Question 1
Correct
Marked out of 1.00
P Flag question

Coders here is a simple task for you, you have given an array of size N and an integer M.

Your task is to calculate the difference between maximum sum and minimum sum of N-M elements of the given array.

Constraints:

Input:

First line contains an integer T denoting the number of testcases.

First line of every testcase contains two integer N and M.

Next line contains N space separated integers denoting the elements of array

Output:

For every test case print your answer in new line

SAMPLE INPUT

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.



SAMPLE INPUT 1 51 12345 SAMPLE OUTPUT 4 Explanation M is 1 and N is 5 so you have to calculate maximum and minimum sum using (5-1 =) 4 elements. Maximum sum using the 4 elements would be (2+3+4+5=)14. Minimum sum using the 4 elements would be (1+2+3+4=)10. Difference will be 14-10=4. Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
 3 +
        int t:
 4
        scanf("%d",&t);
 5
 6
        while(t--)
 7 ,
             int n,m,d,min,temp;
 8
            scanf("%d %d",&n,&m);
 9
10
             d=n-m;
             int arr[n];
11
            for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
12
            scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
13
            for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
14
15
                 min=j;
16
                 for(int k=j;k<n;k++)
17
18
                     if(arr[k] (arr[min])
19
                     min=k;
20
21
                 temp=arr[min];
22
23
                 arr[min]=arr[j];
                 arr[j]=temp;
24
25
             int maxsum=0,minsum=0;
26
            for(int a=0;a<d;a++)
27
            minsum+=arr[a];
28
            for(int b=n-1;b>m-1;b--)
29
            maxsum+=arr[b];
30
            printf("%d\n", maxsum-minsum);
31
32
        return 0;
33
34
                                                                                           Activate Windows
35
                                                                                           Go to Settings to activate Windows.
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1	4	4	1
	5 1			
	1 2 3 4 5			

Passed all tests! <

Question 2
Correct
Marked out of 1,00
P Flag question

A new deadly virus has infected large population of a planet. A brilliant scientist has discovered a new strain of virus which can cure this disease. Vaccine produced from this virus has various strength depending on midichlorians count. A person is cured only if midichlorians count in vaccine batch is more than midichlorians count of person. A doctor receives a new set of report which contains midichlorians count of each infected patient, Practo stores all vaccine doctor has and their midichlorians count. You need to determine if doctor can save all patients with the vaccines he has. The number of vaccines and patients are equal.

Input Format

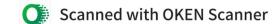
First line contains the number of vaccines - N. Second line contains N integers, which are strength of vaccines. Third line contains N integers, which are midichlorians count of patients.

Output Format

Print a single line containing 'Yes' or 'No'.

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Input Constraint



1 < N < 10

Strength of vaccines and midichlorians count of patients fit in integer.

SAMPLE INPUT

5

123 146 454 542 456

100 328 248 689 200

SAMPLE OUTPUT

No

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include(stdio.h>
    int main()
 3
        int n,min1,min2,temp,flag=1;
 4
        scanf("%d",&n);
 5
        int vac[n],pat[n];
 6
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 7
        scanf("%d",&vac[i]);
 8
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 9
        scanf("%d",&pat[i]);
10
        for(int j=0; j<n-1; j++)
11
12
13
             min1=j,min2=j;
14
             for(int k=j;k<n;k++)
15
                 if(vac[k]<vac[min1])
16
17
                 min1=k;
                 if(pat[k]<pat[min2])
18
                 min2=k;
19
20
             temp=vac[min1];
21
            vac[min1]=vac[j];
22
23
            vac[j]=temp;
            temp=pat[min2];
24
25
            pat[min2]=pat[j];
            pat[j]=temp;
26
27
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
28
29
             if(vac[i] <= pat[i])
30
31
32
                 flag=0;
                 break;
                                                                                            Activate Windows
33
34
                                                                                            Go to Settings to activate Windows.
35
```

```
34 }
35 }
36 if(flag==1)
37 printf("Yes");
38 else
39 printf("No");
40 return 0;
41 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
1	511	No	No	V
	123 146 454 542 456			
	100 328 248 689 200			

Passed all tests! <

Question **3**Correct
Marked out of 1.00

P Flag question

You are given an array of n integer numbers a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n . Calculate the number of pair of indices (i, j) such that $1 \le i < j \le n$ and $a_i \times a_j = 0$.

Input format

- First line: n denoting the number of array elements
- Second line: n space separated integers a₁, a₂, ..., a_n.

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Output format Output the required number of pairs. Constraints $1 \le n \le 10^6$ $1 \leq a_i \leq 10^9$ SAMPLE INPUT 5 13143 SAMPLE OUTPUT 2 Explanation The 2 pair of indices are (1, 3) and (2,5). Activate Windows Go to Settings to activate Windows.

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
 3 +
        int n,count=0;
 4
        scanf("%d",&n);
        int arr[n];
 6
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 7
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
 8
        for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)
 9
10 +
11
            for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
12 +
13
                if((arr[i]^arr[j])==0)
14
                count++;
15
16
17
        printf("%d",count);
18
        return 0;
19
```

Ir	nput	Expected	Got	
, 5		2	2	~
1	3 1 4 3			111
1	3 1 4 3			
1 2	all tests! N	,		
isseu a	all (Coto: N			

Question 4
Correct
Marked out of 1.00
F Flag question

You are given an array **A** of non-negative integers of size **m**. Your task is to sort the array in non-decreasing order and print out the original indices of the new sorted array.

Example:

A={4,5,3,7,1}

After sorting the new array becomes A={1,3,4,5,7}.

The required output should be "4 2 0 1 3"

INPUT:

The first line of input consists of the size of the array

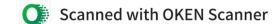
The next line consists of the array of size m

OUTPUT:

Output consists of a single line of integers

CONSTRAINTS:

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1<=m<=106

0<=A[i]<=106

NOTE: The indexing of the array starts with 0.

SAMPLE INPUT

5

45371

SAMPLE OUTPUT

42013

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include(stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
 3 +
        int n;
 4
        scanf("%d",&n);
 5
        int arr[n];
 6
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 7
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
 8
        int max=arr[0];
 9
        for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
10
11
            if(arr[i]>max)
12
13
            max=arr[i];
14
15
        max++;
16
        int min=0;
17
        for(int a=0;a<n;a++)
18
19
            for(int b=0;b<n;b++)
20
                if(arr[b]<arr[min])
21
22
                min=b;
23
24
            printf("%d ",min);
25
            arr[min]=max;
26
27
        return 0;
28
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5 4 5 3 7 1		4 2 0 1 3	~

Passed all tests! 🗸