

Assignment E-31.

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8. Describe double ended queue operations.

Ans: operations on ~~que~~ double ended queue:

1. Insert at the front:

This operation adds an element at the front.

steps:

- a] check the position of front.

- b] If $\text{front} < 1$, reinitialize $\text{front} = n-1$.

- c] Else, decrease front by 1.

- d] Add the new key into $\text{array}[\text{front}]$

2. Insert at the Rear:

This operation adds an element to the rear.

- a] check if the array is full.

- b] If the deque is full, reinitialize $\text{rear} = 0$.

- c] Else increase rear by 1.

- d] Add the new key into $\text{array}[\text{rear}]$.

3. Delete from the front

This operation deletes an element from the front.

- a] check if the deque is empty.

- b] If the deque is empty, deletion cannot be performed.

- c] If the deque has only one element, set $\text{front} = -1$ & $\text{rear} = -1$.

- d] Else if front is at the end, set $\text{front} = 0$.

- e] Else $\text{front} = \text{front} + 1$.

Q. How can we process one-dimensional array using double ended queue?

Ans: For deque we need to keep track of two indices, front and rear. We enqueue an item at the rear or the front end of queue & dequeue (pop) an item from both rear & front end.

1] Create an empty array 'arr' of size n , initialize $\text{front} = -1$ & $\text{rear} = 0$. Inserting first element from rear or front will lead to same result.

2] Insert element at Rear end.

3] Insert element at front end.

4] Delete element from front end.

Q3. What are advantages of double ended queue over simple queues?

Ans:

Advantages:

- 1] Insertion is possible through both ends.
- 2] Deletion of elements possible through both ends.
- 3] Elements can be accessed through iterator.
- 4] A stack can be implemented using queue.