="col-12 col-lg-6">
          <h1 class="heading">Mysore Palace</h1>
          >
           The Mysore Palace is a historical palace and
the royal residence at
           Mysore.
          </div>
        <div class="col-12 col-lg-6">
          <h1 class="heading">Golden Temple</h1>
          The Golden Temple is a gurdwara located in
```

Bootstrap follows Mobile First Approach.

First, design the Layout of a mobile version, and this will be adopted by devices with larger sizes.

>>> To get space only on one particular side, we use Margin Variants.

margin-top
margin-right
margin-bottom
margin-left

>>> Bootstrap Spacing Utilities:

The asterisk (\*) symbol can be any number in the range of 0 to 5. For example, m-5, mr-2, mb-3, etc.

Margin Values :

Size Value

0	0
1	0.25 * spacer
2	0.5 * spacer
3	1 * spacer
4	1.5 * spacer
5	3 * spacer

The spacer is a variable and has a value of 16 pixels by default.

For example, 
$$mb-3 = 1 * 16px = 16px$$
  
 $m-5 = 3 * 16px = 48px$ 

Avoid using CSS "margin-left" and "margin-right" properties for Bootstrap Grid Columns. It disturbs the Bootstrap Grid System and gives unexpected results.

### >> Padding:

CSS Padding property	Bootstrap class	name
padding	p-*	
padding-top		pt-*
padding-right	pr-*	
padding-bottom	pb-*	
padding-left	pl-*	

The asterisk (\*) symbol can be any number in the range of 0 to 5. For example, p-3, pr-1, pb-5, etc.

## >>> Padding Values :

	Size	Value	
	0	0	
0рх			
	1	0.25 * spacer	4px
	2	0.5 * spacer	8px
	3	1 * spacer	-
16px		·	
-	4	1.5 * spacer	24px

5

48px

The spacer is a variable and has a value of 16 pixels by default.

```
For example, p-1 = 0.25 * 16px = 4px
pt-4 = 1.5 * 16px = 24px
```

#### **BOOTSTRAP NAVBAR:**

The 'nav' element is a container element similar to div element, it used to add a navigation to our website.

```
<nav class="navbar navbar-expand-lg navbar-light</pre>
bg-light">
      <a class="navbar-brand" href="#">Navbar</a>
      <button class="navbar-toggler" type="button"</pre>
data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbarNavAltMarkup"
aria-controls="navbarNavAltMarkup" aria-expanded="false"
aria-label="Toggle navigation">
        <span class="navbar-toggler-icon"></span>
      </button>
      <div class="collapse navbar-collapse"</pre>
id="navbarNavAltMarkup">
        <div class="navbar-nav">
          <a class="nav-link active" href="#">
            Home
            <span class="sr-only">(current)</span>
          <a class="nav-link" href="#">Features</a>
          <a class="nav-link" href="#">Pricing</a>
          <a class="nav-link disabled" href="#"</pre>
tabindex="-1" aria-disabled="true">Disabled</a>
        </div>
```

</div></nav>