

Floyd's Tortoise and Hare Algorithm

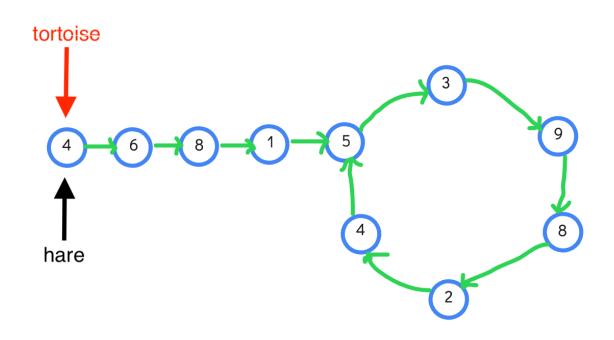
By Sandhya Kiran Donthireddy

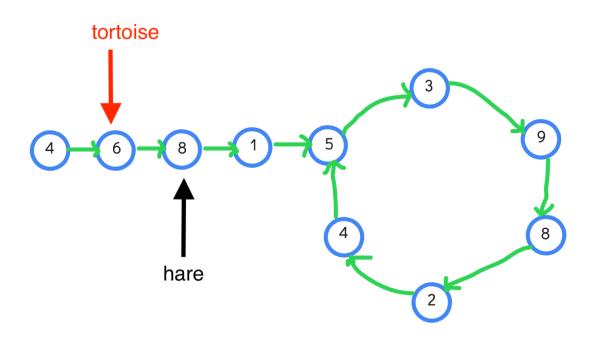
Mhàs

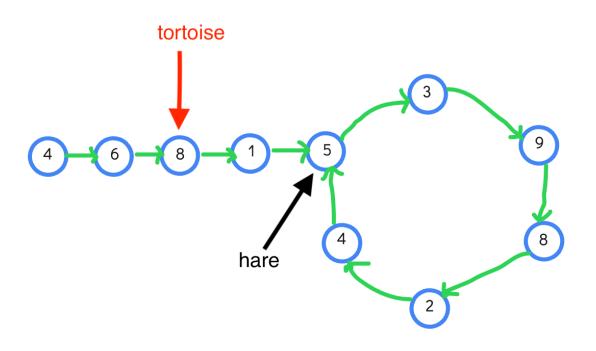
- Finding a cycle in a sequence of iterated function values
- 2, 0, 6, 3, 1, 6, 3, 1, 6, 3, 1,
 The cycle in this value sequence is 6, 3, 1

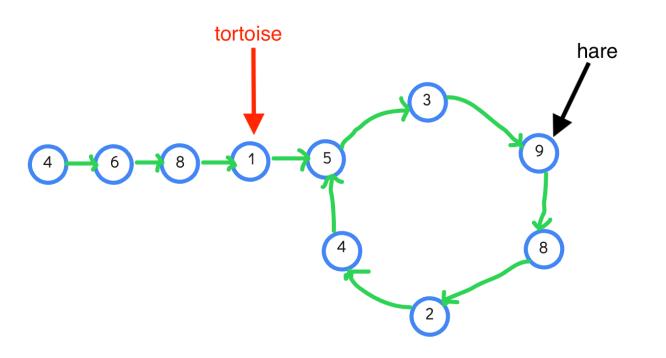
Algorithm

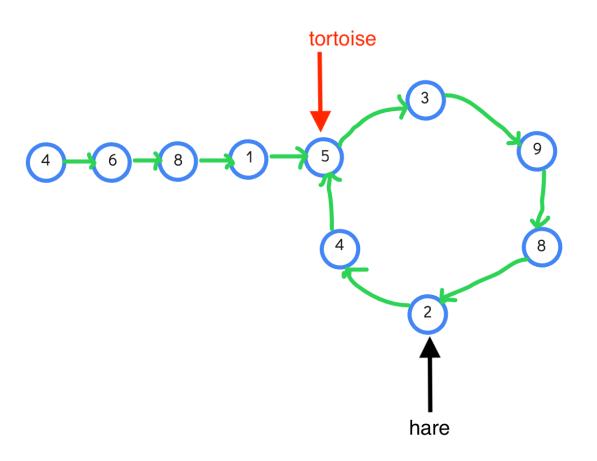
 Pointer algorithm that uses only two pointers, which move through the sequence at different speeds

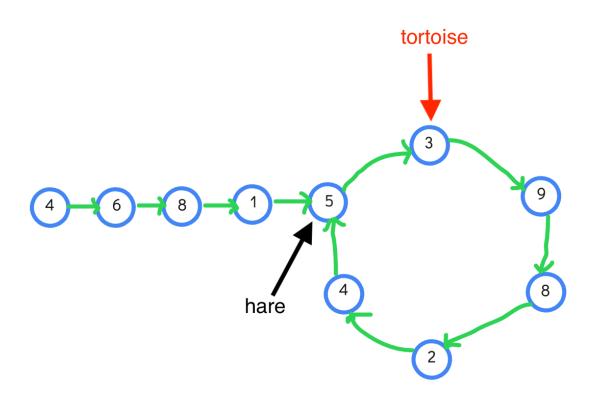


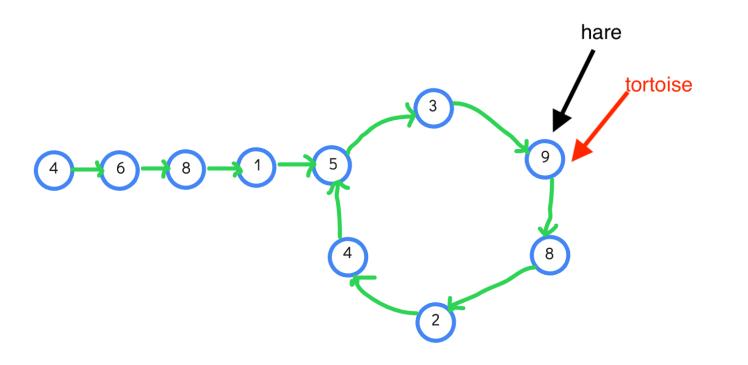












Python Code

```
class Solution:
    def hasCycle(self, head: ListNode) -> bool:
        if (head == None):
            return False

        tortoise = head
        hare = head.next

while (tortoise != hare):
        if (hare == None or hare.next == None):
            return False

        tortoise = tortoise.next
        hare = hare.next.next
        return True
```

