

CT053-3-1 Fundamentals of Web Design and Development

CSS3 Animations

What are CSS3 Animations?



- An animation lets an element gradually change from one style to another.
- You can change as many CSS properties you want, as many times you want.
- To use CSS3 animation, you must first specify some keyframes for the animation.
- Keyframes hold what styles the element will have at certain times.

The @keyframes Rule



 When you specify CSS styles inside the @keyframes rule, the animation will gradually change from the current style to the new style at certain times.

 To get an animation to work, you must bind the animation to an element.

Example #1



```
div {
  width: 500px;
  height: 500px;
  border-radius: 50%;
  background-color: red;
  animation-name: changeColor;
  animation-duration: 4s;
@keyframes changeColor {
  from {background-color: red;}
  to {background-color: purple;}
```

Can you describe the shape of the <div> ?

In this example we specified when the style will change by using the keywords "from" and "to" (which represents 0% (start) and 100% (complete)).

Example #2



```
div {
  width: 500px;
  height: 500px;
  border-radius: 50%;
  background-color: red;
  animation-name: changeColor;
  animation-duration: 4s;
@keyframes changeColor {
  0% {background-color: red;}
  25% {background-color: yellow;}
  50% {background-color: blue;}
  100% {background-color: green;}
```

It is also possible to use percent. By using percent, you can add as many style changes as you like.

Example #3



```
div {
   width: 100px;
   height: 100px;
   border-radius: 50%;
   background-color: red;
   position: relative;
   animation-name: changeColor;
   animation-duration: 4s;
```

This example will change both the background-color and the position of the <div> element when the animation is 25% complete, 50% complete, and again when the animation is 100% complete

```
@keyframes changeColor {
    0% {background-color:red; left:0px; top:0px;}
    25% {background-color:yellow; left:200px; top:0px;}
    50% {background-color:blue; left:200px; top:200px;}
    75% {background-color:green; left:0px; top:200px;}
    100% {background-color:red; left:0px; top:0px;}
}
```

Delay an Animation



- The animation-delay property specifies a delay for the start of an animation.
- Example of usage:

```
div {
    width: 100px;
    height: 100px;
    position: relative;
    background-color: red;
    animation-name: changeColor;
    animation-duration: 4s;
    animation-delay: 2s;
}
```

Set How Many Times an Animation Should Run



 The animation-iteration-count property specifies the number of times an animation should run.

```
div {
    width: 100px;
    height: 100px;
    position: relative;
    background-color: red;
    animation-name: changeColor;
    animation-duration: 4s;
    animation-iteration-count: 3;
}
```

This example will run the animation 3 times before it stops:

```
div {
    width: 100px;
    height: 100px;
    position: relative;
    background-color: red;
    animation-name: changeColor;
    animation-duration: 4s;
    animation-iteration-count: infinite;
}
```

This example uses the value "infinite" to make the animation continue for ever

Run Animation in Reverse Direction or Alternate Cycles



 The animation-direction property is used to let an animation run in reverse direction or alternate cycles.

```
div {
    width: 100px;
    height: 100px;
    position: relative;
    background-color: red;
    animation-name: changeColor;
    animation-duration: 4s;
    animation-iteration-count: 3;
    animation-direction: reverse;
}
```

This example will run the animation in reverse direction.

```
div {
    width: 100px;
    height: 100px;
    position: relative;
    background-color: red;
    animation-name: changeColor;
    animation-duration: 4s;
    animation-iteration-count: 3;
    animation-direction: alternate;
}
```

This example uses the value "alternate" to make the animation first run forward, then backward, then forward.

Specify the Speed Curve of the Animation



- The animation-timing-function property specifies the speed curve of the animation.
- The animation-timing-function property can have the following values:
 - ease specifies an animation with a slow start, then fast, then end slowly (this is default)
 - linear specifies an animation with the same speed from start to end
 - ease-in specifies an animation with a slow start
 - ease-out specifies an animation with a slow end
 - ease-in-out specifies an animation with a slow start and end
 - cubic-bezier(n,n,n,n) lets you define your own values in a cubic-bezier function

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
div {
    width: 100px;
   height: 50px;
   background-color: red;
    font-weight: bold;
    position: relative;
    animation: mymove 5s infinite;
#div1 {animation-timing-function: linear;}
#div2 {animation-timing-function: ease;}
#div3 {animation-timing-function: ease-in;}
#div4 {animation-timing-function: ease-out;}
#div5 {animation-timing-function: ease-in-out;}
@keyframes mymove {
    from {left: 0px;}
    to {left: 300px;}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<div id="div1">linear</div>
<div id="div2">ease</div>
<div id="div3">ease-in</div>
<div id="div4">ease-out</div>
<div id="div5">ease-in-out</div>
</body>
</html>
```



Animation Shorthand Property



The example below uses six of the animation properties:

```
div {
    animation-name: changeColor;
    animation-duration: 5s;
    animation-timing-function: linear;
    animation-delay: 2s;
    animation-iteration-count: infinite;
    animation-direction: alternate;
}
```

The same animation effect as above can be achieved by shorthand animation property:

```
div {
    animation: changeColor 5s linear 2s infinite
alternate;
}
```

Summary of @keyframes rule and all the animation properties



Property	Description		
@keyframes	Specifies the animation code		
animation	A shorthand property for setting all the animation properties		
animation-delay	Specifies a delay for the start of an animation		
animation-direction	Specifies whether an animation should play in reverse direction or alternate cycles		
animation-duration	Specifies how many seconds or milliseconds an animation takes to complete one cycle		
animation-fill-mode	Specifies a style for the element when the animation is not playing (when it is finished, or when it has a delay)		
animation-iteration-count	Specifies the number of times an animation should be played		
animation-name	Specifies the name of the @keyframes animation		
animation-play-state	Specifies whether the animation is running or paused		
animation-timing-function	Specifies the speed curve of the animation		





Write a CSS animation code to change both the background-color and the position of the <div> element when the animation is 50% complete, when the animation is 100% complete. Animation movement setting as follows:

Completion %	Transform	Background Color	Position from left
0%	-	Red	0px
50%	Rotate 20 deg	Yellow	50%
100%	Rotate - 360 deg	Green	0px

Animation duration is **5s** and make the **animation continue for ever**. Use **animated_div** as @keyframes rule.

Submit your answer for attendance.